Buckinghamshire

**Aylesbury Vale**

(C.11.2337)  
[69C6F27F-A997-437C-8703-58F8B54F4CF1]  
Parish: Aston Clinton  
Postal Code: HP22 5AG  
**41 AYLESBURY ROAD, ASTON CLINTON**  
41 Aylesbury Road, Aston Clinton, Buckinghamshire  
Wilson, N  
Milton Keynes : Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2005, 11pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd.  
Two test pits were excavated at the site. No archaeology was identified. [Au(abr)]

(C.11.2338)  
[E747485B-126C-4608-813B-D9F1F6C2CC72]  
Parish: Aylesbury  
Postal Code: HP20 1TZ  
**82-84 WALTON STREET, LONG STAY CAR PARK**  
82-84 Walton Street, Long Stay Car Park and The Servicemen’s Club, Aylesbury, Buckinghamshire  
Doyle, K & Williams, J  
Hertford : Archaeological Solutions, 2005, 55pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Archaeological Solutions  
Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site and 27 linear features were identified along with pits and post holes. Finds were recovered dating from the Saxon to medieval period, with a small quantity of post-medieval and modern material. [Au(abr)]  
Archaeological periods represented: EM, MD

(C.11.2339)  
[072E312E-63D8-42C9-9103-A6BBADACE38]  
Parish: Brill  
Postal Code: HP18 9TG  
**LAND ADJACENT TO THE PHEASANT**  
An Archaeological Field Evaluation of Land adjacent to The Pheasant, Windmill Street, Brill, Buckinghamshire  
Moore, J  
Beckley : John Moore Heritage Services, 2005, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services  
Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. Late medieval/Tudor pits were identified, along with post-medieval sand quarry pits. [Au(adp)]  
Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

(C.11.2340)  
[C4766405-8A67-4BF5-9D77-0BEDC3418606]  
Parish: Buckingham  
Postal Code: MK18 7BF  
**12-18 STRATFORD ROAD COTTAGES**  
12-18 Stratford Road, Cottages, Buckingham, Buckinghamshire  
Sims, M  
Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2005, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology  
Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. Two phases of post-medieval roadside culverts and garden soil was identified. [Au(adp)]  
Archaeological periods represented: PM
Archaeological periods represented: PM

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UD

Archaeological periods represented: PM
**PROPOSED NEW CONSERVATION POND**

*Proposed New Conservation Pond, Notley Abbey, Long Crendon, Buckinghamshire*

Mumford, J  
Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2005, 11p, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. Alluvial deposits were identified. The termination of ridge and furrow at the edge of the area suggested that the site was used as pasture/water meadow. [Au(adp)]

**GARDEN COTTAGE AND STUD COTTAGE**

*Garden Cottage and Stud Cottage, Crafton, Mentmore, Buckinghamshire*

Rouse, C  
Milton Keynes : Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2005, 15pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd.

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. No archaeology was encountered. [Au(adp)]

**18 MAIN STREET, MURSLEY**

*Archaeological Evaluation at 18 Main Street, Mursley, Buckinghamshire*

Mason, P  
Northampton : Northamptonshire Archaeology, 2005, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Northamptonshire Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. A pit containing Saxon pottery in the primary fill and a post-medieval hedge/fence line were identified. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, PM

**LAND OFF MANOR DRIVE, STEWKLEY**

*Land off Manor Road, Stewkley, Buckinghamshire*

Wilson, N  
Milton Keynes : Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2005, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd.

An earthwork survey and evaluation sampling were undertaken on ridge and furrow at the site. No finds were recovered from the manuring layers. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

**CHAPEL CAR PARK**

*Chapel Car park, Stowe School, Stowe, Buckinghamshire*

Mumford, J  
Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2005, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology
Evaluation trenches were excavated within the area of the former 18th century gardens. No archaeology was observed. [Au(abr)]

(C.11.2350) SP71831711
{E706A153-C2A2-4CF8-BE3F-724C9711BAC0}
Parish: Westcott Postal Code: HP18 0PG
THE FORMER WHITE SWAN PUBLIC HOUSE, HIGH STREET, WESTCOTT
An Archaeological Evaluation at the Former White Swan Public House, High Street, Westcott, Buckinghamshire
Keith-Lucas, F London : Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd., 2005, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.
Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. Pits, ditches, bedding trenches and deposits of medieval and post-medieval date were encountered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

(C.11.2351) SP81701815
{B3CC7E09-7557-453B-906F-B3F83CB55F9A}
Parish: Wingrave with Rowsham Postal Code: HP22 4PL
LAND AT ASTON ABBOTTS ROAD, EAST END, WEEDON, BUCKINGHAMSHIRE
Land at Aston Abbotts Road, East End, Weedon, Buckinghamshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Ford, S Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 11pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
Evaluation trenches revealed remains of modern buildings and other activity, but no deposits or finds of archaeological interest. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, RO

(C.11.2352) SP76702750
{C965DC81-F0EA-4D1D-84B5-37F3093585B5}
Parish: Winslow Postal Code: MK18 3AP
25 HORN STREET, WINSLOW
25 Horn Street, Winslow, Buckinghamshire
Rouse, C Milton Keynes : Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2005, 24pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd.
Two trenches and three test pits were excavated at the site. A pit and two linear features were revealed, one of which contained a small assemblage of animal bone and pottery, one sherd of which was of the Roman period. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, RO

South Bucks

(C.11.2353) SP99418779
{E3EB22B7-48A6-4F8D-B88C-F5A9980F8356}
Parish: Gerrards Cross Postal Code: SL9 7PD
LAND ADJACENT TO MORAY HOUSE
Land adjacent to Moray House, 44 Camp Road, Gerrards Cross, Buckinghamshire
Newton, A & Williams, J Hertford : Archaeological Solutions, 2005, 54pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeological Solutions
Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site close to a known Iron Age hillfort. Medieval pits and ditches, containing a large quantity of medieval pottery, were identified. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD
Three evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. The northernmost trench revealed a large defensive ditch, which formed part of a previously identified Late Bronze Age/Iron Age hillfort, and a Bronze Age pit and a ditch that cut the pit and the defensive ditch. A possible Saxon date tree throw was identified in one of the other trenches. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: IA, UD, BA, LBA,

Wycombe

Four undated gullies were encountered in trench one, and two 2nd century AD ditches and an undated gully were recorded in trench four. No archaeological finds or features were observed in trenches two and three, on the stripped area and exposed section. No metal finds were retrieved during the metal detecting survey of the spoil-heap. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, UD
LAND BETWEEN KILN LODGE AND KILN BARN
Archaeological Investigations on Land Between Kiln Lodge and Kiln Barn, Lacey Green
Eyres, J High Wycombe : Chiltern Archaeology , 2005, 11pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Chiltern Archaeology
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken at the site. No archaeology was encountered. [Au(abr)]

MARLOW FLOOD ALLEVIATION SCHEME
Marlow Flood Alleviation Scheme, Pound Lane, Marlow, Buckinghamshire
Pocock, M Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2005, 56pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology
Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. Sporadic pits and tree throws of Late Mesolithic/early Neolithic date were identified across the site. Barrows of Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age date were situated around the site and prehistoric linear features were also identified. [Au(abr)]

THE NAVE OF ST. MARY’S CHURCH
An Archaeological Evaluation in the Nave of St. Mary’s Church, Princes Risborough, Buckinghamshire
Moore, J Beckley : John Moore Heritage Services, 2005, 22pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services
A evaluation was undertaken within the nave of the church. The church floor was thought to be of medieval or post-medieval date and below that, other floors may have existed. The 19th century floor of the church may have previously been removed. A post-medieval grave was also encountered. [Au(adp)]

AN INTERIM REPORT ON A ROMANO-BRITISH SITE NEAR COMPTON WOOD, FIRLE, EAST SUSSEX
A Romano-British site near Compton Wood, Firle, East Sussex
Chuter, G Lewes : East Sussex County Council, 2005, 31pp, colour pls, figs, tags, refs
Work undertaken by: East Sussex County Council
In April 2005 whilst working alongside two local metal detectorists, the author discovered an unrecorded late Iron Age and Romano-British settlement. Fieldwork including a geophysical survey and evaluation trenches recorded a large rectilinear enclosure containing at least one substantial building, which stylistically resembled a proto-villa. Large quantities of late Iron Age and Romano-British pottery, Roman and early Saxon metal artefacts suggested that this site was occupied for a long period of time. [Au]
Archaeological periods represented: RO, EM, LIA

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

Archaeological periods represented: PM
Hampshire

Basingstoke and Deane

Area B, Wellfield Farm, North Popley

Parish: Basingstoke
Postal Code: RG24 9EX

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A field evaluation was carried out as part of a programme of archaeological work, this report documented the evaluation of Area B. A wheel rutted trackway of possible medieval date was found to cross the site on an east-west alignment. A substantial boundary ditch of Iron Age or later date ran along the dry valley bottom. In the valley bottom itself a probable Late Iron Age roundhouse was found, together with one or more postholes of Middle Bronze Age date. Two undated isolated postholes were also found which may have been indicative of further activity along the valley axis. A dense undated spread of burnt flint in the bottom of the dry valley may have suggested the presence of some sort of large-scale or prolonged activity just outside the site to the west. This may have represented a 'burnt mound'; although there was no evidence of the running water source which would normally have been associated with such a feature. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MBA, UD, BA, IA, MD, LIA

Land at Popley Fields, Basingstoke

Parish: Sherbourne St. John
Postal Code: RG24 9LP

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The evaluation revealed intense archaeological activity in Area 1, principally in the 1st/2nd century AD. Possible enclosure ditches had been frequently re-cut and contained large quantities of pottery. A possibly buried soil/occupation later over 10m long was exposed within a possible enclosure. Part of a human skull was recovered from a gully and pits contained cremated human bone and charcoal. Over 50kg of artefacts, including a bow broach and part of a probable armlet, were recovered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

East Hampshire

Woolmer Trading Estate, Bordon

Parish: Headley
Postal Code: GU35 1AQ

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

No archaeological deposits were recorded. [AU]
THE PADDOCK, THE ROYAL NAVAL HOSPITAL, GOSPORT

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Royal Naval Hospital, Gosport

Boston, C Oxford : Oxford Archaeology . 2005, 64pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

An evaluation at the site revealed 169 graves within 11 trenches, all located towards the eastern part of the site. There appeared to be a western limit to the burials, coinciding with a fall-off in the natural topography towards what was interpreted as a small waterway that originally bounded the western limit of the Paddock. Considerable modern backfilling was noted. The graves themselves were closely spaced and parallel, with the incidence of intercutting very uncommon. Most graves were aligned north-west/south east or north-east/south west, with no mass graves discovered but some multiple burials. The majority of the dead had been interred in plain wooden coffins and not in their hammocks, as had been previously believed. One brick-built structure dated to the 18th century was encountered, and was thought to have been a gardener's or grave-digger's shed or possibly an ammunition store. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

NEW FOREST

ANGEL YARD, HIGH STREET, LYMINGTON

Angel Yard, High Street, Lymington, Hampshire: Archaeological Evaluation

Godden, D Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology . 2005, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Four evaluation trenches were excavated in the footprints of four proposed new buildings. No features or deposits of certain medieval date were recorded, while five sherds of residual medieval, pottery were recovered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM
Test Valley

(C.24.2371) SU36504645
{4CA85653-AB82-4FB3-B56A-D3DFB41FD1A9}
Parish: Andover
Postal Code: SP10 4DU

NORTHERN AVENUE, ANDOVER
Northern Avenue, Andover, Hampshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Coles, S Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 15pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Five features cutting gravel were located, four of which were ditches dated to the late 19th or 20th centuries. A tree hole contained a small amount of prehistoric struck flint. A modest amount of struck flint of Mesolithic and later dates was recovered from the topsoil. A peat filled former channel of the river Anton was located and a column sample obtained for future analysis. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: ME, PR, PM

(C.24.2372) SU35302154
{31B520F7-84EB-43D1-A590-54B6E712C2C4}
Parish: Romsey
Postal Code: S051 8DS

7-9, THE HUNDRED, ROMSEY
7-9, The Hundred, Romsey, Hampshire. Evaluation Report
Thatcher, C Twickenham : AOC Archaeology Group, 2005, 40pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

Three trenches were excavated which showed that although there had been some modern disturbance, a sequence of medieval and post-medieval archaeology had been preserved. Several boundary features were observed. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

(C.24.2373) SU35702170
{3FFCC2D5-8804-477D-9D8D-AFCB9CC69450}
Parish: Romsey
Postal Code: SO51 7LP

LAND AT CANAL WALK, ROMSEY
An Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Canal Walk, Romsey, Hampshire
Priestley-Bell, G Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 18pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

Thirty trenches were mechanically excavated. Twelve archaeological features were identified, comprising two gullies, two slots and eight post holes. No firm dating evidence was recovered from any feature and it was possible that several different periods were represented. The paucity of archaeological features and significant finds, either in situ or residual, suggested that only a very low level of activity took place on the site in antiquity. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

(C.24.2374) SU34902130
{AB1E7836-D9F3-4BC3-A64B-911506A1E4FF}
Parish: Romsey
Postal Code: SO51 8EQ

ROMSEY ABBEY PRIMARY SCHOOL, CHURCH LANE, ROMSEY
Archaeological Evaluation at Romsey Abbey Primary School, Church Lane, Romsey
Russell, J Southampton : Southampton City Council Archaeology Unit, 2006, 18pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Southampton City Council Archaeology Unit

Three trenches and a test pit were excavated prior to a proposed development. A possible palaeochannel was found, with a mineralised sheep bone in its upper fill. A later, possibly prehistoric deposit of material included bone fragments and a flint tool. A quarry feature, probably post-medieval in date, produced 17th to early 20th century finds. [Au(adr)]
Archaeological periods represented: PM, PR

**Winchester**

(C.24.2375) TQ52201100

[1ACA6BBB-D029-40AB-A4E4-E538393AAD93]
Parish: Durley Postal Code: BN27 3GB

**LAND AT DURLEY HALL FARM, DURLEY HALL ROAD, DURLEY**

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Durley Hall Farm, Durley Hall Road, Durley, Hampshire

Archaeology South-East Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2005, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

A single ditch, probably representing a field boundary of late post-medieval date, was identified and sampled. No evidence of structure associated with the farmstead was present. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(C.24.2376) SU4926032200

[10F52AD4-1C31-411F-8B50-2FDA8F1E2712]
Parish: Kings Worthy Postal Code: SO23 7QF

**ROYAL COURT SITE, LONDON ROAD, KINGSWORTHY**

Royal Court Site, London Road, Kingsworthy, Hampshire: Archaeological Evaluation Report (Auger Sampling)

Budd, D Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2005, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Wessex Archaeology

The evaluation demonstrated that the site contained no significant archaeological remains and that it had been heavily disturbed. [Au(abr)]

(C.24.2377) SU51403930

[D1239370-66F5-4F4D-9D06-456D89D93436]
Parish: Micheldever Postal Code: SO21 3SR

**DEVER CLOSE, MICHELDEVER**

Archaeological Evaluation at Dever Close, Micheldever, Hampshire

Russel, A Southampton: Southampton City Council Archaeology Unit, 2005, 37pp, colour pls, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Southampton City Council Archaeology Unit

Four trenches were excavated on land to the east of Dever Close. A small number of features were found dating to the Saxon, medieval and post-medieval periods. The Saxon evidence included early Saxon pottery and a pit containing iron slag and a Frisian comb and threw light on a period in the history of Micheldever, when it was thought to have been a Saxon estate centre. The medieval and post-medieval evidence was probably associated with the nearby house which belonged to the New Minster (later renamed Hyde Abbey) in Winchester from the 10th century, finally becoming the mansion of the Earls of Southampton at the dissolution. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, EM

(C.24.2378) SU48092437

[5EF1BC1E-7411-4F4D-BA94-B4743824579C]
Parish: Twyford Postal Code: SO21 1QT

**THE BUGLE INN, TWYFORD**

A Report on an Archaeological Evaluation at The Bugle Inn, Twyford, Hampshire

Poole, C Bath: Bath Archaeological Trust, 2005, 36pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Bath Archaeological Trust

Five evaluation trenches were cut by a mechanical excavator. In the two western trenches, car park layers were removed to reveal demolished building debris covering the foundations of buildings of
brick and concrete construction, some of which dated from the 20th century and the earliest phase of construction was likely to have been late 17th to early 18th century. To the rear of the Bugle, archaeological deposits were encountered. The only medieval features found were in trench four, which was a gully and was possibly a field boundary. Alongside this a large subrectangular feature may have indicated the position of a small building. The presence of brick, roofing tile and small quantities of glaze pottery suggested a post-medieval date for the structure. A few bowl shaped features cut into the natural were exposed, also post-medieval in date. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: W358/07
Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD, PM

(C.24.2379)  SU48302443
Parish: Twyford  Postal Code: SO21 1QW
THE FOLLY, TWYFORD
Report on an Archaeological Recording at The Folly, Twyford, Winchester
Molloy, T  Southampton : Southern Archaeological Services, 2005, 37pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Southern Archaeological Services
The western end of the trench was excavated through a bank raised against the eastern wall of the house and this exposed a sequence of layers sloping from west to east. This sequence of bank deposits contained a large amount of mortar and fragments of Roman tile, suggesting that they were derived from Roman contexts. However, these deposits were the result of landscaping following the construction of the house in the 1960s, and were therefore redeposited. Deposits below the bank consisted of a buried former topsoil and below this, deposits containing inclusions from the Roman period, but the mixed composition of the soils and abraded nature of the inclusions suggested that it was the result of landscaping and farming activities. No features were encountered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, RO

(C.24.2380)  SU57041147
Parish: Wickham  Postal Code: PO17 5FN
LOWER HOUSE, WINCHESTER ROAD, WICKHAM
Lower House, Winchester Road, Wickham, Hampshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report
Pocock, M  Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2006, 37pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology
An evaluation and watching brief were carried out at the site. The investigation revealed limited archaeological deposits in the form of a single ditch in the south-east corner of the site, two pits overlain by a recent floor surface in close proximity to Lower House and a pit located in the eastern area. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UPA, UD

(C.24.2381)  SU4802529715
Parish: Winchester  Postal Code: SO23 8RY
19-20 JEWRY STREET, WINCHESTER
19-20 Jewry Street, Winchester, Hampshire: Archaeological Evaluation Report
Birbeck, V  Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2005, 29pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology
Although significant archaeological remains were located during the course of the evaluation, the majority of the archaeological deposits had been severely truncated by later archaeological features and modern buildings. Trench 2 contained a metalled surface of probable early-mid Romano-British date. A later deposit was cut by a Romano-British cess pit and sealed by a clay loam deposit of Saxon-Norman date. [Au(abr)]->
MINSTER HOUSE, GREAT MINSTER STREET, WINCHESTER
An Archaeological Evaluation at Minster House, Great Minster Street, Winchester, Hants
Currie, C Fair Oak : CKC Archaeology, 2005, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: CKC Archaeology
The courtyard to the east of Minster House was disturbed by a number of more recent features, however, significant islands of intact stratigraphy seemed to have survived fairly close to the existing ground surface. This might have been explained by the difference in ground level within the courtyard compared with the adjoining Little Minster Street. It was suggested that the post-medieval levels had been truncated, leaving medieval levels fairly close to the existing ground surface of the courtyard. A layer of flints in the mortar base was found at a depth of about 600m and this was interpreted as a late medieval yard surface. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: SWC 5074
Archaeological periods represented: MD

PETER SYMONDS COLLEGE
Peter Symonds College
Soderbaum-Beach, L Southampton : Gifford & Partners, 2005, 3pp, figs
Work undertaken by: Gifford & Partners
In all trial pits a relatively thin layer of topsoil covered a layer of structureless chalk which was deposited on natural chalk. No archaeological features were encountered in any of the trial pits. [Au(adp)]

THE MASH TUN, WINCHESTER
The Mash Tun, Winchester, Hampshire
Eddisford, D Twickenham : AOC Archaeology Group, 2005, 19pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group
The evaluation consisted of a single trench. The results of this trench showed extensive truncation, with no surviving archaeology recorded. [Au(abr)]

Isle of Wight

THE GRANGE, CARISBROOKE
The Grange, Carisbrooke, Isle of Wight. Archaeological Evaluation
Foundations Archaeology Swindon : Foundations Archaeology, 2005, 16pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Foundations Archaeology
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of proposed development. No evidence was found for a continuation of the Roman villa complex located to the southeast of the study area. No intact structural remains were present within the trenches for the dwelling shown on 18th and 19th
century maps, but a small lens of post-medieval demolition material from Trench 1 could have been associated with the destruction of this building. Excavation of these trenches revealed a significant level of medieval activity within the lowest garden terrace. This included a possible hearth, a possible rubbish pit and a terrace or house platform, as well as post-medieval post hole. The higher terrace which contained Trench 2, had been previously stripped down to its natural substrates during terracing operations. The evidence revealed during this evaluation showed although the terracing of the garden had severely truncated or removed any surviving deposits on the higher terrace, preservation conditions on the lower terrace were good and this area contained good potential for further archaeological deposits. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 5625
Archaeological periods represented: MD, PR, PM

(C.28.2386)  
SMR primary record number: 5625
Archaeological periods represented: MD, PR, PM

Land adjacent to Hilannie, Avondale Road, Newport

An archaeological assessment was undertaken which consisted of a desk-based assessment and evaluation in advance of a proposed chalet bungalow. The work was carried out due to the proximity of the site to a Roman Villa, a Scheduled Ancient Monument of 1st to early 4th century date. The results of the trial trenching showed that landscaping had taken place across the site and this accounted for the lack of archaeological material. Only one feature was located during the trial trenching exercise and this was interpreted as a modern garden feature. Further archaeological mitigation was recommended. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 5590
Archaeological periods represented: MO

(C.28.2387)  
SMR primary record number: 5623
Archaeological periods represented: MO

Pan Urban Extension, Newport

An extensive field evaluation was undertaken with detailed results which in summary highlighted the potential for Pleistocene and Palaeolithic remains within the study area. A detailed archaeological mitigation strategy was recommended for different areas of the site before development. [AIP]

SMR primary record number: 5623
Archaeological periods represented: MO

(C.29.2388)  
SMR primary record number: 5701
Archaeological periods represented: MO

Former HMP Aldington, Ashford

Former HMP Aldington, Ashford, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed redevelopment of the site. The archaeological remains, comprising two small pits, unfortunately did not produce any dateable material. The pits were located towards the south of the site, with fills containing moderate concentrations of charcoal flecks. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 2005/146
Archaeological periods represented: UD

(C.29.2389)  TR00704270
Parish: Ashford  Postal Code: TN23 1LG
COUNTY SQUARE, LAND OFF ELWICK ROAD, ASHFORD
County Square, Land off Elwick Road, Ashford, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation Report
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology
An evaluation in advance of expansion of the shopping precinct and car park revealed evidence of housing and commercial properties associated with the Victorian and modern expansion of Ashford. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

(C.29.2390)  TR02034219
Parish: Ashford  Postal Code: TN24 8AN
THE NORTH SCHOOL, ASHFORD
The North School, Ashford, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation
Parfitt, K & Corke, B  Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 24pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust
Four evaluation trenches were excavated in advance of building work at a school. The trenches revealed two shallow, undated ditches, probably early field boundaries. A deeply buried subsoil layer, probably a colluvial deposit, in trench four yielded three worn pot sherds of late Iron Age and Roman date. A series of modern services for the working school was also located, together with some slight evidence for a previously demolished mid 20th century classroom (trench two). A proposed fifth trench was not excavated due to the density of live services in the area. Despite local stories about the existence of underground classrooms and air raid shelters on the site, nothing was found in the areas examined. However, parts of the air raid shelters (previously recorded) were subsequently located by the developers. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, LIA

Canterbury

(C.29.2391)  TR23775225
Parish: Aylesham  Postal Code: CT3 3EZ
QUEENS ROAD, AYLESHAM
An Archaeological Evaluation (Stage 1) at Queens Road, Aylesham, Kent
Stevens, S  Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East
Two probable geological anomalies were excavated and recorded. [Au(abr)]
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in order to assess the impact of a proposed residential development. Redeposit sandy clay and gravel deposits were exposed forming the upper backfill deposits of a large quarry pit, the full extent and depth of which was not determined. Pottery and finds indicated a possible medieval date (c.AD1250 -1450). The backfilled quarry was overlain by an intermixed soil horizon, characteristic of horticultural activity and corresponded to land use indicated on post-medieval maps. Archaeological features and deposits identified above this soil horizon were of a late post-medieval and modern date, corresponding to activity in the rear garden of the existing property. Features included three refuse pits, a brick lined well, and perhaps the chalk footings for a garden shed or glass house. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM, MD

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken ahead of a scheme of redevelopment for a college. The college was located within the Canterbury Area of Archaeological Importance. Trenches one and two revealed that undisturbed natural brick-earth survived at a depth of 0.85m to 0.93m below the modern ground surface. A Late Iron Age to early Roman pit was observed in trench one and a late post-medieval pit observed in trench two. Trench three revealed what appeared to have been natural brick-earth at a depth of 0.90m below the modern ground level. Trench four revealed natural chalk and clay, and a small number of cut features which appeared to have related to the Roman period; the function of these features remained unclear. Roman pottery, residual worked flint and late prehistoric pottery were also recorded within the site. This suggested that an ancient agricultural soil horizon survived in this area. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, PR

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken and the results indicated a significant depth of overburden to the rear of the plot. No trace of natural geological deposits were observed and no deposits likely to have been earlier than the 18th century were encountered. The deposits observed seemed more likely to have represented deposition within an open area. Clearly the depth of overburden was not the result of backfilling of bomb craters, as no 20th century material was encountered in trench one and earlier structures survived in trench two. The structures were thought to have dated to the mid-late 19th century. Roman pottery was recorded towards the base of trench one and was thought to have been especially significant. Previous excavations in the area had already indicated the likelihood of Roman cultural material, however, this material may well have been imported from elsewhere within the city or its environs. [Au(abr)]
NEW GRANGE HOUSE, KING’S SCHOOL, ST. AUGUSTINE’S ABBEY
New Grange House, King’s School, St. Augustine’s Abbey
Helm, R Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 6pp, pls, figs
Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust
During October 2004 and January 2005 an excavation and assessment was carried out in the grounds of
the King's School, a Scheduled Ancient Monument and part of a World Heritage Site. Medieval pits
and the remains of buildings and evidence of early medieval buttresses were uncovered by the
evacuations. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, PM

NO. 8 PALACE STREET
No. 8 Palace Street
Helm, R Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 4pp, pls, figs
Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust
The evaluation consisted of two trenches and exposed archaeology of late post-medieval date. In trench
2 this consisted of a brick built structure of uncertain function. No archaeological remains of
significance were identified in trench 2. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

TABLE HALL, CHOIR HOUSE, THE PRECINCTS, CANTERBURY CATHEDRAL
An Archaeological Evaluation at Table Hall, Choir House, The Precincts, Canterbury Cathedral
Found, B Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 24pp, colour pls, figs
Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in support of an application for the proposed extensions
to a Choir House at Canterbury Cathedral. Three trenches were hand excavated, trenches one and two
lay to the north-east of Choir House and trench three to the west. Trenches one and three revealed
substantial intact demolition deposits sealing any surviving archaeology. In the area of trench two,
significant archaeological deposits, possibly forming part of a monastic lodging and pentic were
revealed at close proximity to the present ground surface. [Au(abr)]

HILLBOROUGH FARM, RECUVER ROAD, HERNE BAY
Archaeological Evaluation at Hillborough Farm, Reculver Road, Herne Bay, Kent
Helm, R Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust
A programme of archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential
development. Twenty trenches were excavated totalling 876.34msq, providing an approximate 4.2%
sample of the total area. The local geology consisted of London clay overlain by a head deposit of
intermittent gravels and sandy clay. This head deposit was cut by three potential palaeochannels
aligned north-west to south-east. The earliest archaeological features identified within the proposed development area, were late medieval in date. These consisted of a rough metalled surface fronting the line of Reculver Road, and a single north-west to south-east aligned field boundary ditch. No other features of archaeological significance were identified, although a series of post-medieval and modern agricultural pits, post holes, field drains, a dog burial and modern services were encountered. A small quantity of residual late prehistoric, Roman and medieval material was recovered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PR

(C.29.2399) TR21006800
Parish: Herne and Broomfield Postal Code: CT6 6TA
HILLBOROUGH FARM, RECALVER ROAD, HERNE BAY
Archaeological Evaluation at Hillborough Farm, Reculver Road, Herne Bay, Kent
Helm, R Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust
A programme of archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. Twenty trenches were excavated totalling 876.34msq, providing an approximate 4.2% sample of the total area. The local geology consisted of London clay overlain by a head deposit of intermittent gravels and sandy clay. This head deposit was cut by three potential paleochannels aligned north-west to south-east. The earliest archaeological features identified within the proposed development area, were late medieval in date. These consisted of a rough metalled surface fronting the line of Reculver Road, and a single north-west to south-east aligned field boundary ditch. No other features of archaeological significance were identified, although a series of post-medieval and modern agricultural pits, post holes, field drains, a dog burial and modern services were encountered. A small quantity of residual late prehistoric, Roman and medieval material was recovered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, RO, PM

(C.29.2400) TR22035824
Parish: Ickham and Well Postal Code: CT3 1QQ
THE OLD RECTORY, THE STREET, ICKHAM
An Archaeological Evaluation at The Old Rectory, The Street, Ickham
Found, B Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 15pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of construction of a new three bay garage block. The evaluation trenches revealed no significant archaeological deposits, with natural river terrace gravels seen in all three trenches. The absence of head brick-earth across the development area suggested that past quarrying had removed it, along with any archaeology, that may have been present on the site. [Au(adp)]

(C.29.2401) TR17706032
Parish: Sturry Postal Code: CT2 0BD
6 HIGH STREET, STURRY
An Archaeological Evaluation at 6 High Street, Sturry
Found, B Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 18pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust
Two archaeological evaluation trenches were excavated in advance of a building's change of use. Three cut features were found cutting into the natural head brick-earth. Two of these features, both in trench one, were dated to the medieval period, but with some earlier residual prehistoric material within their fills and were thought to have represented domestic waste pits. The third feature was a shallow pit located in trench two, which contained little cultural material and was potentially prehistoric in date. The three features cutting the natural were sealed by accumulations of late medieval and post-medieval
soil build up. Cutting into these horizontal deposits were a number of intercutting post-medieval domestic waste pits. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, MD

---

**Dartford**

(C.29.2402)  
Parish: Dartford  
Postal Code: DA1 2EU  
CLIFFSIDE COTTAGES AND WEST HILL HOUSE, WEST HILL, DARTFORD  
An Archaeological and Geoarchaeological Evaluation on the Site of Cliffside Cottages and West Hill House, West Hill, Dartford  
Allen, P et al  
Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 22pp, colour pls, figs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust  
An archaeological and geoarchaeological evaluation was undertaken ahead of the proposed development works. The site was located in an area of considerable archaeological potential; Palaeolithic artefactual material was frequently found in association with the Dartford HeathBoyn Hill gravel deposits which underlay the site. The site had already been partially disturbed leaving deep sections into the natural chalk adjacent to West Hill House (running north-south and east-west) which were recorded both photographically and by measured drawing with notes made on the geology. The quantity and disposition of the gravel deposits exposed at the site seemed to indicate that the extent of the Boyn Hill gravel, as shown on the Geological Survey, was reasonably correct. There was no evidence for intrusive or cut archaeological features, either within the excavated trench, or in the exposed sections and no artefactual material was recovered. [Au(adp)]

---

(C.29.2403)  
Parish: Dartford  
Postal Code: DA1 1QR  
LAND AT EAST HILL HOUSE, EAST HILL & STERNDALE ROAD, DARTFORD  
Land at East Hill House, East Hill & Sterndale Road, Dartford, Kent: Archaeological Evaluation Report  
Wessex Archaeology  
Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2005, 13pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology  
The results of the trenching showed that the site in the vicinity of one trench had been severely truncated, probably by modern activities. [Au(abr)]

---

(C.29.2404)  
Parish: Dartford  
Postal Code: DA1 1QR  
LAND AT EAST HILL HOUSE, EAST HILL & STERNDALE ROAD, DARTFORD  
Archaeological Evaluation Report. Land at East Hill House, East Hill & Sterndale Road, Dartford, Kent  
Barton, C  
Salisbury : CgMs, 2005, 12pp, colour pls, figs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology  
Archaeological evaluation trenching was undertaken on land proposed for redevelopment. The site was previously evaluated in 2001 and these earlier works established the presence of prehistoric remains at the site. The 2005 evaluation comprised the excavation of a further five trenches. The results of this trenching showed that the site in one trench had been severely disturbed, probably by modern building activities. Undisturbed geological gravels were encountered in the other four trenches. In one of these trenches, located in the south-west corner of the site, probable prehistoric archaeological remains were revealed. The results of this evaluation supported those of a previous partial evaluation of the site, which found a concentration of prehistoric archaeological remains in the western third of the site. [Au(adp)]
Archaeological Investigations Project 2005

Evaluations

South East

SMR primary record number: 2005/76
Archaeological periods represented: PR, EIA, LBA

(C.29.2405)  
Parish: Swanscombe  
Postal Code: DA10 0BX  
EASTERN QUARRY (AREA B AND ADDITIONAL AREAS), SWANSCOMBE  
Eastern Quarry (Area B and Additional Areas), Swanscombe, Kent  
Wessex Archaeology  
Wessex Archaeology, 2006, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs, CD  
Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology  
The evaluation identified a complex and deep suite of Pleistocene sediments. The remains found included river gravels with faunal remains and abundant flint artefacts, slightly reworked deposits containing fresh and minimally transported objects and faunal remains. The remains can be broadly attributed to the Lower Palaeolithic. This made them approximately the same age as other national important remains found in the immediate vicinity. [Au(abr)]

Dover

(C.29.2406)  
Parish: Ash  
Postal Code: CT13 9PP  
FORMER BROWN AND MASON YARD, RAMSGATE ROAD, RICHBOROUGH  
Former Brown and Mason Yard, Ramsgate Road, Richborough. Archaeological Evaluation Report  
Moody, G  
Broadstairs : Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2005, 13pp, figs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology  
Four evaluation trenches were excavated on the site in areas which engineering trenches and a geoarchaeological assessment had not previously excluded the possibility of surviving archaeological deposits. Below concrete building platforms and large spreads of demolition waste and scrap alluvial silts were revealed. No structured archaeological deposits were encountered. [Au(adp)]

(C.29.2407)  
Parish: Ash  
Postal Code: CT3 2HN  
LAND BETWEEN OAK LODGE AND HOPE COTTAGES, POULTON LANE, ASH  
Land between Oak Lodge and Hope Cottages, Poulton Lane, Ash. Archaeological Evaluation Report  
Deacon, S  
Broadstairs : Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2005, 10pp, figs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology  
Three evaluation trenches were excavated. The remains of foundations of an 18th century building were recorded. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(C.29.2408)  
Parish: Ripple  
Postal Code: CT15 5HW  
WINDLANDS OAKS FARM, RIPPLE: REPORT ON EVALUATION TRENCHING  
Parfitt, K  
Dover : Dover Archaeological Group, 2005, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Dover Archaeological Group  
Two evaluation trenches cut at the historic Winkland Oaks Farm, near Deal, revealed a typical sequence of chalkland dry-valley deposits. No significant archaeological features or deposits appeared to have been present. A layer of colluvium exposed in the bottom of the valley could not be dated. [Au]
Archaeological Investigations Project 2005  
South East

**SMR primary record number:** 2006/18

### Maidstone

(C.29.2409)  
{TQ79805040}  
[B605D025-00D2-4F00-AFFB-D0734565FAAA]  
Parish: Chart Sutton  
Postal Code: ME17 3RY

**WARMLAKE ROAD, CHART SUTTON**  
**Warmlake Road, Chart Sutton, Kent. Evaluation**

Seddon, G  
London : Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd., 2005, 24pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology

An evaluation identified the presence of natural deposits in all trenches. Three boundary ditches, containing small fragments of abraded probable Iron Age pottery, were recorded on an east-west alignment across the area of the site. Two more ditches were recorded on a north-east-south-west alignment to the east of the site. To the northeast of the site lay Boughton Camp, a Late Iron Age oppidum to which these field systems may have been related. [Au(abr)]

### Maidstone

(C.29.2410)  
{TQ7517556225}  
[309CC7CB-D896-4465-9B6F-1A70DD28C4D7]  
Parish: Maidstone  
Postal Code: ME16 0QQ

**85 BUCKLAND ROAD, MAIDSTONE**  
**An Archaeological Evaluation at 85 Buckland Road, Maidstone, Kent**

James, R  
Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

An archaeological evaluation comprising three trial trenches lay in an area of some potential for containing archaeological deposits of Roman date. However, no deposits of archaeological significance were found during the evaluation. [Au(abr)]

### Maidstone

(C.29.2411)  
{TQ75575796}  
[D389EA46-5180-46D1-8A7B-A5A1FD505D4C]  
Parish: Maidstone  
Postal Code: ME14 3AH

**FORMER SE TAVRA HEADQUARTERS, SANDLING PLACE, SANDLING LANE, MAIDSTONE**  
**Former SE Tavra Headquarters, Sandling Place, Sandling Lane, Maidstone**

Riccoboni, P  
Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

A total of five trenches were excavated, three of which produce archaeological remains. Trench two produced evidence of medieval/post-medieval terracing, orientated approximately east-west. This was probable garden feature. Two post holes were also recorded in this trench beneath the terracing. Trench three also produced one 15th century pit. Another small pit/post hole was also recorded from this trench cut by an undated well. Trench four revealed ancient river gravel deposits. Trench five exposed a modern feature, which was most likely a Victorian rubbish pit. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

### Maidstone

(C.29.2412)  
{TQ75505780}  
[C2C813B8-A72B-4332-BB66-D53DCFCB1B37]  
Parish: Maidstone  
Postal Code: ME14 2NE

**LAND AT CASTLE DENE, NEAR SANDLING, MAIDSTONE**  
**An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at Castle Dene, near Sandling, Maidstone**

Shand, G  
Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust
An archaeological evaluation was carried out ahead of a development. A single trench was created by mechanical excavator. No archaeological features were observed, but a soil layer, probably derived from the erosion of material from upslope and ploughing, yielded a small collection of pottery sherds of medieval date. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

(C.29.2413) TQ74505600
{154AC713-9A30-4B70-8E31-E19BF9DD70A0}
Parish: Maidstone Postal Code: ME16 0EU
LAND AT MAIDSTONE HOSPITAL, HERMITAGE LANE, CAR PARK PHASE IV, MAIDSTONE
An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at Maidstone Hospital, Hermitage Lane, Car Park Phase IV, Maidstone, Kent
Riccoboni, P Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East
Six trial trenches were excavated to a cumulative length of 180 metres. No significant archaeological features were observed. However, few sherds of degraded prehistoric pottery from trench two were discovered, which had a Late Iron Age date. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

(C.29.2414) TQ75805610
{46C04F5A-92F4-43A0-A0EF-A1A51B470895}
Parish: Maidstone Postal Code: ME14 1QN
LAND AT WATERSIDE, MAIDSTONE
Assessment of an Archaeological Excavations on Land at Waterside, Maidstone, Kent
Wragg, E London : CgMs, 2005, 67pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken, which resulted in a subsequent rescue excavation. The evaluation revealed that the majority of the study site had been heavily terraced prior to the construction of an ironworks in the 19th century. Across the site a number of structures, features and deposits were observed which were associated with this ironworks. In the southwest of the site, a pit or ditch of 17th/18th century date was recorded along with a number of brick wall foundations and floor surfaces dating to the 19th century and a ragstone wall. The excavation recorded a probable 17th/18th century gravel extraction pit along with two cess pits of the same date, an 18th century cess pit, an 18th/19th century ragstone wall and a series of 18th/19th century industrial structures. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 2005/289
Archaeological periods represented: PM

(C.29.2415) TQ75555635
{22D082EE-614A-4DC0-B4A4-AFCB5F601E59}
Parish: Maidstone Postal Code: ME14 1LQ
LAND AT WHATMAN WAY FOR THE MAIDSTONE INVICTA ROWING CLUB
Report on Archaeological Evaluation Trenches on Land at Whatman Way for the Maidstone Invicta Rowing Club
Daniels, A Maidstone : Maidstone Area Archaeological Group, 2005, 8pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Maidstone Area Archaeological Group
Maps consulted indicated that the site was not developed until the early 20th century. The construction of the Army huts appeared to have involved a reduction of the ground level shown by the existence of the bank on the south boundary where the 'Mount' Roman villa was 2.5m above current ground level. This excavation resulted in truncation of the archaeological layers relating to the villa. The only archaeological finds prior to the 20th century was a piece of marble and a very worn body sherd of Samian Ware found in context RC 1/2, a 20th century deposit. [Au]

SMR primary record number: 2006/8
Archaeological periods represented: RO, UD, MO

'THE CHIMES', COLLEGE AVENUE, MAIDSTONE
An Archaeological Evaluation at 'The Chimes', College Avenue, Maidstone, Kent
Riccoboni, P Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

Three ten metre long trenches were excavated in advance of the demolition of the existing house and construction of three new detached two storey dwellings. The trial evaluation established that there had been considerable landscaping across the site with much importation and redistribution of material. No archaeological features were found, but the existence of previous terracing on the site was recorded. A confidence rating was low for the retrieval of further archaeological deposits. [Au(abr)]

MONKS ORCHARD, SOUTH STREET ROAD, STOCKBURY
The Results of an Archaeological Evaluation in Advance of a Proposed Replacement Dwelling at Monks Orchard, South Street Road, Stockbury, Kent
Swale & Thames Survey Company Faversham : Swale & Thames Survey Company , 2005, 27pp, colour pls, figs

Work undertaken by: Swale & Thames Survey Company

Two of three evaluation trenches revealed a number of prehistoric features. In trench 1 an iron slag and bloom pit was exposed. The feature was dated to the Iron Age by a sherd of pottery. The slag was found to have been tap slag that could have resulted from either smelting or smithing activity. A single post hole was also recorded. Trench 2 revealed part of a ditch which contained 30 struck flints. Residual medieval pottery was also recorded. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 2006/88
Archaeological periods represented: IA, PR, MD, UD

Sevenoaks

FORMER WESTMINSTER MILL SITE, THE STREET, HORTON KIRBY, SEVENOAKS DISTRICT
An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at the Former Westminster Mill Site, the Street, Horton Kirby, Sevenoaks District, Kent
Riccoboni, P Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

One trial trench was excavated and no features of archaeological interest were observed. [Au(abr)]

CLENCHES FARM, CLENCHES FARM ROAD, SEVENOAKS
Clenches Farm, Clenches Farm Road, Sevenoaks, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation
Taylor, J London : Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd., 2005, 26pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology
An archaeological field evaluation found evidence for natural sand across the site. In the south of the site, natural sand was present immediately under tarmac surfaces and it appeared that horizontal truncation had occurred in this area of the site. The evaluation found no evidence to suggest human occupation or use of the site prior to the late post-medieval period. To the south of the site foundations associated with 19th century additions to the 18th century farm were recorded whilst in the west of the site a yard surface dating to the same period was recorded. Elsewhere on site, two possible ponds and a pit dating to the late 19th century were recorded whilst a number of masonry foundations dating to the 20th century and associated with the continued use of the site as a farm and/or dairy in the last century were recorded. All of the masonry recorded during the evaluation showed a strong correlation with buildings shown on OS maps of the past 100 years. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2005/147
Archaeological periods represented: PM

Shepway

(C.29.2420) TR0672425146
{15F54F2E-3318-490C-BDA6-29C6D5A3F992}
Parish: New Romney
Postal Code: TN28 8BA
LAND NORTH OF SAINSBURY'S AND FRONTING FAIRFIELD ROAD, NEW ROMNEY
An Archaeological Evaluation of Land North of Sainsbury's and Fronting Fairfield Road, New Romney, Kent
Griffin, N Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 27pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East
Four evaluation trenches were excavated. Medieval features were present within all four trenches, indicating that archaeological remains of this period were likely to have existed across the entire development site. Features identified included several areas where the sand had become reddened (including a possible kiln/oven with associated flue), pits, post holes, a large ditch and two possible buildings. The date of these features fitted well with the resettlement of this area and continued perhaps less intensively into the 15th century. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(C.29.2421) TR20633518
{7B9C5EA-E717-41DA-AAA0-026A9949769C}
Parish: Sandgate
Postal Code: CT20 3AQ
NO.2 CASTLE ROAD, SANDGATE
Archaeological Evaluation and Standing Building Assessment at the Former Sandgate Sea Cadets Building, No.2 Castle Road, Sandgate
Helm, R & Scary, P Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 32pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential flats development. Three evaluation trenches were excavated representing a 5.7% sample of the proposed development area. In addition, an assessment of the existing standing building, formerly the headquarters of the Sandgate Sea Cadets, was undertaken. The site lay adjacent to Sandgate Castle, constructed in 1539 and documentary sources indicated that during the later 18th century the site was used a shipyard. No archaeological evidence for related activity survived within the study area. Part of a northsouth aligned wall and upright War Department marker stone were observed in trenches two and three. Both were shown on the 1st Edition OD map of 1872 and were probably contemporary with later modifications of Sandgate Castle during the Napoleonic period. A compacted and sloping surface possibly represented part of a slipway or access point to the beach. No other archaeological remains were identified. An assessment of the existing standing building combined with documentary survey, confirmed its original foundation in 1845 as the Sandgate National School. The building also displayed military modification, following its adoption by the First Cinque Ports Volunteer Artillery No.8 Company from 1866, when it was adapted for use as a drill hall and again, from the 1940s to the present, by the Sandgate Sea Cadets. [Au(abr)]
Swale

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM

KINGSBOROUGH MANOR

Kingsborough Manor: Phase 2, Stage II, Isle of Sheppey, Kent

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2005, 54pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The evaluation took the form of a pattern of ninety evaluation trenches. The presence of a probable pit within the upper layer of a stabilised erosion hollow indicated that an isolated early prehistoric presence on the site may have been identified. Occasional examples of a probable Bronze Age field system were identified in the north-west and southern areas of the site. Further isolated examples of broadly north-west/south-east aligned linear features across the main evaluation area may represent further surviving examples of this field system. Isolated pits and utilised tree-bowls containing later prehistoric fragments, and occasional heat affected flint also indicated a localised prehistoric presence. Further evidence of early medieval activity was provided by the placed deposit of a fragmented pot found within a scoop pit. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, PR, PM, EM

ORDNANCE WHARF, FLOOD LANE, FAVERSHAM

Archaeological Evaluation at Ordnance Wharf, Flood Lane, Faversham, Kent

Swale & Thames Survey Company Faversham : Swale & Thames Survey Company, 2005, 35pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Swale & Thames Survey Company

An archaeological evaluation was carried out, consisting of six trenches at a wharf. The trenches revealed that most of the wharf was topped with concrete foundations dating from the early 20th century and built on dumped material which was sitting on intertidal mud. Some remains of the 18th century gunpowder works survived at the north eastern end of the site. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2006/37

Archaeological periods represented: PM

REAR OF 41 EAST STREET, FAVERSHAM

Rear of 41 East Street, Faversham, Kent

Allen, T Whitstable : Kent Archaeological Projects, 2005, 17pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Kent Archaeological Projects

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken ahead of a proposed sheltered residential development. The only archaeologically significant deposit was exposed in test trench 1 in the centre of the site. It took the form of a seemingly re-worked brickearth-rich soil overlying alluvial gravels. The soil, which contained no internal horizontal or other divisions, containing purposively struck flint flakes and Iron Age and undiagnostic (but probably Roman-period) pottery, albeit in very small quantities. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 2006/17

Archaeological periods represented: RO, IA, PR
31 SOUTH STREET, QUEENBOROUGH
An Archaeological Evaluation at 31 South Street, Queenborough
Ward, A Canterbury : Alan Ward, 2005, 10pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Alan Ward
Three small trenches were excavated in a very restricted area down to natural deposits. Evidence of soil build-up to raise the level of the creek-side above normal tides was observed along with evidence for a brick structure of c.1800. [Au]

SMR primary record number: 2005/293
Archaeological periods represented: PM

FULSTON MANOR, PHASE THREE, SITTINGBOURNE
Fulston Manor, Phase Three, Sittingbourne, Kent
Barton, C Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2005, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology
The evaluation showed three possible archaeological features, possibly part of a field system, were present in the Phase 3 area of the site, and that some parts of the area had been truncated by post-medieval activity, probably related to previously known brick-earth extraction. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

LAND TO THE REAR OF 59 EAST STREET, SITTINGBOURNE
An Archaeological Evaluation on Land to the rear of 59 East Street, Sittingbourne, Kent
Riccoboni, P Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East
Three trial trenches were excavated. No features of archaeological interest were observed. A modern underpass/cellar was noted in trench two and significant truncation/levelling observed across the rest of the site, which was likely to have destroyed any potential archaeological deposits. [Au(abr)]

Thanet

ALBERT LODGE, NORTH FORELAND AVENUE, BROADSTAIRS
Albert Lodge, North Forland Avenue, Broadstairs, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation Report
Boast, E Broadstairs : Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2005, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology
The excavation of three evaluation trenches was undertaken. No features of archaeological significance were discovered. [Au]

SMR primary record number: 2005/265
An archaeological evaluation revealed no features of archaeological significance. [AIP]

SMR primary record number: 2005/163

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken, consisting of 11 evaluation trenches. A single ditch was encountered in three of the trenches. The feature contained medieval pottery. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2005/86

An archaeological investigation consisted of 38 trenches in advance of an RSPCA centre. The trenches were devoid of features apart from trench 3 which exposed part of a Roman cemetery on the northern
boundary of the site. This consisted of four inhumations aligned east/west with the head to the west in
Grave D. The grave cuts were enclosed by a possible fenced area indicated by post holes. Grave D was
sampled by a keyhole excavation which exposed a left shin bone at the east end of the grave cut and
two iron nails were retrieved, found with their points uppermost. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

(C.29.2433) TR3531669475
{D1093452-6635-4345-B361-1D03496B1055}
Parish: Margate Postal Code: CT9 4BU
NORTHDOWN PRIMARY SCHOOL, MARGATE
land to the rear of St. Gregory's RC Primary School, Nash Road, Margate, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation
Boast, E Broadstairs : Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2005, 7pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology
A single evaluation was excavated. No archaeological features or artefacts were encountered. [Au]

(C.29.2434) TR3724070110
{2D322428-779C-40B6-BBDC-75BF04BB15D1}
Parish: Margate Postal Code: CT9 3RE
ROYAL SEA BATHING HOSPITAL, MARGATE
Report on Evaluation Trenching at the Royal Sea Bathing Hospital, Margate
Parfitt, K Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 24pp, pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust
An initial phase of evaluation trenching was undertaken and revealed that only limited archaeological
remains were present on the site. A single prehistoric ditch was discovered, together with several post-
medieval structures relating to the early hospital complex. A second phase of trenching was planned for
areas that were inaccessible during this work. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, PM

(C.29.2435) TR34307050
{B69F2838-1AB0-498F-A1C2-E3A9CD8F08A5}
Parish: Margate Postal Code: CT9 5BG
1 NETHERCOURT FARM ROAD, ST. LAWRENCE, RAMSGATE
1 Nethercourt Farm Road, St. Lawrence, Ramsgate, Kent. Report on a programme of archaeological work
Philp, B Dover : Kent Archaeological Rescue Unit, 2005, 18pp, figs, tabs
Work undertaken by: Kent Archaeological Rescue Unit
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken involving extensive trenching; however, no significant archaeological features were found. A possible bomb crater and modern well were located. The almost total lack of artefacts across the site confirmed there was a general absence of archaeological activity on this area. Only a modest group of flint flakes and fire-cracked flints in trench one were of interest. This could suggest a casual use of this area in prehistoric times, or the presence of a related settlement site beyond the boundaries of this development. The WWII air-raid shelters on the east side of the site were deeply and largely outside the development. The two entrances were just within the site boundaries and fell in the rear gardens of the houses designated here. In view of this extensive examination of the site, no further archaeological excavation was needed, but a modest watching brief at the far north end of the site may have been appropriate. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2005/85
Archaeological periods represented: PR

(C.29.2437) TR3809565392
Parish: Ramsgate
Postal Code: CT11 7NP
CHATHAM HOUSE GRAMMAR SCHOOL, CHATHAM STREET, RAMSGATE
Chatham House Grammar School, Chatham Street, Ramsgate
Boast, E Broadstairs : Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2005, 11pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology
The excavation of a single evaluation trench was undertaken. No features of archaeological significance were encountered. A chalk wall foundation and a foundation cut backfilled by demolition debris was discovered in the trench. These were probably related to the demolished Townley Castle or its later incarnation in the 1900s as a boy's school. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2005/222
Archaeological periods represented: UD

(C.29.2438) TR637134165320
Parish: Ramsgate
Postal Code: CT11 0QL
ELLINGTON INFANT SCHOOL, HIGH STREET, ST. LAWRENCE, RAMSGATE
Ellington Infant School, High Street, St. Lawrence, Ramsgate, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation Report
Boast, E Broadstairs : Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2005, 11pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology
Two evaluation trenches were excavated within the footprint of the development. No archaeological features were encountered; except for demolished remains of possible cellars related to a previous building on the site, dating to the industrial period. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(C.29.2439) TR377066660
Parish: Ramsgate
Postal Code: CT12 6RH
ELLINGTON SCHOOL, PYSONS ROAD, RAMSGATE
Ellington School, Pysons Road, Ramsgate, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation
Boden, D et al Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 51pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken ahead of building construction works at a school. Thirty-one machine excavated trial trenches were located within the development area. Twenty trenches were found to contain archaeological features which included pits, post holes, ditches and a single cremation burial. The majority of the features probably dated to the later Bronze Age or earlier Iron Age periods, although pottery and flint work recovered from a number of deposits suggested earlier Neolithic activity or occupation in the area. The distribution of the features suggested two main areas of activity, the northern end of the access road and a larger area encompassing the central part of the building.
footprint and the southern end of the access road. Two ditches were identified at the southern limit of Area CD which probably represented the southwestern limit of the activity in this area. The majority of the flint work recovered was in a fresh, unpatinated condition and contained several cores and core fragments suggesting that flint working and possibly extraction was taking place, if not within the development area then very nearby. The results of the environmental sampling suggested that plant remains in the form of cereal grains, and more importantly cereal chaff, were well preserved on the site, and therefore the potential existed to provide data on prehistoric crop production and environment. The remains may also have been suitable for radiocarbon dating. Levels taken on the site suggested that any development of the site would at best severely truncate, and more probably completely remove, the archaeological resource. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, LBA, ENE, EIA

Parish: Ramsgate Postal Code: DT11 7SF

LAND AT COLLEGE ROAD, RAMSGATE
Archaeological Evaluation. Land at College Road, Ramsgate, Kent
CgMs  London : CgMs, 2005, 30pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology
An archaeological field evaluation was undertaken which consisted of 16 trenches. The evaluation identified the presence of natural chalk deposits in all trenches. Two field boundary/drainage ditches of unknown date were recorded, one of which may have continued as a boundary with a fence line after the ditch had fallen into disuse. A further field boundary/drainage ditch was recorded which was uncertain date. To the east of the site a possible cursus ditch/palisade line was recorded which was probably associated with a round barrow (burial mound) known to have existed to the north of the site. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 2005/159
Archaeological periods represented: UD

Parish: Ramsgate Postal Code: CT12 6DE

ST. LAWRENCE COLLEGE, RAMSGATE
An Archaeological Evaluation at St. Lawrence College, Ramsgate, Kent
Worrall, S Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East
An archaeological evaluation comprising two trial trenches was carried out prior to construction of new teaching facilities and boarding block. Two parallel gullies, one gully terminal, two ditches and large pit were discovered, as well as a possible curvilinear ditch, all dating to the Late Bronze Age or Early Iron Age period. One possible pit dating to the late post-medieval period was also revealed. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: LPR, PM

Parish: Ramsgate Postal Code: CT12 6BS

WHITEHALL ROAD PUMPING STATION, WHITEHALL ROAD, RAMSGATE
Whitehall Road Pumping Station, Whitehall Road, Ramsgate, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation Report
Hart, P Broadstairs : Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2005, 11pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology
Two evaluation trenches were excavated on the site. No archaeological features or residual artefacts were present on the site. The profile of the original ground slope or a stream bank, filled by a colluvial deposit was present in the northwest of trench 1. [Au]
114 ST. MILDREDS ROAD, WESTGATE

114 St. Mildreds Road, Westgate, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation Report
Moody, G Broadstairs : Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2005, 11pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology

Three evaluation trenches were excavated on the site of a development of flats and underground car parking. No features of archaeological significance were discovered. [Au]

SMR primary record number: 2005/264

FORMER BUILDERS YARD, CANTERBURY ROAD, WESTGATE-ON-SEA, THANET

The Results of an Archaeological Evaluation in Advance of the Construction of Houses and Flats at the Former Builders Yard, Canterbury Road, Westgate-on-Sea, Thanet, Kent
Swale & Thames Survey Company Faversham : Swale & Thames Survey Company, 2005, 18pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Swale & Thames Survey Company

The evaluation trenches were devoid of features although a number of worked flints were retrieved from the topsoil/brickearth in trenches 1, 3, 4 and 6. The flints were considered to have been general background waste accruing from temporary inhabitation or occasional visits to the area. In the absence of chronologically diagnostic pieces, the assemblage as a whole could only be broadly dated to the Mesolithic to Bronze Age periods. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2006/159
Archaeological periods represented: PR

Tonbridge and Malling

AYLESFORD SCHOOL, TEAPOT LANE, AYLESFORD

Aylesford School, Teapot Lane, Aylesford, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation
Shand, G et al Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 45pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken as part of a school's redevelopment scheme. Nine out of a total of 12 proposed evaluation trenches were cut across the area of development; standing buildings and other constraints (including the presence of slow worms) precluded a full investigation. A number of the trenches revealed sequences of probable river terrace gravels which were subsequently investigated in deep sondages. These deposits may possibly have been significant in terms of Quaternary geoarchaeology, but were generally at great depth and did not yield any evidence for palaeoliths or environmental material. The deposits were unlikely to have been seriously affected by the development. The gravels were sealed by thick deposits of head, which formed the underlying natural subsoil. No significant archaeological features were revealed in any of the trenches except for trench one, where two possible prehistoric ditches were recorded and in trench 13 where another similarly dated ditch was located. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR
THE MALLING SCHOOL, EAST MALLING
The Malling School, East Malling, Kent, Archaeological Evaluation
Shand, G; Rady, J & Seary, P
Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 46pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of development work on a school. Fourteen machine excavated trenches were located in the south-west area of the development (in the school playing fields) which, as far as possible, enclosed the main area of construction. The evaluation revealed a single archaeological feature, interpreted as a post-medieval boundary ditch in trench three. A wide-scale landscaping event, probably carried out in the 18th-19th centuries was evidenced. Material related to the construction of paper mills near to the study area was also recorded. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

A228 LEYBOURNE TO WEST MALLING BYPASS
An Archaeological Evaluation along A228 Leybourne to West Malling Bypass, Kent
Thorne, A & Worrall, S
Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2005, 74pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

An archaeological evaluation was carried out on land earmarked for a new bypass and road widening scheme between West Malling and Leybourne, near Maidstone, Kent. A total of 280 evaluation trenches were excavated at seven different locations along the corridor of the proposed route. Ditch systems dating from the Bronze and Iron Ages were found in Zone A, as well as the outer margins of a possible Late Iron Age settlement. Elsewhere along the corridor, medieval ditch systems, Late Iron Age ditches and an Anglo-Saxon sunken floored building were found near the junction of the A20/A228 in Zone E. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: IA, MD, EM, BA

FORMER GASWORKS, CHURCHFIELDS, SNODLAND
An Archaeological Evaluation at the Former Gasworks, Churchfields, Snodland, Kent
James, R
Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2005, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

An archaeological evaluation comprising nine trial trenches was carried out. One pit of Roman date was excavated, together with a short length of undated ditch. The northern half was lower, and comprised alluvium containing tow palaeochannels of probable natural origin. Both contained deposits of Romano-British tile, which was likely to have been brought from the nearby villa. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

HOMESDALE TECHNOLOGY COLLEGE, MALLING ROAD, SNODLAND
Homesdale Technology College, Malling Road, Snodland, Kent, Archaeological Evaluation
Found, B et al
Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2005, 55pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

An archaeological evaluation was carried out on extensions to a college. Six evaluation trenches were excavated and recorded within the southern part of the area of development. Standing buildings
Archaeological Investigations Project 2005  Evaluations
South East

precluded a full investigation at this stage. No significant archaeological features were revealed, however, a number of the trenches revealed intact sequences of possible river terrace gravels, not recorded by the Geological Survey, which may possibly have been significant in terms of Quaternary geoarchaeology. These were subsequently excavated in four geoarchaeological test pits. Sedimentological and lithological analyses of gravels confirmed that they were of fluvial origin and their altitude suggested that they were part of the second terrace of the Medway as mapped in the Maidstone district. Despite considerable sampling, little artefactual or environmental evidence was recovered from the gravel. Only one Palaeolithic flint was found and this could not be securely dated within this period. Overall, the potential effects of the development area on the archaeological resource was seen as low. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PA

(C.29.2450) TQ6081847787
{47584F2A-9150-4FBA-A392-683F5ADE4E4D}
Parish: Tonbridge
66 OLD HADLOW ROAD, TONBRIDGE
Archaeological Evaluation at 66 Old Hadlow Road, Tonbridge
Sygrave, J Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East
One trial trench was excavated. One archaeological feature was recorded. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(C.29.2451) TQ59064643
{7EF1E11E-A64B-442E-A1CC-D57D2B8E6B14}
Parish: Tonbridge
83-87 HIGH STREET, TONBRIDGE
Archaeological Evaluation at 83-87 High Street, Tonbridge, Kent
Riccoboni, P Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East
Two trenches were excavated. Trench one revealed two post holes and a brick drain of post-medieval date. Trench two revealed the backfill and cut of a large probable waste pit. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(C.29.2452) TQ59004674
{B5C2E7C-A33B-42DE-B496-E015A6F30B38}
Parish: Tonbridge
TONBRIDGE STOCK AND CATTLE MARKET SITE, BANK STREET, TONBRIDGE
Archaeological Evaluation (Phase 2). Tonbridge Stock and Cattle Market Site, Bank Street, Tonbridge, Kent
Pre-Construct Archaeology London : Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd., 2005, 40pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology
Phase 2 of an archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed redevelopment. The most significant archaeological remains revealed were those from the medieval period. These consisted of cuts and deposits containing pottery dating from the 11th century through to the 15th century. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 200674
Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM
An archaeological evaluation comprising one trial trench was carried out. Intercutting pits and a linear feature, all of an early 17th to 19th century date, were discovered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

A programme of archaeological evaluation was undertaken in response to a proposal to demolish existing extensions to the manor, to construct 18 new houses with garages and to convert Douces Manor into apartments. The evaluation involved the excavation of three trenches. The archaeological works revealed features of 19th/20th century date in all trenches. These features probably related to formal garden features associated with the manor house, prior to the construction of the existing modern extensions to the rear of the house. Two stratigraphically earlier features were present in trench 2, a possible hedge line and an undiagnostic feature, which possibly pre-dated the walled garden, but were also likely to have been of post-medieval date. The potential for the preservation of significant archaeological features or features pre-dating the post-medieval period was low. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 2005/140
Archaeological periods represented: PM

Two archaeological evaluation trenches were excavated on land ahead of a residential development. No significant archaeological features were revealed, although four inter-cutting post-medieval pits were identified. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

An evaluation in advance of an extension to the building revealed more of the wall revealed in an earlier excavation. The walls were dated to the 15th and 16th centuries, and were limited to the south
eastern corner of the site. The remaining area revealed a medieval ditch and post-medieval pits. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

46 STAR HILL, ROCHESTER
An Archaeological Evaluation at 46 Star Hill, Rochester, Kent
Riccoboni, P Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2005, 8pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East
No features of archaeological interest were observed on this site. The potential for finding further archaeological remains was considered to be low. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, MD, PM

TONBRIDGE STOCK AND CATTLE MARKET, TONBRIDGE HIGH STREET, TONBRIDGE
Tonbridge Stock and Cattle Market, Commercial Development, Tonbridge High Street, Tonbridge. County of Kent. An Archaeological Evaluation Report (Phase 2 Evaluation)
Work undertaken by: Museum of London Archaeology Service
This report presented the results of Phase 2 of the archaeological evaluation. Eleven trenches were excavated on the site. The results helped to refine the initial assessment of the archaeological potential of the site. Positive evidence of medieval and post-medieval domestic and industrial occupation/activity was uncovered and recorded dating from the 11th to the 19th centuries AD. This material existed just below the modern ground surface. In light of this, it was concluded that there would be an adverse permanent impact on the surviving archaeological resource where the proposed development required that subterranean construction activity was to occur. Further archaeological mitigations was recommended. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2005/144
Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD
Milton Keynes

(C.66.2460)  
[89882E7F-7395-4973-8E90-E973D433515A]  
Parish: Bletchley and Fenny Stratford  
Postal Code: MK3 7DL

49 WHADDON WAY

49 Whaddon Way, Bletchley, Milton Keynes

Uvens, R & Lisboa, I  
Milton Keynes : Archaeologica, 2005, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeologica

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. A gully/ditch and five other features of unknown date were encountered. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 969
Archaeological periods represented: UD

(C.66.2461)  
[D99C1DF5-BF4D-4133-99DB-C075AC3ACDEB]  
Parish: Hanslope  
Postal Code: MK19 7LT

LAND OFF PARK ROAD, HANSLOPE

Trial Trenching Evaluation on Land off Park Road, Hanslope, Milton Keynes

Pears, B  
Northampton : Northamptonshire Archaeology, 2005, 25pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Northamptonshire Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. An 18th/19th century gully and ditches, two of which were dated from the 12th to 15th century and a pond feature, backfilled with modern rubbish, were identified. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 960
Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM, MD

(C.66.2462)  
[96D06A22-E171-4796-676B0A49EBD0]  
Parish: Hartwell  
Postal Code: NN7 2JP

OLIVER'S MEADOW, GORDON'S LODGE FARM, HANSLOPE, NR. GRAFTON REGIS

Oliver's Meadow, Gordon's Lodge Farm, Hanslope, nr. Grafton Regis, Northamptonshire: Report on an Archaeological Evaluation and an Assessment of the Results

Cooke, N  
Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2005, 44pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The results of the Time Team excavations, in conjunction with the ongoing excavations of GLAFS, appear to indicated that the two enclosures belong to an enclosed medieval rural settlement. The presence of high status fragments of stonework indicated the presence of a substantial masonry building, but no evidence of this had yet been identified. There was little evidence for activity on the site in the later medieval or post-medieval periods. The land was incorporated within a deer park in in the 16th century and probably remained as pasture after its disenparkment. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD
Archaeological Investigations Project 2005

South East

(C.66.2463) SP81483624
[5B29F6D5A-3B3E-4D2F-89FE-806DDEDD773B]
Parish: Hazeley
Postal Code: MK5 6LY

WALNUT TREE SCHOOL
Walnut Tree School, Hazeley, Milton Keynes
Wilson, N Milton Keynes: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2005, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd.
Six evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. No archaeology was encountered. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 1001

(C.66.2464) SP90265346
[E75EFFD9-D5BB-40F8-858D-AD4B95433FEA]
Parish: Lavendon
Postal Code: MK46 4HD

ABBEBY FARMHOUSE
Abbey Farmhouse, Labenham, Milton Keynes
Network Archaeology Lincoln: Network Archaeology, 2005, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Network Archaeology
An archaeological watching brief was undertaken at the site. No archaeology was encountered. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 998

(C.66.2465) SP88705230
[E0611174-C8FE-4E7E-8F35-4B3DAF415EE]
Parish: Milton Keynes
Postal Code: MK46 5EF

OLNET LINK ROAD
Olney Link Road, Milton Keynes
Oxford Archaeology Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2005, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology
Nine evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. Ridge and furrow was identified. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 1039
Archaeological periods represented: MD

(C.66.2466) SP87504230
[847B6A54-2D81-4F9F-9048-B457B2489265]
Parish: Newport Pagnell
Postal Code: MK16 0JJ

LAND TO THE WEST OF CALDERCOTE FARM
Land to the West of Caldecote Farm, Willen Road, Newport Pagnell
Hunn, J Milton Keynes: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2005, 81pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd.
Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. Enclosure ditches, with associated pits, post holes, slots, gullies and a possible pond, dating from the Late Iron Age to the 4th century were identified. A prehistoric ring ditch was also identified. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 1002
Archaeological periods represented: PR, LIA, MD, RO
RESERVE SITE 6, FORTESCUE DRIVE, SHENLEY CHURCH END
Archaeological Evaluation: Reserve Site 6, Fortescue Drive, Shenley Church End, Milton Keynes
Wilson, N Milton Keynes: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2005, 25pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Features were identified and excavated in four of the five evaluation trenches. Two small ditches were identified. Though no finds were encountered, it was likely that they represented post-medieval agricultural drainage or boundary features. Roman pottery was recovered from all the features exposed in the two trenches excavated in the south eastern part of the site. The only significant relationship on the site was a small pit cutting an earlier ditch. Two additional trenches were cut to try to follow the ditch. A large gravel or sand quarry was also uncovered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM, RO

LAND ADJACENT TO THE WHITE HART
Archaeological Evaluation at Land adjacent to The White Hart, Gun Lane, Sherington, Milton Keynes
Hancock, A Milton Keynes: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2005, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. No archaeology was encountered. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 961

MEDIEVAL FISHPONDS AT GREAT WOOLSTONE
Archaeological Test Pitting. Medieval Fishponds at Great Woolstone, Milton Keynes
Wilson, N Milton Keynes: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2005, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

An evaluation was carried out in the largest pond to investigate the depth of silting to enable a decision to be made regarding the suitability of the pond as a habitat for displaced amphibians. It was noted that the pond was formed from natural clay. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

Oxfordshire
Archaeological periods represented: MIA, MBA, LBA, MO, UD

(C.38.2471)  SP59412249
Parish: Bicester  Postal Code: OX26 6SR
LAND NORTH OF GAVRAY DRIVE, BICESTER
Land North of Gavray Drive, Bicester, Oxfordshire. Archaeological Evaluation
Havard, T  Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2005, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. A pit of possible Iron Age date, two undated gullies and a post-medieval stone spread were identified. The pit and two gullies were heavily truncated by later ploughing which could be seen in the furrows that were encountered in several trenches. No other remains of archaeological significance were identified. The evaluation demonstrated that the study area had low archaeological potential. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, IA, PM

(C.38.2472)  SP60002340
Parish: Bicester  Postal Code: OX26 5EH
LAND NORTH-WEST OF LAUNTON ROAD ROUNDABOUT, SKIMMINGDISH LANE, BICESTER
Land North-west of Launton Road Roundabout, Skimmingdish Lane, Bicester, Oxfordshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Hammond, S  Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
Twenty-two trenches were excavated across this site. Thirteen features were considered to be of possible archaeological interest, but failed to produce any dating evidence. However, it was considered that these, like a number of other, certainly modern features, were all associated with the site's land use as allotments in the relatively recent past. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

(C.38.2473)  SP60201938
Parish: Bicester  Postal Code: OX25 2RE
LAND OFF LABURNUM CLOSE, AMBROSDEN, NEAR BICESTER
Land off Laburnum Close, Ambrosden, near Bicester, Oxfordshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Hammond, S & Ford, S  Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 15pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
Five trenches were excavated. A post-medieval tunnel previously located in an earlier archaeological evaluation was investigated further and its course and construction recorded. A limestone culvert wall and robber trench which were also uncovered were considered to have been the remnants of the former manor houses on the site. All the deposits were of later post-medieval date. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PM
LAND OFF PRIORY ROAD, BICESTER, OXFORDSHIRE 2005 (PHASE 1)
Land off Priory Road, Bicester, Oxfordshire 2005 (Phase 1), An Archaeological Evaluation
Oram, R Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2006, 15pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
A number of medieval ditches were found, probably representing boundary features or enclosures. Finds of Roman pottery and prehistoric struck flint were also recovered. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, RO, PR

TELFORD ROAD, BICESTER
Telford Road, Bicester, Oxfordshire
Cockin, G Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2005, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology
A field evaluation carried out in response to development proposals revealed no archaeological remains. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MO

LAND NORTH OF MILTON ROAD, BLOXHAM
Land North of Milton Road, Bloxham. An Archaeological Evaluation 2005
Bain, K Birmingham : Birmingham Archaeology, 2005, 12pp, figs, tabs
Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology
An evaluation carried out at the site identified a single, undated linear feature, a probable remnant of medieval agriculture. A further undated pit was also investigated, along with two concrete floor bases. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MO

LAND SOUTH OF MILTON ROAD, BLOXHAM
Land South of Milton Road, Bloxham, Oxfordshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology
An evaluation was carried out, revealing two undated ditches that appeared to be sealed by deposits associated with surviving elements of medieval ridge and furrow. A number of other potential features were revealed within the trenches, which were irregular and interpreted as bioturbation or geological variations. Field drains were plentiful and attested to the vulnerability of the area to flooding. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, UD
Archaeological Investigations Project 2005
South East

(C.38.2478) SP5290014300
{F01FEEFC-9C45-4FEE-B67D-56A68C13012E}
Parish: Islip
Postal Code: OX5 2SQ

ISLIP

Islip, Oxfordshire: Archaeological Evaluation and Assessment of Results
Thompson, S Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology , 2005, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology
A series of 15 trenches were excavated in the village for Channel 4's Time Team. The archaeological evaluation did not find any evidence which could be definitively associated with either a Royal residence of the chapel of Edward the Confessor. The evaluation identified within the car park of the Red Lion pub a ditch dated to the late Saxon/early medieval period. The evaluation also confirmed that the moated earthworks to the east of the village formed part of a high status dated to the 13th and 14th centuries and therefore was almost certainly the site of the residence of the Abbot of Westminster. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, MD

(C.38.2479) SP49961921
{4853EC1F-2297-4583-B396-83E0D743E8C7}
Parish: Kirtlington
Postal Code: OX5 3HF

GOSSWAY FIELDS, KIRTLINGTON

An Archaeological Evaluation at Gossway Fields, Kirtlington, Oxfordshire
Gilbert, D Beckley : John Moore Heritage Services, 2005, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services
An evaluation of the site revealed only natural deposits, despite the presence of two Saxon sunken featured buildings to the east of the site and other surrounding archaeological remains. [Au(adp)]

(C.38.2480) SP55001400
{836DB5FC-FAC2-44F0-B896-A8D80ADEC08D}
Parish: Noke
Postal Code: OX5 2QU

ASHGRAVE, RSPB OTMOOR, NOKE

Ashgrave, RSPB Otmoor, Noke, Oxfordshire. An Archaeological Evaluation (Phase 1)
Pine, J Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 31pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
Forty-two evaluation trenches were excavated. Three concentrations of features were identified suggesting the site was occupied in the late Iron Age (perhaps the early 1st century AD) and pottery production was taking place in the 2nd to 3rd centuries AD. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, IA, LIA

(C.38.2481) SP55001200
{A7D064C0-077D-4825-A69F-3D2E91896A6D}
Parish: Noke
Postal Code: OX3 9TD

ASHGRAVE, RSPB OTMOOR, NOKE

Ashgrave, RSPB Otmoor, Noke, Oxfordshire. An Archaeological Evaluation (Phase 2)
Pine, J & Oram, R Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
Seventy-five evaluation trenches were excavated. A hearth and two possible gullies were excavated and recorded. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: UD
ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS PROJECT 2005

Oxford

(C.38.2482) SP54700480
Parish: Cowley Postal Code: OX4 2NU

BARRACKS LANE, MORRIS MOTOR SPORTS AND SOCIAL CLUB, PHASE II

Tannahill, R Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2005, 23pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

Four trenches were excavated at the site in advance of redevelopment. Evidence of Iron Age and early medieval quarrying was recorded. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, IA

(C.38.2483) SP53630255
Parish: Littlemore Postal Code: OX4 4NY

SPEEDWELL FIRST SCHOOL SITE, SANDFORD ROAD, LITTLEMORE, OXFORD

Moore, J Beckley: John Moore Heritage Services, 2005, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

A second stage field evaluation was carried out at the site as a condition of planning permission granted for residential development. A pair of gullies dating to the post-medieval period were found. A further sherd of Roman pottery confirmed the use of the site for agriculture during this period. [Au(adr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, RO

(C.38.2484) SP53200575
Parish: Marston Postal Code: OX4 1DJ

EAST OXFORD HEALTH CENTRE, MANZIL WAY, OXFORD

Sims, M Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2005, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

An evaluation in advance of a new primary health care resource centre revealed extensive truncation of deposits within the north and west of the site as well as buried post-medieval soil horizons within the remainder of the study area. No significant archaeological remains were recorded. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(C.38.2485) SP52800805
Parish: Oxford Postal Code: OX3 0RG

109 OXFORD ROAD, MARSTON, OXFORD

Wallis, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 10pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

No archaeological finds or features were recorded. [AU]
15 Norham Gardens, Oxford

Wallis, S Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

During the field evaluation, one gully, of possible prehistoric date was found, along with a number of 19th-20th century features. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, PR

Bayards Hill School, Waynflete Road, Oxford

Rowe, M Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2005, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation consisting of 5 trenches was undertaken in advance of a proposed development. The evaluation characterised the archaeological potential of the study area and had indicated that the proposed development was likely to have been devoid of any significant archaeological deposits or features. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

Windmill First School, Margaret Road, Oxford

Gilbert, D Beckley : John Moore Heritage Services, 2005, 13pp, fogs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

Four trenches were excavated in advance of a residential development. Archaeological deposits were limited, consisting of three small circular pits cut into the natural deposits. A buried ploughsoil across the site was covered by modern levelling and construction layers. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD
Three trenches totalling 20m in length were excavated to reveal the underlying first gravel terrace. Archaeological deposits were limited. A partially demolished cellar associated with the early 20th century buildings and a contemporary pit were encountered, as well as a possible palaeochannel with deposits of alluvial clays. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, MO

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of the redevelopment of the western limits of the hospital site. Despite the large degree of modern terracing that had taken place throughout the hospital site, the western areas of the proposed development area remained little affected, with intact former topsoil horizons visible in many of the trenches. The paucity of archaeological features or deposits excepting possible Roman ditches in Trench 10, indicated this area was not intensively utilised during the Roman period. The ditches were likely to have been for drainage and may have formed part of a field system on the periphery of the pottery production centre to the northwest. That only a few degraded sherds of pottery were retrieved further suggested that this area was sited away from the main focus of Roman activity and reflected the lack of features or deposits identified in previous archaeological investigations on the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

An evaluation at the site revealed only limited archaeological deposits. Two negative lynchets cutting the natural were encountered, proving to be linear features located by a previous geophysical survey. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Archaeological periods represented: RO
The trenching revealed several features of Roman date (ditches, gullies and pits) which indicated the presence of Roman occupation. One Bronze Age pit was also recorded. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, BA

(C.38.2494)SP46070411
{496CEFA-2378-4129-AA04-C5CB402CBA89}
Parish: Cumnor Postal Code: OX2 9QN
CUMNOR PARISH CEMETERY EXTENSION
Cumnor Parish Cemetery Extension, Cumnor, Oxfordshire
Bashford, R Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2006, 27pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology
An evaluation at the site revealed structural remains thought to relate to the abbey grange. Evidence for 14th century groundwork was also recovered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

(C.38.2495)SU44109660
{1BCF5EA4-CE1A-4832-A476-CF9AC9707842}
Parish: Marcham Postal Code: OX13 6NE
A415 MARCHAM BYPASS, MARCHAM
A415 Marcham Bypass, Marcham, Oxfordshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report
Cockin, M Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2005, 65pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology
Twenty trenches were excavated, targeting crop mark evidence and a previous geophysical survey. An early to mid Saxon period of activity was identified in the form of a field system and a pit. Across the A338 to the south another pit and field system were recorded and dated to the 11th century. A Roman ditch and residual contemporary pottery were also noted. Medieval field systems and a late Bronze Age/early Iron Age settlement were also encountered. Further linear features and other evidence pointed to another undated but probably prehistoric settlement. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, LBA, EIA, MD, RO, EM

(C.38.2496)SU30298938
{35F7C3EF-B5E5-43A4-8791-638C57750E9F}
Parish: Uffington Postal Code: SN7 7RA
UFFINGTON GARAGE, BROAD STREET, UFFINGTON
Uffington Garage, Broad Street, Uffington, Oxfordshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Oram, R Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
No archaeological deposits or finds were recovered from the evaluation carried out on this site. [AIP]

West Oxfordshire

(C.38.2497)SP33970306
{4DA94FF1-CB42-4E82-8B03-2D107A55C5E0}
Parish: Bampton Postal Code: OX16 2BQ
THE COTTAGE, HIGH STREET, ASTON NEAR BAMPTON
The Cottage, High Street, Aston near Bampton, Oxfordshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Wallis, S Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 13pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
Two ditches, one possibly Roman and the other medieval, were found along with several 19th and 20th century features. [Au]
Archaeological periods represented: RO, MD, PM, MO

PRIMSDOWN INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, CHIPPING NORTON
Primsdown Industrial Estate, Chipping Norton, Oxfordshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report
Sims, M Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2005, 8pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology
An evaluation revealed possible 18th-19th century plough soils overlying a probable prehistoric field boundary aligned north-west by south-east. This produced animal bone fragments and a single sherd of mid to late Iron Age pottery. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MIA, PR, PM

LAUGHTON HILL, STONESFIELD
Land at Laughton Hill, Stonesfield, Oxfordshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Hammond, S Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 9pp, colour pls, figs refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
Four trenches failed to produce any evidence of archaeological activity. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UD

Reading

10-18 HIGHDOWN ROAD, EMMER GREEN, READING
10-18 Highdown Road, Emmer Green, Reading, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Ford, S Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 11pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
The evaluation trenching revealed several features of which, all except one, were unambiguously of modern date or were root holes. The one feature of possible archaeological interest was a small ditch but this contained no dating evidence. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UD

105-121 QUEENS ROAD, READING
105-121 Queens Road, Reading, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Taylor, A Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential and commercial premises. No archaeological deposits or finds were identified. [Au(adp)]
An archaeological field evaluation was carried out in advance of the construction of new flats. No archaeological deposits were found and the only item of interest was a prehistoric struck flint from the subsoil. [Au(adp)]

An archaeological evaluation revealed a single sherd of prehistoric pottery and a single struck flint, recovered from the make-up bank of a linear earthwork on the margins of the site. No other archaeological deposits or finds were identified. [Au(adp)]

Evaluation trenching revealed several features of which all except one were unambiguously of modern date. The one feature of possible archaeological interest was a small post hole which contained a few finds of burnt flint, but no dating evidence. [Au(adp)]

Evaluation trenching revealed several features of which all except one were unambiguously of modern date. The one feature of possible archaeological interest was a small post hole which contained a few finds of burnt flint, but no dating evidence. [Au(adp)]

No finds or archaeological features were identified. [AU]
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. No archaeological finds or deposits were identified, possibly as a result of truncation of the archaeologically relevant levels during previous development on this sloping site. [Au(adp)]

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposal to construct two houses. No deposits or finds of archaeological interest were observed. [Au(adp)]

An archaeological evaluation revealed no archaeological deposits or finds. [AIP]

An archaeological evaluation revealed no deposits or finds of an archaeological nature. [Au(adp)]
Southampton

100-102 EAST STREET
Evaluation excavation at 100-102 East Street, Southampton
Garner, M Southampton : Southampton City Council Archaeology Unit, 2005, 14pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Southampton City Council Archaeology Unit

An evaluation excavation was undertaken in advance of a development involving the demolition of an existing building and the construction of a new five storey building. Four trenches were dug within the building and one trench was in the yard to the south. A similar sequence of deposits was exposed in all trenches except the northern trench, which was on the street frontage. In this trench there was a series of four late-medieval layers and a north-south wall of re-used limestone rubble bonded with brick-earth, which was likely to have been late medieval or Tudor. Pre-18th century deposits were exposed in every trench. The southern part of the site was probably used as fields or orchards in the period AD1100-AD1500. By this time the Tudor buildings were placed on the street frontage and it was possible that medieval buildings lay beneath them. Activities in the backyards of these properties included industrial processes in the 17th/18th century. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD,

66-68 ST. MARY STREET, SOUTHAMPTON
Report on an Archaeological Investigation at 66-68 St. Mary Street, Southampton
Whitehead, B Southampton : Southern Archaeological Services, 2005, 25pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Southern Archaeological Services

Permission to develop the site for affordable housing and a retail unit with associated parking was granted, subject to archaeological investigation in advance of and during groundwork. A small trench was excavated between two cellars along the street frontage, but only modern features and undisturbed natural brick-earth were recorded. Observations of foundation excavations revealed two Saxon, four medieval and five undated features. The finds included middle Saxon and medieval pottery, burnt daub, iron objects, iron working waste and animal bones, as well as post-medieval and modern material. A report on the faunal remains was included. The high proportion of medieval to middle Saxon features was relatively unusual in Hamwic - it was comparable to the adjoining site (62-65 St. Mary Street), where six middle Saxon and 12 medieval features were recorded, but contrasted with other nearby sites (notably the Voluntary Action Centre and Kingsland Market), where no medieval features were found. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM, MD, EM, UD

HIGHFIELD LANE
Highfield Lane, Southampton: Archaeological Evaluation Report

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed that the Pleistocene gravels on the third terrace of the Itchen river system had probably never been the focus for early human activity on this site. Other archaeological remains represented late Victorian garden activity on a small domestic scale associated with the dwellings currently occupying the site. [Au(abr)]
Archaeological periods represented: PM

(C.80.2513) SU41401552
{AA258894-AD17-479C-8AB7-527DCE754D0C}
Parish: Southampton Postal Code: SO16 7BD
THE BASSETT PUBLIC HOUSE, 111 BURGESS ROAD
The Bassett Public House, 111 Burgess Road, Southampton. An Archaeological Evaluation
Coles, S & Ford, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 11pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a residential care home development. No deposits or finds of archaeological interest were observed on the site, which had been previously landscaped. A 20th century well and a World War II air raid shelter were noted on the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

(C.80.2514) {FFA032AD-1BA5-45D3-8D78-6CCF605DF4CD}
Parish: Southampton St Mary Postal Code: SO15 2AS
THE FORMER BP FILLING STATION, DORSET STREET
The Former BP Filling Station, Dorset Street, Southampton
Williams, J Hertford: Archaeological Solutions, 2005, 19pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeological Solutions
The trenches revealed an undated ditch running on an east-west alignment, which may have represented a former medieval field boundary. A post-medieval ditch was also located in the north-west corner of the site. The site exhibited extensive disturbance from the former petrol station and its fuel tanks. No earlier archaeological features or deposits were recorded, and no pre-modern finds were retrieved. [Au(abr)]

Surrey

Elmbridge

(C.43.2515) TQ11405970
{BC5C023E-B41D-43B0-AC31-381FCB8FA2C5}
Parish: Cobham Postal Code: KT11 2RZ
22-28 STOKE ROAD, COBHAM
22-28 Stoke road, Cobham, Surrey
Thatcher, C Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2005, 19pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group
No archaeological finds or features were identified in any of the evaluation trenches excavated. [Au(abr)]

(C.43.2516) TQ13566543
{CB5B88F6-2DA8-4664-8EBD-1DB95C941D64}
Parish: Esher Postal Code: KT10 8AP
41 MORE LANE, Esher
An archaeological Evaluation at 41 More Lane, Esher, Surrey
Stevenson, J Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2005, 6pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East
An archaeological evaluation comprising four test pits found no archaeological remains or artefacts. [Au(abr)]
SITE OF THE NEW WALTON OAK PRIMARY SCHOOL, AMBLESIDE AVENUE, WALTON-ON-THAMES
An Archaeological Evaluation on the Site of the New Walton Oak Primary School, Ambleside Avenue, Walton-on-Thames
Jones, P Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Unit, 2005, 4pp, figs
Work undertaken by: Surrey County Archaeological Unit
A trial trench was undertaken on the site of the new Walton Oak Primary School. Nine trenches were machined excavated, but none revealed any archaeological features or finds of interest. [Au(abr)]

SILVERBLADE BROOKLANDS, WEYBRIDGE
"Silverblade" Brooklands, Weybridge an Archaeological Evaluation Report
Leonard, A Twickenham : AOC Archaeology Group, 2005, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group
No archaeological remains were identified in any of the trenches excavated. [Au(abr)]

LAND OFF PATHFIELDS, SHERE
An Archaeological Trial Trench Evaluation of the Development of Land off Pathfields, Shere, Surrey
Poulton, R Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Unit, 2005, 7pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Surrey County Archaeological Unit
Trial trenches were excavated, no evidence of archaeological value was identified. [Au(abr)]

LAND AT LONGFIELD LANE, DORKING
Land at Longfield Lane, Dorking, Surrey: Archaeological Evaluation
King, R Swindon : Foundations Archaeology, 2005, 9pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Foundations Archaeology
The evaluation comprised the excavation and recording of five trenches. No archaeological finds or features were present within the evaluation trenches. [Au(abr)]

STARHURST SCHOOL, DORKING
Starhurst School, Dorking, Surrey
Hood, A Swindon : Foundations Archaeology, 2005, 13pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Foundations Archaeology
The evaluation comprised the excavation and recording of six trenches. The archaeological evaluation revealed archaeological features of Romano-British date in Trench 1 on the flat ground at the top of the hill. These features appeared to be isolated and not part of a nucleus of activity. The archaeological potential of the remainder of the development area would appear to be negligible. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

Reigate and Banstead

(C.43.2522) TQ22565575 [36C2103C-901C-45EC-ACFB-22AF3617DA74] Parish: Banstead Postal Code: KT20 7UJ

BRITISH TRANSPORT POLICE TRAINING CENTRE, SANDLANDS GROVE, WALTON-ON-HILL
An Archaeological Evaluation at the British Transport Police Training Centre, Sandlands Grove, Walton-on-Hill
Jones, P Woking : Surrey County Archaeological Unit, 2005, 4pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Surrey County Archaeological Unit
No archaeological finds or features were identified within the layers of stratigraphy exposed [Au(adp)]

Runnymede

(C.43.2523) TQ0148071520 [7BCB119E-A007-4BA7-96B4-2728FBE8BFF2] Parish: Egham Postal Code: TW20 9HH

LAND AT HOPE COTTAGE, HIGH STREET, EGHAM
Land at Hope Cottage, High Street, Egham, County of Surrey: An Archaeological Evaluation Report
Collie, T & Stephenson, A Twickenham : AOC Archaeology Group, 2005, 27pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group
The evaluation consisted of four trenches. Trench 1 yielded no significant archaeological finds. Trench 2 contained the remains of a medieval moat, a late post-medieval soak-away and other tipped modern deposits. Trench 3 contained large amounts of post-medieval and modern dumped demolition debris and one post-medieval brick structure. An additional trench, Trench 4, displayed the hidden edge of a medieval moat clearly and revealed that the moat ran across the site from the north east to the south west. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

Spelthorne

(C.43.2524) TQ06706870 [88052219-A59F-4E60-B9B8-BC2F7BE1567B] Parish: Littleton Postal Code: TW17 0QT

'T' STAGE, SHEPPERTON STUDIOS, SPELTHORNE
T' Stage, Shepperton Studios, Spelthorne, Surrey
Hawkins, N London : Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd., 2005, 32pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.
The evaluation consisted of five trial trenches. The trenches revealed natural gravel and brick earth, overlain by 20th century deposits. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO
Eleven evaluation trenches were excavated. The results of the evaluation raised the possibility of archaeological cut features and deposits in some areas of the site, especially in the northern parts of the proposed track area. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

**Tandridge**

Six extended trenches were excavated along the length of the pipeline that was identified as having archaeological potential. These produced a range of features of Mesolithic to post-medieval date with a cluster of Mesolithic deposits in one area. One small localized area of buried soil beneath colluvium, which probably predated the Bronze Age, was identified, but did not contain any datable artefacts. A range of prehistoric pits, post holes and linear features were identified, many containing a moderate quantity of Mesolithic struck flint. One ditch contained a single sherd of medieval pottery and another contained a moderate quantity of struck flint. Two post-medieval features, a modern gully and a wall foundation were also identified. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, MO, MD, ME

---

No archaeological evidence was encountered. During the evaluation, any additional graves found, and not previously located on the current site survey plan, were added. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO
**Waverley**

(C.43.2528) 
{19504DFF-1594-4D98-9902-198EBDD03F22}
Parish: Bramley  
Postal Code: GU5 0HB

**6 HIGH STREET, BRAMLEY**

6 High Street, Bramley, Surrey. An Archaeological Evaluation
Coles, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 11pp, colour pls, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services
An archaeological evaluation consisting of one trench, contained two pits, one undated and one medieval or later. [Au(adp)]

*Archaeological periods represented:* MD, UD

---

**LAND AT GREAT GEORGE STREET, GODALMING**

Land at Great George Street, Godalming, Surrey. An Archaeological Evaluation
Oram, R Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 13pp, pls, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services
Two evaluation trenches were excavated. One late post-medieval pit and a doubtful undated gully (or natural hollow) were the only cut features observed. Three sherds of medieval pottery and two prehistoric flint flakes were also recorded. [Au(adp)]

*Archaeological periods represented:* UD, MD, PM, PR

---

**Woking**

(C.43.2530) 
{TQ06756080}
Parish: Byfleet  
Postal Code: KT14 7EF

**MILL LANE, BYFLEET**

Mill Lane, Byfleet, Surrey. An Archaeological Evaluation (Phase 1)
Oram, R Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 9pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services
No archaeological deposits or finds were encountered. [Au]

---

(C.43.2531) 
{TQ01635698}
Parish: Woking  
Postal Code: GU22 9LD

**CASTLE WORKS, HIGH STREET, OLDWOKING**

Castle Works, High Street, Oldwoking, Surrey
Shaikhley, N Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Unit, 2005, 4pp, figs

*Work undertaken by:* Surrey County Archaeological Unit
The geotechnical test pits revealed that the River Terrace deposits associated with the nearby river underlaid the site. [Au(abr)]
Land at Ladygrove Farm, near Guildford, Borough of Woking

Darton, L  London : CgMs, 2005, 24pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs, Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

The evaluation works showed that the south of the site had been impacted upon by the 19th and early 20th century development of farm buildings and no archaeological deposits or features were present in the north of the site. [Au(abr)]

West Berkshire

50 Dene Way, Donnington, Newbury

Foundations Archaeology Swindon : Foundations Archaeology, 2005, 9pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Foundations Archaeology

An evaluation in advance of the construction of a dwelling was carried out. No archaeological finds or features were identified. [Au(abr)]

Former Feltham Tyres, Park Way, Newbury

Hammond, S  Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 9pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Two trenches excavated at the site showed late post-medieval activity truncating large areas. The site was indicated to be situated on a gravel "island" by the depth at which the natural gravel reached. No archaeological features or finds were revealed. [Au(adp)]
HIGHFIELD AVENUE, NEWBURY
Highfield Avenue, Newbury, West Berkshire. Archaeological Evaluation
Foundations Archaeology Swindon: Foundations Archaeology, 2005, 10pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Foundations Archaeology
An evaluation was carried out, revealing a small pit or post hole of late medieval-early medieval date. There was thought to be little disturbance at the site, with the potential for the discovery of more archaeological remains. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

KELVIN ROAD, NEWBURY
Kelvin Road, Newbury, West Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Pine, J Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
Dump deposits of late 19th/early 20th century date were recorded sealing peat and alluvial deposits. No significant archaeological features or finds were recorded. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

14-16 READING ROAD AND LAND OFF MEADOW LANE, PANGBOURNE
14-16 Reading Road and Land off Meadow Lane, Pangbourne, West Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Hammond, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 15pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
Two trenches revealed evidence of archaeological activity, in the form of medieval pits, and residual or unstratified prehistoric flints. Several features remained undated. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PR, UD
2 CHAPEL STREET, THATCHAM  
*Land to the rear of 2 Chapel Street, Thatcham, West Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation*  
Taylor, A  Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 12pp, colour pls, figs, refs  
*Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services  
An archaeological evaluation revealed two undated pits (or gully termini) and two modern gullies.  
*Archaeological periods represented:* MO, UD

LAND AT 247 LOWER WAY, THATCHAM  
*Land at 247 Lower Way, Thatcham, West Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation*  
Lowe, J  Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs  
*Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services  
Certain areas of the site appeared to have been disturbed in the past, by both landscaping of the garden area and the laying of service pipes. The trenches excavated closer to Lower Way suggested that the ground surface had been made up, largely by demolition rubble. A single struck flint was retrieved from an area of made ground; no other archaeological finds or features were recorded during this investigation.  
*Archaeological periods represented:* PR

LAND AT AYLESFORD WAY, OFF PIPERS WAY, THATCHAM  
*Land at Aylesford Way, off Pipers Way, Thatcham, West Berkshire. Archaeological Evaluation*  
Reeves, P  London: Wessex Archaeology in London, 2005, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs  
*Work undertaken by:* Wessex Archaeology in London  
During the course of the evaluation, laying as it did directly on the line of the Ilchester-Cirencester Roman road, it was surprising that no archaeological finds or features were located.  
*Archaeological periods represented:* PR

LOWER FARM QUARRY, NEWBURY, WEST BERKSHIRE  
*Lower Farm Quarry, Newbury, West Berkshire. Archaeological Watching Brief*  
Wallis, S  Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs  
*Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services  
One feature produced a few small sherds of probable Iron Age pottery and a second a fragment of brick/tile. It was considered that these features represented Iron Age or Roman activity in the area.  
*Archaeological periods represented:* IA
The Former United Reform Church, High Street, Theale

Foundations Archaeology Swindon: Foundations Archaeology, 2005, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Foundations Archaeology

Two trenches were excavated at the site in advance of development. Post-medieval/modern activity in the form of backyard rubbish pits, a brick drain and a garden boundary were the only remains located.

Archaeological periods represented: PM

West Sussex

Arun

Chalcroft Nurseries, North Bersted

Summary Report of the Archaeological Evaluation [Phase 1] at Chalcroft Nurseries, Chalcroft Lane, Bersted, West Sussex

Hunter, P & Pine, C P Chichester: Development Archaeology Services, 2005, 30pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Development Archaeology Services

An evaluation in advance of a housing development encountered five archaeological features, four of which were shallow linear features containing ceramic building material. The footings to a greenhouse were also located.

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MO

Bognor Regis

Bohnor Regis Community College, South Way, Bognor Regis

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Bognor Regis Community College, South Way, Bognor Regis, West Sussex

Riccoboni, P Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2005, 20pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

Archaeological features and deposits were recorded in all of the excavated trial trenches. Phase one revealed three truncated linear ditches/gullies. These ditches were also truncated by later medieval ploughing. Pottery dating to the Late Bronze Age period was found in the fill of both ditches. Post holes were also recorded on the edges of these linear features, suggesting that a fence line may have once existed along their length. The watching brief on the edge of the car park area revealed a probable ditch in section. It was considered that this ditch could be continuation of the ditch recorded in phase two.

Archaeological periods represented: MD, LBA

North Bersted, Bognor Regis

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at North Bersted, Bognor Regis, West Sussex

Worrall, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2005, 89pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

An archaeological evaluation comprising 175 trial trenches, each measuring 50 metres in length, was carried out. The trenching revealed a dense concentration of archaeological remains, in the form of
Archaeological investigations project 2005

South East

ditched field systems, dated mostly from the Late Bronze Age period. A Middle Bronze Age cremation urn was recovered from the centre north of the site. A strip of low lying alluvial clay running across the centre of the site revealed a preserved waterlogged landscape and the remains of four probable Bronze Age burnt mounds. Three large ditches were also found across the site, two of which dating from either the Late Bronze Age and one possibly from the Roman period, which could potentially be associated with the Roman Chichester Dykes earthworks system. An enclosure dated from the Late Bronze Age to Middle Iron Age was discovered in the centre, north of the development site. A second possible enclosure dating to this period was revealed in the centre south of the site, and a Late Bronze Age stock enclosure was located in the centre of the site. Traces of an 18th century barn, known from cartographic evidence were found in the northern part of the site. Finally, a previously unknown EEII Anti-tank trap was traced through several trenches in the southern half of the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MBA, MIA, LBA, BA, MO

(C.45.2548) SU99600170
(FD9AF0AB-05DC-4D1F-89D7-FC8B341245D3)
Parish: Climping
Postal Code: BN17 5RG

LAND TO THE REAR OF THE "OYSTERCATCHER" PUBLIC HOUSE AND RESTAURANT, YAPTON ROAD, CLIMPING

Priestley-Bell, G Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 28pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

Fifteen trenches were mechanically excavated and revealed prehistoric, Romano-British and perhaps later remains. Only three firmly dated features were identified: a Middle Bronze Age inurned cremation; an early Late Bronze Age possible rubbish or funerary pit, and a possible Late Iron Age/early Romano-British field boundary ditch. A further eight trenches, one pit and four possible post-holes were also identified, the majority of which dated to the Romano-British period or earlier. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MBA, LBA, RO, LIA

(C.45.2549) TQ03520356
{158A10D5-FED5-41BB-9212-5751706FC24A}
Parish: Littlehampton
Postal Code: BN17 7QP

TODDINGTON NURSERIES, LITTLEHAMPTON

Toddington Nurseries, Littlehampton, West Sussex. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Sykes, D Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2005, 49pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

An evaluation in advance of development revealed a possible Neolithic ditch to the north of the site, as well as several Bronze Age ditches and pits. The features were suggestive of localised activity of these periods that later developed into a significant Bronze Age landscape. A Romano-British ditch was observed to the west of the site and a quantity of re-deposited Saxon pottery was recovered. A series of re-cut 12th or 13th century boundary ditches were recorded that might have delineated the eastern edge of historic Toddington. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, NE, BA, MD, PM, MNE, EM

(C.45.2550) TQ03400350
{FF6152C6-AE10-493C-92D9-5AA9F806D817}
Parish: Lymminster and Crossbush
Postal Code: BN17 6JU

BARN CLOSE NURSERIES, TODDINGTON

Summary Report on Geoearchaeological Evaluation and Test Pit Record for Barn Close Nurseries, Toddington, West Sussex

Pine, C A Chichester : Development Archaeology Services, 2005, 11pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Development Archaeology Services

An evaluation revealed a natural channel supporting burnt flint and a single worked flint. In situ archaeological material was thought to be present here. [Au(adp)]
Archaeological periods represented: UD

(C.45.2551) 504200086400, 513000090200
Parish: Pagham  Postal Code: PO21 4TB
INNER OWERS
Inner Owers, Marine Aggregate Extraction Areas 396 and 435: Archaeological Interpretation of Side-scan data
Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2005, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology
The wreck and sidescan data was combined to produce a summary of the maritime archaeological potential. There results were one confirmed wreck, one anomaly that may have represented a further wreck (possibly the Glenlee), two UKHO anomalies that may have represented archaeology, two sidescan anomalies identified as areas of possible wreckage, nine sidescan anomalies identified as possible debris, one sidescan anomaly identified as an area of disturbed seabed. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Chichester

(C.45.2553) SU86090454
Parish: Chichester  Postal Code: PO19 1SS
15A SOUTH PALLANT, CHICHESTER
An Archaeological Evaluation at 15a South Pallant, Chichester, West Sussex
Currie, C K Fair Oak : CKC Archaeology, 2005, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: CKC Archaeology
An archaeological evaluation revealed only post-medieval loams, with a high concentration of clay pipes dating from the 17th to 18th centuries. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, PR

Crawley

(C.45.2554) TQ276335058
Parish: Crawley  Postal Code: RH10 5JZ
BROADFIELD TRAINING PITCH AND PAVILION, CRAWLEY
An Archaeological Evaluation [Stage 1] at the Proposed Site of Broadfield Training Pitch and Pavilion, Crawley, West Sussex
Archaeology South-East Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East
An evaluation at the site revealed no archaeological finds or features. [Au(adp)]

(C.45.2555)  
TQ26053520
Parish: Crawley  
Postal Code: RH11 9HD
RATHLIN ROAD, CRAWLEY
Rathlin Road, Crawley, West Sussex. An Archaeological Evaluation
Oram, R & Pine, J  
Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
A number of features were revealed including pits and ditches relating to Roman iron working. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

Horsham

(C.45.2556)  
TQ17403040
Parish: Horsham  
Postal Code: RH12 1JW
52-56 EAST STREET, HORSHAM
52-56 East Street, Horsham, West Sussex. Archaeological Evaluation
Foundations Archaeology Swindon: Foundations Archaeology, 2005, 10pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Foundations Archaeology
Two trenches were opened at the site. A 17th-19th century post hole was identified as the only archaeological feature. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Mid Sussex

(C.45.2557)  
TQ30422502
Parish: Cuckfield  
Postal Code: RH17 5EP
HIGH STREET, CUCKFIELD
An Archaeological Evaluation of Land West of High Street, Cuckfield, West Sussex
Griffin, N  
Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2005, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East
An evaluation at the site failed to reveal any archaeological remains. [Au(abr)]

(C.45.2558)  
TQ31001630
Parish: Hassocks  
Postal Code: BN6 8NH
LAND WEST OF MACKIE AVENUE, HASSOCKS
Land West of Mackie Avenue, Hassocks, Mid-Sussex. Archaeological Evaluation Report
Hiller, J  
Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2005, 42pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology
The evaluation revealed dispersed areas of occupation on the site beginning in the prehistoric with middle Bronze Age features, but with an absence of Iron Age activity. Roman field ditches and boundaries, medieval ditches and post-medieval ditches/gullies/pits and post hole features were also encountered. All the features had been truncated by ploughing. A large Bronze Age flint scatter was also recorded. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, MD, RO, PR, PM
Stevens, S & Worrall, S  Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2005, 5pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

A 10% sample of the site was subject to surface artefact collection. Eight pieces of worked flint and two well abraded fragments of medieval pottery were found, scattered evenly across the area of the survey. The paucity of artefacts suggested that no archaeological remains associated with a possible settlement were likely to be within the area of the proposed development. However, it did not necessarily rule out the presence of prehistoric or medieval ditched field systems. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, MD

Alfoldean, Slinfold : Archaeological Evaluation and Assessment of Results
Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2005, 48pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Following a geophysical survey, an evaluation was carried out as part of the investigation for the Channel 4 programme, “Time Team”. A Romano-British enclosure ditch was encountered, perhaps representing part of a round house, as well as two intercutting pits filled with domestic debris. No Iron Age activity was recorded, and post-Roman agricultural activity had had a significant impact on the archaeological remains. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

The Philberds, Ascot Road, Holyport : Archaeological Evaluation Report
Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2005, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Fourteen trenches were excavated in response to development proposals. No archaeological remains were encountered. [Au(adp)]
Following a geophysical survey, the evaluation revealed Iron Age and Roman deposits ranging from approximately 500 BC to AD 300. These deposits showed evidence for malting, grains storing and disposal of rubbish, and was thought to be associated with settlement. A low level of medieval and post-medieval presence was also identified. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: LIA, RO, PM, MD

A pit and a gully or rut of late 19th or 20th century date were investigated, but no deposits of archaeological interest were recorded and no finds retrieved. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

An archaeological evaluation was carried out as part of a consideration of a planning application for the construction of a detached dwelling with a separate garage. Nothing of significance was found. [Au]

An evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed housing development. It was thought that the Roman road known as the Devil's Highway may have passed through the vicinity of the site, however no archaeological deposits were located, with the area consisting of made ground deposits exceeding 1.2m in depth. [Au(adp)]
An archaeological evaluation revealed no deposits or finds of an archaeological nature. [Au(adp)]
THIRLSTONE HOUSE, 16 SHUTE END, WOKINGHAM
Thirlstone House, 16 Shute End, Wokingham, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Taylor, A Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 8pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services
No archaeological deposits or finds were observed. [Au]