(H.06.5098/2008) SP37408005

Parish: Combe Fields Postal Code: CV2 5AD

CALUDON CASTLE, COVENTRY

Archaeological Geophysical Survey at Caludon Castle, Coventry, West Midlands

Fisher, I Northampton: Northamptonshire Archaeology, Report: 08/123 2008, 17pp, colour pls. figs. tabs. refs

Work undertaken by: Northamptonshire Archaeology

The geophysical survey comprised magnetometer and earth resistance survey over two Scheduled areas, Caludon Castle and a second moated site to the south. The survey recorded the foundations of a former building situated at Caludon Castle and the possible remains of a farm house. However, the survey did not shed any light on the second moated site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

OASIS ID: northamp3-55475

(H.60.5104/2008) SO40507440

Parish: Leintwardine Postal Code: SY7 0NN

DARK LANE, LEINTWARDINE

Dark Lane, Leintwardine, Geophysical and Topographic Survey Report

Lafuente, M & Roseveare, M Hereford : ArchaeoPhysica Ltd., Report: LEI071 2008, 15pp, colour pls, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: ArchaeoPhysica

A geophysical and topographic survey was undertaken in Dark Lane, Leintwardine, in advance of development. The survey was intended to provide information on surface and subsurface features of likely archaeological interest and, therefore, to inform on the potential archaeological remains, in advance of a programme of trial trenching. The study area had potential to contain Roman settlement and cemetery remains given that it lay adjacent to a Roman road and close to the Roman town of Branogenium. The use of a magnetic technique permitted the location of enhanced areas that could be identified with old field boundaries aligned with the existing boundaries in the field to the east of Dark Lane, and other magnetic single anomalies which could have an archaeological origin (pits, fires), as well as a modern origin (debris, brick). The post survey excavation revealed the existence of a kiln that had not generated a clear magnetic anomaly. Subsequent investigation revealed that this had been obscured by coincident ferrous debris, probably associated with the site of a removed telegraph pole. There were grounds for suspecting similar structures within the evaluated area. The digital terrain model of the study area suggested the existence of two lynchets in the southern half of the field, one of them aligned with the field boundary in the field to the east of Dark Lane and other slight earthworks which may not have an archaeological origin. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: archenfi2-36564

Shropshire

Shrewsbury and Atcham

(H.39.5106/2008) SJ55000980

Parish: Atcham Postal Code: SY4 4TP

ATTINGHAM ORCHARD SLIP, ATTINGHAM PARK

Attingham Orchard Slip Geophysical Survey, Attingham Park

Engineering Archaeological Services (EAS) Ltd Blaenau Ffestiniog : Engineering Archaeological Services (EAS) Ltd, 2008, 1p

Work undertaken by: Engineering Archaeological Services (EAS) Ltd

An extensive number of anomalies had been recorded, from both the resistivity and fluxgate gradiometer surveys that were carried out. These suggested a significant level of activity within the survey area, probably from several periods of activity. The resistivity survey in particular appeared to document three possible buildings, in addition to the probable location of the dovecote, together with possible roads/trackways and features probably representing a series of paths associated with the Orchard Slip. The Fluxgate Gradiometer survey was less successful. There was a degree of correspondence between the anomalies recorded by the two techniques adopted. There was also a degree of correspondence between the samples taken for magnetic susceptibility and the other techniques used. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: ENA5914 Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM Serial:**National Trust Events 2008**, National Trust,

OASIS ID: no

Lichfield

(H.41.5111/2008) SK13501250

Parish: Alrewas and Fradley Postal Code: WS138EJ

CURBOROUGH NEW SETTLEMENT

Curborough New Settlement. Archaeological Survey

Wilkins, I Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 07/81 2008, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs. CD

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The scanned area and pre-defined detailed survey blocks displayed varying levels of magnetic disturbance. Where the ground was ploughed dense concentrations of brickwork, machine parts, wire and scrap metal were all visible. This material clearly contributed to the elevated magnetic levels. Where the magnetic disturbance was particularly strong [and well defined] the assumption was made that aircraft remains could be present. Thus five potential aircraft dumps were identified [four within the pre-defined blocks and one outside], together with three locations where ferrous material appeared more concentrated. The numerous ferrous responses will have masked any archaeological remains if present. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID: no

(H.41.5114/2008) SJ83802420

Parish: Ellenhall Postal Code: ST200JQ

RANTON ABBEY

Geophysical Survey Report. Ranton Abbey, Staffordshire

Smalley, R Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, Report: J2489 2008, 18pp, colour pls, figs,

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

The geophysical survey identified a number of anomalies of possible archaeological origin. Anomalies in the west of the survey area indicated the presence of possible structural

remains and broad crested anomalies in the east suggested the presence of inhumations. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: SST4440 Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD

OASIS ID: stratasc1-52706

(H.41.5115/2008) SJ89902280

Parish: Hyde Lea Postal Code: ST161UE

BURLEYFIELDS. STAFFORD

Geophysical Survey Report. Burleyfields, Stafford

Stephens, C Thornton: GSB Prospection, Report: 08/13 2008, 9pp, colour pls, figs, tabs,

refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

No clear archaeological anomalies were identified during the survey. Some trends which may have suggested past cultivation were detected, as were responses of a probable natural origin. An area of magnetic disturbance, possibly of recent origin, and a drain were also detected. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID: no

Telford & Wrekin

Telford and Wrekin UA

(H.85.5117/2008) SJ68091778

Parish: Kynnersley Postal Code: TF6 6EQ

WALL FARM, KYNNERSLEY

Wall Farm, Kynnersley, Shropshire. Geophysical Surveys

Hale, D Durham: University of Durham, Archaeological Services, Report: 1989 2008, 25pp,

figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Durham, Archaeological Services

The works comprised the geomagnetic survey of approximately 2ha within a 20m-wide corridor. Several probable soil-filled features were detected. Some of these may have reflected parts of small palaeochannels whilst others may have been archaeological ditches and pits. One concentration of small intense anomalies, in survey area 6, possibly reflected the remains of a burnt mound, though there was no topographic suggestion of a mound nor geomagnetic evidence for an adjacent former watercourse or other features. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: archaeol3-45534

(H.44.5121/2008) SP31034149

Parish: Brailes Postal Code: CV365EJ

BRAILES

Magnetic Survey, Brailes, Warwickshire. Summary Report for the PAS

Roseveare, M J Hereford: ArchaeoPhysica Ltd., 2008, 12pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: ArchaeoPhysica

The survey revealed at least two phases of settlement at the site. Roundhouses dating from the Bronze Age/Early Iron Age were recorded, some with significant internal detail including hearths. It was thought that what had started out as an unenclosed Bronze Age settlement, populated quite densely with roundhouses and probably reached by a track, was replaced by a later enclosed settlement. The latter settlement was interpreted to have a rectangular field system running back onto the plateau perpendicular to the western slope. Survival was thought to be particularly good, however, this was related to the ploughing regime and may have changed had the site been ploughed deeper. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, UD, PR, EIA

OASIS ID: archaeop1-41106

(H.44.5123/2008) SP08316062

Parish: Coughton Postal Code: B49 5JA

COUGHTON COURT

Geophysical Survey at Coughton Court

Archaeophysica Harewood End: Archaeophysica, 2008, 1p

Work undertaken by: ArchaeoPhysica

Magnetic and electrical resistance surveys were undertaken at Coughton Court. The area was known, from maps of 1695 and 1746, to have had ranges of buildings including stables and associated ancillary structures for the house. The survey was successful in demonstrating the existence of the remains of these structures, sufficient to reveal their approximate form and location with good correlation with some elements of the 1746 mapping. The existence of what appeared to be a stew pond immediately adjacent or even contiguous with the north-west corner of the moat was also discovered. This had implications for understanding the setting of the house during the medieval period. What appeared to be a former line of the southern drive, different from any known alignment (deviating from the pre-1746 course) was also discovered. Some evidence was found for the width of the moat. When viewed in conjunction with the stew pond it was suggested that perhaps the medieval house stood on a low island or promontory within the confluence of the Cain Brook and River Arrow. Further work would be needed to examine this possibility further, however, some support for this idea was provided by the electrical resistance data which appeared to show this drier ground continuing westwards beneath the site of the stables and other structures. [Sec(adp)]

SMR primary record number: ENA5929 Archaeological periods represented: PM

Serial: National Trust Events 2008, National Trust, ,

OASIS ID: no

(H.93.5129/2008) SO86653935, SO86673902

Parish: Ripple Postal Code: GL206ET

SAXON'S LODE, RIPPLE

A Report for Cotswold Archaeological Trust on a Geophysical Survey Carried out at Saxon's Lode, Ripple, Worcestershire

Barker, P Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, 2008, 9pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

The survey was successful in locating most of the crop marks seen in aerial photos. In addition two ditches were discovered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: no

(H.93.5136/2008) SP03704540

Parish: Evesham Postal Code: WR114NB

BATTLE WELL FIELD, EVESHAM

Geophysical Survey Report. Battle Well Field, Evesham

Smalley, R Upton-upon-Severn: Stratascan, Report: J2462 2008, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

A geophysical survey undertaken at the site located a number of high resistance anomalies that may have related to structural remains. A low resistance anomaly was thought to be related to a possible water course. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID: stratasc1-52679