North West Region

GREATER MANCHESTER AREA

MANCHESTER

1/218 (B.02.K003) SJ 83349776

CASTLEFIELD HOUSE, LIVERPOOL ROAD

Castlefield House, Liverpool Road, Manchester

University of Manchester Archaeological Unit Manchester: University of Manchester

Archaeological Unit, 2002, 38pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

Previous archaeological excavations in the Castlefield area have shown that the study area is crossed by the line of the Roman Road and this it also lies within the area of the vicus. Excavations in Castlefield have also produced slight evidence of earlier, prehistoric activity. The study area was later the site of St Matthew's Church which contained burial vaults. It will be necessary to carry out an archaeological evaluation by trial trenching. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

1/219 (B.02.K006) SD 86000100

LAND ADJACENT TO CHURCH LANE, HARPURHEY

Land Adjacent to Church Lane, Harpurhey, Manchester

Nevell, M Manchester: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2002, 22pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

There are no pre-medieval finds known from the study area although there is late prehistoric and Roman activity within 1 km. The surviving archaeology of the study area belongs to the post-medieval and industrial periods, with cottages, mills and a leat system. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM

1/220 (B.02.K004) SJ 83309760

LAND AT BARTON STREET, BRIDGEWATER STREET SOUTHERN STREET AND LIVERPOOL ROAD, CASTLEFIELD

Land Bounded by Barton Street, Bridgewater Street, Southern Street and Liverpool Road, Castlefield, Manchester

University of Manchester Archaeological Unit Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2002, 29pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

There are no known below-ground remains within the proposed development. However, the proposed development area may contain Roman deposits of regional importance which would require preservation by record. There is the possibility that the truncated remains of deeply cut features survive below the floor level of the basement on the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

1/221 (B.02.K005) SJ 85109840

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MANCHESTER MILLENNIUM VILLAGE

Manchester Millennium Village

University of Manchester Archaeological Unit Manchester : University of Manchester

Archaeological Unit, 2002, 39pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

The study area contains a Roman Road, several early mills, a dye works, a glass works, canal arms, and the late 19th-century buildings at Ancoats Hospital, the neighbouring Mill Street works, and the Piercy Street foundary. The recommended form of recoding is a rapid photographic survey, related to existing plans, where available. [Au(adp)]

1/222 (B.02.K009) SJ 84609790

PICCADILLY TRIANGLE

Piccadilly Triangle, Manchester: An Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment

Arrowsmith, P Manchester: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2002, 32pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

There are potentially remains of regional significance; these include remains of the early engine houses at the demolished Piccadilly Mill and Shepley Street Mill. Piccadilly Mill was the first in Manchester to be powered solely by a steam engine. Some standing buildings within the area may also require recording. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

1/223 (B.02.K008) SJ 83409810

SPINNINGFIELDS, HARDMAN STREET

Spinningfields, Hardman Street Site, Manchester: an Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment

University of Manchester Archaeological Unit Manchester : University of Manchester

Archaeological Unit, 2002, 34pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

It is possible that the study area is crossed by the line of a Roman Road. There is also the potential, although perhaps slight, for evidence for prehistoric activity. Post-medieval buildings, residential and commercial, were known to have existed on the site and part of their fabric is present in standing buildings. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, RO

STOCKPORT

1/224 (B.02.K007) SJ 93808950

CHADKIRK INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, STOCKPORT

Chadkirk Industrial Estate, Stockport: An Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment

University of Manchester Archaeological Unit Manchester: University of Manchester

Archaeological Unit, 2002, 55pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

Potential below-ground remains include the earliest known main buildings on the site, the wheel pits which housed the works' three waterwheels and the earliest of two engine houses, as well as buried

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remains relating to its leat. The recommended mitigation for these remains is archaeological evaluation by trial trenching. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

1/225 (B.02.K001) SJ 89639060

THE COURTS, WARREN STREET

The Courts, Warren Street, Stockport. An Archaeological Assessment Hemley, S Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2002, 35pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

The site lies in the historic core of Stockport; it does not contain any listed buildings or Scheduled Ancient Monuments. The scheme of the development involves the demolition of the old magistrate's court, with the retention of the facades, prior to converting them into retail establishments. The deepening of the basement may remove any surviving archaeological remains, as would development in the castle yard. It was recommended that the impact of the development be mitigated by way of a watching brief after undertaking a prior limited test pit evaluation. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, RO