South West Bath & North East Somerset

Bath and North East Somerset

(H.47.4984/2008) ST65586882

Parish: Keynsham Postal Code: BS182BT

KEYNSHAM ABBEY

A Report for Wansdyke Council on a Geophysical Survey carried out at Keynsham Abbey

Stratascan Upton-upon-Severn: Stratascan, 1995, 16pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

It was thought that an area of higher resistance was an area of rubble from the demolition of abbey buildings. Several larger rooms were identified the most north-west being the conjectural day room south of the chapter house. It was felt that there were several smaller rooms within the centre of the area which may have been a part of the living quarters or a kitchen range. It was possible that some magnetic anomalies were flues or hearth sites. A strong linear feature was thought to be the precinct wall of the abbey with three features cutting at right angles and may have been part of an entrance from the east. It was also suggested that there was a shallow ditch to the west of the precinct wall and an apron beyond the ditch. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.47.4988/2008) ST75706250

Parish: Postal Code: BA2 5DE

NORTH ROAD, COMBE DOWN (2)

A Report for Scott Wilson Mining on a Ground Probing Radar Survey carried out at North Road, Combe Down

Jones, C Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, Report: 1794 2003, 20pp, figs Work undertaken by: Stratascan

The survey was successful in locating the interface between the mixed quarry fill and the stratified limestone beds overlying the mines. The line ran adjacent to the north side of North Road. Many other features seen as discrete anomalies in the subsurface were interpreted as either voids, shallow pits or unstable limestone. In several areas the limestone interface at the base of the weathered overburden was also seen. Results of the trials in Firs Field did not show any evidence of the mine roof at depths between 5-5.9 metres. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.47.4990/2008) ST60806710

Parish: Whitchurch Postal Code: BS140JQ

LYON'S COURT FARM, WHITCHURCH

Geophysical Survey Report. Lyon's Court Farm, Whitchurch, Somerset

Stephens, C & Wood, E Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/09 2008, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

A number of anomalies of likely archaeological interest were detected. These included enclosures, possible occupation areas and part of a possible ring ditch, all located south of Lyon's Court and Church Farms. This complex appeared to be bounded in the west by a ditch. Elsewhere, some isolated anomalies and trends were noted which may have been of archaeological interest, but could equally have had natural, agricultural or modern origins. Trends indicating past cultivation were also detected, as were responses of a probable natural origin. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

Cornwall

Caradon

(H.15.4991/2008) SX22966490, SX20086486

Parish: Dobwalls and Trewidland Postal Code: PL144LD, PL146LA

A38 DOUBLEBOIS BYPASS

A Report for Wessex Archaeology on a Geophysical Survey carried out at A38 Doublebois Bypass, Cornwall

Mercer, E Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, Report: 1742 2008, 54pp, figs Work undertaken by: Stratascan

The reconnaissance technique of magnetic susceptibility employed along the route of the proposed bypass showed four fields of particular susceptibility enhancement. These were targeted with detailed magnetometry together with a fifth field showing general enhancement. The magnetometer results successfully located features of possible archaeological potential related mainly to field boundaries and field systems. There was also evidence of possible ridge and furrow. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD

OASIS ID: no

(H.15.4992/2008) SX21106510

Parish: Postal Code: PL146JR

COLDWIND LANE, DOBWALLS

Geophysical Survey Report. Coldwind Lane, Dobwalls

Stephens, C Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/62 2008, 8pp, colour pls, figs, tabs,

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The site had very high magnetic background levels, attributed to the local geology and possibly some modern sources. These high levels hindered the identification and interpretation of many weaker responses within the data. A strong linear anomaly, bisecting the field north/south, was thought to be a former field boundary. A few other linear responses in the field may also have archaeological potential. However, in the absence of a definitive pattern, interpretation was cautious. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Parish: Looe Postal Code: PL132AB, PL132DJ

LOOE & LOOE ISLAND

Geophysical Survey Report. Looe & Looe Island, Cornwall. Time Team Series XVI Programme V

GSB Prospection Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/27 2008, 8pp, colour pls,

figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Magnetic data were collected on the mainland site only, and showed a number of ditches which may have represented former land divisions, perhaps associated with the chapel. Natural anomalies were located throughout the dataset. A modern pipe was also detected within the data. Small areas of resistance survey were carried out over the Monks House site and St. Michael's Chapel. Both datasets indicated that archaeological remains were present. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: gsbprosp1-72332

(H.15.4996/2008) SW79304450

Parish: Kenwyn Postal Code: TR1 3XJ

GLOWETH, TRURO

Geophysical Survey Report. Gloweth, Truro

Gater, JThornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/06 2008, 9pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs, CD *Work undertaken by:* GSB Prospection

The survey has succeeded in mapping a number of anomalies of potential archaeological interest, the majority of which related to former field boundaries visible on old maps of the site. Unfortunately the extent of modern disturbance on the site has affected the quality of the data and the resultant high magnetic levels were likely to have masked weaker archaeological responses. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.15.4998/2008) SW71704760

Parish: St. Agnes Postal Code: TR4 8TL

MOUNT HAWKE, LAND ADJACENT TO THE OLD SCHOOL Geophysical Survey Report. Mount Hawke, Land Adjacent to The Old School

Adcock, J Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/52 2008, 10pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

A number of potential former field boundaries were identified, one of which was apparent on early Ordnance Survey maps. Two other boundaries appeared to form a trackway with amorphous anomalies and trends on either side. However, whilst they may have been anthropogenic, the distribution of the flanking responses did not form patterns readily identifiable as archaeological features. They could have been natural or agricultural in origin. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

(H.15.4999/2008) SW85305910

Parish: St. Newlyn East Postal Code: TR8 4PU

TREVARTHIAN FARM, KESTLE MILL Geophysical Survey Report. Trevarthian Farm, Kestle Mill

Wilkins, I Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/56 2008, 7pp, colour pls, figs, tabs,

refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The site had very high magnetic background levels, attributed to the local geology, and although these may have masked weaker responses, it was still possible to identify potential archaeological features in the data. A strong linear response, bisecting the field east-west, was thought to be a field boundary, although it might have represented part of a former enclosure ditch. Other strong linear responses in the southern, upland half of the field may also have archaeological potential. However, in the absence of a definitive pattern, interpretation was difficult. A combination of the steep slope, former ploughing and natural variations within the soil are likely to account for many of the responses identified within the data. Most strong ferrous anomalies are thought to be modern in origin. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: no

(H.15.5001/2008) SW81904390

Parish: Postal Code: TR1 2DE

TOLGARRICK FARM, TRURO Geophysical Survey Report. Tolgarrick Farm, Truro

Stephens, C Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/21 2008, 11pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Despite high levels of background variation resulting from geological conditions, a number of anomalies of likely archaeological interest were detected. The majority of these were linear responses interpreted as boundary ditches with a distribution densest in the east of the application area. They were therefore possibly associated with the medieval settlement of Tolgarrick. A few pit-like anomalies which, although possibly natural, may have resulted from quarrying activities were also detected. A possible "Cornish" field boundary was identified, together with a number of weak trends, which may have been of archaeological interest, but could equally have had natural, agricultural or modern origins. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.15.5004/2008) SW77003500

Parish: Postal Code: TR109EU

TREMOUGH PHASE 2A (II)

Geophysical Survey Report. Tremough Phase 2A, Tremough Campus, Cornwall

Wilkins, E Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/19 2008, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

While a number of potential archaeological anomalies were identified, no definite archaeological features could be mapped. Most anomalies of interest were linear or curvilinear responses that could have been former field boundaries or trackways, though some may have related to the features identified to the south of the site in the earlier geophysical work. Interpretation of the present results was tentative because of the difficulties encountered during the survey. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.15.5005/2008) SW72603470

Parish: Stithians Postal Code: TR166PD

TREMOUGH PHASE 2A (I)

Tremough Phase 2A Geophysical Survey. Statement of Archaeological Implications

Jones, A Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, Report: 2008027 2008, 3pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council The survey at the site led to the discovery of a small number of potential archaeological features, which were likely to require further recording as part of an agreed programme of archaeological recording. The site was covered in modern disturbance that may have hidden further anomalies that may have been of an archaeological origin. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID: no

(H.15.5007/2008) SS22200580

Parish: Bude-Stratton Postal Code: EX238AF

BINHAMY FARM, BUDE

Geophysical Survey Report. Binhamy Farm, Bude

Wood, E Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/37 2008, 9pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The potential prehistoric/Romano-British enclosure, as highlighted in the archaeological assessment, was clearly visible in the results from Area 5, as were a number of internal and external magnetic anomalies of possible interest. A ring ditch was also identified in Area 2, and remnants of the moated manor were apparent in Area 9. Elsewhere, other archaeological responses included potential enclosures, possible fishponds, curvilinear features, field systems, ditches, pits and ridge and furrow. Modern ploughing, drains, old field boundaries and ferrous responses were also evident throughout the survey areas. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, UD, MD

OASIS ID: no

(H.15.5009/2008) SX06607680

Parish: St. Tudy Postal Code: PL303NZ

ST. TUDY SCHOOL

Geophysical Survey Report. St. Tudy School, Cornwall

Adcock, J Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/51 2008, 9pp, colour pls, figs, tabs,

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The survey revealed a set of three enclosures ranging from approximately 20m up to a maximum of 60m across, two of which [in the east of the application area] were intersecting, and therefore indicative of different phases of construction. Whilst all three enclosures had internal features, there was some question as to the antiquity of those within the easternmost example. The two intersecting enclosure ditches lay just east of a diffuse "edge", which

demarcated a shift to a zone of diminished magnetic response running through the centre of the field. In places, this appeared to be associated with lines of small pit-like anomalies. The largest enclosure [at the western end of the application area] was adjacent to a zone of increased response within which lay a number of pit and ditch-like anomalies, though they did not form any clear patterns. Presumed ploughing trends were also visible in the data here. A known former field boundary had been clearly mapped, along with numerous small, isolated pit-like anomalies and trends. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

OASIS ID: no

(H.15.5011/2008) SW45603130

Parish: Penzance Postal Code: TR183JP

MOUNTS BAY SCHOOL, PENZANCE

Geophysical Survey Report. Mounts Bay School, Penzance

Stephens, C Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/61 2008, 10pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

No definitive evidence for major archaeological features was identified within the application area. A few anomalies which could have indicated former boundary features were detected, but the interpretation was cautious. A number of weak trends and incoherent pit-type responses were present in the data-sets. These formed no obvious archaeological patterns and seemed more likely to arise from a combination of former agriculture, natural and modern factors. A considerable number of large scale ferrous responses were recorded. These were all the product of modern features and most related to the current use of the site as playing fields. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: no

(H.15.5013/2008) SW94305270

Parish: St. Stephen-in-Brannel Postal Code: PL267RN

BRANNEL SCHOOL, ST. STEPHEN

Geophysical Survey Report. Brannel School, St. Stephen

Adcock, J Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/71 2008, 11pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The results of the survey were affected by modern disturbances associated with the existing school buildings and paraphernalia on and around the playing fields. In addition, the near surface bedrock added to the background magnetic noise. Despite these complications, a series of old boundaries and field systems was identified. There were numerous linear and curvilinear ditches and one possible small enclosure. A number of pits and other features of archaeological interest were also recorded. Given the high levels of noise, more ephemeral features may well have been missed. There is one area of enhanced magnetic readings which is difficult to interpret. It could have indicated a concentration of archaeological features, but it seemed more likely to be associated with landscaping, or perhaps former mining activity. A possible old mineshaft was highlighted in the data along with some other responses likely to be associated with a soakaway and possible mine-working, though an archaeological origin could not be ignored. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

(H.15.5014/2008) SX03005230

Parish: Treverbyn Postal Code: PL253NR

PENRICE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

Geophysical Survey Report. Penrice Community College

Gater, JThornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/47 2008, 8pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The footprint of the proposed new building was found to be totally magnetically disturbed. It was believed that the land has been artificially raised and levelled, and as such the geophysical survey failed to detect anything of interest. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: no

Devon

East Devon

(H.18.5015/2008) SY00799312

Parish: Clyst Honiton Postal Code: EX5 2BL

EXETER AIRPORT BUSINESS PARK, CLYST HONITON & AYLESBEARE Land at Exeter Airport Business Park, Clyst Honiton & Aylesbeare, East Devon:

Results of an Archaeological Magnetometer Survey

Dean, R South Molton : South West Archaeology, Report: 081013 2008, 19pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: South West Archaeology

Four sets of anomalies were recorded that indicated potential archaeological features. These potential features were provisionally identified as a ditch forming a partial circle with a projected diameter of 12.5-metres, a curving series of possible pits, another ditch and a linear feature, possibly another ditch or an earthen bank. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: southwes1-49861

(H.18.5017/2008) SY23389137

Parish: Seaton Postal Code: EX122TH

LAND AT SEATON HEIGHTS

Land at Seaton Heights, Devon. Detailed Gradiometer Survey Report

Urmston, B & Fry, R Salisbury: WA Heritage, Report: 684480.02 2008, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: WA Heritage

The detailed gradiometer survey did not identify any anomalies of clear archaeological potential, although several responses may have had some significance. A possible former field boundary was identified, along with a number of linear trends on a similar alignment, possibly relating to former agricultural practice. Much of the survey was dominated by modern service infrastructure. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

(H.18.5020/2008) SX95608940

Parish: Postal Code: EX2 7DR

TOPSHAM ROAD, EXETER

Geophysical Survey Report. Topsham Road, Exeter

Graham, C Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, Report: J2478 2008, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

A gradiometer survey was carried out on arable land to the north-west of Topsham. The survey identified a number of anomalies that may have been archaeological in origin. Positive anomalies were identified as filled-in cut features such as ditches, and negative anomalies were interpreted as ploughed-out banks or earthworks. Many of these anomalies could be attributed to former field boundaries. A quantity of magnetic disturbance and debris was thought to have been caused by modern activity and interference. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.18.5021/2008) SX91109036

Parish: Exeter Postal Code: EX2 8TL

IDE PARK AND RIDE, ALPHINGTON

Ide Park and Ride, Alphington, Devon. Report of a Detailed Gradiometer Survey and an Archaeological Watching Brief of a Geotechnical Soil Survey

Bryant, A Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, Report: 69871.01 2008, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Results from the gradiometer survey highlighted a number of anomalies believed to be of an anthropogenic origin. Of these, a linear feature running on a north-west to south-east orientation appeared to correlate well with the site of a mill race. Further anomalies may have related to features associated with this. The watching brief monitored twenty boreholes, and identified made ground in two of these. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

Mid Devon

(H.18.5024/2008) ST08221699

Parish: Burlescombe Postal Code: EX167JT

HANSON TOWN FARM, BURLESCOMBE

Hanson Town Farm, Burlescombe, Devon, Geophysical Surveys

Hale, D Durham : Archaeological Services Durham University, Report: 1905 2008, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Durham, Archaeological Services

Geophysical survey was undertaken at Hanson Town Farm. The surveys of Areas A and B may have detected evidence for iron-working in the form of possible smelting furnaces, like those detected previously to the west, and areas of associated waste such as slag. Such features, if proven, might have been considered to be of regional significance. Possible traces of ridge and furrow cultivation and former field boundaries were detected across parts of the area, some of which may have been medieval. These features would be of local significance.

Occasional magnetic anomalies throughout the study area could reflect the remains of ditch and gully features of unknown date, though a number of the longer anomalies corresponded to grassed tracks evident on the ground and on recent aerial photographs. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD

OASIS ID: archaeol3-41047

North Devon

(H.18.5025/2008) SS55603360

Parish: Barnstaple Postal Code: EX311JL

RGB SITE, ROLLE STREET, BARNSTAPLE

Geophysical Survey Report: RGB Site, Rolle Street, Barnstaple

Elks, D Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, Report: J 2151 2006, 9pp,colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Stratascan

A trial survey was carried out to assess whether ground anchors were present behind a concrete wall retaining the River Yeo. Data gathered from over a control area of known ground anchors was unsuccessful in detecting their presence. Subsequent surveys over the area of interest also proved unsuccessful in detecting any ground anchors. It must be noted that this does not mean ground anchors are not present within the area, only that the techniques used were unable to identify any. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: no

(H.18.5027/2008) SS83401530

Parish: Witheridge Postal Code: EX168QN

PILLIVEN FARM, WITHERIDGE

Pilliven Farm, Witheridge, Devon. Results of an Archaeological Gradiometer Survey

Dean, R South Molton: South West Archaeology, Report: 080318 2008, 32pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: South West Archaeology

A gradiometer survey was carried out and recorded a number of anomalies, comprising possible ploughing patterns, a likely extension to a field boundary, and two faint circular collections of anomalies. Further archaeological work was recommended to fully investigate the nature of the anomalies. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.18.5033/2008) SX86617887

Parish: Chudleigh Postal Code: TQ130JJ

THE BISHOP'S PALACE, PALACE FARM, CHUDLEIGH

The Bishop's Palace, Palace Farm, Chudleigh, Devon. Results of an Archaeological Earth-Resistance Survey

South West Archaeology South Molton: South West Archaeology, Report: 080529

2008, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: South West Archaeology

Numerous linear anomalies were recorded across the site, and were likely to represent the Bishop's Palace. Other linear anomalies may have represented fields, ploughing and/or a separate phase of archaeological structures. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 60673

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD

OASIS ID: no

West Devon

(H.18.5035/2008) SX36098501

Parish: Lifton Postal Code: PL159QU

MINE FIELD, POLSON

Geophysical Survey Report. Mine Field, Polson, Devon, Parish of Lifton. Study Submitted for MA in Landscape Archaeology

Thomas, S Bristol: Bristol University, 2008, 42pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Bristol University

The SMR entry for Mine Field was created due to aerial photographic evidence that showed a large rectangular enclosure in the south eastern area of the field. It was thought that the crop mark may have been the remains of a Roman fort. Field investigation of the site in 1982 concluded that the site was not a suitable position for a Roman fort. This did not, however, satisfactorily explain what the enclosure could have represented and so the site was chosen for this study to see if any further knowledge and the archaeological activity represented by the crop mark could be gained. The geophysical survey data did not show a rectangular enclosure but the results instead added to the picture of the agricultural history of the site. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: archaeol12-47168

(H.18.5036/2008) SX51308470

Parish: Lydford Postal Code: EX204AJ

LYDFORD

Geophysical Survey Carried Out At Lydford, Devon

Belcher, M Llansoy: Sitescan Archaeological, Report: L/EA/01/08 2008, 22pp, colour pls, figs,

Work undertaken by: sitescan archaeological

The survey found features with possible archaeological origin. The most prominent was a double ditch and bank and two trackways. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.18.5037/2008) SX57506784

Parish: Meavy Postal Code: PL206PG

YELLOWMEAD MULTIPLE STONE CIRCLES AND AN ADJACENT CAIRN, YELLOWMEAD DOWN, SHEEPSTOR

Archaeological Geophysical Survey in Peatland Environments: Case Study Survey at Yellowmead Multiple Stone Circles and an Adjacent Cairn, Yellowmead Down, Sheepstor, Dartmoor: Interim Report

Armstrong, K Bournemouth: Armstrong, K, 2008, 31pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Kayt Armstrong

Geophysical surveys were conducted over Yellowmead Stone Circles and an adjacent cairn. as part of ongoing research into archaeological geophysical prospection in peat land environments. The objectives were to test four different geophysical techniques in this environment, to establish the reliability of the antiquarian reconstruction of the monuments, to look for a suggested stone row to the west of the circles and to examine the relationship between the cairn and the circles. The surveys revealed several targets of archaeological interest, and resolved some of the questions about the site. New potentially archaeological features were identified below the line of the leat in line with the stone rows, and adjacent to the small cairn to the north of the main circles. The larger stones of the circles were visible in both the radar and resistivity surveys and the leat and its bank showed up well in both. The radar results suggested an area with buried small stones covering the inner area of the circles, lending weight to the argument that this was originally some sort of encircled cairn monument, rather than four free standing concentric rings. The conductivity, magnetic susceptibility and gradiometer survey all showed some response to the stone circles, again more specifically to the larger stone settings. None of the surveys revealed anything at odds with the 1920's reconstruction of the site, nor any definitive evidence for stone rows extending down slope of the circles. The surveys also showed non-archaeological features, with the footpaths showing up. The resistivity and radar in particular, showed that the character of the soil down slope of the leat appeared to be quite different to the rest of the site. Overall, the radar proved the most informative technique, giving a greater level of detail of the stone circles and a greater number of potential targets than the other techniques. Additional features near to the cairn were located by the GPR which would require further investigation to determine their nature and where they fit in the chronology of the site. There is a possibility that the GPR survey detected a continuation of the stone row to the west of the leat but due to the character of the response in this area, ground truthing was required to state this with any certainty. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: no

North Dorset

(H.19.5039/2008) ST92000850

Parish: Tarrant Monkton Postal Code: DT118BN

DOWNLANDS SCHOOL, BLANDFORD CAMP

Geophysical Survey Report. Non-Invasive Underground Investigation at Downlands School,

Blandford Camp, Blandford, Dorset

Wilkins, I Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/24 2008, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The gradiometer survey was hampered by strong magnetic responses from both playground equipment within the survey grids and from adjacent buildings. Together these masked a large area and the end result was low levels of confidence in the interpretation. One large ferrous response was recorded but this was a suspected pipe. The GPR survey produced more promising results with two anomalies suggestive of voids, although in both instances the responses could easily have originated from utilities or the ground make-up. Other responses, although not classified as voids, could have been of interest. These included six shallow responses and two deeper anomalies, but in all cases alternative explanations could be applied. The north-east corner of the playground had groups of responses that could be the result of past structural remains, although alternative explanations included redundant utilities or foundations for adjacent walls. Given the concentration of responses in this corner the presence of munitions or explosives could not be ruled out. [Au(abr)]

West Dorset

(H.19.5040/2008) ST63101700

Parish: Sherborne Postal Code: DT9 4AX

BARTON FARM, SHERBORNE

Geophysical Survey Report. Barton Farm, Sherborne, Dorset

Adcock, J Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/25 2008, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs,

refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The scanning and subsequent detailed survey revealed an unusual pattern of response across the application area. This was characterised by a series of very strong ditch type anomalies that clearly had archaeological potential. However, they were difficult to correlate with each other, given the lack of a wider context, but their similar response characteristics certainly suggested that they were related. The most interesting examples were an isolated 80m length of ditch, with a distinct curve at the eastern end, and a rectilinear ditch forming two sides of what could have been an enclosure. Both terminated very abruptly with no geophysical evidence of a continuation and, in the case of the former, very few other associated archaeological anomalies. The partial enclosure appeared to have an "entranceway" on the southern side, and immediately to the north were a series of strong pits potentially containing burnt or fired material. Weaker linear anomalies were also recorded which were likely to be of archaeological interest, although in some cases the potential for drains or former field boundaries could not be ruled out. A number of faint pit-like anomalies of indistinct origin (there was little evidence to suggest either an anthropogenic or natural source) were detected across the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.19.5041/2008) SY64609510

Parish: Stratton Postal Code: DT2 9PN

LAND AT GRIMSTONE RESERVOIR, STRATTON

Land at Grimstone Reservoir, Stratton, Dorset. Detailed Gradiometer Survey Report

Urmston, B Salisbury: WA Heritage, Report: 68501.01 2008, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: WA Heritage

Geophysical survey was carried out in advance of proposals to extend the existing reservoir. A sub-annular anomaly was located some 9m in diameter, probably representing the remains of a round barrow. Elsewhere, several linear and numerous other anomalies of probable archaeological significance were identified. Magnetic disturbance from the existing reservoir limited the interpretation of many of the anomalies. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, UD

OASIS ID: no

West Dorset, Weymouth and Portland

(H.19.5042/2008) SY67408660, SY68308310, SY69008280

Parish: Bincombe Postal Code: DT3 6AF, DT3 6AD,

DT3 5PZ

SITES AT RIDGEWAY INFILTRATION BASIN AND LITTLEMOOR ROAD

Geophysical Survey of Sites at Ridgeway Infiltration Basin and Littlemoor Road on the Proposed Route of the Weymouth Relief Road

Adcock, J Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/68 2008, 10pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Very little of clear archaeological significance was detected across the majority of the survey areas. The one possible exception was Area 3, where strong ferrous anomalies may not have been modern] as is usually assumed] but, in fact, related to former metal working. Possible slag deposits were seen on the surface during data collection. That said, this area was shown as a "Rifle Range" on 1889/1890 OS mapping and this may have accounted for some of the responses. A linear anomaly in Area 6 may have been a former field boundary although there was no map evidence to corroborate this. The remaining areas were characterised by responses from the surrounding fences, small-scale ferrous debris, and weak trends. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: no

Weymouth and Portland

(H.19.5043/2008) SY67038254

Parish: Weymouth Postal Code: DT3 5AN

REDLANDS SPORTS CENTRE, WEYMOUTH Redlands Sports Centre, Weymouth, Dorset

Belcher, M & Burchell, R Llansoy: SiteScan Archaeological, 2008, 31pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: SiteScan Archaeological

A magnetometer survey revealed a modern drainage system and evidence of ridge and furrow [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MO

OASIS ID: no

Stroud

(H.23.5050/2008) SO69000440

Parish: Hinton Postal Code: GL139HU

PURTON WELLS CULVERT

Geophysical Survey Report: Purton Wells Culvert

Stowe, S Upton-upon-Severn: Stratascan, Report: J1916 2004, 30pp, figs Work undertaken by: Stratascan

The survey of the canal bank showed several anomalies at different depths. Shallower high conductivity and magnetic susceptibility anomalies were probably caused by the boat which was found buried on the site. A deep low conductivity anomaly flanked by high conductivity anomalies may have been caused by pooling of fresh water from the culvert below 3m depth. No indication of the line of the culvert was discovered in the electromagnetic data. The magnetometry survey carried out over the bank of the canal also did not locate the position of the culvert, due to the large response generated by the steel piling at the side of the canal. Further west from the canal a large anomaly was picked up which was probably associated with buried ferrous material at depth. The magnetometry survey carried out down the centreline of the canal produced a relatively high amplitude anomaly. This confirmed that the section of the culvert running beneath the canal is likely to be made of cast iron. The GPR failed to produce any meaningful results on the bank of the canal, probably due to the clay

used in the construction of the canal. On the traverses collected across the surface of the canal the edges of the canal were clearly imaged, although the signal from the antenna dropped out at a shallower depth than would be expected for the conditions. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: no

Tewkesbury

(H.23.5051/2008) SO92901970

Parish: Shurdington Postal Code: GL515XA

THE OAKLANDS, SHURDINGTON

The Oaklands, Shurdington, Gloucestershire. Report on Archaeogeophysical Survey

Bartlett, A & Prince, F North Leigh: Bartlett-Clark Consultancy, 2008, 10pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Bartlett-Clark Consultancy

The survey produced a strong magnetic response as expected, with findings which included two distinct ditch-lime features. These may have represented boundaries associated with the ridge and furrow cultivation which was detected across much of the site, or could perhaps be of a different date. It was thought possible that there was once a track across the field, the road metalling evidenced. Various negative linear features, could have represented hollows or furrows in the topsoil and further magnetic anomalies could have represented pits, indicative of settlement activity. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 32654 Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

MULTI-COUNTY RECORD

Cotswold

(H.50.5052/2008) SU1151595640

Parish: Down Ampney Postal Code: SN6 6LW

LAND AT THE DOWN AMPNEY ESTATE

Land at the Down Ampney Estate, Gloucestershire and Wiltshire. Geophysical Surveys

Hale, D Durham: University of Durham, Archaeological Services, Report: 2131 2008, 64pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Durham, Archaeological Services

Geomagnetic surveys were undertaken over land at the Down Ampney Estate, straddling both Gloucestershire and Wiltshire, prior to proposed gravel extraction. The technique proved very effective over the soils and gravels at the site, detecting a range of both features and materials. Features that were typically detected across the study area included soil filled ditches (some defining enclosures and trackways, roundhouses and barrows), traces of former ridge and furrow cultivation, old field boundaries, drains and palaeochannels (particularly in the east near the River Thames). Some of the detected features corresponded to cropmarks recorded on aerial photographs but many were previously unknown and have provided added value to existing knowledge. Concentrations of probable archaeological features which might be regarded as being of more than local significance, were detected in Phase 5 Area B, Phase 6 Area B, Phase 7 Areas A and E, and Phase 9 Areas A and B. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID: archaeol3-52719

(H.50.5053/2008) SU12579604

Parish: Postal Code: SN6 6LL

WETSTONE BRIDGE FARM, MARTSON MEYSEY

Wetstone Bridge Farm, Martson Meysey, Gloucestershire/Wiltshire

Sabin, D & Donaldson, K Castle Combe: Archaeological Surveys, Report: 232 2008,

42pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Surveys

A magnetometer survey was conducted in an area crossing the Wiltshire/Gloucestershire border. In the eastern part of the site, a cluster of ring ditch features were likely related to roundhouses forming a prehistoric or early Romano-British settlement. There was evidence of the intercutting of ring ditches or the addition of ditch like features to the roundhouses, possibly indicating development and settlement of the site over a long period. Linear and curvilinear anomalies in the vicinity of the north-eastern corner of the site could not be confidently interpreted but correlated approximately with a scatter of early post-medieval pottery sherds noted during the fieldwork phase. A small number of Roman potsherds and worked flints were also noted in this area. A number of positive linear anomalies possibly representing post-medieval land division were noted. Discrete positive anomalies were widespread across the site. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 32654

Archaeological periods represented: UD, IA, PM, PR

OASIS ID: no

North Somerset

North Somerset UA

(H.69.5054/2008) ST42217153

Parish: Clevedon Postal Code: BS216QU

CLEVEDON COURT

Geophysical Investigations at Clevedon Court

Fogden, D Swindon: National Trust, 2008, 1p

Work undertaken by: National Trust

David Fogden, Adminstrator at Clevedon Court instigated further geophysical survey in 2008.

[Sec]

SMR primary record number: ENA5495

Serial: National Trust Events 2008, National Trust, .

OASIS ID: no

(H.69.5055/2008) ST50997193

Parish: Wraxall and Failand Postal Code: BS8 3TU

WATERCATCH FIELD, TYNTESFIELD

Geophysical Survey Report for Watercatch Field, Tyntesfield

Rowe, P & Price, C Bristol: Bristol University, 2008, 1p

Work undertaken by: Bristol University

As part of the research into the WWII military establishment in Watercatch Field, a resistivity

survey using a Geoscan RM15 was carried out in July 2008. [Sec]

SMR primary record number: ENA4753

Serial: National Trust Events 2008, National Trust, ,

OASIS ID: no

Somerset

Mendip

(H.40.5058/2008) ST62504230

Parish: Shepton Mallet Postal Code: BA4 4HY

GORE END FARM

Gore End Farm, Shepton Mallet, Somerset. Magnetometer Survey

Sabin, D & Donaldson, K Chippenham: Archaeological Surveys, Report: 219 2008,

21pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Surveys

A magnetometer survey was carried out prior to an extension of a housing development. It located a number of positive linear and discrete anomalies that related to cut features such as ditches and pits. The location of prehistoric features, during previous survey and excavation on land immediately to the north of the survey area, tended to indicate a high archaeological potential for these anomalies. A number of anomalies could not be confidently interrupted but may have represented features with archaeological potential. Two buried services crossed the survey area and created zones of severe magnetic disturbance. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 26271 Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

Sedgemoor

(H.40.5060/2008) ST31304900

Parish: Burnham-on-Sea and Highbridge Postal Code: TA8 1HN

TESCO SUPERSTORE, BURNHAM-ON-SEA

Geophysical Survey Report: Tesco Superstore, Burnham-on-Sea

Smalley, R Upton-upon-Severn: Stratascan, Report: J2067 2005, 20pp, colour pls, figs Work undertaken by: Stratascan

A Ground Penetrating Radar survey undertaken at the Tesco Superstore in Burnham-on-Sea located a number of features which may be related to badger activity. These consisted of broad crested, discrete and complex anomalies that are typically associated with subsurface structures or voids. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.40.5061/2008) ST39004330

Parish: Burtle Postal Code: TA7 8NT

BURTLE PRIORY, BURTLE

Geophysical Survey Report. Burtle Priory, Burtle

Gater, JThornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/41 2008, 7pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The results of the survey were magnetically very quiet. The enclosure ditch resulted in a highly variable magnetic response. In places, there were strong anomalies, elsewhere the feature was barely detectable. This was likely to be a result of partial infilling of the ditch in recent times, as opposed to any other archaeological origins. Within the enclosure were a few anomalies of potential interest, in particular a zone of increased responses close to the cable trench, where bodies were recorded. However, there was no evidence in the data of any settlement type responses. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.40.5064/2008) ST42202940

Parish: High Ham Postal Code: TA100DB

LANGPÖRT RANGE

Geophysical Survey Report: Langport Range, Somerset

Haddrell, S Upton-upon-Severn: Stratascan, Report: J2459 2008, 19pp, colour pls, figs,

refs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

A geophysical survey found a significant amount of archaeology in the north-west corner of the site. The results showed a series of positive and negative features suggesting the presence of a Roman villa, a round house and a matrix of boundary ditches in two different orientations. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 21849

Archaeological periods represented: UD, RO

OASIS ID: no

(H.40.5066/2008) ST42802470

Parish: Muchelney Postal Code: TA100DQ

MUCHELNEY ABBEY

Geophysical Survey Report. Muchelney Abbey, Somerset

Gater, JThornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/40 2009, 9pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Survey in and around the Abbey at Muchelney identified a number of responses of archaeological interest. A series of paddock/ fields and possible "industrial" activity were recorded south of the latrine block. Possible ridge and furrow ploughing was visible north of the moat. To the south-east a multi-phased complex of anomalies, a possible Romano-British "ladder" settlement, has been mapped. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, MD, UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.40.5067/2008) ST59202450

Parish: Queen Camel Postal Code: BA227ND

QUEEN CAMEL

Queen Camel, Somerset. Embargoed Letter Report on Geophysical Survey, November 2008

Payne, A Portsmouth: English Heritage, Report: 000-2008 2008, 13pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: English Heritage

A geophysical survey was conducted over the location of a segment of tessellated pavement partially uncovered following metal detector finds. Magnetometer and earth resistance surveys were undertaken and revealed the presence of a large aisled hall style Roman building containing the mosaic and apparently set within a more extensive system of angular ditched enclosures. [Sec(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 28371 Archaeological periods represented: RO

ISSN:1749-8775 OASIS ID: no

West Somerset

(H.40.5070/2008) SS82234283

Parish: Exmoor Postal Code: TA247NL

LARK BARROW, EXMOOR

Lark Barrow, Exmoor, Somerset. Results of an Archaeological Gradiometer Survey

Dean, R South Molton: South West Archaeology, Report: 080520 2008, 28pp, colour

pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: South West Archaeology

Eight sets of magnetic anomalies were recorded that may well have represented archaeological deposits. Ferrous material was, however, present upon the site (likely WWII shrapnel) and produced a complex magnetic response. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: SEM6937

OASIS ID: no

(H.79.5073/2008) ST55908490

Parish: Pilning and Severn Beach Postal Code: BS123JD

ST. PETER'S SCHOOL, PILNING St. Peter's School, Pilning, Bristol

Haddrell, S Upton-upon-Severn: Stratascan, Report: J2520 2008, 17pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Stratascan

The survey carried out found very little evidence for possible archaeological features. A series of positive linear anomalies were seen in the north-west which was the only possible archaeology on the site. However, this was weak evidence. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 18610

OASIS ID: stratasc1-52535

(H.79.5074/2008) ST68207870

Parish: Westerleigh Postal Code: BS172UP

HENFIELD FARM, WESTERLEIGH

Henfield Farm, Westerleigh, South Gloucestershire. Magnetic Susceptibility and Magnetometer Survey

Sabin, D & Donaldson, K Chippenham: Archaeological Surveys, Report: 238 2008,

53pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Surveys

Magnetic susceptibility survey located moderate enhancement across parts of the western half of the site with some well-defined areas of high magnitude enhancement within the eastern half. The latter appeared associated with ferrous slag, stone and post-medieval pottery on the field surface. Magnetometry survey was targeted across enhanced zones where practicable. Severe magnetic disturbance associated with buried pipelines restricted magnetometry to half of the site. Magnetometry within many of the target areas produced linear and discrete anomalies that could not be confidently interpreted. Magnetometry survey within the vicinity of zones of enhanced magnetic susceptibility associated with iron slag, did not provide supporting evidence of industrial features. To the north of a former coal mine shaft the survey produced evidence of rectilinear features of archaeological potential, possibly indicating structures associated with the mine shaft. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD OASIS ID: no

Swindon

Swindon UA

(H.84.5075/2008) SU13128718

Parish: Haydon Wick Postal Code: SN2 2LL

LAND AT MOREDON ROAD, SWINDON

Land at Moredon Road, Swindon. Magnetometer [Gradiometer] Survey

Johnson, A Noke: Oxford Archaeotechnics, 2008, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Oxford Archaeotechnics

The survey recorded the presence of extensive areas of magnetic "clutter" across the site, caused by probable modern building debris. However, more subtle areas may have indicated infilled hollows or possible pitting of unknown date. Former brick footings may have been noted. Linear anomalies identified within the south-western part of the main survey area were probably of modern origin and may have been associated with the sports field. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2008.008

OASIS ID: no

(H.84.5076/2008) SU19808600

Parish: Wanborough Postal Code: SN4 0UY

LAND EAST OF SWINDON (PHASE 2 AND 3)

Land at East Swindon, Wiltshire, Geophysical Surveys. Phases 2 and 3

Attwood, G Durham: Archaeological Services Durham University, Report: 1746 2008, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Durham, Archaeological Services

This report presented the results of further geomagnetic surveys conducted in advance of the proposed development of land east of Swindon. The first phase comprised surveys of 16 areas undertaken in 2005. The current Phase 2 and Phase 3 works comprised a further 18 geomagnetic surveys totalling approximately 37ha. Soil-filled features including ditches, enclosures, pits and gullies were identified across the surveyed areas, roughly divided into five foci. A large multi-phased area of occupation possibly of late prehistoric/Roman date had been identified around South Marston Farm. Trackways and enclosures had also been identified in Phase 3 Area 3A to the east of South Marston Farm. These may have been related to the much larger area of occupation to the west. An area of probable occupation identified during the Phase 1 surveys south of Marston Farm was found to extend beyond the original survey. Possible stone walls and ditch features were identified across the survey

extension. A probable prehistoric enclosure and three possible prehistoric roundhouses were identified. Traces of probable medieval ridge and furrow cultivation were also identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, PR

OASIS ID: archaeol3-39240

(H.84.5077/2008) SU14698275

Parish: Wroughton Postal Code: SN1 4NY

LAND AT EAST WICHEL, WICHELSTOWE, SWINDON

Land at East Wichel, Wichelstowe, Swindon, Wiltshire. Detailed Gradiometer Survey Report

Urmston, B & Thomas, N Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, Report: 70670.01 2008, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The survey identified a limited number of anomalies that may have been of archaeological interest. These included a pair of linear anomalies, interpreted as relating to former field boundaries or drains, and a series of irregular anomalies that may have been of anthropogenic origin. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.46.5080/2008) SU11506850

Parish: Postal Code: SN8 1QG

OVERTON HILL, AVEBURY

Overton Hill, Avebury. Magnetometer Survey

Sabin, D & Donaldson, K Castle Combe : Archaeological Surveys, 2008, 27pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Surveys

A geophysical survey was carried out close to The Sanctuary and Bronze Age barrows on Overton Hill near Avebury. Two positive curvilinear anomalies that related to the outer ditches of Bronze Age barrows were encountered, as well as pit-like features. Widespread magnetic disturbance was caused by buried services. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2008.084 Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.46.5082/2008) SU09205820

Parish: Marden Postal Code: SN103RL

MARDEN HENGE

Marden Henge, Wiltshire. Report on Geophysical Survey

Martin, L Swindon: English Heritage, Report: 70-2008 2008, 15pp, colour pls, figs,

tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: English Heritage

A pilot survey was carried out to assess the geophysical response with a view to a more detailed survey. Earth resistance and magnetometer survey provided complimentary results,

recording anomalies relating to the bank and ditch of the henge enclosure and also the ditch of the Hatfield Barrow. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2008.082 Archaeological periods represented: BA, NE

OASIS ID: no

(H.46.5083/2008) SU23704760, SU23504950

Parish: North Tidworth, South Tidworth Postal Code: SP9 7SS, SP9 7LT

TIDWORTH

Geophysical Survey Report. Tidworth, Wiltshire

Smalley, R Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, Report: J2443 2008, 22pp, colour pls, figs,

tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

Gradiometer survey of the site located a number of anomalies of possible archaeological origin. Positive linear and area anomalies indicated the presence of cut features in both areas. Negative anomalies suggested the presence of possible earthworks or banks. Possible pit-type anomalies were also recorded. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2008.028 Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: stratasc1-52674

(H.46.5084/2008) SU13906910

Parish: West Overton Postal Code: SN8 1QA

PIGGLEDENE, NORTH FARM, OVERTON

Piggledene, North Farm, Overton, Wiltshire, Report on Geophysical Survey

Linford, N Portsmouth: English Heritage, Report: 89-2008 2008, 11pp, colour pls, figs,

tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: English Heritage

The magnetic survey was carried out c.3km to the east of Silbury Hill, and successfully identified a number of anomalies that may well have been of archaeological significance. On the whole these were thought to be related to a late prehistoric field system, or possible medieval ridge and furrow. A ditch-type anomaly was also recorded. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2008.087

OASIS ID: no

(H.46.5086/2008) ST91786817

Parish: Lacock Postal Code: SN152LW

LACOCK SOUTH PARK

Lacock South Park, Geophysical Survey

Papworth, M Swindon: National Trust, 2008, 1p

Work undertaken by: National Trust

A fluxgate gradiometer survey and a resistivity survey were conducted on April 15th and 16th 2008 in Lacock South Park. The resistivity survey revealed details of the 16th and 17th century gardens. [Au]

SMR primary record number: ENA5618 Archaeological periods represented: PM

Serial: National Trust Events 2008, National Trust, ,

OASIS ID: no

(H.46.5088/2008) SU07258400

Parish: Lydiard Tregoze Postal Code: SN4 7JB

GERARD BUXTON SPORTS HUB SITE, WOOTTON BASSETT

Gerard Buxton Sports Hub Site, Wootton Bassett, Wiltshire: Geophysical Surveys

Hale, D Durham: University of Durham, Archaeological Services, Report: 1950 2008, 9pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Durham, Archaeological Services

Upstanding ridge and furrow was recorded in the east [Area 3] and probable traces of further ridge and furrow were detected in the north-east [Area 2] and south [Area 1]. A low concentration of possible ditch and pit features was detected in the northern, western and southern parts of the site [Areas 1 & 2]. A ferrous service pipe was detected in the eastern part, Area 3. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: archaeol3-42699

(H.46.5089/2008) ST83607580

Parish: North Wraxall Postal Code: SN147AE

TRUCKLE HILL ROMAN VILLA, NORTH WRAXALL

Truckle Hill Roman Villa, North Wraxall, Wiltshire. Magnetometry and Earth Resistance Survey

Sabin, D & Donaldson, K Castle Combe: Archaeological Surveys, Report: 226 2008, 41pp, colour pls, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Surveys

Magnetometry survey was carried out within a single field, the north part of which contained the Scheduled area of the villa site. The response to Roman walls was clearer than expected, possibly due to the clearance of structural debris during the 19th century excavations at the site. Negative evidence of anomalies correlated well with the mid-19th century plan of the excavations. Some plough disturbance was noted. Evidence for a large ditch to the west and south of the villa was noted, and possibly indicated a substantial defensive work that may have dated to the late Roman period. Weak curvilinear features were recorded to the south of the enclosure ditch and may have been indicative of early Roman or late prehistoric features. Crossing the central part of the surveyed area, a ditch located by magnetometry lay immediately north of a low extant bank, and could have been the northern part of a naturally defended promontory. Ditch-like anomalies at the southern tip indicated an enclosure, with suspected prehistoric origins. A possible Roman road was also recorded. The site had a high potential for archaeological remains. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2008.024 Archaeological periods represented: UD, RO

OASIS ID: no

Salisbury

(H.46.5090/2008) SU14302950

Parish: Britford Postal Code: SP1 2EQ

SALISBURY CATHEDRAL

Geophysical Survey Report. Salisbury Cathedral, Wiltshire

Wood, E Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/60 2009, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs,

refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

All three geophysical techniques detected the Bell Tower, located to the north of Salisbury Cathedral. It showed particularly well in both the GPR and resistance data. GPR survey also located the footprint of the North Chapel of the cathedral, paths associated with the former graveyard, an ornamental canal and former garden features. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID: gsbprosp1-69968

(H.46.5091/2008) SU16964274

Parish: Bulford Postal Code: SP4 9DH

LAND AT BEACON HILL, BULFORD

Land at Beacon Hill, Bulford, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation and Assessment of Results

Urmston, B Salisbury: WA Heritage, 2008, 10pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* WA Heritage

An evaluation was carried out on the site. Geophysical survey had identified a number of anomalies of possible archaeological origin, however much of the dataset was dominated by magnetic interference. The rest of the anomalies were complicated by the narrow width of the surface area and were only therefore of archaeological interest. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2008.064

OASIS ID: no

(H.46.5092/2008) SU14523712

Parish: Durnford Postal Code: SP4 6AS

CHEMRING COUNTERMEASURES LTD, HIGH POST, SALISBURY

Chemring Countermeasures Ltd, High Post, Salisbury, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation of Geophysical Data

Serra, C Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, Report: 69540.01 2008, 14pp, colour pls, figs. tabs. refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The survey detected two large enclosures containing numerous anomalies within their boundaries, and were assessed to be of high archaeological significance. Two other rectilinear anomalies of probable archaeological interest lay in close proximity. Historic plough trends and material of modern origin were also identified. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UD