

South East

KENT

1/359 (B.29.N002)

CANNON SITE, GOODWIN SANDS, KENT***Cannon Site, Goodwin Sands, Kent***

Scott, G Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2003, 8pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An assessment was carried out after the discovery of cannons offshore. A tentative explanation was that they were associated with a wrecking event of the 18th or 19th centuries was put forward. Further research was suggested. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

1/360 (B.29.N003)

44685864

STIRLING CASTLE DESIGNATED HISTORIC WRECK SITE***Stirling Castle, Designated Historic Wreck Site***

Dunkley, M Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2003, 41pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An assessment accounted for the historical, archaeological potential and importance of the wreck site. Recommendations were made for the future conservation of the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM**Ashford**

1/361 (B.29.M017)

TR 00504520

TN25 4QH

EUREKA BUSINESS PARK, ASHFORD***An Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment and Walkover Survey of Land at Eureka Business Park, Ashford, Kent***

James, R Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2003, 31pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

The land-use was a mixture of arable, recreational grassland, waste and woodlands and contained two recently built business units and service roads. The site was close to several archaeological sites of prehistoric and Roman date. These sites suggested that the development site had an overall low to moderate potential for containing further archaeological activity. [Au(abr)]

1/362 (B.29.M016)

TR 00603910

TN23 3EQ

KINGSNORTH POWER STATION, KINGSNORTH***Kingsnorth Power Station, Kingsnorth, Kent. An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment***

Hall, N Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2003, 42pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

The area of the application site was thought to have significant known archaeological potential of settlement for the Bronze Age to the Anglo-Saxon periods. Various post-medieval earthen embankments utilised for flood defence were also identified within the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, EM, IA, PM, RO

Canterbury

1/363 (B.29.M003)

TR 14705770
CT1 2PQ

CANTERBURY COLLEGE CAMPUS

A Desk-Based Archaeological Assessment of Canterbury College Campus, New Dover Road, Canterbury, Kent

Weekes, J Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2003, 23pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by:

The report found that significant archaeological remains were likely to survive in the area, as the development site was at least partially within a known Roman cremation cemetery, this being a designated an Area of Archaeological Importance. [Au(adp)]

1/364 (B.29.M001)

TR 15496591
CT6 7DZ

LAND BETWEEN PROSPECT FARM AND FORDE, HERNE AND BROOMFIELD

Ford Quality Scheme Preliminary Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Land Between Prospect Farm and Ford, Hern and Broomfield, Kent

Helm, R Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2003, 8pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The results identified high archaeological potential within the proposed study area, including the direct impact of five areas of archaeological potential. Further archaeological work should be expected in mitigation of this impact. A further search of archaeological, historical, cartographic, aerial photographic, geotechnical and secondary published references should be undertaken prior to a full recommendation of the proposed route and reservoir site being made. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*2003/4

1/365 (B.29.M004)

TR 17406810
CT6 5QS

THE COUNTY HOTEL, 30-33 HIGH STREET, CANTERBURY

The County Hotel, 30-33 High Street, Canterbury: Archaeological Desk Assessment

Sparey-Green, C & Bennett, P Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2003, 46pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The proposed development site fell within the Canterbury Area of Archaeological Importance. [Au(adp)]

1/366 (B.29.M005)

TR 14705770
CT1 2PQ

UNIVERSITY OF KENT AT CANTERBURY

The University of Kent at Canterbury. An Archaeological and Historical Desk-based Assessment and Survey

Wilson, J Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2003, 67pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by:

Prehistoric activity and settlement evidence was widely dispersed over the area and important, significant remains of pottery and tile kilns and related features that formed key elements of this important industry area scattered across the landscape. There was a likelihood of further medieval tile and pottery kilns occurring on the university campus. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

South East

Dover

1/367 (B.29.M012)

TR 31504150
CT17 9RU**COW LANE TO DOVER PRIORY RAW WATER MAIN*****Cow Lane to Dover Priory Raw Water Main: An Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment and Walkover Survey***

Bennell, M Oxford : Cluttons, 2003, 26pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cluttons

An archaeological desk-based assessment was made of the route of a proposed water pipeline west of Dover in Kent. Examination of available records and topography suggested that there was limited potential for encountering archaeological material although evidence in much of the western part of the route was likely to have been destroyed by landscaping and road works. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*2003/141

1/368 (B.29.M002)

TR 34105820
CT13 9PE**SANDWICH*****Notes on a Contour Survey of Sandwich, 2003***

Parfitt, K Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2003, 4pp

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

It was observed that in a number of instances, gardens were lower than the adjacent road. From this, it seemed likely that the line of certain roads in the town had been raised over the years. Other areas appeared to be artificially high in comparison to the surrounding land and there seemed little doubt that this was a reflection of the ground being made up when new buildings were erected. The contour map produced in 2003 highlighted the presence of a well-defined ridge occupying the south-eastern side of Sandwich. It may now be seen that the sinuous, winding streets believed to be associated with the earliest Anglo-Saxon settlement ran across the main ridge of higher ground to the river. Their course seemed to be influenced by the contours of the ridge. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2003/97**Maidstone**

1/369 (B.29.N001)

TQ 75825400
ME15 6DU**HAYLE PLACE, MAIDSTONE*****Hayle Place, Maidstone, Kent***

Morton, M Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2003, 35pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An assessment in advance of proposed development showed the possibility of archaeological remains, especially of Roman date, being present in the study area. Further archaeological work was recommended. [Au(abr)]

South East

Shepway

1/370 (B.29.M014)

TR 12503420
CT21 4NB**WEST HYTHE WATER PIPELINE***West Hythe Water Pipeline (Royal Military Canal). An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment*

Bennell, M Oxford : Cluttons, 2003, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cluttons

The site was to the north perimeter of Romney Marsh, just south of the Scheduled Royal Military Canal in an area which, until silting probably during the middle Saxon period, was a tidal estuary. Most evidence for early activity in the study area, including the Roman fort now known as Southall Castle, lied beyond the marsh on high ground to the north of the canal. The original medieval village of West Hythe lies to the west of the development and it was likely that land use at that period was mainly used as pasture. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM**Swale**

1/371 (B.29.M015)

TR 01646170
ME13 7LD**BELVEDERE FEEDS, FAVERSHAM***An Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment of Belvedere Feeds (Provender Mill), Belvedere Road, Faversham, Kent*

James, R Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2003, 39pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

A review of the known sources showed that no finds of archaeological significance had been found on the site relating to earlier than the 18th century. Cartographic evidence indicated that archaeological deposits relating to 18th-19th century quayside buildings may have survived, although the extent of modern disturbance was thought to have been severe across the site. However, the site was underlain by thick deposits of alluvium, which might contain buried material of archaeological and palaeoenvironmental significance. [Au(abr)]

1/372 (B.29.M010)

TQ 92606420
ME10 3NL**EAST HALL FARM, SITTINGBOURNE***Archaeological Desk-based Assessment: East Hall Farm, Sittingbourne, Kent*

Chadwick, P London : CgMs, 2003, 35pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

In short, although the study site had a theoretical potential for evidence from the lower Palaeolithic to the Roman period, brick earth extraction had significantly reduced the potential. As a result, a very low, or no archaeological potential was identified across the vast majority of the site. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2003/123*Archaeological periods represented:* MD

South East

1/373 (B.29.M007)

TR 01906180
ME13 7BN**LAND SITUATED AT ABBEY ROAD, FAVERSHAM*****Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment of Land Situated at Abbey Road, Faversham, Kent***

Swale & Thames Survey Company Faversham : Swale & Thames Survey Company, 2003, 19pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Swale & Thames Survey Company

Overall the archaeological potential of the proposed residential development at Abbey Road, Faversham, was thought to be medium to high. [Au(adp)]
*SMR primary record number:*2003/25

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM**Thanet**

1/374 (B.29.M008)

TR 39807050
CT10 3PH**LAND AT THE CASTLE KEEP HOTEL*****Archaeological Desk-based Assessment: Land at the Castle Keep Hotel & Forelands Joss Gap Road, Broadstairs, Kent***

Hawkins, D London : CgMs, 2003, 23pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

The archaeological potential for this site was defined as uncertain for the prehistoric, moderate to good for the Bronze Age, low for the Iron Age and Roman period, very low for the Anglo-Saxon, early medieval and late medieval, with the only post-medieval feature now known as the folly, originally an ice house dating from 1766, were considered as being archaeologically significant on this site. [Au(adp)]

1/375 (B.29.M013)

TR 39906980
CT10 3QU**NORTH FORLAND*****Aerial Photographic Assessment. North Forland, Kent***

Cox, C London : CgMs, 2003, 33pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

The site was within a probable Bronze Age cemetery, and there was a likelihood that funerary remains, including possible human remains, would be damaged by any intrusive works. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, UD

1/376 (B.29.M011)

TR 38306520
CT11 8QP**RAMSGATE SCHOOL AND JACKEY BAKERS RECREATION GROUND*****Proposed Redevelopment of the Ramsgate School and Jackey Bakers Recreation Ground for a New Ramsgate Academy***

Mason, S & Boast, E Broadstairs : Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2003, 44pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology

From the number of ring ditches found in this area of Thanet, it was concluded that there was a high potential of Bronze Age archaeology. Iron Age and Roman remains have also been recorded in the fields to the north and the potential for significant deposits of these periods were also high. There was less potential for Saxon remains. No medieval remains were known in this area. If archaeological remains were present, these were likely to be relatively well preserved. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2003/153

South East

Tonbridge and Malling

1/377 (B.29.M006)

TR 29295839
CT3 2AG**PUMA POWER PLANT, ASH***Archaeological Desk-based Assessment: Puma Power Plan, Sandwich Road, Ash, Kent*

Hawkins, D London : CgMs, 2003, 28pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

The archaeological potential of the study site was low for the Palaeolithic and Mesolithic, low to moderate for the Neolithic and Bronze Age, good for the Iron Age and Roman period, moderate for the Anglo-Saxon and early medieval period, low for the late medieval period and good for the post-medieval period. [Au(adp)]

Tunbridge Wells

1/378 (B.29.M009)

TQ 64614525
TN12 6RE**ELLIS & SONS YARD, FIVE OAK GREEN***Archaeological Desk-based Assessment: Ellis & Sons Yard, Five Oak Green, Kent*

Hawkins, D London : CgMs, 2003, 31pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

The site's archaeological potential for the all of past periods of human activity was thought to be low. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2003/124