Buckinghamshire

Chiltern

(H.11.4631)

{8E9F8310-0BCE-4532-8628-A54422024014} Parish: Amersham

SU9665097000

Postal Code: HP7 9DQ

LAND AT BURY END, AMERSHAM

Land at Bury End, Amersham, Buckinghamshire. Magnetometer [Gradiometer] Survey

Noke : Oxford Archaeotechnics, 2006, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Johnson, A Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeotechnics

The survey revealed a number of anomalies consistent with silted buried cut features, including a former ditch and a few possible pit forms. However, the majority of the anomalies were ephemeral or seemingly associated with relatively recent activity. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

(H.11.4632) {6240F69F-0E5E-4F4E-A488-3FD91A2CA0C8} Parish: Chesham Bois **CHESHAM BOIS** Geophysical Survey Report. Chesham Bois Wood, EThornton : GSB Prospection, 2006, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Evidence for the medieval manor house was present within Area 2 in both the resistance and GPR surveys. The resistance results showed evidence for wall foundations, and while the GPR results were not as clear, there were anomalies present where the kitchens were situated. To the west of the extant house a strong high resistance and high amplitude response was situated, likely to be an in-filled cellar, confirmed by excavation. Magnetic survey was conducted over earthworks in the church field (Area 5) and a ditch type response running approximately east-west could be seen within the data. It was likely that this represented a former boundary ditch. Little other archaeological response were noted within the remaining areas, this was mainly due to the topography of the site which will have masked any features that were present. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD

East Sussex

Lewes			
Lewes			

(H.21.4633) {81617451-52A5-4B12-8C8E-3B12E42C2061} Parish: Lewes THE SUMMIT OF BRACK MOUNT IN LEWES Ground Penetrating Radar Survey at the Summit of Brack Mount In Lewes, East Sussex Eastbourne : Arrow Geophysics, 2006, 18pp, figs, refs, CD Gammon. A Work undertaken by: Arrow Geophysics A ground penetrating radar survey was carried out at the summit of Brack Mount in Lewes. The survey identified the remains of a significant built structure of possible military design, with ancillary structures within the primary footprint. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

SU96809970

Postal Code: HP6 6DF

TQ41451022

Postal Code: BN7 1YT

Rother

(H.21.4634) {94275D12-7F5A-4C87-A241-883F4E3CBD44} Parish: Icklesham **GREYFRIARS, WINCHELSEA**

TQ90601710

Postal Code: TN364DB

Ground Penetrating Radar Survey at Greyfriars, Winchelsea, East Sussex Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2006, 20pp, figs, refs, CD Archer, T Work undertaken by: Archaeology South East & Winchelsea Archaeological Society A geophysical survey was carried out using ground penetrating radar. The radar successfully imaged a number of masonry footings thought to be associated with the former Franciscan monastery that occupied the survey area and its environs between the 13th and 16th centuries AD. More recent pathway footings provide evidence for successive generations of formal gardening. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MO

(H.21.4635) {013B7B50-2169-423C-AE5D-4561052F84C0} Parish: Westfield HIGH LANKHURST FARM, WESTFIELD

HAARG Archaeological Resistivity Survey High Lankhurst Farm, Westfield Hastings Area Archaeological Research Group Hastings : Hastings Area Archaeological

Research Group, 2006, 4pp, figs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: Hastings Area Archaeological Research Group

A resistivity survey was conducted to establish the location of the Roman road leading from Hastings to Watling Street in Rochester. The resistivity survey revealed areas of high resistivity and therefore small test pits were dug over them. No indication of a road surface was revealed. Finds included iron slag, worked flint and pottery. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: IA

Wealden

(H.21.4636) {5543D473-F969-4B8C-A83D-FE0805591560} TQ81781366

Postal Code: TN354PH

TQ54501230

Postal Code: BN274AH Parish: Chiddingly POSSIBLE ROUTE OF ROMAN ROAD: MARESFIELD WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANT

Resistivity Survey of Possible Route of Roman Road: Maresfield Waste Water Treatment Plant, Sussex

Tibble, M Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2006, 16pp, figs, refs, CD Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

A resistivity survey was carried out in attempt to detect the line of the possible Roman road that may pass through the south western corner of the Maresfield waste water treatment plant. The results did not, unfortunately, unequivocally show the presence of a Roman road. However, the survey resulted in the location of some anomalies; a number of which may have been archaeological in origin. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Hampshire

East Hampshire

(H.24.4637) {74EC1486-145F-434E-94F2-905EE603002F} Parish: Alton

Postal Code: GU344EG

LAND TO THE REAR OF CHANDOS LODGE, ALTON Land to the rear of Chandos Lodge, Alton, Hampshire - Geophysical Survey Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2006, 28pp, figs, refs Harrison, TS Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS A magnetometer survey has not identified any anomalies thought to locate the postulated Roman road or other archaeological activity. [Au(adp)]

Fareham

(H.24.4638) {A6CE96D7-20A3-45BB-BE4A-883AAB3882FF} Parish: Wickham

LAND ADJACENT TO TITCHFIELD ABBEY BARN Land Adjacent to Titchfield Abbey Barn

Sabin, D & Donaldson, K Castle Combe : Archaeological Surveys, 2006, 27pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeological Surveys

A magnetometer survey was undertaken across 4ha of land adjacent to Titchfield Abbey Tithe Barn near Fareham. The survey located a number of linear and discrete anomalies although many of these lacked characteristics that allowed confident interpretation. A number of anomalies were likely to be related to the former use of the site as a golf course and include irrigation components and land drainage. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 57925 Archaeological periods represented: UD

Winchester

(H.24.4639)

{6C1931AC-F41C-484A-826F-709C890C67BA} Parish: Compton and Shawford

SU47202610

Postal Code: SO212BB

SOUTH WINCHESTER PARK AND RIDE SITE 3 South Winchester Park and Ride Site 3. Report on Archaeogeophysical Survey 2006 Bartlett, A D H North Leigh : Bartlett-Clark Consultancy, 2006, 10pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Bartlett-Clark Consultancy

A magnetometer survey was carried out. The northern field was heavily disturbed from former use as a motorway construction site, but anomalies of possible archaeological significance were found in the southern field. These included a possible enclosure, and linear and other features extending to the north. These findings could be consistent with the presence of a roadside settlement along the Roman road. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

SU72904038

SU53900640

Postal Code: PO144AX

Archaeological Investigations Project 2006

South East

SU54422247

Postal Code: SO321HT

(H.24.4640) {A6FFD5D4-01F6-41CD-BCC5-F76BF6EEB9E3} Parish: Upham **UPHAM** *Geophysical Surveys near Upham, Hampshire* ARCA Winchester : ARCA, 2006, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by*: ARCA

A gradiometer and resistivity survey were carried out, and each discovered a series of anomalies thought to represent negative archaeological features. Further work was suggested to examine the nature of these anomalies. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Isle of Wight Unitary Authority

Isle of Wight UA

(H.28.4641)

{41BD4088-B73B-443D-81F5-DD47F90DA24B} Parish: Gatcombe

CARISBROOKE CASTLE, PRIVY GARDEN

Carisbrooke Castle, Privy Garden, Isle of Wight. Report on Geophysical Survey Martin, L : English Heritage, 2006, 17pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: English Heritage

Geophysical surveys of an area of approximately 0.1 hectares were conducted over the Privy Garden at Carisbrooke Castle. A magnetometer and resistivity survey revealed features associated with the garden layout, such as flower beds. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Kent

Canterbury

(H.29.4642) {7D6365FA-F663-4EBB-BEC1-EC53E5129A35} Parish: Harbledown TR14505770

Postal Code: CT1 2PL

ST MILDRED'S TANNERY (3RD VISIT)

St Mildred's Tannery (3rd Visit), Canterbury, Phase 2B Geophysical Survey

Adcock, J Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2006, 10pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Despite taxing ground conditions, a relatively consistent data set was collected. Whilst it appeared that responses from both the purported Roman metalling and the wall itself had been recorded, little else of archaeological interest was identified. High values from the resistance survey and strong responses in the GPR data toward the east of the survey area were possibly an effect of features associated with an extant concrete tank forming the limit of the survey in that direction. The most promising anomaly identified was a linear feature comprising a series of high amplitude GPR reflections running roughly perpendicular to the city wall. This was tentatively interpreted as potentially being of archaeological importance. The response from the wall petered out toward the southern limits of the survey. It was unclear if this related to the degree of survival or merely inferior ground conditions in this area. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

SZ48508750

Postal Code: PO301XY

TR14505770

Postal Code: CT1 2PL

(H.29.4643) {81B2A3B2-DED2-41C0-BAB9-6E60DE95C195} Parish: Harbledown ST MILDRED'S TANNERY, CANTERBURY Geophysical Survey Report. St. Mildred's Tannery, Canterbury

Adcock, J Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2006, 15pp, figs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Whilst it was not possible to located the line of the city wall, the resistance and GPR data identified a linear feature of archaeological interest. Other anomalies were noted across the site. The magnetometer data was largely useless due to the ferrous nature of the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Dartford

(H.29.4644)

{5C7336C5-8F0E-46DA-A144-043E9DD70326} Parish: Southfleet

PINDEN QUARRY, LONGFIELD

 Fluxgate Gradiometer Survey of Proposed Extension Area. Pinden Quarry, Longfield, Kent

 Tibble, M
 Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2006, 13pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

A detailed fluxgate gradiometer magnetic survey was carried out over a total area of c.5ha on land sited to the north of the present quarry workings. The survey revealed some geophysical anomalies. It was not clear whether the anomalies were archaeological in nature, therefore it was suggested that further trial trenching be carried out. [AIP]

Dover

(H.29.4645)

{5785F779-6612-46B6-80D1-C160B0F81A3D} Parish: Dover

DOVER ROMAN LAWN/BATHHOUSE Dover Roman Lawn/Bathhouse

Wilkins, I Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2006, 14pp, colour pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The investigation identified a number of responses which matched some but not all the characteristics of a void. For this reason only potential voids were indicated in the report. It was likely that most if not all the high amplitude anomalies related to stones and brickwork representing in situ features or possible backfill from the previous excavation. Some anomalies appeared to form trends with some features of archaeological significance although they may also have related to excavation trenches. There was strong evidence of pipes/drains running through the site. It was assumed these were modern features. This could have been confirmed by consulting local service plans. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

(H.29.4646)
{D8621DBA-51F5-4558-BDB2-B76CE248184F}
Parish: Sandwich
MARY-LE-BONE HILL, SANDWICH
Mary-Le-Bone Hill, Sandwich, Kent. Geophysical Resistivity Survey

Burrows, V Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2006, 11pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

A geophysical resistivity survey was undertaken after the foundations of a suspected 13th century chapel was revealed during levelling work on the site. The survey was carried out tofurther investigate

TR31404180

Postal Code: CT161TR

TR32235802

Postal Code: CT130EY

TO597698

Postal Code: DA139NA

this area as part of an extensive ongoing historical research project. The site proved extremely poor for resistivity sampling due to the high concentration of moisture contained within the ploughsoil. Three previously unknown anomalies were observed of unknown origin. [Au(adp)]

Gravesham

(H.29.4647) TQ6504471381 {B216A7A1-4A1C-428B-89AF-706028041805} Parish: Cobham Postal Code: DA117SA FORMER SOUTHFIELDS SCHOOL, SINGLEWELL RD, SINGLEWELL, GRAVESEND An Arabacalogical Evaluation on Land at the Former Southfields School Singlewall Pd Singlewall

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at the Former Southfields School, Singlewell Rd, Singlewell, Gravesend, Kent

Riccoboni, P Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2006, 26pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a large housing development. The site was 250m north of the alignment of Watling Street. Twenty-four trial trenches were excavated to a cumulative length of 480m. A total of six features were identified and sampled. Two of the features contained modern material. The other four features produced no dating evidence. A possible Palaeolithic flint tool (but possibly later in date) was recovered from the subsoil in trench 7. The potential for finding further archaeological remains on this site was considered to have been low. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2006/2 *Archaeological periods represented:* MO, UD, PR

(H.29.4648) {19E4A8A3-0640-412E-8744-C359FC7C10B7}

Postal Code: DA123AW

TQ66306950

JESKYNS COMMUNITY GREENSPACE PROJECT PHASE III

Geophysical Survey Report. Jeskyns Community Greenspace Project Phase III, Kent Chester, F Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2006, 19pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Scanning found the background level of response to be generally low across the majority of the application area. Groups of anomalies were noted in Fields 1, 3 and 5; elsewhere isolated responses were also recorded for detailed survey. In Field 3 a linear response, noted in the previous survey, was found to continue to the north and a second linear response parallel to this was also identified; they appeared to be joined by a weaker linear anomaly. The data from this area was dominated by modern responses from both buried and overhead services. Two rectilinear enclosures were noted, in Field 3 and at the southern end of Field 5, although this second example was tentative as the responses were less coherent. A possible former boundary was noted in Field 1, although a natural origin was equally possible for this response and natural responses at the northern end of Field 3 may have indicated the location of a former water course. Areas of increased magnetic response were noted in Fields 1, 2, 3 and 9 and may have had some archaeological significance, however, such a conclusion must be treated with caution, as deeply buried ferrous material or natural variations in the subsoil may also have accounted for these responses. Other anomalies and trends have been identified throughout the data. The majority were weak and isolated. Natural or pedological variations in the subsoil, or agricultural activity could account for some or all of these responses. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MO

Archaeological Investigations Project 2006

South East

(H.29.4649) {CDADD26C-E55E-4A5F-9AAD-A3A67795D640} TQ66306950

Postal Code: DA123AW

KESKYNS COMMUNITY GREENSPACE PROJECT *Keskyns Community Greenspace Project, Kent*

Robertson, F Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2006, 15pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

A potential Roman villa, identified through aerial photography, was not apparent in the geophysical data. Elements of other cropmarks may have been visible as magnetic anomalies but it was not possible to clarify their nature completely. While an archaeological interpretation was possible for some of the responses, this was cautious, with a natural or agricultural origin was also a possibility. A trackway, noted in excavations, may have been identified in the data but the anomaly terminated within the survey block. Other archaeological features did not appear to extend into the survey areas. However, interpretation of the data in these survey blocks was complicated by the presence of a pipe, the strong magnetic response from which may have obscured any weaker, archaeological responses in the vicinity. Scanning elsewhere located several anomalies all of which were investigated by detailed survey. This revealed a possible former field boundary and a rectilinear enclosure, with some potential pit type anomalies within it. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MO

Sevenoaks

(H.29.4650) {44815AD8-7DB5-41CF-9504-62D4F961AD28} Parish: Chiddingstone TQ4984545271

Postal Code: TN8 7AB

LAND AT CHIDDINGSTONE CASTLE, CHIDDINGSTONE Fluxgate Gradiometer Survey Of Land At Chiddingstone Castle, Chiddingstone, Kent Tibble, M Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2006, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

A detailed fluxgate gradiometer magnetic survey was carried out over a total area of 2 ha on land situated immediately to the north of the present location of Chiddingstone Castle, Kent. The fluxgate gradiometer magnetic survey revealed a number of anomalies. Some of the geophysical anomalies related to the former 17th century formal gardens of the previous Jacobean mansion house. Other anomalies may have related to structures that existed prior to the formation of the artificial lake. [Au]

Shepway

(H.29.4651) {3A00CD99-81D0-4EC3-96BF-8E128985E11F} Parish: Hythe SHORNCLIFFE REDOUBT, FOLKESTONE Shorncliffe Redoubt, Folkestone, Kent

TR19303530

Postal Code: CT203TD

Gater, J Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2006, 9pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Resistance and magnetic survey confirmed the line of the redoubt defences despite the extensive modern disturbance across much of the site. In addition, the survey located the line of a later entrance and road to the redoubt. Unfortunately, most of the area proved unsuitable for geophysics because of the dense undergrowth, the tree and the modern debris on the ground surface. [Au(abr)]

Thanet

(H.29.4652) {B3329BAC-E673-4208-A11A-9964812705CD} Parish: St. Nicholas at Wade

TR28856660

Postal Code: CT7 0LT

MONKTON ROAD FARM, MONKTON Monkton Road Farm, Monkton, Kent. Geophysical Survey Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2006, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs Webb, A Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS A Bartington gradiometer survey in advance of a proposed horticultural development revealed a variety of possible archaeological features. [AIP]

SMR primary record number: 2006/253 Archaeological periods represented: UD

Milton Keynes Unitary Authority

Milton Keynes UA

(H.66.4653) {B620F64C-D401-4512-B166-64EDD55FA473} Parish: Campbell Park SITE G AND CAMPBELL PARK

Site G and Campbell Park, Central Milton Keynes, Milton Keynes Lisboa, IMilton Keynes : Archaeologica, 2006, 33pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeologica

The site had been subject to considerable modern dumping and disturbance. The survey detected numerous clearly defined magnetic anomalies, some of them forming slight clusters at various locations across the site. There were no circular and linear features representing definite enclosures. Features included possible pits, ditches and roundhouses. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 1074 Archaeological periods represented: UD

(H.66.4654) {F2BBDEF4-AE48-4CD3-922D-5B935885B981} Parish: Wavendon

SP91403860

SP8640039900

Postal Code: MK9 4AN

Postal Code: MK178AA

NOVA MK1 MILTON KEYNES

A Geophysical Survey of Nova MK1, Milton Keynes

Northampton : Northamptonshire County Council, 2006, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs Butler. A Work undertaken by: Northamptonshire Archaeology

A geophysical suvey was carried out on an area of land of approximately 26ha proposed for development. Magnetic susceptibility survey revealed a great deal of disturbance caused by the remains in a former exhibition ground and an area of enhanced readings in a field to the south east. Detailed gradiometer survey in that field located a possible ditched extension to a field boundary together with numerous small features thought likely to represent tree planting pits. Fields to the west generally produced only disturbed data associated with modern roads and hard standing. A subrectangular enclosure and linear ditches were identified in the most northerly part of the development area. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MO

Oxfordshire

Cherwell

(H.38.4655)

SP58402220

Postal Code: OX266AS

{262A1539-C274-45F8-BEF8-BE0A35D42D70} Parish: Bicester **OLD PLACE YARD, BICESTER** Ground Penetrating Radar, Old Place Yard, Bicester Archer, T Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2007, 27pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Arrow Geophysics, Oxford Archaeology Ten subsurface features which displayed radar characteristics of particular interest and did not obviously mirror the general trench of modern infrastructure were marked. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 1993

(H.38.4656) {A8E79575-B019-4E5D-B7A6-D77F7D0906FC} Parish: Caversfield **DYMOCK'S FARM, CAVERSFIELD**

Dymock's Farm, Caversfield, Oxfordshire Heard, H Upton Upon Severn : Stratascan, 2006, 30pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Stratascan

A magnetic susceptibility and detailed gradiometer survey was carried out over agricultural land to the north of Bicester. 36ha of magnetic susceptibility was surveyed, of which 7.2ha were targeted for detailed survey. Seven areas of detailed gradiometer survey were carried out, targeting a number of enhanced area long with an area of 'null' response. A large number of cut features of archaeological origin were identified throughout Area 7. Situated in the south-western corners of Areas 2 and 5 were a further areas of possible agricultural activity. [Au]

SMR primary record number: 17490 Archaeological periods represented: UD

(H.38.4657) {AD0D18F6-3B13-4E0F-A3AB-5FEDE9EB0E1E} Parish: Upper Heyford **UPPER HEYFORD PARK**

Upper Heyford Park, Oxfordshire. Magnetometer Survey

Sabin, D & Donaldson, K Castle Combe : Archaeological Surveys, 2006, 32pp, colour pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeological Surveys

A geophysical survey was carried out over 7ha within the former Upper Heyford Airbase. Detailed magnetic survey revealed widespread magnetic debris and disturbance from modern material such as buried services which were located within the majority of the survey areas. Low magnetic positive linear and discrete anomalies were found with nine of the fourteen separate survey areas, however, due to the proximity of modern structures and buried services, their origin could not be confidently interpreted. It was possible that such anomalies may have related to cut features but it was possible that they have a modern origin. [Au]

SMR primary record number: 17490 Archaeological periods represented: UD SP59002560

Postal Code: OX278TY

SP51502660

Postal Code: OX255HB

Oxford

(H.38.4658)

{697CE0F1-531D-4597-B476-1A426865E1BA} Parish: Risinghurst and Sandhills WARNEFORD HOSPITAL SPORTS FIELD, OXFORD

Warneford Hospital Sports Field, Oxford. Magnetometer Survey Sabin, D & Donaldson, K Castle Combe : Archaeological Surveys, 2006, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeological Surveys, Lang Hall Archaeology

The survey site was affected by magnetic disturbance from parked cars, sports furniture, buried

services and buildings. A pair of negative linear anomalies flanked a positive anomaly, and while it was possible they could have been a trackway, their position in relation to modern services suggested a modern origin. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Vale of White Horse

(H.38.4659) {36E48771-9436-4E2D-96AC-92E08486B2C9} Parish: Sutton Courtenay **MILTON PARK, DIDCOT** Milton Park, Didcot Chester, F Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2006, 48pp, figs, refs, CD SU49759230

Postal Code: OX144SW

Magnetic scanning found the general background magnetic levels to be low across the majority of the site. Two main areas of interest were identified; the south-eastern half of the scanned area and a narrow band adjacent to the western boundary. Elsewhere, isolated anomalies may also have had some significance but were not investigated by detailed survey. The detailed magnetic survey results corresponded well with the cropmark evidence and revealed a dense concentration of anomalies forming two groups of enclosures. One enclosure was formed by a large rectilinear enclosure with a smaller annexe attached to form an approximate "L" shape. This contained substantial internal activity, comprising further rectangular enclosures, several ring ditches and numerous pit type anomalies, although some of these may have related to quarry activity. The other group comprised several less regular, abutting enclosures and the internal landscape was notable for the quiet background and absence of any type of anomalies apart from a single, clearly defined ring ditch. A portion of the archaeological deposits forming this group had been obliterated by an area of quarrying and it was possible some of the other anomalies had been damaged by ploughing. Several parallel ditches traversing the survey area, close to the western edge, were likely to correspond to a trackway. Elsewhere other archaeological type responses were noted, however, they did not form any coherent patterns therefore a conclusive interpretation could not be formed. Two areas of resistance survey were carried out over strong magnetic anomalies which would be expected to give comparable results, however, Area 1 contained no convincing archaeological type responses while Area 2 clearly defined the enclosures and quarrying noted in the magnetic data. As no additional information had been revealed and given the variable results between the two areas, it was unlikely further resistance survey would contribute significantly to the understanding of this site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

SP53900610

Postal Code: OX3 7JX

Archaeological Investigations Project 2006

South East

Surrey

Elmbridge

(H.43.4660) {E6A79E50-BE2A-4E98-9DF5-8A6D0F6D7039} Parish: Byfleet **BROADWATER, WEYBRIDGE**

Geophysical survey report - Broadwater, Weybridge, Surrey Elks, D Upton Upon Severn : Stratascan, 2007, 21pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

Across the site several weak positive linear responses and other discreet responses were observed during the detailed magnetic survey with a Barrington grad 601-2, which may have had archaeological origins. A north to south linear anomaly may have been caused by a former field boundary. Further weak linear responses may have been caused by natural features related to the fluvial setting. Other responses identified seemed likely to be result of modern disturbances including fencing and services. One feature in the north of the site may have related to a burnt feature but would require further investigation to clarify. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

(H.43.4661) {D0AE39F2-A061-4F51-B75F-68919D7D625C} Parish: Ockham

M25 MSA, COBHAM

Geophysical survey report - M25 MSA, Cobham, Surrey

Smalley, R Upton Upon Severn : Stratascan, 2006, 27pp, colour pls, figs *Work undertaken by:* Stratascan

A detailed magnetic survey (gradiometry) was carried out over 15ha of agricultural land near the M25. The data was affected by magnetic disturbances that were likely to have been caused by the construction of the motorway. Positive linear anomalies of a possible archaeological origin were evident in the north-eastern limits of the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Tandridge

(H.43.4662) {82700F2A-ABEC-4E68-A7F7-FF4593C0C6C4} Parish: Godstone GODSTONE

Geophysical Survey Report. Godstone, Surrey Wood, EThornton : GSB Prospection, 2006, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The magnetic survey produced numerous responses of archaeological interest. A Roman road and a complex of anomalies indicative of roadside activity had been mapped. A number of strong anomalies had the potential of being of industrial origin, perhaps kilns or ovens. Former field boundaries were also identified. Resistance survey over a possible structure, identified in the magnetic survey at the postulated junction of two roads, did not add to the interpretation of the results. Excavation confirmed the presence of a structure of unknown dimensions that had evidence of intact floor surfaces, containing a small oven or kiln but there were no surviving wall foundations as such. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, RO

TQ07906540

Postal Code: KT138PP

TQ10505740

Postal Code: KT113LA

TQ35005070

Postal Code: RH9 8LX

West Sussex

Crawley

(H.45.4663) {0F689056-BF93-4DF8-AF23-E14A464E9B7E} TQ25793616

Postal Code: RH118PG Parish: Rusper LAND AT ST. WILFRID'S ROMAN CATHOLIC SECONDARY SCHOOL, **CRAWLEY**

Fluxgate Gradiometer Survey: Land at St Wilfrid's Roman Catholic Secondary School, Crawley Bunn, D Saxilby : Pre-Construct Geophysics, 2006, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Geophysics

A fluxgate gradiometer survey identified traces of former industrial activity. A number of weaker anomalies towards the north of the survey indicated buried ditches of an earlier origin. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Mid Sussex

(H.45.4664)

{95DC76D1-1B97-4226-8C40-665D25CD52E0} Parish: Slaugham

TQ26502950

Postal Code: RH176EB

A23 HANDCROSS TO WARNINGLID IMPROVEMENTS

Fluxgate Gradiometer and Resistivity Surveys: A23 Handcross to Warninglid Improvements, West Sussex

Jefferson, N & Bunn, D Saxilby : Pre-Construct Geophysics, 2006, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Geophysics

Fluxgate gradiometer and resistivity surveys were undertaken in three areas along the A23. The resistivity survey on all three areas recorded no traces of archaeological activity. The gradiometer survey identified a number of possible pits/areas of burning within Area 1, although a natural origin for these anomalies was a possibility. The survey also recorded a probable field boundary. [Au(abi)]

Windsor and Maidenhead Unitary Authority

Windsor and Maidenhead UA

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Geophysical Survey Report. Windsor Castle, Berkshire

Gater, J & Adcock, J Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2006, 12pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

A geophysical survey was carried out for the Channel 4 TV programme "Time Team". The surveys successfully mapped a number of buried services. The Upper Ward surveys identified a clear curving response that may have related to structural remains, as well as a second curving response associated with the Round Tower moat, a former roadway and a fuel tank. The Lower Ward surveys failed to find any features of archaeological interest. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD, MO

Wokingham Unitary Authority

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HATCH FARM DAIRIES, WINNERSH Hatch Farm Dairies, Winnersh, Berkshire

Heard, H Upton Upon Severn : Stratascan, 2006, 18pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

A gradiometer survey was carried out over approximately 10ha of agricultural land. The survey was unable to identified the series of weak cropmarks seen within the area from aerial photography. However, a number of weak positive linear anomalies and a weak rectilinear anomaly may represent cut features of archaeological origin. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

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