Cheshire

158-160 BARRELWELL HILL, BOUGHTON
Archaeological Watching Brief of Land at 158-160 Barrelwell Hill, Boughton
Poole, B Chester : L-P: Archaeology, 2005, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: L-P: Archaeology
No archaeological features were present within the excavation area. [Au(abr)]

BOUGHTON HALL, CHESTER
Archaeological Watching Brief of Land at Boughton Hall, Chester
Gibson, F Chester : L-P: Archaeology, 2005, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: L-P: Archaeology
The archaeological investigation comprised the monitoring of seven test trenches. Trench 4 was the only ditch that contained archaeological deposits. The cut and fill of a large ditch could be seen in the section. No dating evidence was recovered from this small section through the ditch, although a small pit containing 18th century ceramics cut the large ditch. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 248
Archaeological periods represented: PM

FORMER RYLANDS GARAGE, CITY ROAD, CHESTER
An Archaeological Excavation at the Former Rylands Garage, City Road, Chester
Hayes, L Chester : Gifford & Partners, 2005, 64pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Gifford & Partners
Multiple phases of archaeology were encountered during an excavation including 2nd century cut features and buried soils, medieval cut features and buried soils, 17th century land surface and pits, 18th century cultivation layers and a cellar, late 18th century structures, 19th century drains and structures and modern features. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, RO, PM

GROSVENOR SERVICE STATION
Archaeological Watching Brief of Land at Grosvenor Service Station, Chester
Statter, C Chester : L-P: Archaeology, 2006, 23pp, pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: L-P: Archaeology
An archaeological investigation comprised the monitoring of eleven test trenches. Each trench contained various mixtures of re-deposited material and rubble from the previous service station on the site. Trenches 7 and 10 contained the remains of 19th century cellar walls constructed of red brick and a sandy grey mortar. The internal walls of the cellars showed several layers of paint, indicating internal cellar usage. [Au(abr)]
Archaeological periods represented: PM

(E.13.2014) SJ39766669
Parish: Chester Postal Code: CH1 4LB
OLD PORT, CHESTER
Archaeological Watching Brief on Land at Old Port, Chester
Poole, B Chester: L-P: Archaeology, 2005, 25pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: L-P: Archaeology
During the works a concrete crane base was identified. This was the same crane base uncovered during an earlier evaluation. The bulk of the finds from the excavation to the south of the site related to a confectionary factory, which was located just to the west of the site. This was destroyed by fire in the early 20th century. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(E.13.2015) SJ41906900
Parish: Chester Postal Code: CH2 1NJ
UPTON HIGH SCHOOL, CHESTER
Archaeological Watching Brief at Upton High School, Chester
Hayes, L Chester: Gifford & Partners, 2005, 7pp, pls, figs
Work undertaken by: Gifford & Partners
No features of archaeological significance were identified during the watching brief. [Au(abr)]

(E.13.2016) SJ41445465
Parish: Farndon Postal Code: CH3 6LH
LLOYD CLOSE, FARNDON
Lloyd Close, Farndon, Cheshire: Archaeological Watching Brief
Blockley, K Llanidloes : Cambrian Archaeological Projects Ltd., 2005, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Cambrian Archaeological Projects Ltd.
The work showed that no archaeological features were evident in the field. The only significant find from the metal detection survey was a hearth base from iron smelting. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

(E.13.2017) SJ48604780
Parish: Malpas Postal Code: SY14 8HT
CASTLE MEWS, MALPAS
Castle Mews, Malpas, Cheshire: Archaeological Watching Brief
Frost, P Pontesbury : Casterling Archaeology, 2005, 8pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Casterling Archaeology
Within the constrains of the watching brief, no archaeology was revealed and no artefacts were recovered. [Au(abr)]
HAMPTON HEATH, MALPAS

Results of an Archaeological Watching Brief at Hampton Heath Malpas

Towle, A Chester : Gifford & Partners, 2005, 6pp, colour pls, figs

Work undertaken by: Gifford & Partners

No significant archaeological deposits, structures or artefacts were identified. [Au(adp)]

CASTLETOWN FARM, SHOCKLACH

Castletown Farm, Shocklach: an Archaeological Watching Brief

Hayes, L Chester : Gifford & Partners, 2005, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gifford & Partners

The ground worked carried out as part of the development have not caused any damage to sub-surface deposits associated with the Scheduled Monument. [Au(adp)]

SHOTWICKLODGE FARM, SAUGHALL

Archaeological Watching Brief Shotwicklodge Farm, Saughall

Poole, B Chester : L-P: Archaeology, 2005, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: L-P: Archaeology

The excavations within the stripped area showed that the yard had been used for several years as a dumping ground for building debris and tyres from the farm. Underlying this debris was a loose deposit of made ground, which probably related to the levelling of the main yard prior to the laying of the modern concrete surface. [Au(abr)]

CREWE AND NANTWICH

REASEHEATH MOATED SITE

Reaseheath Moated Site: Monitoring of a Small Ground Disturbance

Cowell, R W Liverpool : Liverpool Museum Field Archaeology Unit, 2005, 8pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Liverpool Field Archaeology Unit

The agricultural work involved no excavation other than light trowelling across the exposed surfaces commensurate with making a drawn record of the exposed stratigraphy. This produced a sequence of events associated with the infilling of the medieval ditch with some evidence that there may have been potential for the survival of environmental evidence dating to the 12th to 15th centuries AD, with earlier Romano-British non-continuous occupation. At a date after the ditch had been infilled, a second much smaller ditch was cut, probably in the late post-medieval or early modern period. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, RO
Residential Development on Land off Mill Street, Nantwich

Dodd, L Ewloe : Earthworks Archaeological Services, 2005, 14pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Earthworks Archaeological Services

The results from the watching brief confirmed the survival of layers associated with the medieval ditch at the southern end of the site, close to Mill Street. At the very north end of the site, deep archaeological stratigraphy of considerable potential was observed. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 2557
Archaeological periods represented: MD

St. Mary’s Church, Nantwich

A New Electric Cable St. Mary’s Church, Nantwich, Cheshire: an Archaeological Watching Brief
Earthworks Archaeological Services Ewloe : Earthworks Archaeological Services, 2005, 14pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Earthworks Archaeological Services

A watching brief revealed medieval inhumations and a cobbled surface. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

Church End Farm, Hale

Church End Farm, Hale: Report on an Archaeological Watching Brief
Hayes, L Chester : Gifford & Partners, 2006, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gifford & Partners

The features identified in the eastern and northern areas of the site were remnants of the farm buildings and associated features, which were demolished prior to the current development and included wall foundations, in-filled drainage channels and possible pits. None of these produced dateable artefactual material, but by association were post-medieval in origin. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

Millbrook Boreholes to Lamaload Reservoir

Millbrook Boreholes to Lamaload Reservoir, Peak District National Park: Desk-based Assessment, Walkover Survey and Watching Brief
Elsworth, D Hughes, V & Bradley, J Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 85pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

A total of 73 sites were identified during the desk-based assessment, only 13 of which were previously recorded. A watching brief was undertaken on five test pits along the course of the pipeline. In all cases, with the exception of Test Pit 6, the test pits did not impact on any archaeological sites and no archaeological remains were observed. Test pit 6 revealed modern demolition debris. [Au(abr)]
### Vale Royal

**CASTLE PARK HOUSE, CASTLE PARK, FRODSHAM**  
*Castle Park house, Castle Park, Frodsham*

Frost, P Pontesbury : Casterling Archaeology, 2005, 8pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs  
**Work undertaken by:** Casterling Archaeology  
The watching brief was undertaken in April 2005 and no archaeological features were revealed.  
[ Au(abr) ]

### Allerdale

**KIRKLAND HOUSE, PORT CARLISLE**  
*Desk-based Assessment and Report at an Archaeological Watching Brief at Kirkland House, Port Carlisle, Cumbria*

Jefferson, P & Giecco, F Alston : North Pennines Archaeology Ltd., 2005, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs  
**Work undertaken by:** North Pennines Archaeology Ltd.  
The desk-based assessment showed that archaeology pertaining to the Roman period dominated the area although later activity, particularly during the 19th century also was recognised in the area. The watching brief was of a limited nature and found no archaeological deposits within the trench excavated for the septic tank.  
[ Au(abr) ]

**SMR primary record number:** 1442

### Braeside, Papcastle, Cockermouth

**Braeside, Papcastle, Cockermouth**  
*Braside, Papcastle, Cockermouth, Cumbria*

Walker, J Wighton : Jan Walker Archaeological Consultant, 2005, 12pp, colour pls, figs, refs  
**Work undertaken by:** Jan Walker Archaeological Consultant  
The site is situated within the known vicus area of the Roman fort of Derventio at Papcastle. The watching brief found tentative evidence of terracing and a significant quantity of pottery, and a beehive quern which was associated with some of the pottery thus dating to the second century AD.  
[ Au(abr) ]
Archaeological Investigations Project 2005
North West

SMR primary record number: 1555
Archaeological periods represented: RO

(E.16.2030) NY12073074
[CFE7B725-70D4-4ADB-AD57-1E5757BC4167]
Parish: Cockermouth
Postal Code: CA13 9NA
COCKERMOUTH: HIGH SAND LANE
Cockermouth: High Sand Lane
Martin, G Carlisle : Cumberland & Westmorland Antiquarian & Archaeological Society, 2006, 1p
Work undertaken by: G. Martin
A watching brief was conducted during groundwork for a new dwelling. The site was found to be truncated and contained a section of 18th century cobble. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(E.16.2031) NY10954744
[771CCA33-7753-44EB-9CD2-90775C2170F2]
Parish: Holme St Cuthbert
Postal Code: CA15 6QZ
HOLME ST. CUTHBERT, NEAR WIGTON
Report on a Watching Brief at Historic Building Survey and Archaeological Illustration
Cracknell, P Greysouthen : Historic Building Survey and Archaeological Illustration, 2005, 17pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Historic Building Survey and Archaeological Illustration
No archaeological features or finds were recorded or recovered during the course of the watching brief. [Au(abr)]

(E.16.2032) NY05002890
[01A7D301-97F7-4061-88CC-8364DB737FBC]
Parish: Little Clifton
Postal Code: CA14 1XT
MELBREAK HOTEL, CROSSBARROW, LITTLE CLIFTON
Melbreak Hotel, Crossbarrow, Little Clifton, Cumbria: Archaeological Desk-based Assessment and Walkover Survey
Ford, L Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 30pp, colour pls., figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North
In total, ten sites were identified within the study area. Six of the identified sites were within the application site boundary. These included two air shafts and the remains of four field boundaries. The remains of only two of the field boundaries could be seen as surviving earthworks, although the remains of the others may have existed below ground. The close proximity of a pottery works to the site of the proposed development suggested that there was potential for finds of post-medieval pottery to be recovered during any excavation or ground breaking work. There was also the possibility of recovered evidence of the later prehistoric or Roman period associated with the general activity in the surrounding landscape. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

(E.16.2033) NY26574737
[E027B3A8-43AD-45F7-B92D-63F3EADFCF04]
Parish: Wigton
Postal Code: CA7 9NS
FIELD 6235, SYKE ROAD, WIGTON
Report on an Archaeological Desk-based Assessment and Field Evaluation at Field 6235, Syke Road, Wigton
Jones, C Alston : North Pennines Archaeology Ltd., 2005, 9pp, colour pls., figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: North Pennines Archaeology Ltd.
No archaeological deposits were observed in any of the evaluation trenches. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number: 1464*

Parish: Wigton

OLD CARLISLE FARM, WIGTON  
Old Carlisle Farm, Wigton, Cumbria: Watching Brief  
Clark, P Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 34pp, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North  
The watching brief identified a ditch, a pit and a Roman road. A relatively high number of finds were recovered, with the amount of Romano-British material illustrating a significant presence, particularly during the later second and early third centuries. The range of material suggests a high degree of Romanisation, and implied close links with the military markets. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, PM

Parish: Wigton

BARROW-IN-FURNESS

OLDBECK PARK AVENUE, BARROW-IN-FURNESS  
Holbeck Park Avenue, Barrow-in-Furness, Cumbria: Archaeological Watching Brief  
Elsworth, D Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North  
A watching brief of a soil strip revealed 24 features. These features were provisionally classified as including four ditch terminals, possible linear features, three pits, 13 tree throws and three other unidentified features. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Parish: Barrow-In-Furness

AREA 13 [WATERSIDE], THE CANNELSIDE AREA, BARROW-IN-FURNESS  
Area 13 [Waterside], The Channelside Area, Barrow-in-Furness, Cumbria. Archaeological Watching Brief Report  
Clarke, S Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 22pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North  
A watching brief was carried out during the removal of surface and sub-surface concrete from the area. This concrete represented the foundations of a large industrial building, built between 1911 and 1933. Only one other structure was recorded, a small brick-built feature relating to post-medieval industrial activity. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

Parish: Barrow-in-Furness

LAND TO THE REAR OF 33 MARKET STREET, DALTON IN FURNESS  
Land to the rear of 33 Market Street, Dalton in Furness, Cumbria  
Walker, J & Murray, B Wigton : Jan Walker Archaeological Consultant, 2005, 7pp, colour pls, figs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Jan Walker Archaeological Consultant

Parish: Dalton in Furness
No archaeological features or artefacts of significance were found. [Au(abr)]

**MARKET STREET, ULVERSTON**

*Market Street, Ulverston, Cumbria: Archaeological Watching Brief*

Elsworth, D  
Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2006, 15pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North  
No features of archaeological significance were encountered. [Au(abr)]

**Carlisle**

(E.16.2039)  
NY61995390, NY64285869

**LORD CARLISLE’S RAILWAY, MIDGEHOLME TO TINDALE SECTION**

*Report on Archaeological Investigations along Lord Carlisle’s Railway, Midgeholme to Tindale Section, Cumbria*

Jefferson, P J  
Alston : North Pennines Archaeology Ltd., 2005, 46pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: North Pennines Archaeology Ltd.  
A desk-based assessment, landscape survey and watching brief were carried out as mitigation in response to the construction of a new cycle path. The site was located within the North Pennines Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty, where previous investigations had revealed numerous sites relating to extensive industrial use, most notably the former route of Lord Carlisle's Railway, an early wagon and railway system known for its pioneering use of iron rails as well as being a route upon which Stephenson's Rocket once operated. Information was collected from the survey and watching brief to help reveal a picture of the industrial past of the area. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(E.16.2040)  
NY34505860

**LAND AT MONKHILL**

*Desk-Based Assessment and Report on an Archaeological Watching Brief on Land at Monkhill, Cumbria*

Jefferson, P R  
Alston : North Pennines Archaeology Ltd., 2005, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: North Pennines Archaeology Ltd.  
A watching brief was carried out during the replacement of a low-voltage electrical cable. The groundwork undertaken were in the vicinity of the projected line of the Vallum, part of the SAM of Hadrian's Wall. A number of archaeological features were recorded, including some that may have related to the Vallum itself. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

(E.16.2041)  
NY3435058490

**MONKHELL HALL, MONKHILL, CARLISLE**

*Archaeological Watching Brief Conducted at Monkhill Hall, Monkhill, Carlisle, Cumbria*

Martin, G  
Carlisle : G.M.T. Martin, 2005, 6pp, colour pls, figs, refs  
Work undertaken by: G.M.T. Martin
The watching brief recorded the remnants of a modern wooden shed. A land drain was also observed. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

(E.16.2042) NY39245655
Parish: Carlisle Postal Code: CA2 5SB
OSBOURNE EARL, WILLOWHOLME ROAD, CARLISLE
Archaeological Watching Brief at Osbourne Earl, Willowholme Road, Carlisle
Martin, G Carlisle : Gerry Martin, 2005, 6pp, figs
Work undertaken by: Gerry Martin
A watching brief was carried out during the construction of a mobile telephone mast. No archaeological features or deposits were observed. [Au(abr)]

(E.16.2043) NY333020525580
Parish: Keswick Postal Code: CA5 6LL
THRELKELD HALL, NR KESWICK
An Archaeological Watching Brief at Threlkeld Hall, nr. Keswick, Cumbria
Dodd, M & Green, M Alston : North Pennines Archaeology Ltd., 2006, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: North Pennines Archaeology Ltd.
A watching brief was carried out during the cutting of a trench for a utility pipeline. No archaeological features were observed. [Au(abr)]

(E.16.2044) NY40355739
Parish: Stanwix Rural Postal Code: CA3 9BE
7 BEECH GROVE, CUMBRIA
Report on an Archaeological Watching Brief at 7 Beech Grove, Carlisle, Cumbria
Cracknell, P Cockermouth : P Cracknell, 2005, 7pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: P Cracknell
A watching brief was carried out during a house extension. The site was thought to be located in the area of a possible parade ground connected with Hadrian’s Wall, however no evidence of this or any other archaeological features were encountered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

(E.16.2045) NY40355739
Parish: Stanwix Rural Postal Code: CA3 9BE
CARLISLE: 7 BEECH GROVE, STANWIX
Carlisle: 7 Beech Grove, Stanwix
Cracknell, P Carlisle : Cumberland & Westmorland Antiquarian & Archaeological Society, 2006, 1p
Work undertaken by: Historic Building Survey and Archaeological Illustration (HBSAI)
A watching brief maintained during the excavation of foundation trenches for an extension to the present building. The building lies in an area suspected to have been the site of the parade ground associated with Stanwix Roman fort, however, no archaeological features or artefacts were observed. [Sec]
Archaeological Investigations Project 2005
Post-determination and Research
North West

THE CUMBRIA PARK HOTEL, STANWIX
Archaeological Watching Brief conducted at the Cumbria Park Hotel, Stanwix
Martin, G Carlisle : Gerry Martin, 2005, 8pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Gerry Martin
A watching brief was placed on remedial work on a low brick wall in an area scheduled as an ancient monument. Modern cover above the ancient monument was considerable. The presence of a defensive ditch thought to be located at the site was largely unresolved. No significant archaeological remains were encountered during the project. [Au(abr)]

Copeland

BANKHOUSE PUMPING STATION, MILLOM
Bankhouse Pumping Station, Millom, Cumbria. Archaeological Watching Brief
Tonks, D Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2006, 13pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North
A watching brief was carried out during specified groundwork for a proposed water pumping station. No archaeological remains were encountered. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 4030

CASTLE MEWS, COACH ROAD, WHITEHAVEN
Castle Mews, Coach Road, Whitehaven, Cumbria: Archaeological Excavation Report
Bagwell, M Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 23pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology
The excavation revealed five features cut into the top of the natural subsoil comprising a shallow pit, possibly a natural hollow, two pits containing the remains of the skeletons of a cow and a pig, thought to be the deliberate depositions of farm animals during the post-medieval period, and two other small pits, one of which was possibly a post hole dating to the late nineteenth-early twentieth century. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 3784
Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

Eden

HAYESWATER CONTRACT II, POOLEY BRIDGE TO DACRE TO PENRUDDOCK
Hayeswater Contract II, Pooley Bridge to Dacre to Penruddock, Cumbria
Town, M & McPhillips, S Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2006, 30pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North
An evaluation identified an early field wall adjacent to lime kilns. A watching brief was maintained during ground disturbance to the lime kiln sites. No archaeological features were observed. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM
A66 TEMPLE SOWERBY BYPASS AND IMPROVEMENTS AT WINDERWATH


Lupton, A

Lancaster: Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 107pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

An evaluation by 22 trenches produced stratified finds of all material types. No definitive evidence was found of Roman features along the route of the scheme. The results of the trenching demonstrated that most of the potential for medieval features and/or artefacts was concentrated immediately south of the village of Temple Sowerby. In total 70 geotechnical inspection pits were observed along the length of the route. On average there were 4m by 0.6m and over 3m deep. No archaeological remains were encountered in any of the pits. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, RO, PR

LAND AT THE PARISH CHURCH OF ST. JAMES, ULDALE

Report on an Archaeological Watching Brief on Land at the Parish Church of St. James, Uldale

Jefferson, P

Alston: North Pennines Archaeology Ltd., 2005, 8pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: North Pennines Archaeology Ltd.

A watching brief on a trench revealed no archaeological remains, probably due to the proximity of a substantial slope at the boundary of the churchyard. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

THE BREWHOUSE, DALEMAIN

Report on a Watching Brief and Building Recording Project at The Brewhouse, Dalemain, Cumbria

Wooler, F

Alston: North Pennines Archaeology Ltd., 2005, 27pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: North Pennines Archaeology Ltd.

During the course of the watching brief no significant archaeological deposits were observed. Much of the area under investigation was disturbed by the construction of a manhole and drainage system in the 1960s. There was no evidence to suggest the existence of any earlier buildings than those visible on the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

THE CROFT, KIRKANDREWS ON EDEN

Preparatory Work on the Creation of an Area of Hardstanding: The Croft, Kirkandrews on Eden

Wooler, F

University of Durham, Archaeological Services

Durham: University of Durham, Archaeological Services, 2005, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Durham, Archaeological Services

No archaeological finds or features were revealed by this work. [Au(adp)]
Archaeological Investigation Project 2005

North West

LOW PLAINS QUARRY, LAZONBY
Low Plains Quarry, Lazonby, Cumbria: Archaeological Watching Brief
Bagwell, M Lancaster: Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

No features of archaeological significance were revealed during the programme of works, although one flint was recovered from the surface of the natural subsoil. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

ALL SAINTS CE PARISH CHURCH, ORTON
All Saints CE Parish Church, Orton, Cumbria: Archaeological Watching Brief
Tonks, D Lancaster: Oxford Archaeology North, 2006, 22pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

A watching brief was carried out during the excavation of a single trench to determine the presence or otherwise of drains. No archaeological horizons were encountered and there were no further recommendations for archaeological intervention. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

PENRITH FLOOD ALLEVIA TION SCHEME, PENRITH
Penrith Flood Alleviation Scheme, Penrith, Cumbria
Tonks, D Lancaster: Oxford Archaeology North, 2006, 30pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

Monitoring of test pits encountered a Victorian brick-built culvert carrying the Thacka Beck. No other features or finds of archaeological significance were encountered during the ground works within the urban area of Penrith. None of the six test pits excavated at the Gilwill Industrial Estate produced any significant archaeological horizons. Three abraded sherds of nineteenth century pottery within the lower horizon could have indicated that the area had previously been subjected to some degree of disturbance. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

South Lakeland

BLAKE HOLME PLANTATION NEAR NEW BRIDGE
Archaeological Survey of Blake Holme Plantation near New Bridge, South Cumbria, With Particular Reference to Charcoal Pitsteads
Mills, E Staveley: Cumbria Woodlands, 2005, 21pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cumbria Woodlands
FELLSIDE, ENTRY LANE, KENDAL
Archaeological Watching Brief conducted at Fellside, Entry Lane, Kendal, Cumbria

Martin, G Carlisle : Gerry Martin, 2005, 11pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gerry Martin
A watching brief was carried out during the removal of superfluous topsoil, subsoil, stone and brick rubble forming an existing garden. No past cultural activity of any significance was recorded. Two main phases of wall building were noted, as well as some sophistication in the masonry. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

PILGRIMS REST, AMBLESIDE
Replacement Low Voltage Overhead Line, Pilgrims Rest, Chapel Stile, Ambleside, Lake District National Park. Desk-Based Assessment and Watching Brief

Clarke, S Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2006, 39pp. Colour pls, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North
In response to an application to carry out improvements to an electricity line, a rapid desk-based assessment and watching brief was carried out. The landscape around Chapel Stile was found to have a long and complex history, and was mostly connected with the Neolithic “axe factories” within the Langdale Fells. After this, the next significant activity was during the medieval period, when settlements started to emerge. The post-medieval period saw a surge in population numbers with the onset of greater economic prosperity, and the beginning of tourism to the area in the 18th century. The watching brief for the project monitored the excavation of a service trench. No archaeological features were located, possibly due to the shallow nature of the excavations. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: NE, MO, PM, MD

HOLKER HALL, CARK-IN-CARTMEL
Report on an Archaeological Watching Brief and Building Recording Project at Holker Hall, Cark-in-Cartmel

Jones, C Alston : North Pennines Archaeology Ltd., 2005, 29pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: North Pennines Archaeology Ltd.
No significant archaeological remains were identified during the watching brief. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

DALLAM SCHOOL, MILNTHORPE
Dallam School, Milnthorpe, Cumbria: Archaeological Excavation

University of Durham, Archaeological Services : Durham : University of Durham, Archaeological Services, 2005, 21pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Durham, Archaeological Services
Three cremations were identified, all clustered together. Two of these were places in urns, the third was un-urned. They were dated to the Late Bronze Age. [Au(abr)]
### Bolton

**LAND ADJ. CROFT VIEW, CHURCH WALK, FLOOKBURGH**

*Land Adj. Croft View, Church Walk, Flookburgh*

JNP  Kendle : Cumbria County Council Historic Environmenty Service, 2005, 2pp, figs

*Work undertaken by:* Cumbria County Council Historic Environmenty Service

The applicant failed to implement an archaeological programme as specified in the condition. A visit to the site recorded post-medieval and modern pottery. [Au(adp)]

**Archaeological periods represented:** MO, PM

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### Manchester

**WALLSUCHES BLEACH WORKS, HORWICH**

*Wallsuches Bleach Works, Part 1: An Archaeological Building Survey and Watching Brief of Building Complex 1*

Arrowsmith, P Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2005, 145pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

A watching brief and building survey revealed several phases of use of the site as a bleach works starting in the 18th century onwards into the 20th century. [AIP]

**Archaeological periods represented:** PM

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**HANGING BRIDGE GARDENS**

*Hanging Bridge Gardens, Manchester: An Archaeological Watching Brief*

Arrowsmith, P, Thompson, A & Lloyd, D Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2005, 38pp, colour pls, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

The area of the watching brief lay immediately west of the medieval Hanging Bridge, a Scheduled Ancient Monument. A deep excavation close to the bridge for a new retaining wall revealed the back-filled cellarge of the early 19th century Tower Hotel, demolished in 1900. Below this, both within this excavation and an adjoining test pit, evidence was found for levelling up of the ditch to a level built upon in the early 18th century. [Au(abr)]

**Archaeological periods represented:** PM

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**HARDMAN STREET, SPINNINGFIELDS**

*Hardman Street, Spinningfields, Manchester: Archaeological Excavation of an Eighteenth Century Hat Factory and Late Eighteenth/Early Nineteenth Century Chemical/Soda Works*

Gregory, R Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2005, 77pp, colour pls, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* University of Manchester Archaeological Unit
The archaeological evaluation suggested that evidence for eighteenth/nineteenth century residential and industrial activity was present within the development area. A larger open-area excavation found six main phases of construction from when the activity moved from a hat factory to a chemical works.

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(E.02.2066)  
SJ83509740  
{24CBDC54-DE32-4F53-9B1A-3B6545A5F699}  
Parish: Manchester  
Postal Code: M15 4TE  
LAND AT JORDAN STREET, CASTLEFIELDS  
Land at Jordan Street, Castlefields, Manchester: Archaeological Watching Brief  
Frost, P Pontesbury : Casterling Archaeology, 2005, 24pp, colour pls, figs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Casterling Archaeology  
The results of the watching brief concluded that the construction of cellars during the 19th century would have destroyed any evidence of pre-industrial or Roman activity that may have existed on the site. The depth of the 18th and 19th century building works was indicated by two rock cut pits uncovered east of Jordan Street at around 6m below street level, which were interpreted as the foundations for brick columns supporting the cellars of the buildings above. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(E.02.2067)  
SJ85309825  
{1F3400EA-07D8-4FF4-B8CB-3D33FDCA2A18}  
Parish: Manchester  
Postal Code: M4 7AA  
NEW ISLINGTON WHarf, ANCOATS, MANCHESTER  
New Islington Wharf, Ancoats, Manchester. Archaeological Investigation  
McPhillips, S Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 100pp, colour pls, pls, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North  
An investigation was carried out after a 2003 assessment identified the potential for archaeological remains at the site, specifically a 19th century textile mill with associated industrial structures and worker's housing. Excavation revealed the engine and boiler rooms associated with the mill, as well as 18th and 19th century buildings. Evidence for the nature of 19th century cellar dwellings was also recorded. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 3915  
Archaeological periods represented: PM

(E.02.2068)  
SD83090472  
{915E9DDC-6E27-44D2-85FF-A7167A9325F8}  
Parish: Prestwich  
Postal Code: M25 2SW  
THE DOWER HOUSES HA-HA, HEATON PARK  
The Dower Houses Ha-Ha, Heaton Park: An Archaeological Watching Brief  
King, C Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2005, 34pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit  
A watching brief was undertaken during the restoration and construction work along the alignment of the early 19th century ha ha wall. Once the line of the original ha ha was established, the line of a new wall and ditch was set out some 1.7m from the original wall. The cutting of this trench revealed other archaeological features: at least two, and possibly three, ditches, one of unknown date with the other two probably relatively recent. A sequence of pits of unknown date and origin were also recorded. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM
Salford

Land at the Junction of Gravel Lane and Greengate, Salford

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Tameside

Fennyfields, Park Birdge, Oldham

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Wigan

Riverside Allotments, Wigan

Archaeological periods represented: PM
**Fylde**

(E.30.2072)  
Parish: Kirkham  
Postal Code: PR4 2YG  
34 ROMAN WAY, KIRKHAM  
*34 Roman Way, Kirkham, Lancashire: Archaeological Watching Brief*  
Blythe, K  
Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 14pp, figs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North  
The watching brief revealed no evidence for archaeological features or deposits. However, it appeared that the ground level had been made up, probably during the construction of the house and the neighbouring dwellings in the late twentieth century. [Au(abr)]  

**Lancaster**

(E.30.2073)  
Parish: Hornby-with-Farleton  
Postal Code: LA2 8JR  
HORNBY VILLAGE INSTITUTE  
*Hornby Village Institute, Hornby, Lancashire. Archaeological Watching Brief*  
Tonks, D  
Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 37pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North  
A watching brief was carried out during an extension. 17 foundation trenches and an elevator shaft pit were located, along with a raised garden and wall footing. A spread of cobbles, thought to be a soakaway feature, was also recorded, along with a medieval ploughsoil containing contemporary pottery. A medieval refuse pit was located, as well as a subsoil with finds that demonstrated the use of the site from the 12th to the 20th century. [Au(abr)]  
Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM  

(E.30.2074)  
Parish: Lancaster  
Postal Code: LA3 3ER  
33-35 PENNY STREET, LANCASTER  
*33-35 Penny Street, Lancaster, Lancashire. Archaeological Watching Brief*  
Clarke, S  
Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 22pp, colour pls, pls, figs, tabs, refs  
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North  
An archaeological watching brief was carried out during a building extension. A number of archaeological features were observed, including the external cellar wall of the main building and a stone-lined possible cesspit. A limited stratified finds assemblage consisted of a clay pipe and some potsherds, one identified as the rim of a second to third century AD Severn Valley ware wide-necked jar deposited in the backfill of the trench amid sherds of Samian and black burnished ware. It was thought possible that these finds were indicative of Roman cremations, disturbed by the later occupation of the area. [Au(abr)]  
Archaeological periods represented: RO, PM
Archaeological Investigation Project 2005

North West

(E.30.2075)  SD47766161
{4C9DE052-7F23-48B9-BB99-F9F51F756E1A}
Parish: Lancaster  Postal Code: LA3 3AR

LANCASTER POLICE STATION, THURNHAM STREET, LANCASTER

_Lancaster Police Station, Thurnham Street, Lancaster, Lancashire: Archaeological Watching Brief_

Tonks, D  Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2006, 43pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North
The watching brief was undertaken in two phases. A sandstone wall was exposed in the southern end of the side. During the ground reduction of the second phase, a collection of glass bottles was found on a surviving part of a cobbled cellar floor and a truncated flagstone surface was also observed. Four wells, three of which had been backfilled, were exposed at various points around the edge of the development site. One contained an iron pipe, suggesting that a pump had been installed. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(E.30.2076)  SD47606190
{29BCB572-B5C5-4E6F-AC93-B0F066F5674B}
Parish: Lancaster  Postal Code: LA1 1EZ

THE THREE MARINERS PUBLIC HOUSE, LANCASTER

_The Three Mariners Public House, Bridge Lane, Lancaster, Lancashire: Archaeological Watching Brief Report_

Clarke, J Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North
A watching brief was carried out during excavations for a refuse bin storage yard. Archaeological features observed included a demolished wall, probably a former garden wall, and a make-up layer that produced bricks and stone, some post-medieval pottery and some animal bone. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

Pendle

(E.30.2077)  SD8625037750
{65D09143-42E0-479B-BDB1-B94C2AA8879F}
Parish: Nelson  Postal Code: BB9 9RL

WALVERDEN WATER FLOOD ALLEVIATION SCHEME, NELSON, PENDLE

_Walverden Water Flood Alleviation Scheme, Nelson, Pendle, Lancashire: Archaeological Watching Brief_

Clarke, S  Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2006, 25pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North
No archaeological horizons were encountered within any of the excavated test pits. [Au(abr)]

Ribble Valley

(E.30.2078)  SD77814645
{B085D362-C31D-435D-A7FA-FD8A908F10502}
Parish: Grindleton  Postal Code: BB7 4NH

INSTALLATION OF SIGNAGE AT SAWLEY ABBEY, AND WHALLEY ABBEY GATEHOUSE

_Installation of Signage at Sawley Abbey, and Whalley Abbey Gatehouse, Lancashire: Archaeological Watching Brief_

McNicol, D  Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2006, 21pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North
No archaeological deposits were encountered. Nevertheless, finds were retrieved in unstratified contexts, in which fragments of animal bone and post-medieval pottery were found. At another location, two medieval tiles were recovered. [Au(abr)]
No archaeological features were observed although it was possible that the made ground may have related to the surface of a haulage yard known to have occupied the area. [Au(abr)]

The watching brief observed a general reduction in ground level and excavation of the strip foundations for the new building by machine excavator. No features were revealed in the course of the work beyond the possible cobbled surface and the stratigraphy identified correlated with that exposed in the evaluation test pits. From the finds it would appear that the deposits could be closely dated to between the first and second centuries AD, although there was activity in the later post-medieval period. [Au(abr)]

A watching brief was required as a condition of planning consent. A sequence of deposits was uncovered that demonstrated that at least two phases of construction during the Roman period. A continuous 'raft' of timbers, known as a corduroy, was uncovered at the base of Trench 1. The overlying clay also appeared to show evidence of turf. A later phase was visible as a linear clay cobbled features, running outside and parallel to the timber corduroy. The foundation may have represented an independent wall. The deposits with the eastern rampart of the early phases of the fort were at depth and were unlikely to be disturbed by a general garden activity. [Au(abr)]

No archaeological horizons were encountered during the watching brief, but an assemblage of finds recovered from the up-cast soil was of some interest, as some sherds dated to the late seventeenth or early eighteenth century. No finds of earlier date were encountered that might enhance our understanding of the development of the area from its inception in the medieval period. [Au(abr)]
Archaeological periods represented: PM

Merseyside Area

Liverpool

(E.03.2083) SJ33909066
{68CAF74E-C5C8-4AA5-BEB1-6D4E447CA1DA}
Parish: Liverpool Postal Code: L3 9UA

ST. PAUL’S SQUARE, LIVERPOOL
St. Paul's Square, Liverpool: Archaeological Watching Brief
Clarke, J Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2006, 18pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North
No significant archaeological features were seen during the watching brief. [Au(adr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Wirral

(E.03.2084) SJ34558982
{705895B7-956F-4EFB-ADE8-F25941FF4482}
Parish: Liverpool Postal Code: L1 5BE

WILLIAMSON’S GRAVE, ST. THOMAS’S CHURCH, LIVERPOOL
Archaeological Investigations into Williamson’s Grave, St. Thomas’s Church, Liverpool: Watching Brief Report
Elsworth, D Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2005, 28pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North
Numerous grave stones and plots were uncovered during a three day excavation period in the north-western part of the site. The intention was only to reveal the slabs, not to explore the burials themselves. However, in some instances the slabs were damaged or absent and the vaults had been disturbed, so that excavation down onto the level of the slabs revealed some disarticulated human bone. On the third day of the investigation the Tate vault was identified and the slab was found to be ex situ and had partly fallen into the vault. At the base of the slab was revealed the sides of a lead-lined coffin, which was that of Joseph Williamson, however there was no evidence of the coffin lid. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Woodchurch, Wirral, Holy Cross Church
Woodchurch, Wirral, Holy Cross Church: Report on an Archaeological Watching Brief
Crowe, C J Macclesfield : AAA Archaeological Advisors, 2005, 14pp, pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: AAA Archaeological Advisors
A watching brief was commissioned during the repair and renewal of flagstones in the floor of the nave and south aisle of the parish church of Holy Cross. In spite of the evident antiquity of the church and the present building, there were no archaeological features revealed during this exercise. Evidence for the collapse of some of the flagstone included the packing of the support for stones with boiler ash and clinker and the burrowing of small animals under the floor. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM
Archeological Investigations Project 2005

North West

Warrington

LAND AT WALTON LOCKS, CHESTER ROAD, WARRINGTON
Archaeological Watching Brief of Land at Walton Locks, Chester Road, Warrington
Poole, B Chester : L-P: Archaeology, 2005, 30pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: L-P: Archaeology

The archaeological investigation comprised the monitoring of ten trial pits on the above site. Each trench revealed 20th century make up resulting from several activities on the site. A series of dredging of the Manchester Ship Canal has brought in a great deal of sand and silt. Dumping of industrial materials such as metal, wood and building debris was identified in numerous trenches. [Au(abr]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

HARTLEYS BAR, BRIDGE STREET, WARRINGTON
Hartleys Bar, Bridge Street, Warrington: Report on an Archaeological Watching Brief
Crowe, C J Macclesfield : AAA Archaeological Advisors, 2005, 23pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: AAA Archaeological Advisors

This was a site of known archaeological significance. Despite a depressing amount of recent building rubble and the remains of badly constructed 19th and 20th century outhouses there was one discovery of national significance. The author believed the excavations uncovered a 4.5m section of the Friary precinct wall. On further excavation, the blocks proved to be the tap slag blocks and so were relegated to the 19th century. Perhaps of equal importance was that the alluvium, the natural subsoil at this point, probably represented the saltings at the edge of the River Mersey during the medieval period. This fertile soil was tilled for crops until the late 18th century. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PM