BIRMINGHAM AREA

Birmingham

1/458 (B.06.H007) SP 07808692

170 HIGH STREET, DERITEND

170 High Street, Deritend, Birmingham

Conway, M Birmingham: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit, 2002, 35pp, colour pls, figs. tabs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit

The assessment identified that the development area as containing a high potential for archaeology. This includes former river channels for the Rea, culverting of the Rea in the 18th century and deposits relating to post-medieval industrial activity. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

1/459 (B.06.H004) SP 07608690

ALBERT STREET/FAZELEY STREET

Proposed New Library Site, Albert Street/Fazeley Street

Watt, S Birmingham: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit, 2002, 35pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit

The assessment identified the site as having potential for archaeological and environmental deposits relating to the former 16th boundary ditch between the Little Park and the City Centre. Several buildings in the development area were also identified as requiring further study. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

1/460 (B.06.H006) SP 07758630

DERITEND BRIDGE

Deritend Bridge, Birmingham

Hodgkinson, D Newcastle-under-Lyme: Wardell Armstrong, 2002, 34pp, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: Wardell Armstrong

The assessment established that the site has potential for archaeology. The site itself is situated in the centre of the medieval centre of Deritend, although its closeness to the river suggest little domestic activity, surrounding sites have identified medieval and post-medieval activity. [Au(adp)]

1/461 (B.06.H001) SP 07619090

IMI WITTON

An Archaeological Desk-Based Assessment in Connection with the Proposed Redevelopment of the IMI Works, Witton

Slatcher, D Newark: John Samuels Archaeological Consultants, 2002, 63pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* John Samuels Archaeological Consultants

An assessment was carried out on the site of the proposed redevelopment. Although the site was located close to a Roman Road, no below ground archaeology is known or expected to predate 1860. The Lion Works was established on the site in 1862 as an ammunition factory. Only part of the factory survives as the Eley Sport gun cartridge factory. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

1/462 (B.06.H015) SP 04858775

THE CITY HOSPITAL GROUNDS

The City Hospital Grounds, Winson Green, Birmingham

Hislop, M Birmingham: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit, 2002, 22pp, figs, tabs *Work undertaken by:* Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit

An archaeological assessment was carried out on the site. The assessment identified the site as being part of Birmingham heath until the 18th century. A windmill was built around the 18th/19th century and was dismantled in 1849, when a workhouse was constructed on the site. Further archaeological work was recommended. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

1/463 (B.06.H002) SP 07898635

THE CUSTARD FACTORY

The Custard Factory/210 High Street, Dertend

Watt, S Birmingham: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit, 2002, 25pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit

The assessment identified that the proposed temporary car park would have limited impact on below ground archaeology. The site is known to have been raised by post-medieval dumping deposits and may possibly contain features associated with tanning. Waterlogged deposits are also anticipated for the site along with medieval occupation. The extant buildings are of 19th and 20th century date and are associated with the Custard Factory. Recording is recommended prior to demolition. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

1/464 (B.06.H005) SP 12039652

THE ROYAL HOTEL, SUTTON COLDFIELD

Land to the rear of The Royal Hotel, Sutton Coldfield

Samuels, J Newark: John Samuels Archaeological Consultants, 2002, 54pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* John Samuels Archaeological Consultants

The assessment on the land behind the Grade II Listed Building, The Royal Hotel, identified that archaeology may survive on the site but would be heavily truncated. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

1/465 (B.06.H003) SP 07838679

THE TYPHOO WHARF, DIGBETH

The Typhoo Wharf, Bordesley Street, Digbeth

Hislop, M Birmingham : Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit, 2002, 31pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit

The assessment identified the site as being under agricultural use until the building of the Digbeth Branch Canal in 1790. The site was then quickly built up after 1790, with domestic and industrial buildings. Typhoo relocated to the site in 1924 and additions were made in the 1930's. Preservation of the buildings was recommended along with evaluation. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM

Dudley

1/466 (B.06.H009) SO 94259031

197-198 WOLVERHAMTON STREET DUDLEY

197-198 Wolverhampton Street, Dudley

Hodgkinson, D Newcastle-under-Lyme: Wardel Armstrong, 2002, 20pp, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: Wardell Armstrong

The assessment identified the area of the proposed development as being agricultural land prior to the late post-medieval period. The sites location on the periphery of the town made it perfect for post-medieval glass manufacturing and a glass furnace may have been present on the site. The site is also in an area of 18th and 19th century buildings. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

1/467 (B.06.H008) SO 90908640

LANDWILL WORKS BRIELEY HILL

Lanewill Works, Brieley Hill, Black Country

Litherland, S & Nichol, K Birmingham : Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit, 2002, 40pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit

The assessment identified the site as being occupied since at least 1884, when a factory and bottle kin was constructed for pottery manufacture on the site. The pottery was superseded by the engineering works, which was associated with colliery and quarry plant manufacture. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Sandwell

1/468 (B.06.F001) SP 99819085

OAK HOUSE BARNS, WEST BROMWICH, SANDWELL

Oak House Barns, West Bromwich, Sandwell, West Midlands. Conservation Plan: Below Ground Archaeology

Morton, M Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2002, 32pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The below ground archaeology of the site was considered as part of a conservation plan. Two main areas of archaeological interest were identified: a 17th century formal garden, and the foundations of a late 18th/early 19th century farmhouse. The presence of a pottery kiln was also suggested. These remains were considered to be of local to regional significance. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Walsall

1/469 (B.06.H011) SK 02770238

SHELFIELD MILL, WALSALL

Shelfield Mill, Walsall, West Midlands

CPM Cirencester: CPM, 2002, 17pp, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: CPM

An archaeological assessment was carried out on the proposed development site. The site was identified as containing possible remains of a mill. Associated buildings including the mill house still survive on the site. No other archaeology was identified for the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Wolverhampton

1/470 (B.06.H013) SO 94779632

LAND AT 1-3 HIGH STREET BILSTON

Land at 1-3 High Street, Bilston

Lee, R & Nichol, K Birmingham: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit, 2002, 30pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit

An archaeological assessment was carried out on the site. The site was identified as being located in the medieval core of Bilston. Map evidence showed the site as being in continuous work since the early 19th century. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

1/471 (B.06.H012) SO 95009800

NO. 10 BROAD STREET, BILSTON

No. 10 Broad Street, Bilston, West Midlands

Hislop, M Birmingham : Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit, 2002, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit

An archaeological assessment was carried out on the proposed development to the rear of a Grade II Listed Building. The assessment identified that the development may impact on medieval backplots and on a 19th century building that was possibly a brewery. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

1/472 (B.06.H010) SO 92009800

ROYAL HOSPITAL, WOLVERHAMPTON

Royal Hospital, Wolverhampton

Belford, P Ironbridge: Ironbridge Archaeology, 2002, 27pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Ironbridge Archaeology

An archaeological assessment was carried out on the proposed development site. No archaeology is known for the site prior to the 19th century. Cleveland House was built on the site in 1830. Subsequent developments included the Union Workhouse (1840) and the Royal Hospital (1848). The assessment identified ten buildings that would require archaeological recording and six areas of below ground archaeological interest. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM