

South West

## GLOUCESTERSHIRE

## Cotswold

1/512 (B.23.P005)

SP 17402044

GL54 2DR

**86 LAMBERTS FIELD, BOURTON-ON-THE-WATER*****86 Lamberts Field, Bourton-on-the-Water***

Morris, T Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2003, 17pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The development site was in an area that saw intensive human settlement and activity from the Late Neolithic through the Bronze Age, Iron Age and Romano-British periods and on into the early medieval times. Iron Age, Romano-British and Anglo Saxon burials had all been found within 200m of the site. A large rectilinear enclosure and associated ring-ditches have been identified in air-photographs 80m to the south west and the southern defences of Salmonsbury Camp (Scheduled Monument 32392) pass within 10-30m to the north. This intensity of archaeological features in the area suggested that as yet identified archaeological remains would be revealed by ground works for the proposed development. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*22346

1/513 (B.23.N006)

SP 02230189

GL7 1QX

**BREWERY CAR PARK, CIRENCESTER*****Brewery Car Park, Cirencester***

Barber, A Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2003, 25pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Cotswold Archaeology

An assessment was carried out in advance of a proposed new development. It was found that the site lay in an area of archaeological value, with Roman structural remains, streets and post-Roman dark earth deposits. [Au(abr)]

*Archaeological periods represented:* EM, RO

1/514 (B.23.P003)

SP 98990350

GL7 1UR

**CIRENCESTER PARK POLO CLUB, DAGLINGWORTH, CIRENCESTER*****An Desk-based Assessment at Cirencester Park Polo Club, Daglingworth, Cirencester***

Barret, R Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2003, 20pp, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The assessment identified limited archaeology within the survey area, although the site was in an area with a high density of archaeological sites of various periods. These included a significant number of linear features and rectilinear enclosures, probably part of a wider Iron Age or Romano British landscape, and evidence for a possible Roman villa site. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*22292

*Archaeological periods represented:* IA, RO

South West

1/515 (B.23.N002)

SP 02380201

GL7 2PB

**CORN HALL AND KING'S HEAD, CIRENCESTER***Corn Hall and King's Head, Cirencester, Gloucestershire*

Stoten, G Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2003, 15pp, colour pls, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Cotswold Archaeology

An assessment was carried out to trace the development of the buildings. The northern areas of the two buildings and the Corn Hall itself were built in the 1860s, and other areas may have predated this. [Au(abr)]

*Archaeological periods represented:* PM

1/516 (B.23.N001)

SP 06000340

GL7 5DY

**CRUCIS PARK FARM QUARRY, AMPNEY CRUCIS***Crucis Park Farm Quarry, Ampney Crucis, Gloucestershire*

Morton, R Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2003, 19pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Cotswold Archaeology

A desk-based assessment was undertaken in response to proposals for a quarry extension. No recorded archaeological remains were found within the study area. [Au(abr)]

1/517 (B.23.N003)

SU 07409770

GL7 5QY

**LAND AT FOSSE FARM, DRIFFIELD***Land at Fosse Farm, Driffield, Gloucestershire*

Stoten, G Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2003, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Cotswold Archaeology

An assessment was carried out in advance of proposed redevelopment of the site. No buildings predating the modern period were recognised, although Listed buildings were present in the vicinity. Agriculture from the medieval to modern periods was thought to have had a severely negative impact on any surviving archaeology. [Au(abr)]

1/518 (B.23.P001)

SP 02510142

GL7 1NE

**PROPOSED SPORTS HALL AT PATERNOSTER SCHOOL, WATERMOOR ROAD, CIRENCESTER***An Desk-based Assessment of a Proposed Sports Hall at Paternoster School, Watermoor Road, Cirencester*

Barret, R Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2003, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The Desk-based assessment showed that there was a high potential for significant archaeological deposits from the Roman period. A total of at least four buildings had been recognised, dating from the 2nd to 4th centuries, one at least appeared to have been of high status with a high quality mosaic. Timber structures, associated with 2nd century pottery, may also have preceded these buildings. Visible remains of the Roman defences, in the form of a low earthwork were also noted within the school playing field. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*22214*Archaeological periods represented:* RO

## South West

1/519 (B.23.L001)

SP 00400110  
GL7 6JS**ROYAL AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, CIRENCESTER*****Royal Agricultural College, Cirencester***Hawkes, J Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2003, 39pp, figs, tabs, refs  
*Work undertaken by:* AC archaeology

The assessment of the site identified six hedgerows as being important within the meaning of the hedgerows regulations 1997 [Au(abr)]

*Archaeological periods represented:* UD

1/520 (B.23.P004)

SP 02020340  
GL7 2HN**STRATTON MILLS, CIRENCESTER*****Stratton Mills, Cirencester, Archaeological Desk-based Assessment***Morris, T Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2003, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs  
*Work undertaken by:* Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The assessment identified that the site lay adjacent to a mill building from 1771. This mill may have been owned by Geoffrey the Clerk of Stratton in the early 13th century and received its water from a spring called Letherwell. One course of the stream from this spring might be represented by a channel , which has been shown to run across the assessment area during the 19th and early 20th centuries. In 1830 Joseph Cripps is described as "of Stratton Mill" which may refer to the site, though map evidence labeled it as Parsons Mill or Corn Mill. A canalised course of the river Churn, that acted as the mill leat, was infilled after 1925. The remains of late 19th and early 20th century buildings were also recorded as lying under the present day concrete. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*22322*Archaeological periods represented:* PM

1/521 (B.23.P017)

SP 19022569  
GL54 1HQ**THE UNICORN HOTEL, SHEEP STREET, STOW ON THE WOLD*****Heritage Audit of The Unicorn Hotel, Sheep Street, Stoe on the Wold, Gloucestershire***Robson-Glyde S, Dalwood, H, Darch, E & Deeks A Worcester : Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, 2003, 49pp, pls, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs  
*Work undertaken by:* Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment

A heritage audit, undertaken before refurbishment of the current hotel building, identified a range of historic buildings, dating between the 16th and 19th century and established the outlines of the historic development of this area of Stow. Limited evidence for medieval occupation was recorded in test pits. The assessment recommended building surveys and evaluation trenches. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*22449*Archaeological periods represented:* MD, PM

## South West

**Cotswold, Tewkesbury**

1/522 (B.23.P015)

SO 95001500  
GL53 9QN**A417 COWLEY ROUNDABOUT TO BROCKWORTH BY-PASS IMPROVEMENTS***A417 Cowley Roundabout to Brockworth Bypass Improvements*

Thomas, A Bristol : WSP Environmental Ltd., 2003, 41pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* WSP Environmental Ltd

The assessment identified that the proposed road improvements lay within an area that potentially contained rich archaeological resources dating from the Mesolithic through to the post-medieval periods. Various mitigation strategies were presented, details of which were thought beyond the scope of this study. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*22427**Forest of Dean**

1/523 (B.23.P013)

SO 65091393  
GL14 2NY**CANNOP FOUNDRY, CINDEFORD GAS WORKS, FOREST OF DEAN***Archaeological Desktop Study of Land at Cannop Foundry, Cinderford Gas Works, Forest of Dean, Gloucestershire*

Townsend, A &amp; Trueman, M Bristol : Bristol &amp; Region Archaeological Services, 2003, 56pp, pls, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Bristol and Region Archaeological Services

The assessment identified that Bilson Gas works was opened in 1860 on the site, later to become the Cinderford Gas Company Ltd (1907). Remains of the early gas works survived on the site, comprising part of the Cannop Foundry. No evidence was uncovered for any earlier activity on site. The assessment recommended an archaeological recording programme. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*22327*Archaeological periods represented:* PM

1/524 (B.23.P002)

SO 69031541  
GL14 1JR**FLAXLEY ABBEY, FLAXLEY***An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment at Flaxley Abbey, Flaxley*

Nichols, P Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2003, 19pp, colour pls, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The assessment established that the area of the proposed development was either within, or just outside, a substantial medieval building. The available evidence suggested that the area was occupied by the nave of Flaxley Abbey church. The assessment recommended further assessment in the form of archaeological field evaluation. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*22163*Archaeological periods represented:* MD

## South West

1/525 (B.23.P011)

SO 62200220  
GL15 6BU**FOREST MODEL VILLAGE, LYDNEY***Forest Model Village Lydney, An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment*

Clarke, S Monmouth : Monmouth Archaeology, 2003, 20pp, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Monmouth Archaeology

The assessment identified that the site lies within an area of considerable human activity since prehistoric times. The possible Roman road from Gloucester to Caerleon was thought to cross the site, but no reason for the route of the road being drawn through the development site was found [Au(adp)]  
*SMR primary record number:*22193

1/526 (B.23.N004)

SO 60801250  
GL16 7EH**FORMER CANNOP COLLIERY, FOREST OF DEAN***Former Cannop Colliery, Forest of Dean, Gloucestershire*

Stoten, G Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2003, 23pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Cotswold Archaeology

An assessment was carried out for inclusion in a future environmental statement. One building from the initial phase of the colliery and a brick built entrance to a mineshaft were extant, the other buildings demolished upon closure in 1960. The area had been afforested, but was still considered to be of local importance. [Au(abr)]

*Archaeological periods represented:* MO

1/527 (B.23.M001)

SO 56000130  
GL15 6UP**HEWELSFIELD QUARRY***Hewelsfield Quarry, Gloucestershire*

Hind, J Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2003, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Oxford Archaeology

The only known archaeological sites of any date to be affected by the proposed quarry and roads were the post-medieval lime kilns and a post-medieval barn within the proposed extraction site itself. There was the potential for the area of proposed quarrying and the lines of the proposed roads to contain unknown prehistoric deposits or artefacts, particularly Mesolithic flint. The area of proposed extraction was recorded in the SMR as the site of an Iron Age hillfort, but documentary and pictorial research suggested that this had been mis-located. There was also some potential for archaeological remains dating to the Roman period to be found. Although woodland clearance and settlement in the study area began in the early medieval period, the archaeological potential of the affected areas to contain remains dating the medieval and post-medieval was low. [Au(abr)]

*Archaeological periods represented:* PM

1/528 (B.23.P009)

SO 66711862  
GL17 0DE**LAND OFF DEAN MEADOW, MITCHELDEAN***Land off Dean Meadow, Mitcheldean, Gloucestershire*

Appleton-Fox, N Clun : Marches Archaeology, 2003, 15pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Marches Archaeology

The assessment concluded that there were no documents directly relating to the study area, but that cartographic evidence suggested that the fields had been in their present form for several hundred years. The aerial photographs did not show any signs of the suspected Roman road thought to cross the site. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*22140

## South West

**Stroud**

1/529 (B.23.P012)

SO 83000470  
GL5 4SU**EBLEY WHARF, STROUD***Archaeological Desk-based Assessment. Ebley Wharf, Stroud, Gloucestershire*

Mould, C London : CgMs, 2003, 35pp, pls, colour pls, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* CgMs

The assessment identified the following potential for the site; prehistoric activity was noted in the vicinity of the site, and the potential for Mesolithic remains was identified as low to moderate. A low to moderate potential was identified for the Roman, Saxon and early medieval periods. A moderate to high potential for the survival of medieval and post-medieval remains relating to a mill and its associated features was also identified. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*22326*Archaeological periods represented:* UD

1/530 (B.23.P008)

SO 85250496  
GL5 2AJ**CAMDEN HOUSE, LONDON ROAD, STROUD***Archaeological Desktop Study of Land at Camden House, London Road, Stroud, Gloucestershire*

King, A Bristol : Bristol &amp; Region Archaeological Services, 2003, 24pp, colour pls, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Bristol and Region Archaeological Services

The study revealed the site was under pasture until 1844 when it was purchased for a Baptist burial ground that was used until 1914. The burial ground was terraced to form a garden in 1957 but has probably not been entirely cleared as tombstones remain in situ. The assessment concluded that the slope of the hill combined with the disturbance caused by the burials made it unlikely that there would be any disturbance of archaeological deposits or features. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*22113*Archaeological periods represented:* MO

1/531 (B.23.P006)

SO 83700005  
GL6 0ET**FOREST GREEN ROVERS, NYMPFIELD ROAD, NAILSWORTH***Forest Green Rovers, Nympsfield Road, Nailsworth, New Stadium and associated Development, Archaeological Desk-based Assessment*

Morris, T Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2003, 13pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

All three development areas had some archaeological potential, due to the density of archaeological and historical remains in and around Nailsworth. These included post-medieval ribbon settlement, a medieval parish boundary, and a possible medieval track. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*22367*Archaeological periods represented:* MD, PM

## South West

1/532 (B.23.P016)

SO 84900510  
GL5 3BN**LAND ADJACENT TO THE HILL PAUL BUILDING, CHEAPSIDE, STROUD*****Land Adjacent to the Hill Paul Building, Cheapside, Stroud. Desk-based Assessment of Impact of Development on Archaeological Remains***

Donel, L. Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2003, 15pp, colour pls, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The site was dominated by the Hill Paul building, but there was a number of smaller buildings that were associated with Wood and Rowe builders merchants, dating from the construction of the nearby canal to the 20th century. The SMR showed that there was no recorded archaeological information prior to the 18th century, and none specifically for the site except for the canal. An archaeological evaluation was recommended. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:* 26694*Archaeological periods represented:* MO

1/533 (B.23.P007)

SO 83550467  
GL5 3EZ**REDLERS MILL, DUDBRIDGE*****An archaeological Desk-based Assessment for Redlers Mill, Dudbridge***

Mullin, D Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2003, 14pp, pls, colour pls, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The assessment identified that a mill had been present on the site since at least the 13th century and that there was a possibility that remains of this, and subsequent structures, may be preserved within the site boundary. [Au(abr)]

*Archaeological periods represented:* MD

1/534 (B.23.N005)

ST 80950425  
DT11 0PG**RYEFORD TIP, KING'S STANLEY*****Ryeford Tip, King's Stanley, Gloucestershire***

Naylor, J Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2003, 11pp, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Cotswold Archaeology

An appraisal was carried out to assess the potential of the site for possible future development. A medieval moated site was the only archaeologically interesting feature noted. [Au(abr)]

*Archaeological periods represented:* MD

## South West

**Tewkesbury**

1/535 (B.23.P010)

SO 75841442  
GL2 8JP**FLOOD DEFENCES AT LONGNEY***Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Flood Defences at Longney, Gloucestershire*

Miller, D Worcester : Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment &amp; Archaeology Service, 2003, 17pp, colour pls, pls, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment

The assessment identified a limited potential for the survival of banks and ditches of Roman and later date. The possibility that remains of an undated, but possibly Roman, bank may be affected by ground works at the extreme southern end of the existing defences. A watching brief was recommended if significant ground disturbance would occur. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*22192*Archaeological periods represented:* UD

1/536 (B.23.P014)

SP 06083212  
GL54 5PQ**HAYLES FRUIT FARM, STANWAY***Archaeological Investigation Prior to Proposed Construction Work at Hayles Fruit Farm, Stanway, Glos.*

Marshall, A Winchcombe : Alistair Marshall, 2003, 20pp, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Dr. Alistair Marshall

The development site was recorded as situated close to the central complex of buildings forming the core of a medieval abbey. The assessment identified the need for further trial trenching. [Au(Adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*22362*Archaeological periods represented:* MD