Yorkshire & Humberside NORTH YORKSHIRE

Hambleton

7/231 (H.36.P002)

LAND AT BLAKEY LANE, SOWERBY, THIRSK

Land at Blakey Lane, Sowerby, Thirsk. Geophysical Survey Hale, D Durham : University of Durham, Archaeological Services, 2003, 9pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* University of Durham, Archaeological Services

The survey detected old land boundaries and probable land drains. None of the anomalies detected were interpreted as reflecting features of archaeological significance. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

7/232 (H.36.M005)

MANOR HOUSE FARM

Seach Held at Manor House Farm, Catterick on 17th August 2003 Dunhelme Metal Detecting Club Dunhelme : Dunhelme Metal Detecting Club, 2003, 3pp, figs Work undertaken by: Dunhelme Metal Detecting Club

A survey of manor House farm yielded finds ranging in date from the Roman period through to the post-medieval period. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, RO

7/233 (H.36.Q004)

THORNBOROUGH PREHISTORIC PROJECT, HAMBLETON

Thornborough Prehistoric Project, North Yorkshire. Geophysical Survey Report July-August 2003 Biggins, J Newcastle-upon-Tyne : TimeScape Surveys, 2003, 66pp, figs, colour pls, refs *Work undertaken by:* TimeScape Surveys

A survey identified a variety of mainly prehistoric archaeological features including the following: three barrows, three henges, part of a cursus ditch, a possible palisade and pit alignments including post holes and post pipes. There was also evidence for modern building remains and general masonry. Finds were also collected during the survey which included ferrous material and had been sent for further examination elsewhere. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, MD, MO, PR, UD

SE 44108110 YO7 3AB

NZ 58600580 TS9 6RB

SE 29007950 DL8 2RA

SE 41505140 LS22 5HL

Yorkshire & Humberside

Harrogate

7/234 (H.36.L004)

A1 DARRINGTON TO DISHFORTH BORROW PIT - EXTENDED AREA

A1 Darrington to Dishforth Borrow Pit - Extended Area Sheil, D Bradford : GSB Prospection, 2003, 12pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The detailed survey recorded several linear responses, pit type anomalies and trends, particularly within the western part of the survey area. There was a noticeable increase in level of magnetic response associated with these responses. However, no clear archaeological pattern was visible in the data to support this interpretation. It was possible that this region represents plough damaged archaeological features; there were indications of ploughing in the results. In addition, a series of linear responses thought to have been produced by field drains may have further disturbed archaeological deposits. The results were broadly consistent with those of previous survey work. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

7/235 (H.36.M009)

A1 DARRINGTON TO DISHFORTH BORROW PIT AREA A1 Darrington to Dishforth Borrow Pit Area

Bradford : GSB Prospection, 2003, 39pp, figs, tabs, refs Ovenden-Wilson, S Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

A clear rectangular enclosure was located close to the road corridor while further to the north a weak, but well-defined circular anomaly, some 25m in diameter, was identified. Elsewhere, linear anomalies and pit type responses were noted which may have been of archaeological interest. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

7/236 (H.36.L005)

RIPON PARKS, ARMY TRAINING AREA

Ripon Parks, Army Training Area Bradford : GSB Prospection, 2003, 14pp, figs, refs Urmston, B Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The gradiometer data suggest that the remains of an enclosure may be present, though there is little to suggest that significant remains of occupation activity are present. The resistant survey recorded broad changes in values towards the north and east and suggestions of palaeohannels. Aside from the subcircular feature, no anomalies of clear archaeological significance were detected. [Au(abr)]

SE 29507550 HG4 5LT

SE 41505140

LS22 5HL

Yorkshire & Humberside

Ryedale

7/237 (H.36.P001)

A64 RILLINGTON BYPASS

A64 Rillington Bypass, Geophyical Surveys

Hale, D Durham : University of Durham, Archaeological Services, 2003, 22pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* University of Durham, Archaeological Services

Gradiometer scanning of three fields indicated the presence of a considerable number of very weak magnetic anomalies, which were subsequently covered by a detailed gradiometer survey. Topsoil magnetic susceptibility surveys did not indicate areas of potential archaeological interest. With the exception of probable ridge and furrow remains, the gradiometer surveys detected few features of possible archaeological origin. In particular, the surveys have not identified features which may have been part of the known barrow cemetery to the north. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

7/238 (H.36.M010)

LAND AT OLD MALTON ROAD

Land at Old Malton Road, Malton, North Yorkshire Webb, A Leeds : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2003, 33pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

Anomalies indicative of a range of activities were thought to locate a vicus attached to a Roman fort. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, UD

Scarborough

7/239 (H.36.M006)

LAND AT REIGHTON

Land at Reighton, North Yorkshire

Allen, M, Brett, A & Masters, P Lincoln : Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd., 2003, 19pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

The archaeological potential of the site was considered to be low-moderate. It laid close to numerous round and square barrows. Crop mark and geophysical survey indicated that the site was crossed by a number of palaeochannels of indeterminate age. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

SE 86007400 YO17 8HN

SE 79407220 YO17 7EY

TA 11507420 YO14 9RX 7/240 (H.36.M002)

Yorkshire & Humberside

TA 01508880 YO12 5RL

LAND NORTH SIDE OF LADY EDITH'S DRIVE, THROXENBY

Land North Side of Lady Edith's Drive, Throxenby, Scarborough, North Yorkshire Archaeological Services WYAS Leeds : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2003, 14pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

A survey by fluxgate gradiometer was carried out at the site of a proposed hospital development on the western periphery of Scarborough, adjacent to Throxenby Hall. Various linear and non-linear anomalies were identified across the whole of the site. However, it was considered probable that these anomalies were due to relatively modern field boundaries or were caused by recent ground disturbance. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: ENY1880

Archaeological periods represented: UD

7/241 (H.36.M004)

PROPOSED A165 REIGHTON BYPASS

Geophysical Survey of Areas within the Easment of the Proposed A165 Reighton Bypass, Reighton, North Yorkshire

GeoQuest Associates Consett : GeoQuest Associates, 2003, 13pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by*: GeoQuest Associates

The geophysical data provided evidence for the presence beneath the study area of a number of substantial soil-filled ditches, the most impressive examples being found in the southern half of Area A. Elements of this pattern appeared to represent a continuation north-east of the Argham Dyke system which were seen as crop marks further west in Reighton Field. Further characterisation of ditches and other features located by the geophysical survey would require a programme of selective trial trenching. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

7/242 (H.36.Q003)

TA 13207530 YO14 9RX

SE 99008230 YO13 9LD

WILLOWS SITE 'B' LAND AT REIGHTON, NORTH YORKSHIRE

Land at Reighton, North Yorkshire (Willows Site 'B'). Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment and Detailed Gradiometer Survey

Allen, M, Brett, A, Masters, P Lincoln : Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd., 2003, 17pp, figs, tabs, colour pls, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

A survey revealed several 'enclosure like' features that may have been associated with nearby concentrations of later prehistoric and Romano-British settlement complexes. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

7/243 (H.36.L002)

WYKEHAM QUARRY Wykeham Quarry, North Yorkshire Robertson, F Bradford : GSB Prospection, 2003, 25pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Detailed survey revealed the course of a possible palaeochannel and this was correlated with aerial photographs. A strong linear anomaly in the southern part of the data may have had archaeological potential. Other anomalies and trends in the data were weaker and did not form coherent patterns, therefore their interpretation was more cautions. No anomalies of definitive archaeological origin were found. [Au(abr)]

TA 12707540 YO14 9SB

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Yorkshire & Humberside

Selby

7/244 (H.36.M007)

HEMINGROUGH, SELBY

Geophysical Survey of a Proposed Clay Extraction Area at Hemingbrough, Selby, North Yorkshire Consett : GeoQuest Associates, 2003, 13pp, figs GeoQuest Associates Work undertaken by: GeoQuest Associates

Geophysical survey encountered anomalies consistent with post-medieval land drains. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

7/245 (H.36.M001)

LAND AT EAST COMMON LANE, SELBY

Land at East Common Lane, Selby, North Yorkshire

Archaeological Services WYAS Leeds : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2003, 17pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

A geophysical (fluxgate gradiometer) survey covering 6 hectares was carried out at a site south of East Common Lane, Selby. The survey comprised rapid magnetic scanning of the whole site followed by a detailed survey totalling 3 hectares. Several linear anomalies, indicative of infilled cut features, were identified although it was considered likely that most of these anomalies were caused by ridge and furrow ploughing or by more recent agricultural practice. No anomalies of a probable archaeological origin were identified. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number:3346

Archaeological periods represented: UD

7/246 (H.36.M003)

YORK ROAD. NORTH DUFFIELD

Geophysical Survey of an Area of Proopposed Development at York Road, North Duffield, North Yorkshire

GeoQuest Associates Consett : GeoQuest Associates, 2003, 12pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: GeoQuest Associates

Several dense concentrations of small-scale magnetic dipoles were detected: the most prominent fanned northward from the bonfire edge to a distance of 20m, almost connecting with a second cluster inside the northern field boundary. A similar dipole scatter was seen immediately East of Victoria Terrace on a part of the field containing an abundance of modern pottery, brick and glass debris. It seemed likely that the concentrations correlated with deposits of modern ferrous litter. [Au(adp)]

SE 67203125 YO8 60G

SE 63003150 YO8 6EB

SE 68203730 YO8 5RU