CORNWALL

Caradon

1/368 (B.15.F007) SX 30856923

REDLAND, ST IVE

Redland, St Ive. Small Wind Farm Application Archaeological Assessment

Taylor, S Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2002, 5pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

The site was located in an area of Anciently Enclosed Land that had been extensively altered in the 18th and 19th centuries. The assessment confirmed that the site was a settlement of medieval origin. One sinuous boundary of this period was identified. The potential for the discovery of archaeology was thought to be low, and a rapid magnetometry survey was recommended. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

Carrick

1/369 (B.15.F016) SW 82004400

CITY WHARF, TRURO

City Wharf, Truro, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Cole, R Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2002, 35pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

The site lay on the eastern bank of the River Truro in an area that was at least partially reclaimed during the early-mid 19th century. The application area contained well-preserved remains of landing places and associated buildings that were used throughout the 19th and early 20th centuries. A total of 14 archaeological sites were identified, including a range of buildings, two chimneys and the wharf itself. Map evidence noted further structues which had been demolished. A staged programme of archaeological work was recommended. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM

1/370 (B.15.F010) SW 80504400

PENWEATHERS BRIDGE

Penweathers Bridge, Cornwall. Archaeological and Historical Assessment

Gossip, J Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2002, 12pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

The assessment was concerned with strengthening works on the bridge. The date of the bridge was unknown, although a crossing was noted there in 1748. A watching brief was recommended during the strengthening works. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Kerrier

1/371 (B.15.F011) SW 72001600

POLSTAGNEY BRIDGE

Polstagney Bridge, Cornwall. Archaeological and Historical Assessment Gossip, J Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2002, 14pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

The assessment was concerned with strengthening works on the bridge. The date of the bridge was unknown, although it was depicted on the Lanhydrock Atlas around 1695, and was thought to represent an important post-medieval structure. A watching brief was recommended during the strenghening works. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

1/372 (B.15.F013) SW 70001180

POLTESCO VALLEY

*Poltesco Valley, Cornwall. Preliminary Archaeological and Historical Survey*Johns, C Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2003, 94pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Cornwall Archaeological Unit

The assessment was commissioned by the National Trust to supplement a sketchy 1980s greyback report. [Au(abr)]

1/373 (B.15.F014) SW 77802520

ST ANTHONY IN MENEAGE, CORNWALL

Gillan Creek National Trust Properties, St Anthony in Meneage. Rapid Archaeological Assessment Dudley, P Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2003, 35pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

A number of sites and features were identified including the discovery of two former quay areas along the creekside. Management recommendations were of a general nature, including scrub clearance and the possible reintroduction of grazing. A measured survey was recommended to better understand the area. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

1/374 (B.15.F001) SW 69401520

WINDMILL FARM, LANDEWEDNACK

Windmill Farm, Landewednack: CWT Reserve. An Archaeological Assessment Johns, C Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2002, 62pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

The site lay within a rich archaeological area, with finds from the Mesolithic through to World War II. A large Mesolithic flint scatter was indicative of a long-term settlement, and its rarity led to a recommendation that it be scheduled. Bronze Age barrows were also noted, as well as a medieval parish boundary and the 17th century windmill, a Scheduled Monument. The site was used by the

military in the Second World War, and the archaeology of this period is reflected in the landscape. Further archaeological work was suggested, although the vegetation needed to be cleared first.[Au((abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, MD, ME, MO, PM

1/375 (B.15.F015) SW 86207190

BOOBY'S BAY, CONSTANTINE ISLAND, TRETHIAS ISLAND AND PORTHCOTHAN

Booby's Bay, Constantine Island, Trethias Island and Porthcothan, Cornwall. Rapid Archaeological Assessment

Taylor, S Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2003, 39pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

The archaeological resource at Booby's Bay was particularly rich. The wind-blown sand deposits had preserved many prehistoric artefacts and features, including extensive middens. At Porthcothan preserved medieval strip fields and at least one barrow were noted. Additional crop marks to the east suggested a complex pattern of prehistoric ritual and settlement activity. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PR

1/376 (B.15.F009) SX 10308370

CAMELFORD BYPASS

Camelford Bypass. An Archaeological Assessment

Taylor, S Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2002, 75pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

The assessment was carried out in advance of the construction of a new bypass. Field boundaries and Scheduled Ancient Monuments were thought to be affected by this development, as well as nine Listed Buildings. The impact of the development varied from slight to severe, depending on the route. A programme of recording and conservation was designed. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

North Cornwall

1/377 (B.15.F008) SX 16009100

OTTERHAM WIND FARM

Otterham Wind Farm. An Archaeological Assessment

Taylor, S Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2002, 36pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

The landscape affected by the development was divided into two categories, medieval field systems to the north and post-medieval enclosures to the south. A group of three Bronze Age round barrows was also located in the study area, two of which were Scheduled Ancient Monuments. A programme of archaeological recording was designed to minimise the imact of development. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, MD, PM

1/378 (B.15.F005) SX 23609750

TREETOPS HOLIDAY PARK, WEEK ST MARY

Treetops Holiday Park, Week St Mary, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Cole, R & Berry, E Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2002, 40pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Cornwall Archaeological Unit

The study was carried out in advance of the proposed development of housing on the former holiday park. The site was located partially in a Conservation Area, and consisted of two fields, the easternmost believed to be in association with the Norman castle. 11 late/post-medieval boundaries post-dated the use of the site as a manorial enclosure. The study was aimed at minimising the impact of development on the area. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

1/379 (B.15.F006) SX 22228330

TREGUNNON QUARRY, LANEAST

Tregunnin Quarry, Laneast, Cornwall. Rapid Archaeological Appraisal

Dagless, N & McCulloch, P Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2002, 8pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Wessex Archaeology

A rapid archaeological appraisal was carried out to consider the potential for the site. Although the desk-based assessment identified no archaeological remains, the assumption was made that there was potential for undiscovered material in the area. [Au(abr)]

Restormel

1/380 (B.15.F003) SW 94965528

GOONVEAN WIND FARM

Goonvean Wind Farm: An Archaeological Assessment

Taylor, S Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2002, 19pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

This assessment was carried out in advance of the proposed wind farm development. It was deduced that there would be no adverse impact on the archaeological environment as a result of this study. [Au(abr)]

1/381 (B.15.F002) SX 06905490

KELLYS ICE CREAM FACTORY, ST BLAZEY

Kellys Ice Cream Factory, St Blazey, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment Cole, R Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2002, 21pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

The desk-based assessment and fieldwalking exercise were carried out in advance of the development of the site into a number of smaller business units. This determined that no significant archaeology would be disturbed; however, any deep excavation could have impacted upon areas with palaeoenvironmental potential. Post-medieval watercourses surrounded the study area but were not deemed to be archaeologically significant.

Archaeological periods represented: PM

1/382 (B.15.F012) SX 07605760

PENPELL FARM, PAR

Penpell Farm, Par. Small Wind Farm Application

Taylor, S Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2002, 5pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

The assessment was carried out in advance of the development of a wind farm. The site originated as a medieval settlement, and was designated an area of Anciently Enclosed Land. The access track to the wind farm was to cross five field boundaries and as a result a watching brief was recommended. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

1/383 (B.15.F004) SW 95025410

THE TREGARGUS VALLEY, ST STEPHEN-IN-BRANNEL

The Tregargus Valley, St Stephen-in-Brannel. An Archaeological and Historical Assessment Cole, R & Smith, J Truro: Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2002, 73pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Cornwall Archaeological Unit

The Tregargus Valley was important for the history of china stone extraction and processing in Cornwall. It was deemed necessary to document the descriptions and locations of the sites involved, as well as make recommendations for their conservation. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM