

## South East Region

## KENT

**Canterbury**

1/266 (B.29.F017)

TR 15275790

**LAND BETWEEN MEISTER OMERS AND FYNDON GATE***Archaeological Desk Assessment Between Meister Omers and Fyndon Gate*

Seary, P Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2002, 10pp, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

Although in an archaeologically sensitive area, the groundworks were not thought to interfere with archaeological remains. A watching brief was advised in case archaeological material was unearthed. [Au(adp)]

1/267 (B.29.F001)

TR 15005670

**NUNNERY FIELDS HOSPITAL, CANTERBURY***Nunnery Fields Hospital, Canterbury, Kent. An Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment*

Preston, J &amp; Preston, S Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2002, 35pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

The site has provided no archaeological remains in the past, however this was thought to be due to lack of systematic investigation. Significant finds have been recorded in the surrounding area. Parallels with similar sites showed that a cemetery was not out of the question. A field evaluation was suggested to determine the character of any archaeological remains. [Au(adp)]

1/268 (B.29.F019)

TR 14865766

**SLATTERS HOTEL, CANTERBURY***Proposed Extension of the Slatters Hotel, St Margaret Street, Canterbury. Archaeological Desk-Based Study*

Sparey-Green, C Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2002, 27pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The assessment was carried out in response to proposals for a new extension to the hotel. The general area was of great national importance, due to the remains of the first major public buildings of the Roman town being located therein. The area was also noted for being a rare site of Anglo-Saxon occupation of a Roman town. The nature of the medieval landholdings on the street was also a question that could have been resolved through archaeological work. For these reasons, careful mitigation was highly recommended. [Au(abr)]

1/269 (B.29.F016)

TR 23005800

**THE FORMER SITE OF OCKHAM COURT FARM***An Archaeological Desk Study and Evaluation on the Former Site of Ickham Court Farm, Ickham, Kent*

Sparey-Green, C, Linklater, A &amp; Sweetinburgh, S Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2002, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

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The assessment and subsequent evaluation showed that the site contained significant archaeological deposits from the early medieval phase of the farm, despite the eastern half being badly disturbed. The most significant remain were those of a sunken-floored building and some undated ditches. The building was broadly dated to the late Anglo-Saxon or early medieval period. The ditches were thought to be part of an enclosure system. The farm was in use until the modern period, however modernisation in the 1950s led to the destruction of many of the medieval and post-medieval features identified from the documentary evidence. [Au(adp)]

**Dover**

1/270 (B.29.F005)

TR 32004200

**DOVER EASTERN DOCKS SUPPLY MAIN***Dover Eastern Docks Supply Main. An Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment and Walkover Survey*

Bennell, M Oxford : Cluttons, 2002, 25pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Cluttons

The desk-based assessment was carried out in advance of a proposed water pipeline. This assessment established that there was moderate potential for encountering material from prehistoric periods, especially the Bronze Age. There was limited potential for recovering medieval and post-medieval material incorporated in the ploughsoil. [Au(abr)]

**Maidstone**

1/271 (B.29.F009)

TQ 76205535

**15 KNIGHTRIDER STREET, MAIDSTONE***An Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment and Historic Buildings Survey of 15 Knightrider Street, Maidstone, Kent*

James, R, Martin, D &amp; Martin, B Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2002, 65pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

The assessment showed that although the site was occupied by a medieval building, no finds had been recovered. The site also had Anglo-Saxon connections and later became a palace for the Archbishops of Canterbury. Further building phases were known from the rear of the site. The site was thought to have a high potential for archaeological deposits of medieval and post-medieval date, with a large amount of modern truncation expected. A building survey was also carried out as part of this assessment. [Au(abr)]

*Archaeological periods represented:* MD

1/272 (B.29.F014)

TQ 75605480

**ECCLESTON ROAD, MAIDSTONE***Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment. Eccleston Road, Maidstone*

Meager, R London : CgMs, 2002, 67pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* CgMs

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The site was shown to have a very low archaeological potential, in view of the unsuitability of the local topography for past settlement and modern development. No mitigation measures were recommended. [Au(abr)]

1/273 (B.29.F002)

TQ 75705595

**LAND AT ST PETER STREET, MAIDSTONE*****Land at St Peter Street, Maidstone, Kent. Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment***

Hawkins, D London : CgMs, 2002, 61pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by: CgMs*

The site was shown by the assessment to have a generally low archaeological potential. Development of the site after 1868 was thought to have had a major detrimental effect on archaeological deposits. No mitigation measures were recommended. [Au(adp)]

1/274 (B.29.F006)

TQ 75705595

**TREBOR BASSETT FACTORY, MAIDSTONE*****Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment. Land at Trebor Bassett Factory, St Peter Street, Maidstone, Kent***

Hawkins, D London : CgMs, 2002, 61pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by: CgMs*

The assessment showed that the site had a generally low potential for archaeological remains up to 1868, when it was developed. This development was thought to have a widespread impact on any remains but since the potential was so low no mitigation was recommended to be carried out. [Au(abr)]

**Shepway**

1/275 (B.29.K001)

TQ 98302190

**LITTLE CHEYNE COURT, WALLAND MARSH*****An Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment at Little Cheyne Court, Walland Marsh, Kent***

James, R &amp; Pine, C Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2002, 81pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East*

A desk-based assessment was compiled in advance of a proposed wind farm of approximately 30 wind turbines together with an 11km long feeder cable extending to the northwest. The assessment concluded that the survey area has a very high potential for providing palaeoenvironmental data of international importance. It also has a moderate to high potential for containing archaeological deposits of prehistoric and later date. A number of former and existing sites of archaeological/historical importance were identified and highlighted. Clearly, any conclusions can only be tested by the application of fieldwork techniques. [Au(adp)]

*Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PR, RO*

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## Swale

1/276 (B.29.F004)

TQ 90986350

**LAND AT BELL CAR PARK, BELL ROAD, SITTINGBOURNE***Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment. Land at Bell Car Park, Bell Road, Sittingbourne, Kent*

Hawkins, D London : CgMs, 2002, 26pp, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* CgMs

The assessment established that the site had potential for the discovery of archaeological remains, particularly of the Neolithic, Bronze Age and late to post-medieval periods. Post depositional impacts were thought to be severe and would have affected archaeological remains. The proposed development would threaten any surviving archaeology, prompting the recommendation of an evaluation and any subsequent mitigation strategies. [Au(adp)]

## Thanet

1/277 (B.29.F015)

TR 36226766

**THE FORMER ISLE OF THANET JOINT ISOLATION HOSPITAL***An Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment on Land Occupied by the Former Isle of Thanet Joint Isolation Hospital*

Diack, M Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2002, 43pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The assessment established that there was a high potential for surviving archaeological remains. Although no identified features were present on the site, there were a large number of crop marks, chance finds and interventions in the vicinity. The buildings themselves were also thought to be of local and perhaps regional importance. [Au(abr)]

## Tonbridge and Malling

1/278 (B.29.F010)

TQ 60005770

**EASTERN QUARRY, SWANSCOME***Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment. Eastern Quarry, Swanscombe, Kent*

Bourn, R &amp; Chadwick, P London : CgMs, 2002, 37pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* CgMs

The assessment established that the vast majority of the Eastern Quarry site was of no archaeological potential. However, the unworked margins of the site were considered to be of high-moderate potential for Palaeolithic and Roman remains. It was recommended that a full evaluation programme be carried out. [Au(abr)]

1/279 (B.29.F013)

TQ 70506270

**LAND AT FORMER HOLBOROUGH CEMENT WORKS***Land at Former Holborough Cement Works, Near Snodland, Kent*

Chadwick, P London : CgMs, 2002, 68pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* CgMs

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The site lay in an area of high archaeological potential. However, the development of the cement works between 1923 and 1984 and its subsequent demolition has destroyed any archaeological potential on the majority of the site. No mitigation measures were recommended. [Au(abr)]

1/280 (B.29.F008)

TQ 71306270

**LAND AT PETERS VILLAGE & MEDWAY CROSSING**

*Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment. Land at Peters Village & Medway Crossing, Kent*

Chadwick, P London : CgMs, 2002, 50pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* CgMs

The site proposed for development lay in an archaeologically rich environment. The site contained no Scheduled Ancient Monuments, however many other areas of archaeological potential were present. At the time of the report, a Masterplan was in preparation, hindering a detailed assessment of the impact to the archaeological remains in the area. [Au(abr)]

1/281 (B.29.F007)

TQ 58904650

**TONBRIDGE STOCK AND CATTLE MARKET AND CAPITOL CINEMA SITES**

*Tonbridge Stock and Cattle Market and Capitol Cinema Sites, Tonbridge, Kent. Archaeological Impact Assessment*

Bowsher, J London : Museum of London Archaeology Service, 2002, 29pp, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Museum of London Archaeology Service

The assessment suggested that archaeological activity was likely to be concentrated on the western and southern areas of the site, where buildings would have fronted onto the street in the medieval period. The report concluded that further investigation in the form of a field evaluation could be necessary to determine the exact nature and depth of any deposits. [Au(abr)]