Brighton & Hove

Brighton & Hove

2/582 (C.21.U005) TQ 33650976 BN1 9PZ

LAND ADJACENT TO 19 STANMER VILLAGE

An Archaeological Evaluation at Land Adjacent to 19 Stanmer Village, East Sussex

ames, R Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

A stone wall footing of probable 18th century date was found in the western half of the site, consistent with the map evidence, although any associated archaeological deposits had been truncated by modern activity. The existence of a brick cellar is suspected in the south-western corner of the site, although this could not be confirmed by excavation. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/583 (C.53.U001) TQ 33700350 BN2 5RB

LAND TO THE SOUTH OF CLIFF APPROACH, BRIGHTON

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land to the South of Cliff Approach, Brighton, East Sussex

Riccoboni, P Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

No archaeological features were observed in the trench. [Au(abr)]

Buckinghamshire

Aylesbury Vale

2/584 (C.11.V010) SP 83681546 HP22 5BA

80, AYLESBURY ROAD, BIERTON

Development at 80, Aylesbury Road, Bierton, Buckinghamshire

Network Archaeology Buckingham: Network Archaeology, 2004, 45pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Network Archaeology

Four evaluation trenches were excavated at a site. Gullies, small pits and post holes were identified dated to the medieval period. A gully was also potentially dated to the Saxon period. Residual Iron Age and Roman finds were recovered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, MD, MD, MD, IA, RO

2/585 (C.11.V009) SP 82601322 HP21 7SL

AYLESBURY HIGH SCHOOL

Aylesbury High School, Buckinghamshire

Pixley, J Bedford: Albion Archaeology, 2004, 18pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Albion Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated on the site. Two early Roman field boundary ditches were encountered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/586 (C.11.V001) SP 83661542 HP22 5BA

BIERTON HOUSE, BIERTON

An Archaeological Field Evaluation at Birton House, Aylesbury Road, Bierton, Buckinghamshire Holton: John Moore Heritage Services, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs Entwistle, R Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. Nineteenth century rubbish pits and a shallow ditch containing Late Bronze Age, Roman and Saxon finds were identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM, EM, LBA, RO

2/587 (C.11.V002) SP 75451173 HP180AD

COWLEY FARM, CUDDINGTON

Cowley Farm, Aylesbury Road, Cuddington, Buckinghamshire

Moore, JHolton: John Moore Heritage Services, 2004, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

Evaluation trenches were excavated in the area of a proposed walled garden. The butt end of a Roman ditch was identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/588 (C.11.U006) SP 86680764 HP22 6EJ

LAND OFF LITTLE HAMPDEN CLOSE, WENDOVER

Land off Little Hampden Close, Wendover, Buckinghamshire Sims, M Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed extensive deposits of post-medieval garden soil, a later of possible early medieval plough soil and a 13th to 14th century field or property boundary ditch. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/589 (C.11.V004) SP 69610888 **HP189AJ**

LAND TO THE REAR OF 25, HIGH STREET, LONG CRENDON

Land to the Rear of 25, High Street, Long Crendon, Buckinghamshire

Hart, D Holton: John Moore Heritage Services, 2004, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. Two late medieval pits and two post-medieval pits were identified. These were truncated by later horticultural activity. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/590 (C.11.V005) SP 72173086 MK18 2AJ

MANOR FARM, CHURCH LANE, PADBURY

Manor Farm, Church Lane, Padbury, Buckinghamshire

Hancock, A & Crank, N Milton Keynes: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2004, 19pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd.

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. Three ditches predating the 19th century farm buildings were identified. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/591 (C.11.V006) SP 79203060

MK17 0PB

POND FARM, 1 WOOD END, LITTLE HORWOOD

Pond Farm, 1 Wood End, Little Horwood, Buckinghamshire

Brown, J Northampton: Northamptonshire Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Northamptonshire Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. No archaeology was identified. [Au(abr)]

2/592 (C.11.U004) SP 66500690 HP18 9HW

THE BUNGALOW, ICKFORD ROAD, SHABBINGTON

The Bungalow, Ickford Road, Shabbington, Buckinghamshire

Davies, T Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed a medieval boundary ditch of 11th to 13th century date forming a possible rectangular enclosure and two probable later medieval pits. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/593 (C.11.V007) SP 68403620 MK18 5JL

THE CORINTHIAN ARCH

The Corinthian Arch, Stowe Landscape Gardens, Buckinghamshire

Maull, A Northampton: Northamptonshire Archaeology, 2004, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Northamptonshire Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated around the 19th century arch. An associated 19th century surface was identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/594 (C.11.V008) SP 73531645 HP18 0JW

'THE FROG FOUNTAIN'

Archaeological Evaluation for the Site of 'The Frog Fountain' at Waddesdon Manor, Buckinghamshire

Maull, A Northampton: Northamptonshire Archaeology, 2004, 22pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Northamptonshire Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated on the site. Concrete and stone features associated with the 19th century water feature were encountered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/595 (C.11.V003) SP 67841390 HP18 9NG

WEST OF ASHFOLD SCHOOL BUILDINGS

An Archaeological Evaluation to the West of Ashfold School Buildings, Dorton, Buckinghamshire Moore, JHolton: John Moore Heritage Services, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. Medieval and post-medieval finds from agricultural manuring were recovered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

Chiltern

2/596 (C.11.S003) SU 90789351 HP10 8RL

GLENMORE, CHURCH ROAD, PENN

Glenmore, Church Road, Penn, Buckinghamshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Anthony, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 14pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Two evaluation trenches were excavated over the footprint of the proposed new extension at the rear of a house. One medieval gully was located, with pieces of pottery and animal bone. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/597 (C.11.U002) SU 90609402 HP10 8LQ

NEW SURGERY, HORSE AND GROOM SITE, PENN

New Surgery, Horse and Groom Site, Elm Road, Penn, Buckinghamshire

Sims, M Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed evidence for ridge and furrow agriculture together with 19th century domestic occupation but no evidence for earlier activity or for tile making on the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

South Bucks

2/598 (C.11.S001) SU 99508190 SL3 6AG

ALL SOULS FARM OUARRY, WEXHAM

All Souls Farm Quarry, Wexham, Buckinghamshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Ford, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 22pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An total of 17 evaluation trenches were excavated on the site of proposed mineral extraction and a flood alleviation scheme. Several trenches revealed a moderate density of pits, ditches/gullies and post holes of early and later Roman date. Some middle and late Bronze Age pottery was also recorded. A small number of ditches towards the southern end of the site were of uncertain date but may have reflected field boundaries or possibly a need to drain a hollow area within the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, RO, RO, RO, RO, LBA, MBA, RO

Wycombe

2/599 (C.11.U001) SU 77709109 RG9 6QJ

CHEOUERS PUBLIC HOUSE, FINGEST

Chequers Public House, Fingest, Buckinghamshire

Sims, M Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed extensive colluvial deposits and garden soils, however post-medieval activity had truncated any potential archaeological deposits adjacent to the building itself. [Au(abr)]

2/600 (C.11.U005) SP 83600810 HP17 0UA

GROVE FARM, TERRICK

Grove Farm, Terrick, Buckinghamshire

Mumford, J Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed a single ditch dating from the late medieval/post-medieval period and was probably part of a small boundary or an enclosure within part of this moated site (SM 32115). [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/601 (C.11.V011) SP 81050293 HP27 0DT

PRINCES RISBOROUGH UPPER SCHOOL

Princes Risborough Upper School, Buckinghamshire

Foundations Archaeology Swindon: Foundations Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Foundations Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated at a site. No archaeology was encountered. [Au(abr)]

2/602 (C.11.V012) 83399797 HP14 4XW

RAF HIGH WYCOMBE

RAF High Wycombe, Bradenham, Buckinghamshire

Thorpe, M Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated at a site. No archaeology was encountered. [Au(abr)]

2/603 (C.11.U003) SP 81200440 HP27 9LB

ST. DUNSTON'S CHURCH, MONKS RISBOROUGH

St. Dunstan's Church, Monks Risborough, Buckinghamshire

Mumford, J Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed a number of boundary ditches dating from the 10th century, possibly forming part of an area of Late Saxon occupation. No structural remains of this date were discovered within the trenches, though Roman building materials from these features suggest either a substantial building of that date in the vicinity or the re-use of a local resource in the Late Saxon period. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM

2/604 (C.11.S004) SP 82550015 HP27 0PU

STOCKEN FARM, LACEY GREEN, PRINCES RISBOROUGH

Stocken Farm, Lacey Green, Princes Risborough, Buckinghamshire. An Archaeological Evaluation Hammond, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Four evaluation trenches failed to locate any archaeological features or finds. [AU]

2/605 (C.11.S002) SP 77380265 HP27 9PG

WEST LANE, BLEDLOW

West Lane, Bledlow, Buckinghamshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Wallis, S & Ford, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 14pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

A total of five trenches were excavated on the site of a proposed housing development. A ditch or large pit and a well or stone lined pit of medieval date were located. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

East Sussex

Eastbourne

2/606 (C.21.S002) TQ 58600005 BN20 8TE

LAND AT 13 ABBEY ROAD, EASTBOURNE

An Archaeological Field Evaluation of Land at 13 Abbey Road, Eastbourne, East Sussex

Greatorex, C Eastbourne: C.G.Archaeology, 2004, 19pp, figs

Work undertaken by: C.G. Archaeology

An archaeological field evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. A single pit of uncertain function and date was identified. No artefacts or other features indicative of significant archaeological activity were discovered during the fieldwork. This work failed to recover any irrefutable evidence for any Iron Age settlement thought to have once existed in the vicinity of the site. [Au(adp)]

Hastings

2/607 (C.21.U008) TQ 83401000 TN35 5NU

ROCKLANDS HOLIDAY PARK, ROCKLANDS LANE, HASTINGS

An Archaeological Evaluation at Rocklands Holiday Park, Rocklands Lane, Hastings, East Sussex Priestly-Bell, G Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

The site lay immediately beside and to the east of the eastern earthen rampart of the scheduled East Hill Iron Age hillfort/promontory settlement. Two trial trenches, totalling c. 12 metres in length, were mechanically excavated. No trace of a surviving defensive ditch was found and no other archaeological features identified. However, a small quantity of worked flint was recovered that was perhaps associated with the occupation of the hillfort. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

Lewes

2/608 (C.21.U007) TQ 41721026 BN7 2ND

NOS. 1-2 ALBION STREET, LEWES

An Archaeological Evaluation at Land Adjacent to Nos. 102 Albion Street, Lewes, East Sussex

Griffin, N Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 32pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

An evaluation of two trial trenches revealed post-medieval pits and linear features, with some stratified layers. The general date range was 17th-19th century with two possible 16th century features. Cartographic evidence suggested that the site has been used only as a garden since at least the early 17th century (until modern use as a private car park). The features probably related to rubbish disposal and/or garden activity. The only definite structural evidence was a single post hole, although it was possible that some of the linear features may represent walls, probably garden walls. A limited amount of residual medieval pottery was found. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/609 (C.21.U009) TQ 42070901 BN7 3PS

A27 SOUTHAM TO BEDDINGHAM, LEWES

An Archaeological Evaluation Prior to Dualling of the A27, Southerham to Beddingham, Lewes, East Sussex

Worrall, S Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2004, 8pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by*: Archaeology South-East

Trenches 1-3 were excavated to a safe working depth of 1.2 metres but revealed only colluvium deposits. Fire-cracked flints were recovered from this material but no archaeological features or other artefacts were observed in any of the five trenches. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

2/610 (C.21.S004) TV 50649874 BN25 4AA

BOREHOLE SURVEY AT CHYNGTON FARM, CUCKMERE ESTUARY

Report on the Results of a Borehole Survey at Chyngton Farm, Cuckmere Estuary

Hunter, P & Pine, C A Chichester: Development Archaeology Services, 2004, 72pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Development Archaeology Services

A geoarchaeological borehole survey was undertaken as part of an evaluation and environmental impact assessment in advance of proposed modification of existing sea wall defences. The results of the survey were intended to allow a more accurate and informed assessment of the possible negative effects of the proposed realignment on sediments within the site area. A total of 48 boreholes were drilled and sediment sequences were recorded within the study area. Five main stratigraphic units were recorded. The general conclusion was that the site had low to moderate potential for archaeological remains. It was considered that predicted localised erosion to depths of 1.50m that may result if the proposed scheme proceeded would not impact on key archaeological or palaeoenvironmental horizons. [Au(adp)]

2/611 (C.21.U002) TQ 33700340

BRIGHTON TO PEACEHAVEN TRANSFER ROUTE, BRIGHTON MARINA TO SALTDEAN LIDO

An Archaeological Evaluation on the Brighton to Peacehaven Transfer Route, A259, Coast Road, East Sussex (Brighton Marina to Saltdean Lido)

Worrall, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

No archaeological features or artefacts were observed during this evaluation. [Au(abr)]

2/612 (C.21.S001) TQ 44301220 BN8 5ES

LAND AT LEWES ROAD, RINGMER

Land at Lewes Road, Ringmer, East Sussex. An Archaeological Evaluation

Anthony, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 28pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

A small number of potential prehistoric features containing struck flint and pottery were located. Small amounts of late Saxon features and pottery were identified. The majority of features comprised pits, ditches, gullies and post holes which contained moderate amounts of medieval pottery which formed a small settlement and/or pottery production. One modern brick structure on the crest of the hill was located as well as large amounts of brick and tile, and small amounts of animal bone, metal objects and flint. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PR, MO, PR

2/613 (C.21.U003) TQ 42300150 BN10 8TW

LOWER HODDERN FARM, PEACEHAVEN

An Archaeological Trial Trenching Evaluation on Land at Lower Hoddern Farm, Peacehaven, East Sussex

Worrall, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 29pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

Geophysical results highlighted areas of archaeological potential that the trial trenches aimed to investigate further. The archaeological activity was concentrated on the south-western corner of the site, where several pits and a double ditched enclosure was revealed. Pottery recovered from the features dated the enclosure to the Late Bronze Age to Middle Iron Age, although the paucity of artefacts suggested the enclosures may have been associated with livestock, rather than a settlement. Elsewhere across the site, trenches revealed several other small linear features, of a similar period, and the remains of a strip lynchet. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: LBA, MIA

2/614 (C.21.U004) TQ 42300150 BN10 8TW

PEACEHAVEN

Field-walking at Peacehaven, East Sussex

Worrall, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

A programme of systematic fieldwalking using the National Grid was undertaken on land north of Peacehaven, East Sussex, in March 2004 as part of a larger scheme of archaeological investigation of a site proposed as a new water treatment works. A 10% sample of the site was subjected to artefact collection. Despite poor ground visibility a general lack of archaeological artefacts, concentrations of worked and fire-cracked flint indicated the possible presence of at least two areas of prehistoric activity. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

Rother

2/615 (C.21.S003) TQ 90101715 TA36 4AF

LAND AT HOGTROUGH LANE, WINCHELSEA

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Hogtrough Lane, Winchelsea, East Sussex

Greatorex, C Eastbourne: C.G. Archaeology, 2004, 28pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: C.G. Archaeology

Proposals for the demolition of a redundant gasometer and the construction of a new house were under consideration by the local District Council. The site was immediately adjacent to 'Quarter 22' of the town's historic centre. An assessment included an initial topographic survey and a trench excavation. The topographic survey revealed a large man-made linear cut running along the easternmost edge of the site. This feature formed part of a surviving network of banks and ditches associated with the street that once bordered the western side of 'Quarter 22'. Its southern end, however, had clearly been truncated by landscaping works carried out during the installation of a gasometer in 1933. The subsequent excavation of a trench exposed two archaeological features of uncertain function. Just a single piece of 19th/20th century tile was retrieved from these cuts and not one artefact of medieval origin was discovered during the fieldwork. An evaluation of the gasometer conducted by specialists concluded that despite being of definite historic interest, the structure was in too poor a condition for medium or long term preservation in situ. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

2/616 (C.21.U010) TQ 74801570 TN33 0AB

PROPOSED NEW VISITOR CENTRE, BATTLE ABBEY, BATTLE

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Site of a Proposed New Visitor Centre, Battle Abbey, Battle, East Sussex

Stevens, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

Three trial trenches were mechanically excavated at one of the proposed sites for a new visitor centre at Battle Abbey. Two of the trenches showed considerable modern truncation but a third contained the robbed out alignment of the precinct wall, a substantial stone built wall (possibly part of a stone building first discovered in 1997) and two medieval floor surfaces. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

Wealden

2/617 (C.21.U006) TQ 54380426 BN26 5SW

THE COTTAGE, PRIORY BARN, WILMINGTON

An Archaeological Evaluation (Phase II) at the Cottage, Priory Barn, Wilmington, East Sussex

Stevens, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

Following the grant of a Class 7 Scheduled Monument Consent, three trial trenches with a cumulative length of 11 metres were mechanically excavated within the area of the Scheduled Monument in order to evaluate areas of proposed groundworks associated with extension to the east and west of the Cottage. An undated gully was discovered to the west of the building and chalk and brick masonry was uncovered to the east of the property. An illegally excavated test-hole was also recorded. Topsoil finds from the site included a large assemblage of post-medieval pottery from the 17th to the 19th centuries, and an almost complete medieval floor tiles of 13-14th century origin. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Hampshire

Basingstoke and Deane

2/618 (C.24.S008) SU 67755210 RG24 7JL

GREYWELL ROAD, HATCH, BASINGSTOKE

Greywell Road, Hatch, Basingstoke, Hampshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Oram, R Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 20pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed commercial and residential development. Four trenches contained deposits of archaeological interest. Two trenches had a hard compacted layer of burnt flint that was possibly the surviving remains of a Roman road surface or was a levelled Bronze Age burnt mound. Two other agricultural ditches were encountered. [Au(adp)] *SMR primary record number:*56603

Archaeological periods represented: BA, UD, RO, RO

2/619 (C.24.S009) SU 52144979 RG25 3AB

LONDON ROAD, OVERTON

London Road, Overton, Hampshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Taylor, A Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 18pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Sixty evaluation trenches, ahead of a proposed residential development revealed ditches, gullies, post holes, pits and pottery dating from the Late Iron Age to the post-medieval period. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, MO, LIA, UD, LIA, PM, RO, LIA, UD, LIA, PM, RO, UD

East Hampshire

2/620 (C.24.S002) SU 71683963 GU34 2BY

ST LAWRENCE PRIMARY SCHOOL, AMERY HILL, ALTON

Report on An Archaeological Evaluation at St. Lawrence Primary School, Alton

Higgins, P Southampton: Southern Archaeological Services, 2004, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Southern Archaeological Services

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed extension within a school yard. Two trenches and three test pits were excavated. A V-shaped ditch filled with chalk and flint rubble which produced post-medieval pottery was observed on the same alignment as the churchyard boundary shown on OD maps. The date of the pottery suggested that the ditch was part of the defences dug by Royalist forces during the English Civil War. The site had been significantly disturbed to the north of the ditch associated with levelling for a tarmac surface. One test pit revealed that archaeological deposits survived to a greater depth to the south of the ditch. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

Gosport

2/621 (C.24.S010) SU 61650110 PO12 4LE

FORMER OFFICERS RESIDENCE, PRIDDY'S YARD, GOSPORT

Former Officer's Residence, Priddy's Hard, Gosport, Hampshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Moore, H Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Evaluation trenching revealed that the footings of the old officers' residences at Priddy's Hard were located below the ground surface. The building was in a very fragmentary state with little intact masonry surviving. Two of the window openings at the front eastern side of the building were located and the corner of the building extrapolated from these, as only a robber trench survived and indicated the corner. All the corners of the main rectangular building had been demolished and robbed away and only short stretches of wall had survived in places. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Havant

2/622 (C.24.U001) SU 71900700 PO9 2DG

OAK PARK CHILDREN'S SERVICES SITE

Oak Park Children's Services Site, Havant, Hampshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 6pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Although the site was located in an area of high archaeological potential, no significant archaeological features were identified. [Au(abr)]

2/623 (C.24.S004) SU 68930716 PO7 8AH

SOUTH DOWNS COLLEGE

Report on An Archaeological Evaluation at South Downs College, Hampshire

Higgins, P Southampton: Southern Archaeological Services, 2004, 11pp, colour pls, figs, tabs,

Work undertaken by: Southern Archaeological Services

An archaeological field evaluation was carried out on land acquired for the a new car park. Two trenches were opened across the projected line of a Roman road. Concentrations of flints pressed into the natural sands and found along the projected line suggested that modern deep ploughing had severely truncated the road. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

New Forest

2 /624 (C.24.S005) SU 14501390 SP6 1BB

ST MARY'S CHURCH, FORDINGBRIDGE

St. Mary's Church, Fordingbridge. Report on Archaeological Shovel Test Pits

Beach, C & Moreno, J Southampton: Gifford & Partners, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Gifford & Partners

A series of archaeological targeted test pits were undertaken in response to a ground penetrating radar survey. Two of the six test pits were positive for vault debris and human remains. Test pit A contained a greater portion and variety of crypt debris and included whole brick and a large fragment of capstone left in section in situ. Post-medieval iron slag and pieces of coke, related to the process of iron smelting were found in Test pit C. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Test Valley

2/625 (C.24.S001) SU 36804610 SP10 1DT

BLACKSMITH'S ARMS, 134 NEW STREET, ANDOVER

Blacksmith's Arms, 134 New Street, Andover. Results of Archaeological Strip, Map and Sample Excavation

Adam, N, Laidlaw, M & Valentin, J Chicklade: AC archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* AC archaeology

The archaeological work consisted of soil stripping and map/sample excavation. A number of medieval and post-medieval features and finds were recorded. Medieval remains comprised a probable ditch and two pits; finds included pottery. Post-medieval remains comprised a number of wells, post holes, and a clay lined pit or tank; finds included animal bone, pottery, clay pipe fragments and ceramic building material. Most of the post-medieval features were likely to have related to small scale industry as well as domestic settlement. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM, PM

2/626 (C.24.S007) SU 42332086

SO53 4LW

LAND AT THE JUNCTION OF KNIGHTWOOD ROAD AND SHANNON WAY, NEAR CHANDLERS FORD

An Archaeological Field Evaluation in Land at the Junction of Knightwood Road and Shannon Way, Valley Park, Near Chandlers Ford, Hampshire

Entwistle, R Aldermaston: Berkshire Archaeological Services, 2004, 18pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Berkshire Archaeological Services

An archaeological field evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed total care centre construction. The results were mixed with the majority of features and finds related to medieval land use and drainage. The few finds, however, included middle to Late Iron Age pottery. Small quantities of burnt flint were recovered from a single pit or ditch terminal. No dateable finds were found in association with this, though it seemed likely that they reflected some form of prehistoric or Romano-British activity marginal to the development site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, PR, LIA, MIA, PR

Winchester

2/627 (C.24.S014) SU 48412938 SO23 9BA

158 HIGH STREET, WINCHESTER

158 High Street, Winchester, Hampshire. Report on Archaeological Evaluation

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation comprising three boreholes and one test pit was undertaken in advance of a proposed development. The work demonstrated that a deep and complex sequence of archaeological deposits survived beneath the site. This confirmed that the site contained high archaeological potential, most likely comprising well preserved and important Roman, Saxon and medieval remains overlain by c. 0.90m of post-medieval deposits and made ground of low significance. Additionally, the deposits lay above a potentially important sequence of geo-archaeological deposits. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, RO

2/628 (C.24.S011) SU 57451135

PO17 5AF

CHURCH VIEW SCHOOL ROAD, WICKHAM

Summary Report on the Results of an Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Church View School Road, Wickham, Hampshire

Hunter, P & Pine, C Chichester: Development Archaeology Services, 2004, 18pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Development Archaeology Services

A field evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed housing development. The specific aim of the field work was to confirm the presence and alignment of part of a medieval moat that was hypothesized to extend within the site boundary and follow the south western boundary of the development site. During excavation of a single evaluation trench, no archaeological features were recorded. No elements of the medieval moat were observed. [Au(adp)]

2/629 (C.24.S013) SU 49523297 SO21 1AA

LAND AT LOVEDON LANE, KINGS WORTHY, NR WINCHESTER

Land at Lovedon Lane, Kings Worthy, Nr. Winchester, Hampshire. An Archaeological Shovelpit **Testing Survey**

Urch, T & McConnell, R Gillingham: Context One Archaeological Services, 2004, 21pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Context One Archaeological Services

An archaeological shovel pit testing survey was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. The survey covered two fields over 14.5 ha and revealed a total of 873 objects. Of these, many were not diagnostic (coal, coke, slag, slate, animal bone, shell, non-local stone) or were relatively modern and appeared to be part of a typical pattern of residual deposition and/or manuring (brick and tile, metal, glass, clay pipe, post-medieval pottery, cement, plastic). The remaining material consisted of 400 objects, comprising 307 pieces of burnt flint, 45 worked flints, 44 sherds of medieval pottery and four sherds of prehistoric pottery. This material was interpreted as residual background scatter and represented an enduring pattern of transient activity through the area over millennia. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, MO, PR

2/630 (C.24.S006) SU 47902980 SO23 8TD

NORTHGATE HOUSE, WINCHESTER

Northgate House, Winchester. Results of the 2004 Archaeological Evaluation

Barge, M & Soderbaum-Beach, L Totton: Gifford & Partners, 2004, 59pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Gifford & Partners

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. This report incorporated results of a previous desk-based assessment and a previous evaluation in 2002. Evidence for Romano-British activity nearby was evidenced by a large quantity of residual pottery. After the Roman period a long phase of abandonment was followed by an increased activity in the Late Saxon period. There was evidence for activity from the 10th-16th centuries in the form of pits and domestic activity remains which included animal processing (leather, horn, meat) and two phases of iron working in the medieval period. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, EM, RO

2/631 (C.24.S012) SU 48002927 SO23 9HR

REAR OF MULBERRY HOUSE, ST THOMAS STREET, WINCHESTER

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Rear of Mulberry House, St. Thomas St., Winchester, Hants

CKC Archaeology Fair Oak: CKC Archaeology, 2004, 15pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: CKC Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed garage construction. A small trench revealed various types of post-medieval garden soil layers. At a depth of 1.2m, lighter soils were observed and were cut by a post-medieval pit. The great depth of garden soil may have been explained by the fact that this area had been incorporated into a large garden since at least the late 16th century. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/632 (C.24.S003) SU 44603050 SO22 5NB

WEEKE MANOR, WINCHESTER

Summary Report on An Archaeological Evaluation at Weeke Manor, Winchester

Higgins, P & Morris, J Southampton: Southern Archaeological Services, 2004, 26pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Southern Archaeological Services

The evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed redevelopment of land at Weeke Manor. Seven trenches suggested that the archaeological potential of the site was limited to the medieval period and later, with the main area of interest being in the area of terracing south-west of the Manor House. Medieval intercutting features were identified as well as associated pottery dated to AD1270-1450, the features suggested evidence of domestic occupation in the area which may have continued for a considerable period of time. The presence of 19th-20th century levelling layers, together with a truncated post hole and a possible wall foundation cut suggested considerable construction activity within the area. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

Isle of Wight

Isle of Wight

2 /633 (C.28.S002) SZ 50088855 PO30 1HD

LAND ADJACENT TO HILANNIE, AVONDALE ROAD, NEWPORT

LandAdjacent to Hilannie, Avondale Road, Newport, Isle of Wight. Archaeological Evaluation Report

WCA Heritage Isle of Wight: WCA Heritage, 2005, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: WCA Heritage

An archaeological field evaluation was undertaken following a desk-based assessment on the proposed site a new house. The results showed that landscaping had taken place across he site and this accounted for the lack of archaeological material. A deep and well mixed agricultural soil overlaid the natural geology. Very few finds were encountered other than a small quantity of medieval, post-medieval and modern material. Only one feature was located and this was interpreted as a modern garden feature. A further archaeological watching brief during groundworks was recommended. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number:5590

Archaeological periods represented: MO, MD, PM

2/634 (C.28.S003) SZ 50158908 PO30 1JW

LAND AT SOUTH STREET, NEWPORT

Land at South Street, Newport, Isle of Wight. Archaeological Evaluation
Michaels, T Swindon: Foundations Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Foundations Archaeology

A programme of archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed site redevelopment. Two trenches were excavated and revealed a significant level of medieval activity, yielding a substantial assemblage of late medieval pottery. Two stone walls, one dated to the medieval period, as well as a brick wall were also present. A number of small pits were also revealed which may also been of medieval origin. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/635 (C.28.S001) SZ 48508810 PO30 1NS

LAND TO THE REAR OF 83 CARISBROOKE HIGH STREET, NEWPORT

Land to the Rear of 83 Carisbrooke High Street, Newport, Isle of Wight. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Barton, C Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken on a site consisting of a T shaped trench within the construction footprint of a proposed development. No features of archaeological significance were found to have been present. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 5813

Kent

Ashford

2 /636 (C.29.S042) TQ 99853325 TN26 2JR

LAND AT PARKER FARM, HAMSTREET

An Archaeological Evaluation. Land at Parker Farm, Hamstreet, Kent

Holden, S London: CgMs, 2004, 26pp, figs Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. 19 trenches were excavated which revealed residual evidence of the Mesolithic, Roman, medieval and post-medieval periods in the vicinity. A single post-medieval ditch represented the only in situ archaeology within the site. Of particular importance was the recovery of a Mesolithic flint tranchet axe/adze 'Thames Pick' found within a layer of brick-earth redeposited or reworked some time during or after the Roman period. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD, ME, RO

2/637 (C.29.S058) TQ 99004400 TN25 4GD

PHASE 9 AT BRISLEY FARM, CHILMINGTON GREEN, ASHFORD

An Archaeological Evaluation of Phase 9 at Brisley Farm (Chartfields), Chilmington Green, Ashford, Kent

Stevenson, J Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 35pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

An archaeological evaluation of Phase 9 consisted of 49 trenches, 42 of which contained archaeological remains. These remains consisted of a dense pattern or archaeology in the middle of the site (ditches, gullies, pits and post holes) which appeared to be a continuation of the important Late Iron Age settlement excavated in Phases 3 and 4. At the east and west of Phase 9, the remains became slightly less intensive and probably related to fields and drove-ways rather than domestic activity. Many of the features were undated and may have related to earlier elements, particularly a Late Bronze Age field system that had been identified in previous work. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: LIA, UD

Canterbury

2/638 (C.29.S014) TR 15605885 CT1 1DB

BARTON MILL AND BARTON MILL ROAD, STURRY ROAD, CANTERBURY

An Archaeological Evaluation of Barton Mill and Barton Mill Road, Sturry Road, Canterbury Rady, J Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 49pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation consisted of two sites and a total of ten trenches in advance of the proposed residential development of the site. The land adjacent to Barton Mill Road produced a probable Early Neolithic flint assemblage, mostly flakes, ditches, pits and possible post holes, which could have been late prehistoric or Roman in date. Most other features and deposits were of post-medieval date and related to garden and domestic activities associated with the 18th century Barton House. The island site appeared to have almost entirely remained agricultural in nature, later levels were sealed by a thick deposit of fragmented shale, probably imported colliery waste, related to 20th century developments on the island. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: LIA, PM, ENE

2/639 (C.29.S002) TR 15605750 CT1 3AJ

CANTERBURY COLLEGE, MAIN CAMPUS, CANTERBURY

Canterbury College, Main Campus: Interim Report on an Archaeological Evaluation and Watching Brief

 $Pratt, S \quad Canterbury: Canterbury \ Archaeological \ Trust, 2004, 9pp, figs, refs$

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation was part of a programme of archaeological works, after a previous desk-based assessment in advance of a proposed major redevelopment of Canterbury College. Nine trenches revealed evidence for heavy truncation by modern construction. Heavy modern build up was encountered in Trench 69 in the north-west of the site. More or less intact old ground surfaces survived fairly close to the modern surface in Trenches one and three. Dating evidence prior to the 18th century was sparse, but between them trenches one and three produced two sherds of Roman pottery, Anglo-Saxon, medieval and late medieval pottery and fragments of a clay pipe stem. Open area excavation combined with watching briefs were suggested for further archaeological work. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, MD, RO

2 /640 (C.29.S013) TR 15585743 CT1 3AJ

CANTERBURY COLLEGE, MAIN CAMPUS, CANTERBURY

Canterbury College, Main Campus: Report on the Phase II Archaeological Evaluation
Found, B Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 7pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation consisted of four trenches, excavated in advance of the proposed redevelopment at Canterbury College. The area under investigation seemed to have been subject to extensive reduction and then landscaped. Stake holes and pits were identified but none could definitely be interpreted as being pre-Victorian in date, although the stake holes in trenches one and three could have been earlier in date. Based on the results of this and other assessments/evaluations it seemed most likely that any archaeological remains within the study area were of local significance only. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD, MO

2/641 (C.29.S009) TR 13725775 CT2 8QA

CANTERBURY HIGH SCHOOL, KNIGHT AVENUE, CANTERBURY

An Archaeological Evaluation at Canterbury High School, Knight Avenue, Canterbury

Holman, J Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation consisted of four machine excavated trenches (3.2% sample) in advance of a proposed development of additional school buildings. The site lay approximately half a kilometre west of the 3rd century walls of the Roman town of Canterbury. Previous work undertaken in 1999 at the school, beneath the present running track and sports hall, revealed a scattering of features of probable Iron Age date. The 2004 excavation also revealed archaeological remains on the site, but were confined to two shallow pits of probable prehistoric date, similar to the features found in 1999. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

2/642 (C.29.S018) TR 14456196 CT2 0QW

HENBURY MANOR NEAR ELHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation at Henbury Manor near Elham

Holman, J Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 13pp, figs, tabs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

This evaluation involved excavating four trenches in advance of a proposed reconstruction of the manor house which was mainly demolished to convert into flats. No significant archaeological remains were located in the area of the manor house, although a few undated but probable prehistoric features were located in trench two, situated to the south of the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, PM

WAY, HERNE

2/643 (C.29.S020) TR 17086624

CT6 5RF LAND ADJACENT TO HERNE BAY GOLF COURSE AND THE A299 THANET

An Archaeological Evaluation on LandAdjacent to Herne Bay Golf Course and the A299 Thanet Way, Herne, Kent (Bullockstone Road, Greenhill)

Jarman, C Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 37pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

This evaluation consisted of 64 trenches, excavated in advance of a proposed construction of a surface attenuation pond. Two fields were evaluated, one field lay between the A299 Thanet Way and the Plenty Brook (3.5 ha) and a smaller additional field was evaluated on the north side of the brook (1.7 ha), which represented a 4.5% sample. 38 out of 44 trenches on the first field contained archaeological features and ten out of 20 trenches on the second field. South of the brook had the highest density of features, many of which were in the centre of the eastern half of the field and the north side of the brook features were concentrated on the west side of the field. Features included pits (including pit complexes), gullies, post-holes, ditches and hearths which were mostly of Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age (dated by pottery assemblage). There was also some indication of Late Iron Age and Romano-British activity. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, UD, EIA, LBA, RO

2/644 (C.29.S016) TR 14065693 CT1 3TP

LAND ADJOINING 1 HOLLOW LANE, WINCHEAP, CANTERBURY

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land adjoining 1 Hollow Lane, Wincheap, Canterbury, Kent

Gollop, A & Rady, J Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 13pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation was the second phase of archaeological work on the site in advance of a proposed residential development. The first phase of work in 2002 was limited in scope due to the remains of live sewers. A post-medieval feature was observed during previous work and the 2004 evaluation clarified the nature of the feature as a probable gravel quarry, backfilled during the construction of the former Elham Valley Railway line. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/645 (C.29.S008) TR 15345907

CT2 7PT

LAND ADJOINING SEEBOARD SUB-STATION OFF FARLEIGH ROAD, MARKET WAY AND BROAD OAK ROAD, CANTERBURY

An Archaeological Evaluation On Land Adjoining the Seeboard Sub-Station off Farleigh Road, Market Way and Broad Oak Road, Canterbury

Parker, S Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 13pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation involved the excavation of five trenches in advance of a proposed residential development. In four of the five trenches evidence of brick-earth quarrying was observed. This activity would have largely removed any surviving archaeological resource within the area of development. The presence of three residual pottery sherds and a tile fragment of Roman date may have indicated the presence of Roman activity in the vicinity. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, RO

2/646 (C.29.S021) TR 15796206 CT2 0QL

LAND AT COURT MEADOWS, LITTLEBOURNE

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Court Meadows, Littlebourne

Holman, J Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 9pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation consisted of six trenches, representing a 4.7% sample of the area excavated in advance of a proposed residential development. The results did not indicate the survival of any archaeological remains within the site area. Evidence suggested that there was never any significant occupation of the site. The presence of burnt flint and flint tempered pottery in colluvium and disturbed brick-earth deposits indicated there was some activity of probable prehistoric date in the general area. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

2/647 (C.29.S024) TR 19355400

CT4 5BE

LAND NORTH-WEST OF ST. LAWRENCE AND HIGHLAND COURT CRICKET GROUND, HIGHLAND COURT FARM, BEKESBOURNE

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land North-West of St. Lawrence & Highland Court Cricket Ground, Highland Court Farm, Bekesbourne

Rady, J Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 14pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation involved the machine excavation of 16 trenches in advance of a proposed new tennis centre. No significant archaeological features were observed and there was virtually no recovery of residual artefactual material. This suggested that there was never any significant occupation of the area investigated. The only cut features observed were a service trench, a large probably recent chalk quarry

in the southern part of the site and a number of linear hollows served as access tracks to the quarry. A residual Neolithic leaf shaped arrowhead was recovered from the surface. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, NE

2/648 (C.29.S072) TR 20106120

CT3 4GE

LAND SOUTH OF ISLAND ROAD, WESTBERE NEAR HERSDEN, CANTERBURY Archaeological test-pitting on the line of new sewer pipelines, Southof Island Road, Westbere near Hersden, Canterbury, Kent. Interim Report

Rady, J & Holman, J Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 16pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

An archaeological test pitting evaluation was carried out ahead of proposed new sewage pipelines. There was evidence that the remains of a prehistoric settlement may have been nearby. There were also three different landscape and deposit zones along the route. [AIP]

2/649 (C.29.S025) TR 20156123

CT3 4GE

LAND SOUTH OF ISLAND ROAD, WESTBERE, NEAR HERSDEN, CANTERBURY Archaeological Test-Pitting on the Line of New Sewer Pipelines South of Island Road, Westbere, near Hersden, Canterbury, Kent

Rady, J & Holman, J Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 34pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation consisted of twelve test-pits excavated in advance of a proposed new sewer pipelines. Four different landscape and deposit zones were located along the route. There was also evidence to suggest that the remains of an Iron Age period settlement site existed in the area (subsequently was confirmed). There was no evidence for occupation along the rest of the route, although artefactual material from the plateau was discerned in deep colluvial layers to the base of an escarpment to the south of the plateau. One zone was situated in a field to the south-west and traversed an escarpment across a belt of Head Brick-earth. Evidence for brick-earth extracting supported known documentary sources. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, IA, RO

2/650 (C.29.S022) TR 19676370

CT3 4JP

RUSHBOURNE MANOR, HOATH ROAD, HOATH

An Archaeological Evaluation at Rushbourne Manor, Hoath Road, Hoath

Found, B Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 11pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

This evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed new grain store, lean-to agricultural building and associated access road. No significant archaeological features were revealed. Two linear features thought to represent robbed out field boundaries and a possible prehistoric stream course were identified. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/651 (C.29.S003) TR 12505705

CT2 8PL

TONFORD MANOR, TONFORD LANE, THANINGTON WITHOUT, NEAR CANTERBURY

An Archaeological Evaluation at Tonford Manor, Tonford Lane, Thanington Without, near Canterbury

Rady, J Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation originally would have involved two sample trenches, but due to standing buildings limiting the work area, four trial holes were excavated in advance of a proposed new and replaced building development. The study area was located to the north-west of the Grade II Listed Tonford Manor house and was thought to potentially contain evidence of a moat. No significant archaeological features or finds were located. All of the deposits recorded were of 19th century made ground overlying natural subsoil. They probably related to the moat which must have been landscaped or modified in the early 19th century, before being backfilled and levelled (in the study area) later in the century. Documentary evidence has since been located to verify this. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/652 (C.29.S005) TR 14685797 CT1 2BE

TOWER WAY AND ST PETER'S GROVE, CANTERBURY

Archaeological Evaluation and Assessment of Land at the corner of Tower Way and St. Peter's Grove, Canterbury

Barrett, D Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 24pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The field evaluation involved the excavation of one trench in advance of a proposed development for five flats. The trench revealed the earliest deposits represented garden/cultivation soils. Due to the size limitations the relationship of these layers to either houses or open ground was not determined. The south-east end of the trench contained the flint and mortar remains of a wall foundation cut into the earlier deposits with an associated floor surface. A cellared building had largely destroyed the earlier walls. The north-west of the trench contained remains of a chalk wall, but it was not possible to determine the exact nature of the wall. One possible explanation was a privy at the end of the garden. The rest of the trench revealed intercutting pits which contained a mix of post-medieval to modern pottery. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM, MO, PM

2/653 (C.29.S017) TR 18395773 CT3 4AF

TUDOR GARDEN, ST. AUGUSTINE'S ABBEY, CANTERBURY

Tudor Garden, St. Augustine's Abbey, Canterbury, Archaeological Evaluation

Pratt, S & Dixon, I Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 17pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation was carried out during work to excavate and remove the tarmac paths from the Tudor Garden in the precincts of St. Augustine's Abbey, Canterbury, which was in an Area of Archaeological Importance, a World Heritage Site and a Scheduled Ancient Monument. Other than the standing Tudor walls and later alterations, the only contexts likely to be of archaeological importance were possible floor or bedding deposits of 16th-18th century date. A resistivity survey was also carried out in a small area adjacent to the north-west (Ethelbert's) Tower of the Abbey church to determine suitable positions for two or three tree pits (the subject of a separate report). [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/654 (C.29.S070) TR 11686572

CT5 1PX

WHITSTABLE COMMUNITY COLLEGE, WHITSTABLE

Crank, N & Grassam, A Hertford : Archaeological Solutions, 2004, 12pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeological Solutions

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a building extension. Nine possible archaeological features were recorded, which were irregular in shape and could not be securely dated. Finds were sparse but small and abraded sherds of Middle Iron Age pottery were recovered. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Dartford

2/655 (C.29.S054) TQ 58257425 DA9 9JQ

LAND AT RESIDENTIAL PHASE II, WATERSTONE PARK, STONE CASTLE

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at Residential Phase II, Waterstone Park, Stone Castle, Kent Haslam, A London: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd., 2004, 100pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

An archaeological evaluation was conducted in advance of a proposed redevelopment of the site for residential purposes. 57 trenches were arranged across the site, which was an open field area at the time of the evaluation. Several features were observed to the east of the site which were of Late Iron Age to early Romano-British in date including; pottery, pits, ditches, post holes. An undated fire pit was also recorded. A residual Palaeolithic hand axe was recovered from top spoil and two post-medieval quarry pits were also encountered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: LIA, RO, UD, RO, PR, RO, PM, UD, PA, PR, RO

2/656 (C.29.U002) TQ 54107420 DA1 2AL

WESTGATE COURT, WESTGATE ROAD, DARTFORD

Westgate Court, Westgate Road, Dartford, Kent. Archaeological Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Wessex Archaeology

The results of the evaluation indicate that the site had been severely disturbed by modern building activities. A single sherd of abraded medieval pottery was recovered from a former topsoil deposits. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, MD

Dover

2/657 (C.29.S010) TR 26374808 CT15 7LP

COOMBE HOUSE, SHEPHERDSWELL

Report on Evaluation Trenching at Coombe House, Sheperdswell

Parfitt, K Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed housing estate development and involved the excavation of eleven trenches. One archaeological feature was identified consisting of a prehistoric gully, pottery from the fill was dated to the Iron Age. A total of 14 earlier calcined flints were also recovered from the gully which indicated that the gully could have been recut. There were no other archaeological remains located, however, due to the presence of the gully it was recommended that an intermittent archaeological watching brief be maintained during the next phase of building works. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, IA

2/658 (C.29.S050) TR 36774970 CT14 7AR

LAND ADJACENT TO DOWNLANDS, WALMER, NEAR DEAL

An archaeological Evaluation on LandAdjacent to Downlands, Walmer, near Deal, Kent

Jarman, C Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 14pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a housing development. Work was started in 2003 but was deferred until 2004 because of environment issues concerning the presence of slowworms. The eventual results of further evaluation indicated the presence of Romano-British activity confined to the south-west corner of the site. The nature of the activity was unclear, but sufficient pottery, including Samian Ware and a small quantity of glass suggested the proximity of a reasonably high status site. Colluvium on the rest of the site contained prehistoric abraded pottery and burnt flints which were thought likely to have derived from a site further to the south-west. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, MO, MO, PR

2/659 (C.29.S035) TR 35704470 CT15 6AA

LAND AT TOWNSEND FARM ROAD, ST MARGARET'S AT CLIFFE

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Townsend Farm Road, St. Margaret's At Cliffe, Kent Holden, S London: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd., 2004, 29pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

An evaluation consisting of six trenches was undertaken in advance of a housing development. The work revealed a medieval ditch at the east of the site, closest to the parish church and evidence of Bronze Age activity in the west. This comprised of cut features and finds of pottery and struck and burnt flint. A single coin of Tudor date was also recovered form the topsoil at the east of the site. [AU]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, BA, BA, BA, NE, PM

2/660 (C.29.S028) TR 30805660 CT13 0NP

MONUMENT NO.1, RINGLEMERE FARM (TRENCH 5)

Interim Report on Excavations at Monument No.1, Ringlemere Farm, Kent (Trench 5)

Parfitt, K Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust & The British Museum, 2005, 13pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

This excavation formed part of ongoing archaeological investigation into the area and was the location of the Ringlemere gold cup, which was discovered in 2001 (now in the British Museum as part of the Treasure Trove Act). Trench 5, part of a hitherto unknown Anglo-Saxon cemetery, included eight inhumations and five urn cremations. Grave goods found with the inhumations included; two fine glass claw beakers, decorated beads, knives and buckles. A small pit adjacent to Grave 2 could have been an associated cremation pyre. Centuries of ploughing removed the base of the barrow mound on site. Excavation of this area revealed a significant collection of Grooved Ware (4000 sherds) and Neolithic struck flints. Also a small hearth could have been of Neolithic date. Further archaeological excavation was planned which was especially needed due to the ploughing damage that was occurring on the site. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, EM, EM, NE

2/661 (C.29.S011) TR 30994444

CT163NX

Evaluation Trenching at Perrys Motor Sales Ltd, Honeywood Parkway, Whitfield

Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation involved the excavation of five trenches whch carried on from a previous sequence of evaluation trenches. The trenches revealed three undated ditches and one pit, 46 prehistoric struck flints and 11 'pot boilers', eight flint tempered Bronze Age-Iron Age pot sherds and a medieval pottery sherd. The ditches were likely to have been post-medieval field boundaries/drains. Further detailed archaeological excavation was not suggested, however, a further watching brief was recommended. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, PR

2/662 (C.29.S065) TR 63131422

CT16 2ZZ

RP FURNITURE STORE, NORTH OF GRANVILLE ROAD, OFF BEACONSFIELD ROAD, DOVER

The Results of an Archaeological Evaluation on the Site of the RP Furniture Store, North of Granville Road, off Beaconsfield Road, Dover, Kent

Swale & Thames Archaeological Survey Company Faversham: Swale & Thames Archaeological Survey Company, 2004, 20pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Swale and Thames Archaeological Survey

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. Remains of the demolished 19th century mill were encountered, including floors, walls, foundations, a mill race and leat. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/663 (C.29.S036) TR 28604420

CT163DR

THE MILL HOUSE, BROOKSIDE, TEMPLE EWELL, DOVER

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Mill House, Brookside, Temple Ewell, Dover, Kent

Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 15pp, figs Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

Three trial trenches to a cumulative length of 30m and two geo-archaeological test-pits were mechanically excavated at the site. No features or deposits of archaeological or geo-archaeological significance were located. A small assemblage of 19th century pottery was recovered form the overburden. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

TR 30074596 2/664 (C.29.S029) CT163LA

'WESTFIELD', FORGE LANE, WHITFIELD

Report on Archaeological Evaluation Trenching at 'Westfield', Forge Lane, Whitfield, Kent

Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 6pp, figs, tabs Parfitt, K Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation consisted of three trenches excavated in advance of proposed new dwellings on the site. Prehistoric worked flints were found in a light scatter at the upper end of the site and 19th century pits containing chinaware, relating to buildings on the site were identified. A further watching brief during future groundworks was recommended. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, PR

Maidstone

2/665 (C.29.S057) TQ 76565478 ME15 7PG

BOYS GRAMMAR SCHOOL, BARTON ROAD, MAIDSTONE

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at the Boy's Grammar School, Barton Road, Maidstone, Kent

Worrall, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 8pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

An archaeological evaluation comprising two trial trenches was carried out prior to the construction of a new canteen block. A Roman building discovered in the 18th century was situated nearby and a Roman road was believed to lie under the modern Loose Road, to the west of the site. Two pits, dated to the late 17th century and early 18th century were discovered, but no archaeological remains or artefacts associated with the Roman building were observed. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/666 (C.29.S039) TQ 75825590 ME14 1QE

FREMLIN WALK, MAIDSTONE

Fremlin Walk, Maidstone. Archaeological Evaluation. Phase 6

Edwards, C Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2004, 14pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed retail development. This evaluation was Phase 6 of a series of archaeological works undertaken on site. Several late medieval or early post-medieval pits were identified and also areas of truncation from modern buildings and previous land management. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/667 (C.29.S030) TQ 73405590 ME16 0WS

LAND AT MAIDSTONE HOSPITAL, HERMITAGE LANE, MAIDSTONE

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at Maidstone Hospital, Hermitage Lane, Maidstone, Kent: Oncology Extension Phase I

Stevens, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 8pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

The site was evaluated in January 2004. Owing to problems with very recent landscaping, the presence of buried services and the need to keep a route open for emergency services, only two 10m evaluation trenches were eventually excavated. Both were located within modern earthworks and resulted from recent building work at the hospital, resulting in trench depths in excess of 2m before the underlying natural subsoils were encountered. No archaeological features were observed and no artefacts were recovered from the overburden. [Au(adp)]

2/668 (C.29.S041) TQ 73925518 ME16 8QH

LAND AT WEST BOROUGH PRIMARY SCHOOL, HAMBLEDON COURT, TONBRIDGE ROAD, MAIDSTONE

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land at West Borough Primary School, Hambledon Court, Tonbridge Road, Maidstone, Kent

Stevenson, J Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

An archaeological evaluation consisting of one single 'L' shaped 15m long machine excavated trench was undertaken. One feature, a possible Bronze Age pit, was identified. Residual prehistoric flint and post-medieval pottery was also observed in the site spoil heaps. There was no evidence that the identified remains were indicative of a denser pattern of ancient activity in the immediate vicinity. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, PM, PR

2/669 (C.29.S055) TQ 73905515

ME168QH

LAND AT WESTBOROUGH SCHOOL, HAMBLEDON COURT, TONBRIDGE ROAD, MAIDSTONE

An Archaeological Field Evaluation. Land at Westborough School, Hambledon Court, Tonbridge Road, Maidstone, Kent

Holden, S London: CgMs, 2004, 27pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

An evaluation consisting of eight trenches was undertaken, revealing evidence for activity from the later prehistoric periods, probably settlement, on the site. Roman pottery sherds dated to the 1st century BC to 2nd century AD were retrieved and finds of medieval and post-medieval date were also recovered from a ploughsoil. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: LBA, MD, PM, RO

2/670 (C.29.S027) TQ 83385471

ME17 1TS

LAND TO THE REAR OF 'THE LIMES', EYTHORNE STREET, HOLLINGBOURNE, MAIDSTONE

Land to the Rear of 'The Limes', Eythorne Street, Hollingbourne, Maidstone, Kent

Sparey-Green, C Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 16pp, figs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation consisted of two trenches excavated in advance of a proposed construction of two residential dwellings. Archaeological deposits in Trench One consisted of a scatter of Late Iron Age and medieval pottery in a possible hill wash deposit which overlay the altered surface of the Gault Clay. In Trench Two the same geology was cut by features containing post-medieval building debris, possibly part of structures behind the frontage of Eyhorne Street. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, IA, MD

2/671 (C.29.S045) TQ 75505640

ME14 1LQ

SPORTS GROUND DEVELOPMENT, JAMES WHATMAN WAY, MAIDSTONE

Sports Ground Development, James Whatman Way, Maidstone, Kent. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation

Philp, B West Wickham: Kent Archaeological Rescue Unit, 2004, 14pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Kent Archaeological Rescue Unit

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed sports ground development. The eastern part of the site had been severely terraced during the construction of the Parade Ground in the 19th century and all surface soils were removed. No archaeological deposits or finds were encountered within the whole site. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/672 (C.29.S004) TQ 75215502 ME16 8ED

THE FORMER ADT BUILDING SITE, FLORENCE ROAD, MAIDSTONE

An Archaeological Evaluation of the Former ADT building site, Florence Road, Maidstone

Rady, J & Shand, G Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 16pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation involved five machine excavated trenches in advance of a proposed development for five town houses. Elements of a Roman structure, mainly masonry walls, robber trenches and floors, were located adjacent to Florence Road and related to the fragmentary discoveries of a Roman building in 1893, just a few metres north of the development site. Finds included: two in situ mortared box flue tiles, roof tiles and pottery. The structure did not extend across the entire site, although more deeply buried Roman period soils were recorded in other trenches to the south. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/673 (C.29.S001) TQ 79315830 IP29 4TY

THE OLD VICARAGE, THE STREET, DETLING

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Old Vicarage, The Street, Detling Ward, A Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 4pp, figs Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The field evaluation involved the excavation of two trenches in advance of a proposed new house construction. The trenches produced no archaeological artefacts and no features or deposits of significance. The lack of artefact evidence and significant features appeared total. It was highly likely, however, that other areas in the vicinity would show evidence of occupation and use. [Au(abr)]

2 /674 (C.29.S032) TQ 80755821 ME14 3LE

THURNHAM CASTLE, THURNHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation at Thurnham Castle, Thurnham, Kent James, R Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 9pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

An archaeological evaluation comprising one trial trench was carried out on land at Thurnham Castle (Scheduled Ancient Monument 12844) prior to the construction of a new access ramp. The site lay outside the medieval castle itself, but within the Scheduled Area. No archaeological features were observed, although a small assemblage of late post-medieval artefacts were recovered. [Au]

2 /675 (C.29.S037) TQ 86545281 ME17 1JD

WEST STREET, HARRIETSHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation at West Street, Harrietsham, Kent

Stevens, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 10pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

Five evaluation trenches were mechanically excavated at the site to a cumulative length of 100m in advance of a proposed residential development. A small assemblage of artefacts were recovered from the overburden found overlaying the 'natural' Gault and Folkestone Beds. This consisted of a single struck flint, one small abraded sherd of medieval pottery and post-medieval pot and tile. One shallow undated trench was encountered, excavated and recorded in one of the trenches. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, PM, PR

Medway

2/676 (C.29.S006) TQ 82106570 ME8 8JB

9 MIERSCOURT ROAD, RAINHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation at 9 Mierscourt Road, Rainham

Shand, G Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 9pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation involved the machine excavation of four trenches in advance of a proposed development for four town dwellings. The site lay on the southern edge of Rainham High Street and close to the corridor of the Rochester to Canterbury section of Roman Watling Street. Although Roman roadside locations could usually be areas which contained buildings, burials or features, no significant archaeological remains were found on the site. [Au(adp)]

2/677 (C.29.S019) TQ 79106650

ME8 6AF

THE FORMER CIVIL SERVICE SPORTS GROUND, WATLING STREET AND WILL ADAMS WAY, GILLINGHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Site of the Former Civil Service Sports Ground, Watling Street and Will Adams Way, Gillingham, Kent

Holman, J & Rady, J Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 35pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation consisted of 60 trenches excavated in advance of a proposed redevelopment. A total of three undated, but probably prehistoric features were concentrated in the north-west and eastern areas of the site. [Au(adp]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Sevenoaks

2/678 (C.29.S043) TQ 55371687 BR8 7PA

CANADA HEIGHTS, FARNINGHAM WOODS, BUTTON STREET, SWANLEY

An Archaeological Evaluation at Canada Heights, Farningham Woods, Button Street, Swanley, Kent

Stevens, S Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2004, 7pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

The proposal site was evaluated in early July 2004. A single 20m long trial trench was mechanically excavated. No archaeological features were observed and a single struck flint was recovered from the imported overburden. [Au]

2/679 (C.29.S052) TQ 44194644 TN8 5HR

REAR OF NO.8 STANGROVE ROAD, EDENBRIDGE

An Archaeological Evaluation (Stage 1) at the Rear of No.8, Stangrove Road, Edenbridge, Kent Stevens, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 7pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

An evaluation was undertaken consisting of a 10m long trench which was mechanically excavated. No archaeological features or deposits were encountered. A limited assemblage of artefacts, including one sherd of abraded medieval pottery, iron-working slag was identified. Post-medieval pottery and tile was recovered from the overburden. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, UD

2/680 (C.29.S066) TQ 44274660

TN8 5LX

THE EDENBRIDGE WESTERN RELIEF ROAD, EDENBRIDGE

An Archaeological Evaluation in Advance of the Construction of the Edenbridge Western Relief Road, Edenbridge, Kent

Griifin, N Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

A programme of archaeological investigation was undertaken in order to establish the archaeological potential of the proposed route of a relief road. Archaeological features were encountered, including features indicative of medieval iron working in the vicinity and man-made water channels which may have related to further forms of industrial activity such as tanning. Evidence of a post-medieval boundary and a rubbish pit were also located as well as an undated gully. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD, MD, MD

Shepway

2/681 (C.29.S059) TR 21304020

CT18 7AX

ARCHAEOLOGICAL TEST PITS AT LAND NORTH OF BARNHURST LANE, HAWKINGE.KENT

Archaeological Test Pits at Land North of Barnhurst Lane, Hawkinge, Kent

Stevenson, J Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

A test pitting programme was undertaken, consisting of three hand excavated test pits which were excavated to establish the presence or absence of any significant Mesolithic remains. Geoarchaeological and archaeological methods were used and the results indicated that although there was undoubtedly Mesolithic activity in the area, represented by worked flint, there was no evidence of any in situ 'buried' soil horizon. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: ME

2/682 (C.29.S056) TR 21004040 CT18 7DL

LAND AT BARNHURST LANE (STAGE 1), BARNHURST LANE, HAWKINGE

An Archaeological Evaluation (Stage 1) on Land at Barnhurst Lane, Hawkinge, Kent

Stevens, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 21pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

A total of 41 trial trenches were mechanically excavated to a cumulative length of 1025m, providing a c.4% sample of the site. Two undated gullies were discovered in addition to a WWII concrete emplacement. An assemblage of 58 struck flints was recovered from the overburden of the trenches, comprising Mesolithic, Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age and later prehistoric material. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MO, EBA, LNE, ME

2/683 (C.29.U001) TR 08603820 TN25 6AQ

SELLINDGE WASTEWATER TREATMENT WORKS

Sellindge Wastewater Treatment Works, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation Report
Wessex Archaeology Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

No archaeological deposits or features were observed in any of the test pits, however, alluvial deposits associated with the early course of the nearby East Stour River were found in all three Test Pits. [Au(abr)]

2/684 (C.29.S051) TR 21003940

CT18 7TE

THE TERLINGHAM III DEVELOPMENT, HAWKINGE AERODROME, HAWKINGE

An Archaeological Evaluation (Stage 1) at the 'Terlingham III' Development, Hawkinge Aerodrome, Hawkinge, Kent

Stevens, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 42pp, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

A total of 99 trial trenches were excavated to a cumulative length of 2458m providing a c.4% sample of the southern end of the former aerodrome. Pits, post holes, gullies and ditches were encountered in trenches in the eastern part of the site. Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age, Late Iron Age/Early Romano-British and later Romano-British remains were uncovered, with limited evidence of Anglo-Saxon activity. A group of undated features were also uncovered in one trench in the western part of the site. A background scatter of struck flint was recovered from the site. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, RO, UD, MO, RO, RO, EM, RO

Swale

2 /685 (C.29.S049) TR 02066181 ME13 7BT

ABBEY ROAD, FAVERSHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Abbey Road CSO, Faversham, Kent Griifin, N Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 27pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

A programme of archaeological investigation was undertaken in order to establish the archaeological potential of the location of a proposed sewer overflow. Three trenches with a total length of c.61m were excavated, all of which contained post-medieval archaeological features. An alignment of flints and adjacent ditch may have represented a trackway running parallel with the existing road. Probable brick-earth extraction resulted in truncation across much of the study area. Such activity appeared to have occurred during the 17th-18th centuries with evidence of pits and a possible earlier structure. To the south of this area, a possible robber trench corresponded closely with the postulated alignment of the northern Abbey precinct wall. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

2/686 (C.29.S073) TQ 97207185

ME12 4HP

NORWOOD LANDFILL PHASE 5, SHRUBSOLES HILL, BRAMBLEDOWN, ISLE OF SHEPPEY

Norwood Landfill Phase 5, Shrubsoles Hill, Brambledown, Isle of Sheppey, Kent. An Archaeological Evaluation

Taylor, A Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 18pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Evaluation trenching revealed seven gullies and two pits dated to the Middle-Late Bronze Age as well as two gullies, a ditch and a post hole, all of which were undated. Stray finds of Late Iron Age and Saxon pottery were also recovered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, BA, BA, BA, EM, LIA

2/687 (C.29.S007) TQ 92476515

ME10 3NL

PLOT N2A, EUROLINK BUSINESS PARK, CASTLE ROAD, SITTINGBOURNE

Plot N2a, Eurolink Business Park, Castle Road, Sittingbourne. Archaeological Field Evaluation

Parker, S Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 7pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation involved the machine excavation of two trial pits in advance of a proposed new distribution centre construction. The area had been extensively quarried for brick-earth and evidence of this could be seen in the form of a large quantity of brick kiln debris. The natural subsoil had a layer of made ground over it which represented redeposited 19th century natural soil, probably derived from brick- earth extraction. The depth of overburden on the site meant that future works were unlikely to impact significantly on any surviving deposits. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/688 (C.29.U005) TQ 94306080 ME9 0RH

STEDLYN RETREAT, LYNSTED

Stedlyn Retreat, Lynsted, Kent

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Although most all of the trenches revealed no archaeology, a small ditch dating from the Middle to Late Iron Age was identified in trench 6, from which quantities of pottery and animal bone were recovered. The ditch appeared to represent part of an enclosure. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MIA, IA

2/689 (C.29.S064) TQ 87906180 ME9 8LG

THE OLD FARMHOUSE, DEERTON STREET, TEYNHAM

Archaeological Evaluation at the Old Farmhouse, Deerton Street, Teynham, Kent

Wilkinson, P Faversham: Swale and Thames Archaeological Survey Company, 2004, 10pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Swale and Thames Archaeological Survey

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of proposed building construction associated with a farm infrastructure. No archaeological remains were recorded. [AIP]

Thanet

2 /690 (C.29.S040) TR 34827042 CT9 5QG

135 ALL SAINTS AVENUE, MARGATE

135 All Saints Avenue, Margate, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Moody, G Broadstairs: Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2004, 16pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation consisting of three trenches was undertaken in advance of a proposed development. Trench 1 contained a curvilinear ditch with a fill of worked flint and mixed period pottery. A pit containing flints and densely packed marine shells was also identified. Trench 2

contained further evidence of the soil horizon located in Trench 1. Trench 3 contained a pit with a fill of high quality worked flint and a linear gully which produced more flint and abraded pottery. The site was thought to generally be of Neolithic to Bronze Age date. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

2/691 (C.29.S023) TR 30306900 CT7 9AW

214 CANTERBURY ROAD, BIRCHINGTON

An Archaeological Evaluation at 214 Canterbury Road, Birchington

Shand, G Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 9pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation consisted of a single trench excavated in advance of a proposed redevelopment of the site for residential housing. In the central and south-west areas of the trench a sequence of post-medieval gravel and chalk layers, probably external yard surfaces were encountered. Two brick walls at the north end of the trench indicated the presence of a late post-medieval building/structure towards the rear of the modern property. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/692 (C.29.S068) TR 38886556 CT11 8EF

33 PENHURST ROAD, RAMSGATE

33 Penhurst Road, Ramsgate, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Boast, E Broadstairs: Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2004, 6pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of the construction of two dwellings. No archaeological features or finds were encountered. [AIP]

2/693 (C.29.S069) TR 37776804 CT10 2AL

33 WESTWOOD ROAD, BROADSTAIRS

An archaeological Evaluation at 33 Westwood Road, Broadstairs, Kent

CKC Archaeology Fair Oak: CKC Archaeology, 2004, 26pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: CKC Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed residential development. A modest assemblage of prehistoric pottery and worked flint was identified in the far western corner of the site which may have suggested the site lay on the extreme edge of an area of prehistoric activity. No other archaeological features predating the 20th century were found on the site. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

2 /694 (C.29.U004) TR 34806420 CT12 5JT

CLIFFS END FARM, RAMSGATE

Cliffs End Farm, Ramsgate, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 23pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The evaluation trenches revealed archaeological remains dating from the Late Bronze Age to World War II. A number of linear features and one pit were dated to the Late Bronze Age. Quantities of pottery and worked flint were recovered from the fills, along with part of a roughed-out shale bracelet

sourced to Kimmeridge, Dorset. Further remains of Saxon Date were also identified. These comprised two pits and one broad linear feature, all dated by pottery to the Middle Saxon period. The fills of these features contained large quantities of marine shells, along with smaller amounts of fish bone suggesting exploitation of inter-tidal zone as part of a subsistence economy. Two of the trenches revealed large concrete slabs within disturbed and backfilled areas. these were identified as former anti-aircraft gun emplacements by a local resident. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, LBA, IA, LBA

2/695 (C.29.S031) TR 39476700 CT10 1RJ

COPPERFIELD HOUSE, BROADSTAIRS

Report on Evaluation Trenching at Copperfield House, Broadstairs

Parfitt, K Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

An archaeological field evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. Apart from one pit of uncertain date, the excavated trenches failed to locate any significant archaeological remains. Moreover, much of the ground at the south-east end of the site seemed to have been deeply disturbed by Copperfield House and its subsequent demolition. The very light scatter of prehistoric struck flints contained within the topsoil and subsoil layers together with the single archaeological feature represented the only evidence for ancient activity on the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, PR

2/696 (C.29.S061) TR 36206991

CT9 2SP

DRAPERS MILL COUNTY PRIMARY SCHOOL, ST PETERS FOOTPATH, MARGATE

Draper Mill County Primary School, St. Peters Footpath, Margate, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation report

Hart, P & Boast, E Broadstairs: Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2004, 16pp, figs Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out. A pit of possible early to mid Saxon origins was excavated. The upper fills contained pottery dating from the late prehistoric to post-medieval period. This probably resulted from reworking of the soils in the area for agricultural purposes. Other features encountered included ditches, post holes and a further pit and were all undated. A modern demolished structure may have related to an air raid shelter on the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, EM, PR, MO, EM, MD, PM, PR

2/697 (C.29.S067) TR 34756660 CT12 5AR

GROVE FARM, MANSTON ROAD, MANSTON

Grove Farm, Manston Road, Manston, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Russell, J & Moody, G Broadstairs: Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2004, 32pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology

Six evaluation trenches were excavated on the site of a proposed residential development. Archaeological remains identified included ditches, pits, post holes and pottery where dated from the medieval to the modern period. There was evidence for industrial activity in the post-medieval period. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD, MO, UD, MD, UD

2/698 (C.29.S034) TR 39686889 CT10 1EF

HAMILTON LODGE, BISHOPS AVENUE, BROADSTAIRS

Hamilton Lodge, Bishops Avenue, Broadstairs. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Boast, E Broadstairs: Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2004, 19pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology

An archaeological field evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. A single trench excavated on the site produced evidence of a land surface of Late Iron Age to Early Roman date associated with demolition material and structural remains of a cobble wall foundation of the same period. A 1.5m hill-wash sealed the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, RO, IA, IA, MD, RO

2/699 (C.29.S038) TR 29606919

CT7 9SL

LAND ADJACENT TO BRIAR COURT, GORDON SQUARE, BIRCHINGTON LandAdjacent to Briar Court, Gordon Square, Birchington, Thanet. Archaeological Evaluation Remove.

Boast, E Broadstairs: Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2004, 6pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology

An archaeological field evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed residential town house development. No archaeological features or finds were identified within the site. [AIP]

2/700 (C.29.S046) TR 32706990 CT8 8AS

LAND AT GROVE NURSERY, WESTGATE ON SEA

Assessment of an Archaeological Excavation. Land at Grove Nursery, Westgate on Sea, Kent CT8 8AS

Haslam, A London: CgMs, 2004, 34pp, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

An archaeological evaluation and subsequent excavation was carried out in advance of a sheltered housing complex. The excavation revealed evidence for prehistoric activity, including a Bronze Age pit and ditch, and a large 19th century brick- earth extraction pit, which within its backfill, contained 27 pieces of worked flint. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, BA, UD, BA, BA, UD, UD, BA, PR

2 /701 (C.29.S053) TR 25506499 CT7 0LB

LAND AT THE REAR OF BIRCH GROVE, OLD ROAD, SARRE

Land at the Rear of Birch Grove, Old Road, Sarre, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Boast, E Broadstairs: Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2004, 6pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed construction of two dwellings. No archaeological features or finds were encountered. Alluvium samples were taken. [AIP]

2 /702 (C.29.S062) TR 37556468 CT11 9NW

LAND AT WILLSON'S ROAD, RAMSGATE

Land at Willson's Road, Ramsgate. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Moody, G Broadstairs: Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out at the proposed site of a residential development. A single pit containing a struck flint was excavated and no other features or archaeological significance were observed. Excavation indicated the presence of an infilled valley orientated north-east, south-west through the middle of the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PR

2/703 (C.29.S048) TR 39706985 CT10 3QU

LAND TO THE REAR OF 103 STONE ROAD, BROADSTAIRS

Land to the Rear of 103 Stone Road, Broadstairs. Archaeological Evaluation

Moody, G Broadstairs: Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2004, 15pp, figs, tabs *Work undertaken by:* Trust for Thanet Archaeology

A single trench excavated on the site produced evidence of a land surface of Late Iron Age to Early Roman date associated with demolition material and structural remains of a cobble wall foundation of the same period. A 1.5m deep deposit of hill-wash sealed the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, RO, IA, RO

DRIVE

2/704 (C.29.S047) TR 39166628

CT10 1RX RAMSGATE HOLY TRINITY C OF E PRIMARY SCHOOL, DUMPTON PARK

Ramsgate Holy Trinity Church of England Primary School, Dumpton Park Drive, Broadstairs, Thanet. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Moody, G Broadstairs: Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2004, 6pp, figs *Work undertaken by:* Trust for Thanet Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed tarmac netball court construction. No archaeological deposits or finds were encountered. [AIP]

2 /705 (C.29.U003) TR 32206950 CT8 8EE

ST. AUGUSTINE'S, WESTGATE-ON-SEA

St. Augustine's. Westgate-on-Sea, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by*: Wessex Archaeology

Despite the apparent potential of the site, little of archaeological interest was revealed during the evaluation. A small assemblage of Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age pottery and two sherds of Roman pottery were recovered. The only feature of antiquity identified was a small ditch, perhaps a field or enclosure boundary, which was likely to be medieval in date. The only later featured were a possible brickearth quarry and traces of garden paths. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, EM, LBA, PR, RO

2/706 (C.29.S063) TR 38056917 CT10 3HS

THE FORMER CROWN AND THISTLE PUB, 22 NORTHDOWN HILL, BROADSTAIRS

The Site of the former Crown and Thistle Pub, 22 Northdown Hill, Broadstairs, Kent. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Hart, P Broadstairs: Trust for Thanet Archaeology, 2004, 7pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Trust for Thanet Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a residential development. No archaeological features or finds were encountered. [AIP]

2 /707 (C.29.S026) TR 35796627 CT12 5HG

THE FORMER HAINE ROAD GARAGE, HAINE ROAD, RAMSGATE

Archaeological Evaluation at the site of the former Haine Road Garage, Haine Road, Ramsgate, Kent

Gollop, A Canterbury : Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 16pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation consisted of four trenches excavated in advance of a proposed residential development. Six recognisable features were identified in three of the four trenches. The features all represented linear ditches cut into the natural subsoil. Three further features were identified in the fourth trench but these were believed to represent naturally formed shallow depressions in the natural subsoil. Dateable cultural material was sparse and there was only clear artefactual evidence for the identification of two potential phases of activity, these were Romano-British and modern, although it remained possible that the Romano-British pottery was residual. The early ditches could have represented a field system and the Romano-British finds could have been associated with a postulated nearby Romano-British building. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, MO

Tonbridge and Malling

2/708 (C.29.S044) TQ 67004980 TN12 5JG

BROOKSIDE GARDEN CENTRE, EAST PECKHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Brookside Garden Centre, East Peckham, Kent James, R Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 14pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

An archaeological evaluation comprising six trial trenches was carried out prior to the diversion of a watercourse to provide flood protection. The site was thought on historical grounds to be on the site of a Saxon royal manor, a geophysical survey identified a number of anomalies. These anomalies were found to be non-archaeological in origin, but three undated ditches, an undated pit and a Saxo-Norman pit were discovered. No evidence was found to suggest a Saxon royal centre, and it suggested that the documentary sources referred instead to a detached portion of royal land held from a royal estate centre situated outside of the Weald. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, EM

2 /709 (C.29.S012) TQ 70256235 ME6 5PD

THE CORN FIELD, HOLBOROUGH QUARRY, SNODLAND

Archaeological Evaluation of the Corn Field, Holborough Quarry, Snodland

Helm, R Canterbury: Canterbury Archaeological Trust, 2004, 32pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Canterbury Archaeological Trust

The evaluation consisted of 33 excavated trenches which represented a 4.6% sample of the entire area. Archaeological features were identified in ten of the 33 trenches. This included the following: Late

Bronze Age/Early Iron Age post holes and an eaves drip gully, representing a round house structure, 12 pits, some of which contained domestic rubbish, two potential field boundary ditches and three cremation burials. All of these features were located to the west of the site and appeared to have represented a settlement located on the upper slopes of Holborough valley. Two modern chalk extraction pits, a rectangular pit and plough marks were also identified. The site had generally experienced degradation by ploughing, represented by marks and residual finds during fieldwalking. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, MO, MO, MO

Tunbridge Wells

2/710 (C.29.S033) TQ 68453697 TN3 8AG

A21 LAMBERHURST BYPASS, FORSTAL FARM BUND

A21 Lamberhurst By-Pass, Forstal Farm Bund. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Hillelson, D Baldock: Heritage Network, 2004, 7pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Heritage Network

An archaeological field evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed road bypass bund. Ten evaluation trenches were excavated, totalling 1020m2. Modern plough marks and/or field drains were identified, but no archaeological features, deposits or artefacts were observed. [Au(adp)]

Medway Towns

Medway

2/711 (C.64.U006) TQ 81706590 ME8 7JH

99-107 HIGH STREET, RAINHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation at 99-107 High Street, Rainham, Kent

Stevenson, J Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

The evaluation involved the machine excavation of sixty metres of trench which uncovered eight features of late medieval to post-medieval date. These were all pits apart from one possible gully terminal. Two pits in trenches 1 and 2 have been dated to the mid 15th-16th centuries, and area though to have been used for the disposal of domestic rubbish, as other features, although pits were of unclear function but were also thought to be post-medieval in origin. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM

2/712 (C.66.V007) SP 85704700 MK16 9ED

GARDEN LANE, TYRINGHAM HALL

Garden Lane, Tyringham Hall, Milton Keynes

Coates, G & Richmond, A Milton Keynes: Phoenix Consulting, 2004, 32pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Phoenix Consulting

Five evaluation trenches were excavated on the site. No archaeology was encountered. [Au(abr)]

2/713 (C.66.V004) SP 81403630 MK5 6NA

HAZELEY SECONDARY SCHOOL

Hazeley Secondary School, Hazeley, Milton Keynes

Wilson, N Milton Keynes: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2004, 41pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd.

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. Truncated medieval plough furrows and undated ditches were identified. A concentration of Roman pottery dating from the 2nd and 3rd century were recovered along with a few small limestone blocks. The finds were interepreted as a dump deposit. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, RO, MD, RO

2/714 (C.66.V005) SP 88113627 MK6 3EF

LAND ADJACENT TO POPLARS FARMHOUSE, SIMPSON

Land Adjacent to Poplars Farmhouse, Simpson, Milton Keynes

Pack, K Milton Keynes: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2004, 19pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd.

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. A single post-medieval ditch was identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Milton Keynes

Milton Keynes

2 /715 (C.66.V001) SP 87304380 MK16 8EH

LAND AT 98 HIGH STREET. NEWPORT PAGNELL

Land at 98 High Street, Newport Pagnell, Milton Keynes

Hounsell, D & Abrama, J Bedford : Albion Archaeology, 2004, 43pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Albion Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated on the site of a proposed development, located in an area of known English Civil War defences. Finds including a musket ball were recovered dating to the Civil War period. The possible truncated remains of the Civil War defences were also identified. Traces of post-medieval street frontage and modern quarry pits were also encountered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

2/716 (C.66.V009) SP 82003320 MK4 4AD

LAND AT TATTENHOE PARK

Land at Tattenhoe Park, Milton Keynes, Buckinghamshire

Brown, J, Butler, A, Carlyle, S & Yates, A Northampton : Northamptonshire Archaeology, 2004, 43pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Northamptonshire Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. A Iron Age settlement and post-medieval farmstead were identified. Sporadic Roman and medieval features were also identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD, RO, MD, IA

2 /717 (C.66.V002) SP 82353657 MK5 6JP

LAND TO THE REAR OF 18 OAKHILL CLOSE, MILTON KEYNES

Archaeological Evaluation at Land to the Rear of 18 Oakhill Close, Shenley Church End, Milton Keynes

Ivens, R & Lisboa, I Milton Keynes: Archaeologica, 2004, 20pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeologica

Evaluation trenches were excavated on the site. Medieval ridge and furrow was identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/718 (C.66.V003) SP 78604047 MK11 1AB

LAND TO THE REAR OF 75 HIGH STREET, STONEY STRATFORD

Archaeological Evaluation on Land to the Rear of 75 High Street, Stony Stratford, Milton Keynes

Ivens, R Potterspury: Ivens, R, 2004, 18pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Ivens, R

Evaluation trenches were excavated on the site. Redeposited post-medieval and medieval finds were recovered. The robbed remains of a property wall boundary were identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, PM

2/719 (C.66.V006) SP 87023498 MK1 1BS

THE ASDA SITE, DENBIGH NORTH

Archaeological Trial Excavation at the Asda Site, Denbigh North, Milton Keynes

Westgarth, A Northampton: Northamptonshire Archaeology, 2004, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Northamptonshire Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the proposed Asda site. No archaeology was encountered. [Au(abr)]

2 /720 (C.66.V008) SP 87243488 MK1 1BS

THE IKAE SITE, DENBIGH NORTH

Archaeological Trial Excavation at the Ikea Site, Denbigh North, Milton Keynes

Westgarth, A Northampton: Northamptonshire Archaeology, 2004, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Northamptonshire Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated at the site of a proposed development. No archaeology was identified. [Au(adp)]

MULTI-COUNTY RECORD

Brighton and Hove, Lewes

2/721 (C.50.U001) TQ 38100210 BN2 8SP

BRIGHTON TO PEACEHAVEN TRANSFER ROUTE

An Archaeological Evaluation on the Brighton to Peacehaven Transfer Route, A259, Coast Road, East Sussex (Hamsey Road to Friar's Bay)

Worrall, S Ditchling : Archaeology South-East, 2004, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

No archaeological features or artefacts were observed during this evaluation. [Au(abr)]

Oxfordshire

2 /722 (C.38.U002) SU 74607460 RG4 6US

SONNING EYE QUARRY, CAVERSHAM

Sonning Eye Quarry, Northern Extension, Caversham, Oxfordshire

Ford, A Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 44pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

Evidence for prehistoric activity was recovered, including a flint assemblage which suggested a low intensity usage of the site from the Mesolithic through to the Bronze Age. In addition, a number of features were identified near the boundary between an apparent island of free draining sand and surrounding wetland. The features were excavated into surviving ancient ground surfaces and included a pre-Christian grave of Iron Age or later date, ditches and post holes. On the margins, to the west of the site, evidence of timbers and possible stabilisation of the wet ground was recorded. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, UD, UD, BA, IA, ME, NE

Cherwell

2/723 (C.38.U005) SP 57881794 OX25 2NA

MANOR HOUSE NURSING HOME, MERTON

An Archaeological Evaluation at Manor Nursing Home, Merton, Oxfordshire Moore, JHolton: John Moore Heritage Services, 2004, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

An archaeological field evaluation took place as part of the consideration of a planning application for close care accommodation, access and parking on land to the north-east of Manor House Nursing Home, Merton, Oxfordshire. Several pits, two lines of post holes and a recut ditch were present. Three phases of activity were present. Firstly, pottery indicated an early-middle Saxon phase of activity on the site followed by medieval occupation. The site then appeared to have been abandoned, perhaps during the 14th century, when the land was used for agricultural purposes. [Au] *SMR primary record number:* 1302

Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD, EM, PM, UD

Oxford

2/724 (C.38.S002) SP 54500630 OX3 7LL

72 & 74 OLD ROAD, HEADINGTON

An Archaeological Evaluation at 72 & 74 Old Road, Headington, Oxford

John Moore Heritage Services Holton: John Moore Heritage Services, 2004, 10pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* John Moore Heritage Services

An archaeological field evaluation took place as a condition of planning for a redevelopment. The only significant remains located on the site was a ditch containing a small abraded sherd of Roman pottery. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/725 (C.38.S001) SP 54500230 OX4 4XP

LAND ADJOINING THE PRIORY PUBLIC HOUSE, LITTLEMORE

An Archaeological Evaluation at Land Adjoining the Priory Public House, Kassam Stadium, Grenoble Road, Littlemore, Oxford

Taylor, J London: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd., 2004, 39pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

An archaeological field evaluation was undertaken prior to the submission of a planning proposal for a development. Ten trenches identified some Roman pottery and structural foundations almost certainly belonged to the church associated with the 12th century Priory known to have stood on the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, RO

2/726 (C.38.S003) SP 53800500 OX4 2EF

OXFORD BUS COMPANY DEPOT, COWLEY ROAD

Oxford Bus Company Depot, Cowley Road, Oxford. An Archaeological Evaluation (Stage 2) Pine, J Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 8pp, colour pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Following the previous archaeological evaluation of Phase 1, Phase 2 of the development area was subject to three evaluation trenches. No archaeological remains were located. [AIP]

2/727 (C.38.S005) SP 55350780 OX3 9LO

OX3 9LQ PHASE 3 THE FORMER BERNWOOD FIRST SCHOOL SITE, NORTH WAY,

Phase 3 Archaeological Evaluation at the Former Bernwood First School Site, North Way, Barton, Oxford

John Moore Heritage Services Holton: John Moore Heritage Services, 2004, 6pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

A third phase of archaeological field evaluation took place as condition of planning permission for the redevelopment of the former school site. No further archaeological remains were found in the southwestern half of the site. [Au(adp)]

2 /728 (C.38.S004) SP 52050395 OX1 4XA

RIVERMEAD REHABILITATION CENTRE, ABINGDON ROAD

Rivermead Rehabilitation Centre, Abingdon Road, Oxford. An Archaeological Evaluation Williams, J & O'Brien, L Hertford: Archaeological Solutions, 2004, 25pp, colour pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeological Solutions

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken following a desk-based assessment of a the site, in advance of a proposed development. Eight trenches located palaeochannel deposits and one undated pit which could have been prehistoric in date due to it being sealed by alluvium above. A gravel deposit overlying the alluvium deposits in Trench 1 could have represented the remains of the postulated Roman road but no diagnostic finds were present. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, RO

2/729 (C.38.S006) SP 55500760 OX3 9EZ

THE FOX INN, NORTH WAY, BARTON

The Fox Inn, North Way, Barton, Oxford, Oxfordshire. Desktop Assessment and Evaluation Report Simmons, A Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 17pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

An programme of archaeological works including a desk-based assessment and subsequent field evaluation was undertaken. The evaluation revealed that the Fox Inn construction had truncated all deposits down to the natural limestone. The absence of archaeological finds or features was consistent with the low potential for archaeological remains identified within the desk-based assessment. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2 /730 (C.38.U007) SP 55500760 OX3 9EZ

THE FOX, NORTHWAY, OXFORD

The Fox, Northway, Oxford

Hindmarch, E Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed that the site had been heavily disturbed by earlier construction on the site. Only the north and west fringes of the site contained evidence of recent garden soils. [Au(abr)]

2/731 (C.38.S007) SP 50400595 OX2 0AZ

TRAJAN HOUSE, MILL STREET, OSNEY, OXFORD

Trajan House, Mill Street, Osney, Oxford. An Archaeological Evaluation

Pine, J Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 31pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

A three trench evaluation uncovered a 16th century cobbled surface, other surfaces, post holes, and a possible ditch of 13th century date, together with post-medieval (16th-17th century) pits and floor surfaces and a post-medieval wall. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

2/732 (C.38.V008) SU 53909030 OX11 9DZ

LAND NORTH OF THE A4130, DIDCOT

Land North of the A4130, Didcot, Oxfordshire

Duncan, M & Jones, L Birmingham : Birmingham Archaeology, 2004, 78pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by*: Birmingham Archaeology

A 119 evaluation trenches were excavated over the proposed development area. Bronze Age, Iron Age, and Roman field systems, including a ladder field system were identified across the site. A bank and ditch marsh drainage system was also identified dating to the post-medieval period. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, BA, IA, RO

Vale of White Horse

2/733 (C.38.U006) SP 46200400 OX2 9QS

CUMNOR PLACE COTTAGE, ABINGDON ROAD, CUMNOR

An Archaeological Field Evaluation at Cumnor Place Cottage, Abingdon Road, Cumnor, Oxfordshire

Moore, J Holton: John Moore Heritage Services, 2004, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

An archaeological evaluation was carried out as part of a consideration of a planning application for the construction of three new detached dwellings. Mechanical trenching found two ditch-like features and

four pits, all considered dating to the 17th century. The features have been interpreted as planting pits and trenches within a garden. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/734 (C.38.U003) SU 52589870 OX14 3BJ

LAND TO THE REAR OF NO. 26 STONHOUSE CRESCENT, RADLEY

An Archaeological Field Evaluation of Land to the Rear of No. 26 Stonhouse Crescent, Radley, Oxfordshire

Moore, JHolton: John Moore Heritage Services, 2004, 5pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

The fieldwork was carried out on the 2nd of July 2004 and consisted of two machine excavated trenches within the footprint of the proposed flats. No archaeological finds were encountered during the work. The only feature that may have been connected with the crop mark site to the south of the evaluation was an undated ditch, possibly a field boundary. A plough headland and possible traces of ridge and furrow cultivation provided evidence for post-medieval land use. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

2 /735 (C.38.U001) SU 39728767 OX12 9BU

PANTILES, PORTWAY, WANTAGE

Pantlies, Portway, Wantage, Oxfordshire

Laws, G Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

No significant archaeological remains were located during the evaluation. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

West Oxfordshire

2/736 (C.38.U004) SP 39741703 OX29 8QD

LAND OFF COMBE ROAD, STONESFIELD

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land off Combe Road, Stonesfield, Oxfordshire

Moore, JHolton: John Moore Heritage Services, 2004, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

An archaeological field evaluation took place as part of the consideration of a planning application for residential development on land to the east of 16-19 Combe Road, Stonefield, Oxfordshire. No archaeological remains of significance were found although pottery probably dating from the middle Iron Age period suggested occupation of that date in the near vicinity of the site. No remains associated with the Roman villa, some 280m to the east, were present. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: IA

Plymouth

Plymouth

2 /737 (C.72.U001) SX 45905456 PL1 4JZ

BRICKFIELDS, DEVONPORT

Archaeological Evaluation at Brickfields, Devonport, Plymouth, 2004

Passmore, A J Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

The walls observed in the service trenches and the eastern wall within the foundation trench formed part of a continuous wall recorded for a distance of 110m; this represented the counterscarp wall on the outside of the Dock Lines ditch. The western wall in the foundation trench was part of the scarp wall marking the inside of the ditch. Interestingly, the outer face (towards the ditch) of this wall was constructed of granite, a material not so far recorded as a general building stone on the Dock Lines within Brickfields or Cumberland House. The locations of these features indicated that they formed part of the 1853-68 refurbishment of the Dock Lines, with the scarp wall forming part of the defences of Frederick's Bastion. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2 /738 (C.72.U002) SX 48375454 PL4 0BB

MOON STREET

Archaeological Evaluation at Moon Street, Plymouth

Exeter Archeology

Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2004, 6pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

The evaluation clearly established that the level of survival of archaeological deposits within the site is extremely poor. Within all of the trenches natural ground was found to be at, or just below, the current ground level with overlying deposits, where present, consisting either entirely of modern sub-base for the concrete or tarmac hard-standing, or imported topsoil. In situations where all archaeological deposits have been cleared away down to the top of the natural substrate but natural ground has not been significantly disturbed one would still normally expect to find evidence of past occupation or use of the site in the form of cut features such as truncated pits, ditches, wall foundation trenches or post holes. No evidence of such features has been found within this site. It is known that the site was developed from at least the seventeenth century thus the absence of such evidence must mean that the 20th century terracing into the former natural south-facing slope has been so extensive as to remove even relatively deep dug features. Examination of the Bretonside frontage where truncation should have be minimal also failed to locate any archaeological material. Here, as elsewhere within the site, the natural substrate was clean and firm with none of the weathering which one would normally expect if the exposed surface had represented the undisturbed interface with overlying deposits. It has also been established that the buildings that would have occupied the frontage would not have contained cellars. The only evidence for cellarage was found within the western half of the site (trench 3). It was of probable nineteenth century date and had been heavily disturbed by later services. Trenches excavated to either side established that that the cellars did not continue; natural ground exposed virtually at modern ground level. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Portsmouth

Portsmouth

2 /739 (C.74.S001) SZ 63689970 PO1 2ST

FREWEN LIBRARY, UNIVERSITY OF PORTSMOUTH

An Archaeological Evaluation on the Proposed Extension to the Frewen Library, University of Portsmouth, Portsmouth, Hants.

CKC Archaeology Fair Oak: CKC Archaeology, 2004, 12pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: CKC Archaeology

Trial trenching over the proposed development site failed to find any trace of the known fortifications of Old Portsmouth and it was considered that the area was outside the main defensive circuit. Minor features, two pits and a modest linear cut were thought to be post-fortification. Further archaeological

observation was recommended should planning permission be granted for the development in the form a watching brief. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Reading

Reading

2 /740 (C.75.S002) SU 71967299 RG1 4JE

KENDRICK SCHOOL, EAST STREET, READING

Kendrick School, East Street, Reading, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Oram, R & Taylor, A Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 17pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Evaluation trenching ahead of a proposed new sports centre revealed a small number of pits and a possible well from one trench. A demolished air raid shelter occupied the majority of the other trench. A single residual sherd of medieval pottery was recovered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM, PM, MD

2/741 (C.75.S001) SU 71267330 RG1 7JL

LAND TO THE REAR OF 1, 2 AND 3 GUN STREET, READING

Land to the Rear of 1, 2 and 3 Gun Street, Reading, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Moore, H Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 13pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

A single evaluation trench was excavated in advance of a proposed new one storey building linked to an existing building. A pitched tile hearth of probable medieval date was recorded, composed of discarded roof tiles. Probable reclamation deposits of medieval date, a flint nodule surface and a post-medieval wall were recorded at the southern end of the trench. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, PM

2/742 (C.75.U001) SU 71437160 RG2 0JT

LYON HOUSE, CRADDOCK ROAD

An Archaeological Field Evaluation at Lyon House, Craddock Road, Reading, Berkshire

Entwistle, R Holton: John Moore Heritage Services, 2004, 5pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

The work involved the excavation of three trenches through deep deposits of made ground, alluvium and peaty clay. Difficult working conditions prevented the full implementation of the evaluation. The completed trenches, however, failed to produce any archaeological finds or features. [Au(abr)] *SMR primary record number:* ERM220

Slough

Slough

2 /743 (C.78.U001) TQ 00437967 SL3 7EN

23 ST. MARY'S ROAD, LANGLEY

An Archaeological Field Evaluation at 23 St. Mary's Road, Landley, Slough, Berkshire

Entwistle, R Holton: John Moore Heritage Services, 2004, 5pp, figs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

The fieldwork was carried out on the 11 of March 2004 and consisted of three machine cut trenches excavated within the footprint of the proposed building. No archaeological remains were encountered during the work, and the few datable finds indicated only limited activity from the eighteenth or nineteenth century onwards. [Au(abr)] SMR primary record number: ERM340

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Southampton

Southampton

2/744 (C.80.S001) SU 42211252 SO14 0GE

CHARLOTTE PLACE CAR PARK, SOUTHAMPTON

Summary Report on an Archaeological Investigation at Charlotte Place, Southampton

Whitehead, B Southampton: Southern Archaeological Services, 2004, 64pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Southern Archaeological Services

The evaluation was carried out on areas not previously examined in 1999 and a watching brief had also been carried out on previously evaluated areas during the same time period; the results of both were combined in the one report. Medieval, post-medieval and modern features and finds were observed and recorded. This included post-medieval brick lined wells and a stone lined pit. Environmental samples including wood, animal bones and botanical remains suggested that the site lay outside the boundaries of the middle Saxon town. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, MO, PM, UD, PM, MO, PM

2/745 (C.80.S002) SU 42631104

SO14 3GX

FORMER TOURIST INFORMATION CENTRE, CANUTE ROAD, SOUTHAMPTON Former Tourist information Centre, Canute Road, Southampton. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The evaluation comprised two trenches located in the eastern side of the site and the archaeological monitoring of two geo-technical pits in the north-west corner of the site. The south-west corner of the site was inaccessible due to the presence of underground services. A minimum of 2m of modern build up was observed across the site. Deposits consisted of waste and demolition material derived from the late c.19th century goods shed and associated railway features, shown as being within the site on an 1870 OS map. The wall footings observed across the site may have been the surviving remains of potentially two phases of platform supports related to the goods shed. No evidence of archaeological features predating the railway was observed during the evaluation. [Au(abr)] SMR primary record number: SOU 1301

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

2/746 (C.80.S007) SU 42801227 SO14 0FE

LAND SOUTH OF WOLVERTON ROAD, SOUTHAMPTON

Report on the Archaeological Evaluation of Land South of Wolverton Road, Southampton

Russell, A Southampton: Southampton City Council Archaeology Unit, 2004, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Southampton City Council Archaeology Unit

Five trenches were excavated and revealed evidence in the southern half of the site for quarrying, perhaps in the 19th century. The northern part of the site contained natural brick-earth over gravel. The weathered upper level of the brick-earth contained late Roman pottery and prehistoric flints. A Saxon pit cut the brick-earth. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: SOU 1322

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PR, RO

2/747 (C.80.S003) SU 42711174

SO14 1PT

SOUTHAMPTON CITY COLLEGE, ST MARY STREET, SOUTHAMPTON

Report on an Archaeological Field Evaluation at Southampton city College, St Mary Street, Southampton

Cottrell, P Southampton: Southampton City Council Archaeology Unit, 2004, 15pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Southampton City Council Archaeology Unit

The excavation of five trial trenches on a plot of land south of the east end of Coleman Street, within the area of the middle Saxon town, revealed two features of middle Saxon date. Quarrying for brick-earth, probably in the early 19th century, had heavily disturbed the northern and eastern parts of the site. However, the south-west quarter of the site was likely to have been well preserved Middle Saxon archaeology. [Au]

SMR primary record number: SOU 1306

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PR

2 /748 (C.80.S005) SU 42101100 SO14 3GJ

TELEPHONE HOUSE, SOUTHAMPTON

Telephone House, 70-75 High Street, Southampton. Archaeological Evaluation Report
Oxford Archaeology
Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 44pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation comprised the excavation of five trenches located in accessible areas around the structure of Telephone House. The evaluation revealed the presence of surviving medieval and post-medieval occupation in the form of pits and possible structural evidence. Modern wall footings and services were shown to have truncated surviving archaeological remains. The infilled remains of a probable former WWII air raid shelter were located in the south-eastern part of the site. [Au(adp)] SMR primary record number: SOU 1289

Archaeological periods represented: MO, MD, PM, MD, PM, PM, MD, PM, MD, PM

2/749 (C.80.S004) SU 43951545

SO18 2ST

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHAMPTON, SOUTH STONEHAM CAMPUS, SOUTHAMPTON

University of Southampton, South Stoneham Campus. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An archaeological field evaluation was carried out in response to three separate planning applications at sites known as 'South Stoneham', 'The Lodge' and 'Former Glebe Land'. Significant archaeological features and deposits were encountered in four trenches representing a date range from the Anglo-Norman to post-medieval period. Additionally, modern landscaping was observed related to a number of phases of garden design associated with Stone Stoneham House; a Grade II Listed Building, built in 1708AD. Several other undated features were identified. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: SOU 1315

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD, UD, MD, RO
Surrey

Elmbridge

2/750 (C.43.S013) TQ 08576162 KT13 0NS

CAMP END MANOR, TOP LANE, AT GEORGE'S HILL, WEYBRIDGE

An Archaeological Evaluation at Camp End Manor, Top Lane, St George's Hill, Weybridge, Surrey Hayman, G Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Unit, 2004, 4pp, colour pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Surrey County Archaeological Unit

An archaeological field evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed swimming pool construction between a house and the ramparts of an Iron Age Hill, a Scheduled Ancient Monument (23001). The work was carried out as part of a Scheduled Ancient Monument Consent application. No features of archaeological interest or unstratified finds were found during the trench excavation. The results provided further support for the view, based on the results of what was a considerable body of archaeological work within the hillfort, that there was little or no permanent settlement of the hillfort during the Iron Age. It was recommended that no further archaeological work was needed in relation to this development. [Au(adp)]

2 /751 (C.43.S002) TQ 13256810 KT8 2EE

LAND AT 42 FARADAY ROAD, WEST MOLESEY

Land at 42 Faraday Road, West Molesey, Surrey. An Archaeological Evaluation and Watching Brief
Wallis, S
Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 13pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An evaluation and subsequent watching brief was undertaken on a site proposed for a residential development. No finds or deposits of archaeological interest were recovered. [Au(adp)]

2 /752 (C.43.S011) TQ 13506793 KT8 2PS

LAND AT CHANDLERS FIELD PRIMARY SCHOOL, WEST MOLESEY

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Chandlers Field Primary School, West Molesey
Robertson, J Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Unit, 2004, 5pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Surrey County Archaeological Unit

Three trial trenches were excavated in advance of the redevelopment of the site for the construction of new school buildings. The evaluation did not reveal any features or finds of archaeological interest. It was therefore recommended that no further archaeological work was required on that part of the site. [Au(adp)]

2 /753 (C.43.S012) TQ 11646009 KT11 2RJ

LEIGH COURT, COBHAM

Leigh Court, Cobham, Surrey. An Archaeological Evaluation

Taylor, J London: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd., 2004, 22pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

An archaeological field evaluation was undertaken prior to development of the site for housing. The evaluation comprised nine trenches located in the former garden behind (to the south of and down

slope of) the existing Leigh Court building. The evaluation identified the presence of alluvium and gravel deposits, with extensive colluvial deposits at the base of the hill. The trenches also demonstrated that the site had been heavily truncated during the landscaping of the gardens. No features or deposits of archaeological significance were encountered. [Au(adp)]

Epsom and Ewell

2/754 (C.43.S014) TQ 21346251 KT19 9BS

LAND AT HIGHWAY HOUSE, CHESSINGTON ROAD, EWELL

An Archaeological Evaluation. Land at Highway House, Chessington Road, Ewell, Surrey

Haslam, A & Hawkins, D London: CgMs, 2004, 25pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential redevelopment and eleven trenches were arranged across the site. Other than a late 19th to early 20th century wood lined pit observed in Trench 1, no archaeological remains were encountered, with no further evidence of any human activity prior to the late 19th century. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

Guildford

2/755 (C.43.S004) SU 99554955

GU1 4TA

192-194 HIGH STREET, GUILDFORD

192-194 High Street, Guildford, Surrey. An Archaeological Evaluation

Oram, R & Ford, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 12pp, colour pls, figs. tabs. refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An evaluation consisting of two small trenches revealed medieval deposits in the form of pits at relatively shallow depths. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/756 (C.43.S029) SU 93625299

GU3 2HD

LAND AT HENLEY BUSINESS PARK, PIRBRIGHT ROAD, NORMANDY

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Henley Business Park, Pirbight Road, Normandy, Surrey Robertson, J Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Unit, 2004, 10pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Surrey County Archaeological Unit

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken on a site of a proposed commercial development. The preliminary archaeological assessment of the site concluded that it had moderate to uncertain archaeological potential. Three features of archaeological interest were revealed within four of the 15 trial trenches excavated and included two ditches and a probable post hole. The ditches were of probable post-medieval date and the post hole was of unknown date. It was recommended that no further archaeological work was required. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

2/757 (C.43.S028) SU 97035367

GU3 3RD

LAND TO THE REAR OF PERRY HILL ANTIQUES, WORPLESDON

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land to the Rear of Perry Hill Antiques, Worplesdon, Surrey

Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Unit, 2004, 6pp, figs, refs Hayman, G Work undertaken by: Surrey County Archaeological Unit

An archaeological field evaluation was carried out on the site of a proposed redevelopment. The work produced no features of archaeological interest, although 19 sherds of medieval pottery and some contemporary building material were recovered. These finds indicated the presence of contemporary occupation in the near vicinity, there was no evidence to suggest that features relating to this lay within the development site. No further archaeological work was suggested. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/758 (C.43.S018) SU 97404930 GU2 7DD

MANOR PARK, UNIVERSITY OF SURREY, GUILDFORD

Manor Park, University of Surrey, Guildford, Surrey. An Archaeological Evaluation Pine, J Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 33pp, colour pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An archaeological field evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed development to extend facilities to the university. A Bronze Age vessel in a pit, some Early Bronze Age pottery and prehistoric struck flints and medieval pits, a possible hearth and ditches were recorded. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, BA, EBA, PR

2/759 (C.43.S015) TQ 05145662

GU23 6AE

RIO HOUSE AND RIO COTTAGE. CHURCH ROW, HIGH STREET, RIPLEY

An Archaeological Evaluation at Rio House and Rio Cottage, Church Row, High Street, Ripley, Surrey

Shaikhley, N Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Unit, 2004, 11pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Surrey County Archaeological Unit

A field evaluation was carried out in advance of a site redevelopment. The site was bounded to the south and the east by the extant graveyard around St. Mary's Church. The evaluation trenches revealed at least thirteen features that appeared to be graves. The burials examined all appeared to have been supine and there was no evidence to suggest the use of a coffin; all were orientated roughly east-west, which indicated that they were most probably Christian burials associated with the Church. Some of the graves could have dated as early as the 13th century and some to the late 15th century and dating was difficult due to the probability that some associated finds were residual. The burials were likely to have been part of the original churchyard boundary, the shape of which had changed over the years. Two post-medieval ditches were also revealed. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

Mole Valley

2/760 (C.43.S001) TQ 15385593 KT22 9EL

17-19 LOWER ROAD, FETCHAM

17-19 Lower Road, Fetcham, Surrey. An Archaeological Evaluation

Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 24pp, colour pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An evaluation was carried out in advance of a residential development. Five trenches were excavated. Trenches 4 and 5 revealed a curvilinear feature composed of two parallel ditches cut into the natural chalk with no discernible relationships, and a later recut on the same alignment. No dating evidence was retrieved and only burnt flint was recovered. Another flat bottomed ditch was observed in Trench 2

aligned east-west, which contained brick/tile and may have been medieval in date. A probable ice-wedge and two other possible natural features were also recorded. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, MD

2 /761 (C.43.S010) TQ 17154972 RH4 1SW

LAND AT DEEPDENE AVENUE/REIGATE ROAD, DORKING

Evaluation Report on Land at Deepdene Avenue/Reigate Road, Dorking, Surrey

Perry, J Wimbledon: Sutton Archaeological Services, 2004, 42pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Sutton Archaeological Services

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed residential development. There was no evidence of archaeological features in any of the trenches excavated, however, many finds were revealed. These consisted of Late Bronze Age through to 20th century pottery, post-medieval ceramic building material, clay pipes, a William III halfpenny and prehistoric to modern pottery found together, which indicated that they were residual. This, together with the dispersed nature of the finds, made it difficult to pinpoint any specific area of archaeological activity or to assess the significance of these finds within the landscape. It was probable that they came from nearby sites or from sites on the higher ground further up Deepdene Avenue. Or they may have been deposited and dispersed on site through agricultural activity. No further archaeological intervention was suggested. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, IA, LBA, MD, PM, RO

Reigate

2 /762 (C.43.S021) TQ 27005050 RH1 1BE

CABERFEIGH, HATCHLANDS ROAD, REDHILL

Evaluation Report on Caberfeigh, Hatchlands Road, Redhill, Surrey

Perry, J Wimbledon: Sutton Archaeological Services, 2004, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Sutton Archaeological Services

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed residential development. Eleven trenches were excavated across the site revealing modern tarmac, concrete and fill deposits over the subsoil and natural. No prehistoric or Roman archaeology was found. Pottery, brick and tile dating from the 19th and 20th centuries were found. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM

Reigate and Banstead

2/763 (C.43.U003) TQ 24435914 SM7 1DG

120 HILLSIDE, BANSTEAD

An Archaeological Evaluation at 120 Hillside, Banstead, Surrey

Stevenson, J Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

Four trial trenches were excavated, totalling 60 metres in length, which revealed no evidence of archaeological significance. [Au(abr)]

2 /764 (C.43.S023) TQ 24545036 RH2 9DE

63 WEST STREET, REIGATE, EAST SURREY

An Archaeological Evaluation at 63 West Street, Reigate, East Surrey

Sayer, KWimbledon: Sutton Archaeological Services, 2004, 14pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

An evaluation was undertaken in advance of redevelopment of a site for residential use. The archaeological potential of the site low for all periods apart from the Mesolithic. Three trenches were excavated all of which revealed a sequence of natural deposits of sand and gravels. No archaeological deposits were revealed. [Au(adp)]

2 /765 (C.43.U002) TQ 26504470 RH6 8HZ

HORLEY NEW DEVELOPMENT

Horley New Development, Surrey

Ford, A Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 109pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation identified a significant late Iron Age to early Roman area of settlement and associated field systems to the east of the Rover Mole, along with a large number of post-medieval pits. No features of archaeological significance were identified along the proposed access route, but the existence of a filled-in river meander containing an alluvial sequence was confirmed immediately to the west of the River Mole. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, IA, IA, RO

2/766 (C.43.S025) TQ 25605965 SM7 2PB

LAND AT 4-5 AVENUE ROAD, BANSTEAD

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land at 4-5 Avenue Road, Banstead, Surrey

Robertson, J Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Unit, 2004, 4pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Surrey County Archaeological Unit

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a residential development. The site had been previously identified as being of high archaeological potential in a desk-based assessment. Three trial trenches revealed no archaeological features, a few unstratified finds were recovered. This included some prehistoric struck flint and fragments of broken tile. No further archaeological work was recommended. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, UD

2 /767 (C.43.S030) TQ 28055145 RH1 2JW

LAND AT 93-101 LONDON ROAD, REDHILL

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at 93-101 London Road, Redhill, Surrey

Haslam, A London: CgMs, 2004, 19pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken on land in advance of a proposed residential development. Five trenches revealed no archaeological remains with no evidence of human activity prior to the 20th century. [Au(adp)]

Runnymede

2/768 (C.43.S026) TQ 01127129

158-159 EGHAM HIGH STREET, EGHAM

TW20 9EX

158-159 Egham High Street, Egham. County of Surrey. An Archaeological Evaluation Report Jamieson, D London: Museum of London Archaeology Service, 2004, 28pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Museum of London Archaeology Service

A field evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed site redevelopment. The results helped to refine the initial assessment of the archaeological potential of the site. The evaluation produced no evidence of medieval or earlier deposits and it appeared likely that only post-medieval deposits would have survived on site. The report concluded that the impact of the proposed redevelopment was minimal. [Au(adp)]

2 /769 (C.43.S003) TQ 01327145 TW20 9HF

85A AND 86, HIGH STREET, EGHAM

85A and 86, High Street, Egham, Surrey. An Archaeological Evaluation

Moore, H Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 9pp, pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Two evaluation trenches were exc avated and proved that the site had been severely truncated down to the natural geology, presumably during the 19th century. A large depth of made ground was recorded from both trenches, containing 19th century red brick and tile. If there had been any archaeological deposits, they would have been removed during this period. The site had a low potential for yielding any archaeological deposits. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2 /770 (C.43.S019) TQ 04556620 KT16 8EA

95-133 EASTWORTH ROAD, CHERTSEY

95-133 Eastworth Road, Chertsey, Surrey. An Archaeological Evaluation

Grassam, A, Grant, J & Williamson, I Hertford : Archaeological Solutions, 2004, 9pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeological Solutions

An archaeological evaluation was conducted in advance of a proposed residential development. The evaluation revealed the former marshy environment that was anticipated on the geology of the site. No archaeological finds or features were identified within the trenches. [Au(adp)]

2 /771 (C.43.S024) TQ 04716494 KT15 2TX

LAND TO THE REAR OF 21-35 MARSH LANE, ADDLESTONE

An Archaeological Evaluation of the Land at to the Rear of Nos. 21-35, Marsh Lane, Addlestone, Surrey

Jones, P Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Unit, 2004, 4pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Surrey County Archaeological Unit

Three trial trenches were opened up in advance of a proposed redevelopment and revealed nothing of archaeological significance. In view of this it was recommended that no further archaeological work was required. [Au(adp)]

2 /772 (C.43.U001) TQ 05306370 KT15 2DD

LAND TO THE REAR OF 79-107 NEW HAW ROAD, ADDLESTONE

Land at the Rear of 79-107 New Haw Road, Addlestone, Surrey. Archaeological Field Evaluation Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 8pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Wessex Archaeology

Only one possible archaeological feature was discovered in trench four, a small undated pit feature. All other features encountered proved to be modern in date. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/773 (C.43.S020) TQ 06146391

KT15 2JX

PHASE 7 AND 8 QUARRYING DIVISIONS AT WEYMANOR FARM, ADDLESTONE

An Archaeological Evaluation of the Phase 7 and 8 Quarrying Divisions at Wey Manor Farm, Addlestone, Surrey

Robertson, J Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Services, 2004, 16pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Surrey County Archaeological Unit

For Phases 7 and 8 at Wey Manor Farm, thirty-four trial trenches were excavated in advance of mineral extraction. The evaluation revealed elements of a field system predominantly of post-medieval date, as well as a number of ditches of uncertain dates. Three areas revealed finds and features indicative of settlement of prehistoric and Saxon date. It was recommended that these three areas were to be subject to further archaeological work in the form of a controlled strip and watching brief. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD, MBA, PM, IA, EM, IA, MBA, ME

2 /774 (C.43.S027) TQ 04406717 KT16 8RJ

THE CLOSE, ABBEY GARDENS, CHERTSEY

An Archaeological Trial Trench Evaluation at 'The Close', Abbey Gardens, Chertsey, Surrey Poulton, R Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Unit, 2004, 7pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Surrey County Archaeological Unit

A trial trench was excavated on the site of a proposed extension to an existing house, which lay within the scheduled area of Chertsey Abbey. Made ground of 17th century and later date was revealed. Below that a number of layers were revealed in plan, which produced finds suggesting that they had been deposited in the 11th/12th century, perhaps dumped as part of clearance for the building of the Norman Abbey from 1110 onwards. These layers were clearly of some archaeological importance and it was recommended that they should not be disturbed uring any redevelopment work. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

Spelthorne

2 /775 (C.43.S009) TQ 06386865 TW17 9JR

EASTERN WORKSHOPS, SHEPPERTON STUDIOS, SPELTHORNE

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Eastern Workshops, Shepperton Studios, Spelthorne, Surrey Clough, H London: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd., 2004, 35pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

An archaeological field evaluation was undertaken in advance of the proposed construction of workshops. A Bronze Age cremation had been previously recorded within the site itself. Three trenches were excavated and all contained natural gravel deposits. The prehistoric period was represented by two drainage ditches of probable Bronze Age date and a palaeochannel. Medieval agricultural features were seen and a late 18th or early 19th century wall was evident. Residual material included burnt and worked flint, abraded Roman pottery and a piece of Saxo -Norman unabraded pottery. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, PM, EM, PR, RO

2 /776 (C.43.S008) TQ 07726664 TW17 9JR

ST NICHOLAS CHURCH VICARAGE, SHEPPERTON

An Archaeological Evaluation at St. Nicholas Church Vicarage, Shepperton, Surrey
Haslam, A London: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd., 2004, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed new vicarage building. Four trenches were excavated revealing evidence for 19th century made ground and a well or soakaway which had been capped with a modern manhole cover. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Surrey Heath

2/777 (C.43.S016) SU 88806160 GU15 4EQ

LORRAINE AND CORDWALLES ROADS REDEVELOPMENT AREA, OLD DEAN ESTATE, CAMBERLEY

Lorraine and Cordwalles Roads Redevelopment Area, Old Dean Estate, Camberley. County of Surrey. An Archaeological Evaluation Report

Howell, I London: Museum of London Archaeology Service, 2004, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Museum of London Archaeology Service

An archaeological evaluation was carried out following the recommendations made by an earlier desk-top assessment, nine evaluation trenches were excavated. The evaluation showed that there was no potential for the survival of ancient ground surfaces due to modern truncation, and a low potential for the survival of cut features. The report concluded that the impact of the development (principally strip footings, services and roadways for a residential housing scheme) sugested that further archaeological investigation of the site would not be required. [Au(adp)]

Tandridge

2/778 (C.43.S007) TQ 31484411 RH6 9BD

LAND AT BURSTOW LODGE FARM, SMALLFIELD

An Archaeological Evaluation of the Proposed Re-development of Land at Burstow Lodge Farm, Smallfield

Poulton, R Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Services, 2004, 8pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Surrey County Archaeological Unit

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed redevelopment. Four trial trenches were excavated, and revealed some evidence relating to the use of the site for agricultural activities in the 18th and 19th centuries, but no other finds or features of significance were found. The trenches suggested that the proposed redevelopment was unlikely to disturb archaeological deposits of value, and it was recommended that no further archaeological involvement was required. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Waverley

2 /779 (C.43.S022) SU 85104750 GU9 9QS

FARNHAM HOSPITAL, HALE ROAD, FARNHAM

Farnham Hospital, Hale Road, Farnham. County of Surrey. An Archaeological Evaluation Report
Cowan, C
London: Museum of London Archaeology Service, 2004, 22pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Museum of London Archaeology Service

An archaeological field evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed site redevelopment. Landscaping and terracing of the site had taken place in the 20th century when the hospital buildings were constructed. These works truncated the remains of all deposits into the natural gravel and the natural surface had been lost. There were no archaeological features or finds. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

Woking

2/780 (C.43.S006) TQ 00755919 GU21 5BJ

49-77 VICTORIA WAY, WOKING

An Archaeological Evaluation at 49-77 Victoria Way, Woking, Surrey

Hayman, G Woking: Surrey County Archaeological Unit, 2004, 5pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Surrey County Archaeological Unit

An evaluation provided a good sample coverage of the area threatened by a proposed redevelopment, but produced no material of archaeological interest. No further archaeological mitigation was recommended. [Au(adp)]

West Berkshire

West Berkshire

2 /781 (C.89.S006) SU 50826765 RG18 3BE

69 BATH ROAD, THATCHAM

69 Bath Road, Thatchham, West Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Anthony, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 11pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An evaluation in advance of a proposed residential development revealed an undated gully and a possible prehistoric post hole. A previous evaluation on an adjacent site revealed a gully of Roman date. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PR

2 /782 (C.89.U001) SU 35306740 RG17 0UU

HUNGERFORD PARK ESTATE, HUNGERFORD

Hungerford Park Estate, Hungerford, Berkshire

Ford, A Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed services and demolition deposits associated with the former 18th century Manor House. A possible former terrace garden wall and a bay or apse wall relating to the house were also noted. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2 /783 (C.89.S012) SU 60806804

RG7 5HT

LAND ADJACENT TO THE CONFORT INN, BATH ROAD, PADWORTH

LandAdjacent to the Comfort Inn, Bath Road, Padworth, West Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Lowe, J. Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An evaluation revealed the site appeared to have undergone some degree of truncation. No archaeological finds or features were encountered. [Au(adp)]

2/784 (C.89.S009) SU 50446787 RG18 3BN

LAND TO THE REAR OF 21 HENWICK ROAD, THATCHAM

Land to the Rear of 21 Henwick Road, Thatcham, West Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation Pine, J Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Evaluation trenching in advance of a proposed housing development revealed a 19th century hollow. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/785 (C.89.S013) SU 51606710 RG19 3PN

REAR OF 12 CHURCH GATE. THATCHAM

Rear of 12 Church Gate, Thatcham, West Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Wallis, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 16pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Evaluation trenching in advance of the construction of three houses revealed a broad ditch, probably dated to the 12th century and a narrower ditch that contained middle Saxon Ipswich ware. Although it was unclear whether these finds dated the ditch, which also contained post-medieval tile or brick. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD, EM, PM

2 /786 (C.89.S002) SU 64306460 RG7 3UU

THE COLT HOUSE, SWEETZER'S PLACE, MORTIMER

The Colt House, Sweetzer's Piece Mortimer, Berkshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Thorpe, R Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Wessex Archaeology

An archaeological field evaluation was carried out in advance of the construction of two dwellings. The site straddled the extrapolated line of Grim's Bank, a landscape monument of probable late prehistoric date, which was still extant on the property to the north-east of The Colt House. Evidence for an earth bank, with an associated ditch was revealed during the work. Both, howeve, had suffered the ravages of the construction of The Colt House and the subsequent landscaping of the gardens. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, MO

2 /787 (C.89.S008) SU 64607170 RG7 5AF

WHITE HART MEADOW, THEALE

White Hart Meadow, Theale, West Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Anthony, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 20pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed hotel development. Evaluation trenches were targeted on crop marks seen on aerial photographs. Several ditches and features of prehistoric date were uncovered and some ditches of unknown date. Finds included large amounts of struck flint and occasional prehistoric pottery. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, UD

2/788 (C.89.S001) SU 95227620

SL4 3SD

NORTH RANGE, CONVENT OF ST. JOHN, HATCH LANE, WINDSOR

North Range, Convent of St. John, Hatch Lane, Windsor, Berkshire. AnArchaeological Evaluation Williams, J Hertford: Archaeological Solutions, 2004, 15pp, pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeological Solutions

The evaluation consisted of thirteen trenches excavated in advance of proposals to redevelop the site. The site comprised a former garden and orchard in the grounds of the Convent and included a Grade II Listed convent building and Grade II Listed chapel. The evaluation revealed a line of 19th/20th century pits and an undated post hole on the southern edge. The features were probably associated with a former fence line parallel to the existing boundary. No archaeological features were located in the rest of the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

2/789 (C.89.S011) SU 76807524

RG4 6TD

LAND AT MODEL FARM COTTAGES, BATH ROAD, SONNING

Land at Model Farm Cottages, Bath Road, Sonning, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Taylor, A Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 8pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Evaluation trenching revealed no archaeological deposits or finds. [AIP]

2 /790 (C.89.S007) SU 79357630 RG10 9JN

WOODS WAREHOUSE, RUSCOMBE, TWYFORD

Woods Warehouse, Ruscombe Lane, Ruscombe, Twyford, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Anthony, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Evaluation trenching revealed that the centre of the site appeared to have been quarried out and refilled with rubble. No archaeological features or finds were located there or at the edges of the quarried out area. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

West Sussex

Arun

2/791 (C.45.S001) TQ 05070235 BN16 3NR

68 THE STREET, RUSTINGTON

68 the Street, Rustington, West Sussex. Results of an Archaeological Trench and Test Pit Evaluation. Draft

Scaife, R, Valentin, J & Wing, C Chicklade: AC archaeology, 2004, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* AC archaeology

The evaluation trenches and geoarchaeological test pits was carried out in advance of a proposed residential development. The results identified no evidence for archaeological activity predating the post-medieval period. These features included two parallel flint walls and an infilled pond, all shown on 19th century maps of the site. The geoarchaeological test pits revealed pollen evidence and a palaeochannel. These deposits would be affected by the piled construction and further archaeological work was suggested. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2 /792 (C.45.U007) TQ 04000340 BN17 6LZ

HORTICULTURAL RESEARCH INTERNATIONAL SITE (EAST), WORTHING ROAD, LITTLEHAMPTON

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at the Former Horticultural Research International (HRI East) Site, Worthing Road, Littlehampton, West Sussex

Worrall, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

A parallel ditch and gully with an intervening possible occupation surface, a second undated gully as well as a large shallow pit were discovered in trench 2. The ditch and the possible occupation surface yielded sherds of pottery dating from the Middle Bronze Age. The parallel gully and shallow pit may have been attributable to the same period through finds of struck and fire-cracked flint recovered from their fills. To the north east and within trench 9 a possible pit produced sherds of possible later prehistoric pottery, while a nearby and further linear feature also yielded one fragment of fire-cracked flint. Although this is far from conclusive, this may point to a series of contemporary features suggesting possible Bronze Age settlement activity at the site. The remaining intervening seven trenches produced negative results. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MBA, PR, PR

2/793 (C.45.U004) TQ 04000340

BN17 6LZ

HORTICULTURAL RESEARCH INTERNATIONAL SITE (WEST), LITTLEHAMPTON

An Archaeological Evaluation on Lane at the Former Horticultural Research International (HRI West) Site, Littlehampton, West Sussex

Worral, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

Three linear features and six pits were discovered, mostly of Early Anglo-Saxon origin from pottery dating evidence. Although these represent contemporary settlement activity, it is likely to have been on the margins of such a settlement, which may have been to the east of this site. A large feature of unknown dimensions or purpose was also discovered, which may have been open during the Romano-British period. Evidence of Iron Age and Romano-British settlement activity has been discovered in the vicinity of this site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, EM, EM, EM

2 /794 (C.45.S003) TQ 04000340 BN17 6LZ

THE POPLARS, FORMER HRI WEST SITE, WORTHING ROAD, LITTLEHAMPTON

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at the former Horticultural Research International (HRI West) Site, Littlehampton, West Sussex

Worrall, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

The evaluation comprised six trial trenches each measuring 50m in length. Three linear features and six pits were identified, mostly dating to the Early Anglo-Saxon period. Although these represented contemporary settlement activity, it was likely that the features were on the margins of a settlement which may have been located to the east of the site. A large feature of unknown size and function could have been an ancient silted up former river channel or palaeochannel, perhaps opened during the Romano-British period. Evidence of Iron Age and Romano-British settlement activity had been discovered in the vicinity of the site and suggested a long period of continuous settlement activity in the area. Late Bronze Age pottery and flint was recovered, but thought to be residual. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, RO, LBA

Chichester

2 /795 (C.45.U005) SU 86100543 PO19 6AT

171-173 BROYLE ROAD, CHICHESTER

An Archaeological Evaluation (Phase III) at 171-173 Broyle Road, Chichester, West Sussex

James, R Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

The evaluation uncovered one ditch and a large feature filled with pottery, both of early Roman date. The presence of wasters suggests the presence of kilns in proximity to the development site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2 /796 (C.45.U002) SU 88050605 PO18 0NT

LAND ON STANE STREET, WESTHAMPNETT

An Archaeological Evaluation on Lane at Stane Street, Westhampnett, West Sussex Priestley-Bell, G Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

Three trenches were mechanically excavated totalling 108 metres in length. Two broad periods of activity were identified: Romano-British and post-medieval. Part of the degraded agger of the Roman Stane Street was revealed, together with the northern flanking ditch and a possible zonal ditch. A possible cess/rubbish pit was perhaps associated with Romano-British settlement beside the road. An elliptical shaped brick-built kiln, dating to between 17th and 18th centuries was also revealed. The kiln was probably for the production of bricks and it was evident that much of the immediate area had been utilised for associated clay (brickearth) extraction. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, PM, PM, PM

2 /797 (C.45.U008) SU 86220489 PO19 1HP

LITTLE LONDON CAR PARK, CHICHESTER

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Little London Car Park, Chichester, West Sussex Priestly-Bell, G Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

One trench in two section totalling 20 metres in length, was mechanically excavated. In addition to modern features, remains from various periods were recorded: a Roman 2nd and 3rd Century possible Rubbish pit and remnants of a possible mortar floor were identified; and area of cobbled yard surface

was also perhaps Roman but probably no later than Saxo-Norman; a medieval pit and two post-medieval pits were also tentatively identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, MD, RO, MD, RO

Horsham

2 /798 (C.45.S009) TQ 09101480 RH20 4HB

LAND AT DOWNSVIEW AVENUE, STORRINGTON

Land at Downsview Avenue, Storrington, West Sussex. An Archaeological Evaluation

Taylor, A Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 12pp, colour pls, figs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

This evaluation involved the excavation of 33 trenches in advance of a proposed housing development. A ditch of a possible Bronze Age date was identified as well as a post-medieval gully. Due to the presence of a live foul water sewer and trees, it was not possible to ascertain the full extent of the ditch which was not observed in other trenches. Dating of the ditch was tentative, as just a single sherd of prehistoric pottery was recovered, although a few other sherds were present elsewhere on the site. Therefore there was a limited possibility of further archaeological deposits being located within the vicinity of the ditch. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, PM, PR

2 /799 (C.45.S005) TQ 08262504 RH14 9WL

LAND AT PARBROOK BUNGALOW, STANE STREET, BILLINGSHURST

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

The evaluation consisted of 23 trenches excavated in advance of a proposed residential development. The excavation revealed evidence of the possible alignment of the Roman road from London to Chichester (Stane Street). The make up of this 'road' appeared to be composed of successive layers of manganese with flint and other stone inclusions. There was the possibility that the ditches running close to the edge of this surface were the roadside ditches or they could have been associated with a later medieval field system. One gully of possible prehistoric date in the southern area of the site was also identified. Environmental data indicated the site used to be intermittently flooded and suggested that there was potential for the preservation of organic artefacts, although no such artefacts were found. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, MD, PR, MD, ME

2/800 (C.45.S004) TQ 17821131 BN44 3LB

LAND AT STEYNING MUSEUM, CHURCH STREET, STEYNING

An Archaeological Field Evaluation of Land at Steyning Museum, Church Street, Steyning, West Sussex

Greatorex, C Eastbourne: C.G Archaeology, 2004, 30pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* C.G. Archaeology

The field evaluation was carried out in advance of a small, proposed museum extension. A single trench 9m x 2m was excavated across an area considered to be of interest. A single possible post hole of certain Saxo-Norman origin was identified as well as a later Saxon or Saxo-Norman ditch or gully feature. An apparent stone lined pit of uncertain date was also recorded. The project confirmed that the intended extension encompassed a low density spread of archaeological features, of some importance to the detailed understanding of Steyning's later Saxon to Saxo-Norman genesis and development. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, MO, UD

2/801 (C.45.U001) TQ 08262504 RH14 9ET

PARBROOK BUNGALOW, STANE STREET, BILLINGSHURST

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Parbrook Bungalow, Stane Street, Billingshurst, West Sussex

Stevenson, J Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 36pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

A total of 23 evaluation trenches were excavated by machine. The evaluation had revealed evidence of the possible alignment of the Roman road from London to Chichester Stane Street. The make up of this 'road' appeared to be composed of successive layers of manganese, with flint and other stone inclusions. There was the possibility that ditches which ran close to the edge of this surface were the roadside ditches. One gully of possible prehistoric date in the southern area of the site was also revealed. Four geoarchaeological test pits were also excavated within the development area in order to ascertain the extent of and also the palaeoenvironmental and archaeological potential of the alluvial sediments in the vicinity of Parbrook stream. This pitting revealed evidence for a localised intermittently flooded palaeoenvironmental and suggested that there was the potential for the preservation of organic artefacts, although no such artefacts were found. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/802 (C.45.S014) TQ 17403030 RH12 1JD

TA CENTRE, DENNE ROAD, HORSHAM

Summary Report on An Archaeological Field Evaluation at the former TA Centre, Denne Road, Horsham. West Sussex

Whitehead, B Southampton: Southern Archaeological Services, 2004, 21pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Southern Archaeological Services

The evaluation consisted of observations on the removal of a concrete floor of the Royal Observer Corps bunker dated to the cold war and the grubbing out of foundations, as well as the excavation of four trial trenches. One gully of late medieval or post-medieval date and one undated feature was identified. The survival of archaeological deposits within the footprint of the bunker and those outside were comparable. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UD, PM, MD, PM

Mid Sussex

2/803 (C.45.S007) TQ 32402230 RH16 4FX

BOLNORE VILLAGE DEVELOPMENT

An Archaeological Evaluation of Bolnore Village Development (Phase 3), Haywards Heath, West Sussex

Griffin, N Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 15pp, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

Three test pits and 18 evaluation trenches were excavated in advance of a the proposed 'Phase 3' housing area, part of a larger ongoing development. The test pits identified one prehistoric flint waste flake. Seven of the evaluation trenches identified a total of 11 linear features and included one post-medieval ditch, one probable medieval gully and a ditch containing Late Iron Age to Early Roman Ware pottery, all the other features were undatable due to a lack of artefacts. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: LIA, PM, UD, MD, IA, PR, RO

2 /804 (C.45.S015) TQ 27501880 BN6 9HL

ORCHARD WAY, HURSTPIERPOINT

Orchard Way, Hurstpierpoint, West Sussex. An Archaeological Evaluation

Ford, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Excavation was carried out on 19 evaluation trenches and no features of an archaeological nature were observed. A few finds of prehistoric struck flint and pottery of prehistoric, Saxon, and medieval date were recovered from spoil heaps. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, MD, PR

2/805 (C.45.U003) TQ 26031495 BN6 9EB

SHAVES THATCH LANE, ALBOURNE

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Aviation Trading Estate, Shaves Thatch Lane, Albourne, West Sussex

Worrall, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

The Roman road known as the Greensand Way is situated in the vicinity of the trading estate. However, no trace of the road was found, confirming that the road does indeed lay somewhere further to the south of the trading estate. [Au(abr)]

2/806 (C.45.S006) TQ 31481535 BN6 8BN

THE KEYMER BURIAL GROUND, KEYMER

An Assessment Excavation at the Keymer Burial Ground, Keymer, West Sussex. Interim Report

Butler, C Polegate: Mid Sussex Field Archaeological Team, 2004, 9pp, figs Work undertaken by: Mid Sussex Field Archaeological Team

The assessment excavation was carried out to establish the potential archaeological remains present on land proposed to be developed as a new burial ground opposite Keymer Parish Church. Medieval pottery and a possible feature were identified, as well as a prehistoric ditch containing probable Late Bronze Age-Late Iron Age pottery and a worked flint. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, MD, MD

Worthing

2/807 (C.45.S011) TQ 14510321 BN11 1UH

37 TEVILLE ROAD AND 28 OXFORD ROAD, WORTHING

Summary Report on the Results of an Archaeological Evaluation of 37 Teville Road and 28 Oxford Road, Worthing, West Sussex

Hunter, P & Pine, C Chichester: Development Archaeology Services, 2004, 26pp, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Development Archaeology Services

The evaluation consisted of three trenches totalling 50m in length and were excavated in advance of a proposed development. Geoarchaeological test pits were also excavated and revealed evidence that the stratigraphic sequences on the site had been heavily disturbed and modified due to erosion and redeposition of soliflucted chalk gravels. Samples taken would be subject to further detailed analysis in the future. The evaluation trenches revealed no significant archaeological deposits and features recorded were the result of previous modern building construction. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

2/808 (C.45.S012) TQ 10900550 BN13 3UA

LAND AT CASTLE PARK, WEST DURRINGTON

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at Castle Park, West Durrington, West Sussex Priestley-Bell, G Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

The evaluation consisted of three machine excavated, targeted trenches as part of ongoing archaeological work in advance of a proposed residential development. Previous work involved a desk-based assessment and fieldwalking survey. The trenches were targeted to establish the proposition that Roman roads crossed the study area. Although no evidence for the road was located, a possible focus of prehistoric activity was identified. This consisted of a possible cremation burial (of poorly preserved bone) worked flint and a pair of parallel ditches which could also have been Roman in origin. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

2/809 (C.45.S010) TQ 10700430 BN13 3QS

LAND AT ROMANY ROAD, WORTHING

Land at Romany Road, Worthing. An Archaeological Evaluation

Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 21pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

This evaluation comprised 16 trial trenches carried out in advance of a proposed sports facility development. Geotechnical test pits were also excavated prior to the evaluation. The trial trenches revealed evidence of a post-medieval boundary ditch and contained roof tile fragments and four truncated linear features of probable prehistoric, possibly Bronze Age date. These linear features contained contemporary pottery and worked and fire cracked flint. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, PR, PR

2/810 (C.45.U006) TQ 14120291 BN11 4JG

WYKEHAM ROAD, WORTHING

An Archaeological Evaluation at Frazer Lodge, Wykeham Road, Worthing, West Sussex

Priestly-Bell, G Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2004, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeology South-East

No significant archaeological features were revealed; a small quantity of probably residual material was recovered, including two sherds of early medieval pottery and a utilised flint blade of Mesolithic/Neolithic character. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, ME

Windsor & Maidenhead

Windsor & Maidenhead

2/811 (C.90.U004) SU 95227620 SL43QY

CONVENT OF ST. JOHN, HATCH LANE

Convent of St. John, Hatch Lane, Windsor, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Grassam, A & Weston, P Hertford: Archaeological Solutions, 2004, 18pp, figs, tabs, refs

Field Evaluations

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Solutions

Undated layers were recorded in the northern area. A red brick wall was revealed in trench 8. The majority of the southern site was devoid of archaeology. Post-medieval features were recorded in trench, including a ditch, were recorded. Medieval features, including a ditch, a pit and occupation layers, were recorded in trench three. The identified areas of archaeological interest were trenches three and four. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: ERM242

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM, PM

2/812 (C.90.S003) SU 91506866 SL5 7JN

LAND AT HEATHERWOOD HOSPITAL, ASCOT

Land at Heatherwood Hospital, Ascot, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Hammond, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2005, 12pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed development to build staff accommodation. The evaluation failed to reveal any archaeological finds or deposits. A total of ten out of the originally proposed 19 trenches were excavated due to the various restrictions on the site and iincluded live services and other in use facilities. [AIP]

2 /813 (C.90.S005) SU 88398020 SL6 2QA

LAND AT OLD ORCHARD, SHOPPENHANGERS ROAD, MAIDENHEAD

Land at Old Orchard, Shoppenhangers Road, Maidenhead, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Hammond, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An evaluation failed to locate any archaeological deposits or finds. From this evidence, it appeared that the site had no archaeological potential. It was unlikely therefore, that any subsequent ground intrusive work associated with the proposed planning application would damage, or destroy anything of archaeological interest. [Au(adp)]

2/814 (C.90.S004) SU 93916651 SL5 9QX

LITTLE CROFT, FIREBALL HILL, SUNNINGDALE

Little Croft, Fireball Hill, Sunningdale, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Coles, S & Ford, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Five evaluation trenches were excavated in advance of a proposed single house erection. Despite the proximity of the site to the projected course of the Roman road, no evidence of any associated settlement or burial deposits was found, nor any deposits associated with the road itself. No finds of Roman date, or any other archaeologically relevant period were recovered. On the basis of these results therefore, the site had no archaeological potential. [Au(adp)]

2/815 (C.90.U002) SU 95307625

SL4 3SD

North Range, Convent of St. John, Hatch Lane, Windsor, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Williams, J Hertford: Archaeological Solutions, 2004, 14pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Solutions

No significance archaeological features or finds were identified during the trial trench evaluation of the site. A line of 19th/20th century pits and an undated post hole were recorded in a single evaluation trench in the southern part of the site, likely associated with a former fence line following close to the existing boundary. [Au]

SMR primary record number: ERM299

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

2/816 (C.90.U001) SU 95227620

SL43OY

SOCIAL HOUSING SITE, CONVENT OF ST. JOHN, HATCH LANE

Social Housing Site, Convent of St. John, Hatch Lane, Windsor, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Williams, J Hertford: Archaeological Solutions, 2004, 13pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeological Solutions

The evaluation revealed brick foundations associated with the recently demolished later 19th and 20th century buildings on the site. Post holes of relatively recent date were also recorded. No significant features or finds were revealed. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: ERM303

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/817 (C.90.S010) SU 94756687

SL5 9QD

SUMMERWOOD HOUSE, CHARTERS ROAD, SUNNINGDALE

Summerwood House, Charters Road, Sunningdale, Berkshire. An Archaeological Evaluation
Wallis, S
Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 13pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Evaluation trenching revealed one possible gully which contained Roman brick, along with a number of modern pits. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, MO

2/818 (C.90.U003) SU 93966662 SL5 9QX

THIMBLE HALL, DEVENISH ROAD, SUNNINGDALE

Report on an Archaeological Evaluation at Thimble Hall, Sunningdale, Berkshire

Leonard, A Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2004, 12pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

Three trenches were put in the southern part of the site. Despite the potential, no archaeological features were recorded in any of the trenches. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: ERM237

Wokingham

Wokingham

2/819 (C.91.U003) SU 32407870 RG17 8NR

25 HIGH STREET, LAMBOURN

25 High Street, Lambourn, Berkshire

Matthews, B Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

No archaeological deposits or features were encountered. [Au(abr)]

2/820 (C.91.U001) SU 81656855 RG40 2EB

ALL SAINTS CHURCH

All Saints Church, Wokingham, Berkshire

Mumford, J Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 8pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed four graves and a pit or root hole below the depth of the intervention impact. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

2/821 (C.91.U004) SU 81206875 RG40 1AZ

LAND ADJOINING NUMBERS 6 AND 7 RECTORY CLOSE

An Archaeological Field Evaluation in Lane Adjoining Numbers 6 and 7 Rectory Close, Wokingham, Berkshire

Entwistle, R Holton: John Moore Heritage Services, 2004, 6pp, figs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

The site lay within the historic core of Wokingham and might have comprised possible archaeological remains dating to the Saxon or medieval periods. No traces of Saxon or medieval activity was identified and the only features found were five pits dated to the post-medieval period. These seem likely to represent a localised distribution of rubbish pits, possibly dating to the late nineteenth or early twentieth century. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: ERM302

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Wokingham

2/822 (C.91.U002) SU 71356598 RG7 1JD

LAND AT BASINGSTOKE ROAD, SPENCER'S WOOD

An Archaeological Evaluation (Stage 2) on Land at Basingstoke Road, Spencer's Wood, Reading, Berkshire

Stevens, S Ditchling: Archaeology South-East, 2005, 44pp, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Archaeology South-East

Seventy-two evaluation trenches were excavated at the site to a cumulative length of 1440m providing a 7% sample of the evaluated area. Archaeological deposits, including ditches, gullies, pits and post holes, were identified and recorded in thirty-one of the trenches. Material ranging in date from the Mesolithic to the post-medieval period was encountered. The earliest ceramic assemblages were dated to the Middle to Late Iron Age but the majority of pottery was from the Late Iron Age to the Early Romano-British era. There was also evidence of later Romano-British, possible Anglo-Saxon, and medieval activity, there was some indication of post-medieval occupation known from cartographic sources. [Au]

SMR primary record number: ERM373

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD, LIA, MD, ME, RO

2 /823 (C.91.U002) SU 79456391 RG40 4LN

THE RETREAT, CHURCH LANE, FINCHAMPSTEAD

The Retreat, Church Lane, Finchampstead, Berkshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Oxford Archaeology Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

No deposits, features, or structures of any archaeological potential or significance were identified during the evaluation. [Au(abr)]