LANCASHIRE

Fylde

1/318 (B.30.M010) SD 36243454 FY4 4XG

LAND SOUTH OF MYTHOP ROAD, MYTHOP

Land South of Mythop Road, Mythop, Near Weeton, Lancashire. Archaeological Assessment Egerton Lea Consultancy Grange-over-Sands: Egerton Lea Consultancy Ltd., 2003, 26pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Egerton Lea Consultancy Ltd.

Three sites were within the study area. Another 35 sites of archaeological interest were noted in the vicinity. The area was close to the medieval and post-medieval settlement of Mythop, and a recently demolished nineteenth century farmhouse, called Cuckoo House, within the study area. A windmill stood within, or close to the northern boundary, of the study area in 1786. [Au(abr)] *SMR primary record number*:25339

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Lancaster

1/319 (B.30.M011) SD 47736129 LA1 1XT

ARLA FOODS DEPOT, ALDCLIFFE ROAD, LANCASTER

Arlas Foods Depot, Aldcliffe Road, Lancaster. An Archaeological Assessment

Gregory, R Manchester: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2003, 33pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

There was the possibility that the study area contains remains of regional significance. These remains included a section of Roman road, which appeared to clip the south-eastern corner of the study area, and a possible prehistoric and Roman cremation cemetery which might fall within the limits of the proposed redevelopment. [Au(abr)] *SMR primary record number*:25413

Archaeological periods represented: RO

1/320 (B.30.M001) SD 47506141 LA1 1LA

FORMER THOMS CAR PARK SITE, LANCASTER

Former Thoms Cark Park Site, Lancaster. Desk-based Assessment

Elsworth, D Lancaster: Oxford Archaeology North, 2003, 29pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

Only post-medieval buildings and garden remains were identified and the area had been little developed so there was considerable potential for the preservation of below ground archaeological remains and the level of preservation for any remains identified could be very high. The Roman cemetery on King Street, by comparison, survived despite intensive post-medieval and modern use of the site and was essentially unknown prior to excavation. [Au(abr)] *SMR primary record number*:3303

Archaeological periods represented: PM

1/321 (B.30.M002) SD 52027353 LA6 1JQ

TETWITFIELD MARINA, PRIEST HUTTON

Tetwitfield Marina, Preist Hutton, Lancashire

Wearing, N Lancaster: Oxford Archaeology North, 2003, 33pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

The area of Tewitfield itself was situated in a landscape of historic and prehistoric occupation evidenced by find spots, earthworks and historic buildings. There also remained disused industrial relics associated with the Lancaster to Kendel canal. Visual inspection within the development area noted significant earthworks were present, including ridge and furrow and possible building platforms. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Pendle

1/322 (B.30.M006) SD 84664076 BB9 6NJ

ROUGHLEE PUMPING STATION

Roughlee Pumping Station, Lancashire

Lee, A Lancaster: Oxford Archaeology North, 2003, 30pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

Ten existing SMR sites were recorded from within the study area. The majority of the sites were post-medieval and included a 17th century aisled barn, a bloomery, a cotton mill, and two wells. Of the remaining sites, four were earthwork sites, one of which was thought to be the site of a medieval vaccary, there were also the sites of a quarry, a housing platform and a field boundary; all of uncertain date. The walkover survey identified 13 additional sites. Several sites were considered to be under sufficient threat as to warrant further archaeological mitigation. [Au(abr)] SMR primary record number:3447

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

Preston

1/323 (B.30.M005) SD 50503230 PR4 0AR

COTTAM HALL

Cottam Hall - Site T, Central Lancashire

Chandler, J Lancaster: Oxford Archaeology North, 2003, 37pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Oxford Archaeology North

An archaeological desk-based assessment identified seven know sites and one known findspot within the area of proposed development. These comprised the below ground remains of a possible medieval moat, low earthworks visible on air photographs, boundary ditches and the findspots of numerous musket balls and clay pipes. There was a potential for later medieval archaeology in the form of the aforementioned moat and also for post-medieval agricultural features. [Au(abr)] *SMR primary record number*:3318

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, UD

South Ribble

1/324 (B.30.M003) SD 55502460 PR5 6BZ

CUERDEN

Cuerden, Cental Lancashire. Archaeological Assessment and Walkover Survey

Hughes, V & Schofield, P Lancaster: Oxford Archaeology North, 2003, 46pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

The desk-based assessment highlighted numerous indication of archaeological potential from within the study area, the majority of areas of field systems were recorded as being of medieval or earlier date. A walkover survey identified nineteen new archaeological sites within a proportion of the assessment area. These sites included thirteen extant marl pits, an area of possible medieval strip-fields and five other grubbed-out sections of field boundary ditches relating to fields shown on the c. 1700 eastate map and the First Edition Ordnance Survey map. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number:3344

Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD

Wyre

1/325 (B.30.M012) SD 34803954 FY6 7DG

9-11 BALL STREET, POULTON-LE-FYLDE

9-11 Ball Street, Poulton-le-Fylde, Lancashire: Archaeological Assessment

Egerton Lea Consultancy Grange-over-Sands: Egerton Lea Consultancy Ltd., 2003, 33pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Egerton Lea Consultancy Ltd.

No sites were recorded on the Lancashire Sites and Monuments Record within the study area, though the Golden Ball public house (LSMR 21471) was adjacent to the southern boundary. Another five sites of archaeological interest were noted. The area was within the area of the medieval settlement of Poulton, and evidence from nineteenth century maps indicated that the layout of properties had been deliberately planned. The buildings from the surrounding streets were post-medieval but reflected the original medieval layout. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

1/326 (B.30.M009) SD 34914608 FY6 0HS

LAND SOUTH OF WYREDALE ROAD

Land South of Wyresdale Road, Lancaster, Lancashire

Dawson, J & Anderson, L Lancaster: Oxford Archaeology North, 2003, 27pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

The area of proposed development did not contain any identified archaeological sites. An abattoir was seen to extent for approximately 20% of the site, but the remainder was used as a car park or as open land. The boundaries of the Bronze Age cemetery located in the vicinity were uncertain and it was possible that a contemporaneous settlement may be located nearby. Due to the lack of disturbance of the area there was the potential for good survival of archaeological remains. It was recommended that evaluation trenches be considered. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number:3315

1/327 (B.30.M008) SD 34654424 FY6 9DU

TARNACRE, GARSTANG

Tarnacre, Garstang, Lancashire

McPhillips, S Lancaster: Oxford Archaeology North, 2003, 27pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

A total of 15 sites of archaeological interest were identified. These ranged from a stray find of prehistoric origin, to post-medieval field systems. Of these, it was estimated that two would be seriously affected by the groundworks. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 3430

Archaeological periods represented: PM, PR