

County of Herefordshire Unitary Authority

County of Herefordshire

(H.60.4715) SO51203980
{53566DF7-6F29-48EA-8530-CB31D2D41881}
Parish: Hereford Postal Code: HR1 2JE

HEREFORD CATHEDRAL CLOSE, HEREFORD

Hereford Cathedral Close, Hereford

Heard, H Upton Upon Severn : Stratascan, 2006, 28pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

A geophysical survey located a number of features of possible archaeological origin. Discrete areas of high resistance may relate to structural debris or ground disturbance. The magnetometer was of limited success. The GPR located a number of services. The continuation of the Saxon road and mass grave was also seen in the GPR data. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM

Shropshire

Bridgnorth

(H.39.4716) SJ73000960
{57E36E05-5947-4866-95BE-3D76C08A0BA8}
Parish: Shifnal Postal Code: TF2 9GQ

LAND AT EAST PRIORSLEE, TELFORD

Land at East Priorslee, Telford, Shropshire -Geophysical Survey

Harrison, T S & Webb, A Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2006, 24pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

A magnetometer survey identified an enclosure with numerous internal features. The western ditch of the enclosure was outside the western boundary of the Scheduled area, while the southern ditch was located only 25m south of the current A5, i.e. 75m north of the southern Scheduled Ancient Monument boundary. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Staffordshire

Tamworth

(H.41.4717) SK20900420
{E6426919-B8ED-49A0-903C-AA41B8C75DC6}
Parish: Wigginton and Hopwas Postal Code: B79 7AR

GUNGATE PRECINCT, TAMWORTH

Gungate Precinct, Tamworth, Staffs

Smalley, R Upton Upon Severn : Stratascan, 2006, 31pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

A geophysical survey by GPR was successful in locating a number of anomalies of possible archaeological origin. These anomalies were in the form of complex and discrete features, possibly indicating the remains of former structures. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

West Midlands

Coventry

(H.06.4718)

SP38708050

{4BA61090-3639-4A5F-9480-27C5AC7DD213}

Parish: Combe Fields

Postal Code: CV2 2BH

WALSGRAVE, COVENTRY***EDP 209 Walsgrave, Coventry***

Chester, F Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2006, 52pp, figs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Scanning found the background levels of response to be generally low across the majority of the area. A few isolated anomalies were identified; detailed survey was positioned in order to cover these responses, to test "blank" areas and to give a good spatial coverage across the site. Detailed magnetic survey supported the scanning results. Magnetically disturbed ground adjacent to the soil storage area was considered to be modern in origin and any weaker archaeological anomalies within this area would have been obscured. Elsewhere, isolated trends and anomalies had been identified, however, they were weak and most likely to be the result of natural variations in the subsoil or relatively modern agricultural activity. One pasture field contained evidence for ridge and furrow cultivation. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UD**Solihull**

(H.06.4719)

SP2242881731

{40FCF3CA-E25D-4DA9-866D-F028606994FD}

Parish: Meriden

Postal Code: CV7 7LL

MERIDEN QUARRY***Meriden Quarry Proposed Extension***

Sabin, D & Donaldson, K Castle Combe : Archaeological Surveys, 2006, 24pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Surveys

A number of anomalies were noted. However, it was uncertain whether these anomalies were of archaeological or natural origin. [Au(adp)]

Walsall

(H.06.4720)

SO98509850

{D898ADC3-36B7-41F1-952D-54ACD27B188E}

Postal Code: WS2 0PA

SITE OF BENTLEY HALL, BENTLEY, WALSALL***Site of Bentley Hall, Bentley, Walsall, West Midlands - Report on Geophysical Surveys, May 2006***

Horsley, TJ Birmingham : Birmingham Archaeology, 2006, 29pp, colour pls, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An archaeological geophysical survey was carried out. The monument identified by the survey was a hall house dating to the 15th century. [AIP]

SMR primary record number: SBL7236*Archaeological periods represented:* MD

Worcestershire

Worcester

(H.93.4721) SO82305430
{77ECF064-C6C4-42BA-9A6F-1B8F4FF67D2A}

Parish: Rushwick Postal Code: WR2 5JG

GROVE FARM, WORCESTER

Geophysical Survey Report. Grove Farm, Worcester

Heard, H Upton Upon Severn : Stratascan, 2006, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

A gradiometer survey was carried out and recorded a series of anomalies of modern origin, as well as some agricultural marks and pedological features. No definite archaeological remains were noted. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UD

Wychavon

(H.93.4722) SO92506650
{46F41150-6DD3-40E8-80A6-12B7A4395DB6}

Parish: Dodderhill Postal Code: WR9 0DE

WYCHBOLD COURT

Wychbold Court, Worcestershire

Robertson, F Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2006, 17pp, figs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

There was a good correlation between the results from both the magnetic and resistance surveys. The magnetic data was dominated by modern ferrous responses. A single linear anomaly of archaeological potential was identified on the same alignment as a ha ha and may have indicated associated landscaping activities, this was also apparent in the resistance data. The area within the ha ha contained a zone of high resistance and trends in both data sets which may have indicated archaeological activity on the site. However, the responses were weak and could equally have been the product of modern landscaping. Two rectilinear areas of high resistance were identified at the front of the house, one on the lawn and the other adjacent to the road. They may have been of some significance, but given the large quantity of recent landscaping, a modern origin could not be discounted. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UD

(H.93.4723) SO87706230
{2618683A-BFAA-4E32-9AB1-75284F91DC79}

Parish: Salwarpe Postal Code: WR9 0AH

DROITWICH CANAL RESTORATION

Droitwich Canal Restoration

Wilkins, I Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2006, 13pp, figs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The electromagnetic results suggested that most of the site was underlain by clay of alluvial and/or geological origin. This was supported by the auger survey undertaken by the Worcestershire Historic Environment and Archaeology Service. Within the survey area two potential features, a sand/gravel bank and pond, were identified, however, both anomalies could equally be accounted for by changes in the underlying solid geology. A known foul water sewer was also evident within the data. The data did not show any obvious palaeochannels. This did not rule out the possibility that they were present within the survey area. The lack of detection may have been due to insufficient contrast between the channels and flood plain deposits. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

Wyre Forest

(H.93.4724)

SO83007690

{DC32273C-6E5F-4647-8B58-1977A79C21FB}

Parish: Wolverley and Cookley

Postal Code: DY102JN

ST MARY & ALL SAINTS CHURCH, KIDDERMINSTER***St Mary & All Saints Church Kidderminster***

Adcock, J Thornton : GSB Propection, 2006, 33pp, figs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: GSB Propection

Potential structural remains were indicated by a broad spread of strong reflectors between the modern day flowerbed and rockery, some 30m north of St. Mary and All Saints Church. This correlated well with the previously documented parch marks. Although perhaps not on the scale of a Minster, the responses were clearly of archaeological interest. It was possible that a zone of weak responses north of the rockery related to robbed-out remains, in which case the total spread of response would have been nearer the size expected of a Minster, however, this remained a highly tentative interpretation. Numerous burials and services have also been identified along with shallow trends and responses assumed to relate to landscaping and former churchyard layouts. It has not been possible to comment on the former topography of this part of the site. In the northern survey area, responses relating to former buildings shown on the early edition OS mapping were identified. One of these was most likely to be a cellar beneath the former inn site, whilst other deep reflectors were either small cellars, or remains of split-level properties. There was some evidence to suggest that the yards behind the properties were terraced, rising up towards the south. The generally quiet time slices suggested that the current land surface was made up of relatively homogenous material, rather than coarse demolition rubble. [Au(adp)].

Archaeological periods represented: UD