

Bath & North East Somerset

Bath & North East Somerset

2/824 (C.47.S001)

ST 76556663

BA1 7HZ

BAILBROOK 1, BATH*Bailbrook 1, Bath, Bath and North-East Somerset. Archaeological Evaluation*

Evans, D Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. The evaluation identified a single ditch and associated recuts. Although undated, the ditch correlated closely with the location of a former field boundary depicted on late 19th century cartographic sources. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/825 (C.47.T001)

ST 76656705

BA1 7AE

BAILBROOK 2, BATH*Bailbrook 2, Bath, Bath and North-East Somerset: Archaeological Evaluation*

Evans, D Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

11 evaluation trenches were excavated but no archaeology was encountered. [AIP]

2/826 (C.47.S002)

ST 76556663

BA1 7HZ

BAILBROOK 4 (THE ELMS), BATH*Bailbrook 4 (The Elms), Bath, Bath and North-East Somerset. Archaeological Evaluation*

Evans, D Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed development. The evaluation identified two undated, intercutting ditches/gullies and a probable post-medieval land drain. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

2/827 (C.47.S003)

ST 75476544

BA2 6NX

GIBBS GARAGE, BATHWICK STREET, BATH*Gibbs Garage, Bathwick Street, Bath. An Archaeological Evaluation*

Wallis, S Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 27pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Evaluation trenches were excavated and observation of geo-technical pits was carried out on the site of a proposed residential development. Buried soil deposits, containing Roman pottery, were encountered in both trenches, together with a possible Roman surface and structure in Trench 2. A post-medieval well and related rectangular stone built structure were found in Trench 1. Deposits in Trench 2 had been truncated by post-medieval cellars. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, RO, RO, RO

Bristol

Bristol

2/828 (C.54.U011)

ST 58657332
BS1 5BD**ALBION TERRACE, JOHNNY BALL LANE***Archaeological Evaluation on the Site of Albion Terrace, Johnny Ball Lane, Bristol*

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2004, 21pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The evaluation trenches uncovered the remains of numbers 2 and 3 Albion terrace, below which were earlier walls. One of the walls was identifiable as part of the "Soldiers' Infirmary", and was built against the other, which appeared to be late medieval in date. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/829 (C.54.S003)

ST 52968115
BS11 0YA**CHITTENING ESTATE, WORTHY ROAD, AVONMOUTH***Chittingen Estate, Worthy Road, Avonmouth. Report on Archaeological Evaluation*

Davis, B Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed redevelopment. A single broad shallow feature filled with compact clinker was recorded. The site also had evidence for ridge and furrow cultivation. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/830 (C.54.T001)

ST 59196942
BS4 1TZ**FILWOOD PLAYING FIELDS, CRESWICKE ROAD, KNOWLE***Filwood Playing Fields, Creswicke Road, Knowle, Bristol. Archaeological Evaluation*

Vatucu, F Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Two evaluation trenches were excavated but no archaeological features were recorded. [Au(adp)]

2/831 (C.54.U002)

ST 72507350
BS30 5SX**FORMER ALLOTMENT GARDENS, WESTBURY-ON-TRYM***Former Allotment Gardens, Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol. Archaeological Evaluation Report*

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 8pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

No features or finds of significant archaeological interest were found during the evaluation. [Au(abr)]

2/832 (C.54.U004)

ST 59877294
BS2 0HJ**HANNAH MORE SCHOOL***Archaeological Evaluation at Hannah More School, New Kinglsey Road, St. Philips, Bristol*

South West

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2004, 15pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

Three trenches were excavated in the car park and playing field. The remains of 19th century houses and part of an earlier boundary wall were found. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*4166

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2 /833 (C.54.T005)

ST 53277991

BS11 0YH

LAND AT AVONMOUTH REFUSE DISPOSAL WORKS

Avonmouth Refuse Disposal Works: Archaeological Evaluation

Wilkinson, K Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Two archaeological boreholes were drilled to assess the stratigraphic sequence. Peat deposits of possible Neolithic date were identified, as well as organic muds that might represent a possible Bronze Age terrestrial surface. [Au(adp)]

2 /834 (C.54.T003)

ST 59277315

BS1 3AZ

LAND AT CASTLE PARK

Land at Castle Park, Bristol: Archaeological Evaluation

Barber, A Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 27pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Three trenches were excavated. Two cess pits and a ditch were identified as medieval in date, post-medieval robber trenches and modern deposits were also recorded. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, MO

2 /835 (C.54.T004)

ST 58507217

BS1 6DS

LAND AT WAPPING WHARF

Land at Wapping Wharf, Bristol :Archaeological Evaluation

Havard, T & Cox, S Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 48pp,colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

14 trenches were excavated. A former Late Pleistocene sandstone cliff was identified, along with the earlier edge of the Avon. Only post-medieval and modern activity was further identified on the site but these represented a site of dockside facilities and related infrastructure directly associated with the important Bristol shipbuilding industry in the 18th and 19th century. These included workshops, deal/timber yards, a ropewalk and dwellings. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2 /836 (C.54.U010)

ST 58227125

BS3 3NT

NO. 45 WEST STREET

Archaeological Evaluation of Land at No. 45 West Street, Bedminster

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2004, 37pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The remains of a 17th century cellar and occupation debris were encountered. [Au(abr)]
SMR primary record number:21996

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/837 (C.54.Z001)

ST 58027108

BS3 3PD

NOS. 126-132 WEST STREET

Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Nos. 126-132 West Street, Bedminster, Bristol

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2004,
25pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

Two trenches were excavated in the car showroom at the front of the property on West Street, and one trench in the back yard adjacent to British Road. The remains of medieval and post-medieval plot boundaries were encountered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM

2/838 (C.54.U003)

ST 58207128

BS3 3NT

NOS. 36-56 WEST STREET

Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Nos. 36-56 West Street, Bedminster, Bristol

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2004,
21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The remains of 19th century terraced properties were encountered. [Au(abr)]
SMR primary record number:22024

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/839 (C.54.U006)

ST 59937331

BS2 0DL

NOS. 51A AND 57 WEST STREET, OLD MARKET

Archaeological Evaluation at Nos. 51A & 57 West Street, Old Market, Bristol

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2004,
25pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

Two trenches were sited at the rear of the properties on Brags Lane. Part of a substantial post-medieval wall was found in one trench and both trenches revealed remains of rubbish deposits relating to occupation on the site. Residual medieval pottery kiln waste was also found. [Au(abr)]
SMR primary record number:1394

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

2/840 (C.54.U007)

ST 60677587

BS5 6UB

PRIORY HOSPITAL

Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Priory Hospital, Heath House Lane, Bristol

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2004,
25pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The remains of an 18th century building, with the later stone drain and track surface were discovered, as well as colluvium layers comparative with those discovered further along Pur Down at the Former Highwood School site. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number:22019

2/841 (C.54.U005)

ST 58247515

BS6 7EH

REDLAND PLAYING FIELDS, REDLAND COURT ROAD

Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Redland Playing Fields, Redland Court Road, Bristol

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2004, 52pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

An archaeological evaluation revealed the presence of modern levelling layers and confirmed the locations of post-medieval field boundary ditches and barton [sic]. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number:22004

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/842 (C.54.U001)

ST 53107690

BS11 9SB

SHIREHAMPTON PRIMARY CARE CENTRE

Bristol NHS Lift Project, Shirehampton Primary Care Centre. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Despite the proximity of known remains of Lower Palaeolithic date within the gravel terrace which underlies Shirehampton, no evidence for human activity during this period was recorded. [Au(abr)]

2/843 (C.54.U008)

ST 59067653

BS7 8SU

SITE OFF KELLAWAY AVENUE, HORFIELD

Site off Kellaway Avenue, St. Leonard's Road, Horfield, Bristol

Young, A Bristol : Avon Archaeological Unit
, 2004, 25pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Avon Archaeological Unit

No significant archaeology was reported within the trenches. A series of post-medieval drainage features crossed the site at various locations and a post-built structure of indeterminate function cut the made ground in the southeast. The truncated remains of two parallel ditches or gullies probably represented former post-medieval garden features, one of which disturbed an articulated dog skeleton buried in a small pit. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number:22015

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/844 (C.54.U009)

ST 59307290

BS1 6EU

TEMPLE BACK

Temple Back (Area Adjacent to St. Philip's Bridge) Bristol

Wessex Archaeology
Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology
, 2004, 14pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

No evidence for any structure was revealed and it is likely that such evidence has either been totally removed by later disturbance or that remains lay to the south-east of the evaluation trench. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Cornwall

2/845 (C.15.S006)

BARTHOLOMEW LEDGES, ISLE OF SCILLY

Bartholomew Ledges, Isles of Scilly. Designated Site Assessment: Preliminary Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A programme of archaeological works was undertaken as part of the contract for Archaeological Services in Relation to the Protection of Wrecks Act (1979). A geo-referenced site plan of the known artefacts was carried out. There was also a detailed photographic record completed of most of the artefacts recovered since the site was designated. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/846 (C.15.S005)

HMS COLOSSUS, ISLES OF SCILLY

HMS Colossus, Isle of Scilly. Designated Site Assessment: Preliminary Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A programme of archaeological works was undertaken as part of the contract for Archaeological Services in Relation to the Protection of Wrecks Act (1973). The site was located and recorded, including the possible section of a gun carriage which was recorded then reburied. The two main threats to the continued stability of the wreck were diving and erosion. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/847 (C.15.S002)

LOE BAR, PENWITH

Loe Bar, Penwith (District), Cornwall. Designated Site Assessment: Preliminary Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 6pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A programme of archaeological work was undertaken as part of the contract for Archaeological Services in Relation to the Protection of Wrecks act (1973). It constituted an assessment of Loe Bar, a designated wreck site located near Porthleven, off the south coast of Cornwall. A re-assessment of previous magnetometer survey data was carried out and the resulting targets were ground-truthed. A total of 11 magnetic anomalies were identified, of these seven lay inside the designated area. No archaeological features were identified, however, this did not mean there was a lack of archaeology, as it could be buried by high levels of mobile sedimentation. [Au(adp)]

2/848 (C.15.S001)

SCHIEDAM, THE LIZARD*Schiedam, off Halzephron Headland, Cornwall. Designated Site Assessment: Preliminary Report*

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 7pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A programme of archaeological work was undertaken as part of the contract for Archaeological Services in Relation to the Protection of Wrecks Act (1973). It constituted an assessment of the Schiedam: a designated wreck site located off Halzephron headland in south western Cornwall. The exact location of the site was not found due to high sand levels along this stretch of the coast. Further circular searches were conducted within the surrounding seabed, but no archaeological features were visible. Future recommended work would be to locate the site, with priority to the exposed features being relocated and recorded. [Au(adp)]

2 /849 (C.15.S004)

ST ANTHONY, OFF GUNWALLOE, KERRIER*St. Anthony, off Gunwalloe, Kerrier, Cornwall. Designated Site Assessment: Preliminary Report*

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A programme of archaeological works was undertaken as part of the contract for Archaeological Services in Relation to the Protection of Wrecks Act (1979). The site was believed to represent the wreck of the St Anthony, an early 16th century Portuguese armed merchant carrack, lost as a result of bad weather in 1527 whilst on passage between Lisbon and Antwerp. The exact position of the site was still currently unknown, other than its general location. No archaeological remains were observed by the ADU in previous inspections of the study area. No immediate threats to the site were observed during fieldwork, although it should be noted that the seabed was not inspected within the designated area. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM**Carrick**

2 /850 (C.15.U002)

SW 77215646

TR4 9PP

ST. PIRAN'S CHURCH, PERRANZABULOE*St. Piran's Church, Perranzabuloe, Cornwall. Excavation of Test Pits*

Cole, R Truro : Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2004, 25pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

A project to remove the sand from within the interior of the ruined church and to undertake a programme of related conservation and interpretation works was being developed by the Historic Environment Service and the St. Piran Trust to improve the amenity value and setting of the monument. Two small test pits were excavated to understand the nature and depth of deposits within the church to in order to inform the development of a detailed project design for this work. [AIP]

Kerrier

2 /851 (C.15.S003)

SW 77503450

TR12 7PJ

RILL COVE, THE LIZARD*Rill Cove, the Lizard, Cornwall. Designated Site Assessment: Preliminary Report*

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 7pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A programme of archaeological work was undertaken as part of the contract for Archaeological Services in Relation to the Protection of Wrecks Act (1973). It constituted an assessment of Rill Cove; a designated wreck site. The position of the site was not fixed and the existing site plans were difficult to interpret. The position of the two archaeological features that were previously reported to have been exposed were not located. Although no archaeological material was located during fieldwork, the site (including the anchor) did appear to lie within the designated area. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Restormel

2/852 (C.15.U001)

SW 99375498

PL26 8XY

GOONAMARTH AND HIGHER BISCOVILLACK

Goonamarth and Higher Biscovillack, Cornwall. Evaluation Trenching

Cole, R Truro : Cornwall Archaeological Unit, 2004, 37pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cornwall Archaeological Unit

Six trenches investigated anomalies identified by geophysical survey, while one trench investigated the site of a possible Bronze Age barrow. The main directory from the trenching was a probable Bronze Age round house in trench 3 within an area containing a large number of geophysical anomalies. The evaluation trenching also found a possible ring ditch was relatively modern, mining related feature, while the possible existence of a Bronze Age barrow was disproved. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, BA, BA, MO, PR

Devon

2/853 (C.18.S006)

IONA II, LUNDY

Iona II, Lundy. Designated Site Assessment: Preliminary Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A programme of archaeological works was undertaken as part of the contract for Archaeological Services in Relation to the Protection of Wrecks Act (1973). The site was assessed to establish areas that would be suitable for monitoring sediment level and structural collapse and to establish the extent to which the site lay within the designated area. There was evidence that the site had been subject to illegal diving activity and required more detailed survey to make further assessment. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Exeter

2/854 (C.18.U004)

SX 92009440

EX4 4RN

PROPOSED FAMILY CENTRE SITE, UNIVERSITY OF EXETER

Archaeological Evaluation of Proposed Family Centre Site, University of Exeter

Reed, S J Exeter : Exeter Archaeology, 2004, 5pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

Despite the records of flint scatters within and around this proposed development site, no evidence for prehistoric, or indeed later, activity was found. This may indicate a true absence of anthropogenic activity in the area or, perhaps more likely, reflect the level of agricultural or other disturbance to the site, which has removed any former archaeological deposits. Apart from a post-medieval land drain containing English industrial china in trench 1, no archaeological deposits, features or artefacts were encountered within the evaluation trenches. This lack of archaeological activity was matched by the

dearth of artefacts recovered from the topsoil. Trench 2 confirmed that the southern part of the site had been reduced and a layer of gravel laid to form an area for parking. The presence of ruts within trench 3 shows that the central area of the site had been disturbed to a depth of at least 0.25m by the wheels of vehicles dumping or picking up vegetation from the extant heap. It nevertheless remains possible that isolated archaeological features may survive in areas between the evaluation trenches. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Mid Devon

2/855 (C.18.U003)

SS 83330044

EX17 2BR

LAND TO THE REAR OF PARLIAMENT STREET, CREDITON

Archaeological Assessment and Evaluation of Land at Parliament Street, Crediton

Whiteaway, T E Exeter : Exeter Archaeology, 2004, 8pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

Based on previous investigations in the area, and the proximity of the Manor House (the site of which is probably of 16th-century or earlier origin), it was thought possible that undisturbed medieval or earlier archaeological deposits or features might survive on the site. In the event, no deposits or features were encountered within the trial trenches, all of which contained varying deposits of colluvium (hillwash) above in situ natural bedrock. The colluvium contained charcoal, shellfish remains, and pottery dating from between the medieval period and the 18th century. Much of this material would have been introduced to the fields upslope during manuring episodes and washed down onto the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

North Devon

2/856 (C.18.U001)

SS 68803300

EX32 7PX

CHARLSTOWN BARTON, CHARLES

Charlestown Barton, Charles, Devon. Results of a Survey of the Cottages and Outbuildings. Results of a Geophysical Survey. Results of Evaluation Trenches

Humphreys, C Barnstable : South-West Archaeology, 2004, 54pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: South-West Archaeology

Extensive evidence of past agricultural use dating back to the medieval period was confirmed by the geophysical survey, evaluation trenches and building surveys. [AIP]

SMR primary record number: 1540

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, RO

South Hams

2/857 (C.18.U005)

SX 87005473

TQ5 0ES

POTTING SHED AT GREENWAY, GALMPTON

Building Recording And Archaeological Evaluation Of the Vinery Greenway, Galmpton, Devon

Exeter Archaeology Exeter : Exeter Archaeology, 2004, 19pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

The Vinery was built some time between 1839 and 1865, placing it either late in the ownership of Edward Carlyon or early in the ownership of Richard Harvey. Stylistic elements in the surviving original timbers would place it in the earlier part of this date range. Its primary function was as a vinery, but it also served as an ornamental glasshouse. It is not known with certainty when the heating system went out of use and it ceased to function as a vinery. It is definitely described as a vinery in 1882. A sale catalogue of the 1938 notes the existence of vineries. By 1963 vine growing had been transferred

to the Top Garden. The Vinery has undergone extensive alteration and repair. Two distinct phases of repair have been identified apart from the more recently documented work. Enough of the original fabric remains at the east and west ends and along the north side of the roof to allow the original roof design and elevations to be reconstructed. Investigations in the Potting Shed as part of the recording work have exposed the original stoves for heating the Vinery. This, together with observations during the recording and the evidence from the evaluation has allowed the heating system to be explained and understood. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/858 (C.18.U002)

SX 80416029

TQ9 5DN

THE MANSION HOUSE, TOTNES

The Mansion House, Fore Street, Totnes, Devon. Results of Evaluation Trenches

Humphreys, C Barnstable : South-West Archaeology, 2004, 34pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: South-West Archaeology

Evidence in the form of plough marks was found demonstrating the transition between a Saxo-Norman agricultural land-use to the medieval planned urbanisation. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*1365

Archaeological periods represented: EM, MD, PM

Teignbridge

2/859 (C.18.S001)

SX 96707870

EX7 0PB

SHUTTERTON BRIDGE, DAWLISH

Shutterton Bridge, Dawlish, Devon. Archaeological Evaluation

Hart, J Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken, consisting of three trenches. Trench 1 was located in order to test the possible survival of a Saxon dyke, but proved archaeologically sterile. Trenches 2 and 3 were located in order to test for evidence of the putative medieval farmstead of West Shutterton. A post-medieval pit or ditch terminus was identified in Trench 2 whilst a modern wall and surfacing were identified within Trench 3. The evaluation indicated that post-medieval and modern activity truncated any earlier deposits within the site. The absence of medieval artefacts suggested it was unlikely that there was significant activity in the area. It was possible that the line of the Saxon Old Dyke was adopted for the Exeter road which lay entirely outside the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO, MO

Torridge

2/860 (C.18.S005)

SS 13954635

GULL ROCK, LUNDY

Gull Rock, Lundy. Designated Site Assessment: Preliminary Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A programme of archaeological work was undertaken as part of the contract for Archaeological Services in Relation to the Protection of Wrecks Act (1973). The original magnetometer data was reassessed and three site features were identified and positioned, these were; a broken gun, a cannon and possible cannon ball. All of the archaeological features were within the designated area. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

West Devon

2/861 (C.18.S002)

SS 65250140

EX20 2DA

PROPOSED SUBSTATION SITE AT NORTH TAWTON

An Archaeological Evaluation of the Proposed 132/33kV (Bulk Supply Point) Substation Site at North Tawton, Devon

Cottrell, T Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out following a geophysical survey. The previous geophysical survey identified linear features which were confirmed to be mainly natural in origin by the evaluation. One single archaeological feature was identified consisting of a post-medieval drain. A single medieval pottery sherd was likely to have been derived from agricultural manuring. The potential for the survival of extensive and well preserved archaeological remains within the development area was considered to be low, and as such the proposed development was not considered to have any significant impact upon the archaeological resource of the area. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/862 (C.18.S004)

SS 65290138

EX20 2DA

THE PROPOSED NORTH TAWTON TO WHIDDON DOWN UNDERGROUND CABLE ROUTE

An Archaeological Field Evaluation of the Proposed North Tawton to Whiddon Down, Devon 33kV underground cable route

Cottrell, T & Crisp, J Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

An archaeological field evaluation was undertaken on the proposed North Tawton to Whiddon Down underground cable route crossing four plots of land. All four plots were previously subject in part to archaeological field investigations. Only two archaeological features were identified, both undated, consisting of a ditch and a post hole. A small amount of chert and flint which included two Mesolithic blade forms was recovered from ten trenches in Plots 2-4. The potential for archaeological remains was considered to be low. The groundworks were not seen to have any significant impact on the archaeological resource of the area. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, ME

2/863 (C.18.S003)

SS 64650190

EX20 2AB

THE PROPOSED WEEK TO NORTH TAWTON UNDERGROUND CABLE ROUTE

An Archaeological Field Evaluation of the Proposed Week to North Tawton, Devon, 33kV underground cable route

Adam, N Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

An archaeological trench evaluation was undertaken along the proposed underground cable route. This consisted of 26 trenches, some of which were targeted at areas of previously identified geophysical anomalies, the trenches represented 33% of the route. No archaeological features or finds were identified. Despite the presence of a nearby prehistoric crop mark site (a Scheduled Ancient Monument 34280) the cable route appeared to be of low archaeological potential. [Au(adp)]

Dorset

East Dorset

2/864 (C.19.T009)

SU 02541844
SP5 5QU

JUNCTION OF THE A354 AND BOWLING GREEN LANE, PENTRIDGE

A Proposed Access Track and Road Improvements at the Junction of the A354 and Bowling Green Lane, Pentridge, Dorset. Results of Archaeological Works.

Robinson, S Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 6pp. figs, refs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

Two trenches were excavated, located on the east side of the A354, thought to follow the course of the Roman road between Old Sarum and Badbury Rings. No evidence for the former Roman Road surface or associated flanking ditches were recorded, but a wide linear feature was recorded crossing both trenches. It is probably Late Bronze Age in date and likely to represent an early boundary ditch. A possible ditch and flint surface was identified during the watching brief on the opposite side of the A354 road, but no associated artefacts were found to confirm a Roman date. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: LBA

2/865 (C.19.T001)

ST 98521128
BH21 5HX

NEW DWELLINGS AT GUSSAGE ST.MICHAEL

Proposed New Dwellings at Gussage St. Michel, Dorset (NGR 9852 1128)

Valentin, J , Laidlaw, M & Robinson, S Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 12pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

Four trenches were excavated, totalling an area of 35m². Evidence for medieval settlement was identified in two of the plots, comprising two probable pits and a linear feature. Other features were of post-medieval date. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD, MD

North Dorset

2/866 (C.19.S007)

ST 84992531
SP7 9NU

LAND ADJACENT TO BARN HOUSE, MOTCOMBE

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land Adjacent to Barn House, Motcombe, Dorset

AC archaeology Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

An archaeological evaluation examined two plots of land adjacent to Barn House. Five trenches failed to find evidence for surviving subsurface archaeological features, although a remanant subsoil within one trench revealed quantities of medieval pottery dateable to the 12th/13th centuries. All defined surface earthworks on the site were considered to be of archaeological significance. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/867 (C.19.T006)

ST 83101055
DT11 0SX

NEW COMMUNITY FACILITIES AT SHILLINGSTONE

New Community Facilities at Shillingstone, Dorset. Results of Archaeological Investigations

Valentin, J Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

Six trenches were excavated, within two of these a North-east to South-west aligned ditch was recorded. This may have been part of a complex associated with a substantial Romano-British structure with an attached bath house, excavated nearby. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/868 (C.19.S002)

ST 88750568

DT11 9LU

STOUR PARK, BLANDFORD ST. MARY

Stour Park, Blandford St. Mary, Dorset. Post-excavation Assessment

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation, excavation and building recording was carried out in advance of a proposed development. A range of rolled and broken Bronze Age struck flint was identified, as well as two medieval ditches and recorded fragmentary elements of a 19th century farm. The school building overlay a slightly earlier building which may have originally had an agricultural use. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, BA

Purbeck

2/869 (C.19.S008)

SY 86309150

BH20 7NN

PHILLIOLS FARM, BERE REGIS, WAREHAM

Philliols Farm, Bere Regis, Wareham, Dorset. An Archaeological Evaluation (fieldwalking)

Ford, S Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 11pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

A field walking survey was carried out over 20 hectares of an area proposed for mineral extraction totalling an overall area of 55 hectares. A dense cluster of struck flint of Mesolithic or possibly early Neolithic date was located on the terrace edge overlooking the flood-plain of Bere Stream and the River Piddle. A more extensive scatter of later Neolithic and/or Bronze Age date was also found. A few sherds of medieval and post-medieval pottery were also recovered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, ENE, LNE, MD, ME, PM

West Dorset

2/870 (C.19.S004)

SY 69519049

DT1 1EJ

2 LINDEN AVENUE, DORCHESTER

2 Linden Avenue, Dorchester, Dorset. Archaeological Evaluation

Bellamy, P Brook, R & Montague, R Dorchester : Terrain Archaeology, 2004, 15pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Terrain Archaeology

An evaluation was carried out in advance of a planning application for redevelopment of the site. The site contained garden layers and levelling layers which were modern. Two pits filled with builders debris were found on the north-west part of the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

2/871 (C.19.T008)

ST 63901680

DT9 3HR

39 CHEAP STREET, SHERBORNE

39 Cheap Street, Sherborne, Dorset. Results of Archaeological Investigations

Valentin, J Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

Two machine excavated trenches revealed evidence for activity on the site dating from the early medieval period through to the middle of the 20th century. The earliest activity comprised a rubbish pit and linear feature in the evaluation trenches, with the former containing large quantities of medieval pottery, animal bone and oyster shell. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM

2 /872 (C.19.T004)

SY 68258985
 DT1 2HE

7-9 JAMES ROAD, DORCHESTER

7-9 James Road, Dorchester, Dorset. Results of an archaeological trench Evaluation

Robinson, S Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 6pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

A single L-shaped trench revealed an east-west aligned linear feature, which contained small fragments of medieval pottery and prehistoric worked flint, and was probably part of an extensive medieval field system. [AuADP]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PR

2 /873 (C.19.S001)

SY 79109460
 DT2 7EL

CHURCH VIEW, TOLPUDDLE

Church View, Tolpuddle, Dorset. Results of Archaeological Trench Evaluation

Wheaton, K Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 6pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

The evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed residential development. The site lay in the historic core of Tolpuddle, the village church dated to the 12th century. The putative line of a Roman road between Dorchester and the Badbury Rings crossed the rear of the site. Two archaeological features were identified during the evaluation in a trench to the rear north end of the site. They comprised a probable Iron Age ditch and a post-medieval pit. The ditch was likely to have related to early field systems in the vicinity. Finds included one Iron Age pottery sherd, seven post-medieval pottery sherds and two flint flakes. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: IA, PM, PM, PR

2 /874 (C.19.S005)

SY 69309010
 DT1 1QD

ELDRIDGE POPE BREWERY SITE, DORCHESTER

Eldridge Pope Brewery Site, Dorchester, Dorset. Results of Archaeological Test Pit and Trial Trench Evaluation

Harding, P Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 15pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The archaeological evaluation indicated that conditions were generally favourable in most parts of the site for the preservation of archaeological remains. The limited extent of the evaluation did not make it possible to determine the presence of archaeological remains on site, although there were a number of prehistoric/Roman ditches in the south-west corner. This level of evidence, however, must be adjudged with regard to the percentage of the area that was evaluated. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, RO

2 /875 (C.19.S003)

ST 66490128

DT2 7JQ

LAND OFF ABBEY STREET, CERNE ABBAS***Land off Abbey Street, Cerne Abbas, Dorset. Archaeological Evaluation***

Bellamy, P & Montague, R Dorchester : Terrain Archaeology, 2004, 29pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Terrain Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed new development. Four trenches were excavated which revealed evidence for medieval and post-medieval activity. Medieval archaeology was limited to soil layers and a pit. Part of a boundary wall of a possible medieval burgage plot was also found. Evidence for tanning, dating from the late 17th to the late 18th century was found in three of the trenches. This comprised a number of possible tanning pits filled with large quantities of horn cores and lower leg elements of cattle, sheep, and pig and a brick lined lime pit or tank. Parts of two buildings of 19th century date were also uncovered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD, MD

2 /876 (C.19.T005)

SY 70409966

DT2 7QQ

PIDDLETRENTHIDE FLOOD ALLEVIATION SCHEME***Piddletrenthide Flood Alleviation Scheme. Results of an Archaeological Evaluation***

Sykes, D J M Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

Three trenches were machine-excavated, two of them through low earthen banks. One earthwork was of modern date and was probably a ramp up to a hatch in an adjacent barn. The other bank remains undated. The final trench revealed a well preserved colluvial sequence and quantities of prehistoric worked flint. A burnt spread was identified in Trench A.[Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UD, PR

2 /877 (C.19.T002)

SY 70429035

DT1 1PB

RED COW FARM, DORCHESTER***A Proposed Residential Development at Red Cow Farm, St. George's Road, Dorchester, Dorset***

Cottrell, T Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 15pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

Twelve trenches were excavated for an approximate two percent sample of the site area. Four intercutting ditches were recorded in trench two, two were prehistoric in date. Two parallel linear features, possibly Medieval, were found in trench 11 and a post hole was recorded in trench 12. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

2 /878 (C.19.S006)

SY 69609028

DT1 1QG

THE RECLUSE, CULLIFORD ROAD NORTH, DORCHESTER***The Recluse, Culliford Road North, Dorchester, Dorset. Archaeological Test Pitting Evaluation Report***

Hennessey, B Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development of the site. In total three test pits were excavated by hand. Finds dating to no later than the medieval period were present in Test Pit 1. A small assemblage of finds ranging in date from prehistoric flint to post-

medieval ceramics were retrieved from mixed deposits and suggested that the site had been subject to previous cultivation over a long period of time. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PR

Weymouth and Portland

2/879 (C.19.T003)

SY 68007120

DT5 2JD

GRANGECROFT ROAD, WESTON, PORTLAND

An Archaeological Evaluation at Grangecroft Road, Weston, Portland, Dorset

AC archaeology Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 7pp, figs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

Three trial trenches were excavated. In trench two, a layer contained Iron Age and early Roman pottery, as well as worked flint, burnt flint and shells. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: IA, RO

2/880 (C.19.T007)

SY 70548325

DT3 6BZ

WHITE HORSE DRIVE, PRESTON, WEYMOUTH

A Proposed Residential Development at White Horse Drive, Preston, Weymouth, Dorset. Results of an archaeological trench Evaluation

Valentin, J Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 5pp, figs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

Four trenches were excavated, no archaeological features were recorded. [Au(adp)]

Gloucestershire

Cheltenham

2/881 (C.23.S001)

SO 94802270

GL50 3HJ

FORMER FLOWERS BREWERY, CHELTENHAM

Former Flowers Brewery, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Crank, N & Williams, J Hertford : Archaeological Solutions, 2004, 10pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Solutions

The evaluation comprised four trial trenches which were excavated in addition to previous assessment and evaluation of the site, in advance of a proposed redevelopment. Despite the potential for Roman and medieval remains, no substantial archaeological deposits were located within the trenches. The evaluation revealed ditches and a pit, as well as evidence of cellaring. One ditch was probably 19th century or later. The ditches likely represented the tenement back plot boundaries depicted on the enclosure map of 1806 AD. The cellar was likely to have been associated with the original brewery or the Grammar School. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM, PM

2/882 (C.23.U004)

SO 97702380

GL52 5DB

LAND AT NOVERTON LANE, PRESTBURY

Land at Noverton Lane, Mill Lane, Prestbury, Gloucestershire

Mumford, J & Lee, T Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed a general paucity of archaeological activity in the area. A gully located in the southern portion of the site yielded a sherd of pottery that suggested Roman activity in the area. Elsewhere, a boundary ditch recorded in the south-east corner of site appeared to be a former post-medieval field boundary. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, RO

2/883 (C.23.S028)

SO 94772283
GL50 4AL

LAND TO THE REAR OF 16 SWINDON ROAD, CHELTENHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land to the Rear of 16 Swindon Road, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire

Morris, T Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was carried out prior to the determination of a planning application for the construction of a block of eight flats. The evaluation at the north end of the trench revealed a truncated layer, cut by a probable pit or a well. The fill contained finds dated to the 18th or 19th century which was covered by modern building debris and topsoil. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*26818

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/884 (C.23.S024)

SO 94952226
GL52 6XH

THE FORMER SITE OF BEDS AND BUNKS, BENNINGTON STREET, CHELTENHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation of the Former Site of Beds and Bunks, Bennington Street, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire

Morris, T Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was carried out in advance of the proposed construction of 18 flats. The work recorded 19th and 20th century brick-built structures, a well and a construction slot/gully. Features and deposits that may have predated the 19th century structures illustrated on maps of that date, included a partially defined cut feature with a north to south alignment, an earlier phase of a 19th century well and possible leached-out buried topsoils. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*26548

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM, UD, UD, UD

Cirencester

2/885 (C.23.U001)

SP 02310190
GL7 1JH

28/28A CRICKLADE STREET, CIRENCESTER

28/28A Cricklade Street, Cirencester, Gloucestershire

Sims, M Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed extensive post-medieval made ground and a dry stone wall overlying evidence of medieval occupation layers. Both of which were probably associated with the robbing of earlier Romano-British structural remains. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

Cotswold

2/886 (C.23.S006)

SP 02250218

GL7 2AJ

2 DOLLAR STREET, CIRENCESTER

2 Dollar Street, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Evans, D Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken to accompany applications for Scheduled Ancient Monument Consent for the construction of two extensions to the existing property. The proposed development lay within an area of high archaeological potential and fell within the vicinity of the Roman Town (Corinium), which is a Scheduled Ancient Monument. The evaluation indicated that wall footings of probable medieval origin and 18th century surfaces survived. The alignment of Gunstool Brook, a post-medieval waterway, was also observed. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/887 (C.23.T005)

SP 02300160

GL7 1RL

25-27 QUERNS LANE, CIRENCESTER

25-27 Querns Lane, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Rowe, M Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 23pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Eight trenches were excavated following a ground probing radar survey. Roman demolition debris and surfaces were encountered in six of the trenches, sealed by a cultivation soil and a variety of modern surfaces. A possible medieval surface/trackway was recorded. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, RO, MD

2/888 (C.23.T009)

SP 02600164

GL7 1EH

28 TOWER STREET, CIRENCESTER

28 Tower Street, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Webster, J Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

A single trench revealed a late 19th century gravel surface and related make-up/bedding deposits, sealed by reworked garden soils were present. [Au(adp)]

2/889 (C.23.T002)

SP 02790204

GL7 2PU

3 CORINIUM GATE

3 Corinium Gate, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Evans, D Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 13pp, figs, t abs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

The excavation of a single test pit revealed that a series of partially disturbed Romano-British surfaces survived at a depth of approximately 0.77m below the modern ground surface. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2 /890 (C.23.S013)

SP 02780175
GL7 1EW**31 VICTORIA ROAD, CIRENCESTER*****31 Victoria Road, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation***

Cudlip, D Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2005, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed extension to the house. Roman demolition debris was encountered, sealed by reworked 'dark earth' and modern surfaces. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2 /891 (C.23.S030)

SP 02680214
GL7 2PX**37 CORINIUM GATE, CIRENCESTER*****An Archaeological Evaluation at 37 Corinium Gate, Cirencester, Gloucestershire***

Morris, T Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 8pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was carried out as part of an application for Scheduled Monument Consent, the proposal was to construct a new conservatory and associated drainage. The Scheduled Monument (SAM 361) consisted of the Corinium Roman Town. The evaluation recorded no significant archaeological features or deposits to a depth of 107.54m AOD, 0.90m below ground level. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*26675

2 /892 (C.23.S043)

SP 02800160
GL7 1ES**48 CHESTER STREET, CIRENCESTER*****48 Chester Street, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation***

Thomas, A Hertford : Archaeological Solutions, 2004, 13pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Solutions

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed single storey house extension. A spread of material interpreted as the demolition debris from a Roman building was identified. This probably overlay the remains of a building situated on the north-western side of a road identified in a previous evaluation at 50 Chester Street. The demolition was cut by a large 19th or 20th century pit filled with stone rubble. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*26549*Archaeological periods represented:* PM, RO

2 /893 (C.23.S003)

SP 02870157
GL7 1ES**77 VICTORIA ROAD, CIRENCESTER*****77 Victoria Road, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation***

Colls, K Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation comprising two trenches was undertaken in advance of a proposed development for 12 flats. The evaluation characterised the archaeological potential of the site and indicated that in situ Roman deposits, including a wall and opus signinum floor sealed beneath late Roman demolition rubble, survived at a depth of 0.6m below the modern ground surface. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2 /894 (C.23.T006)

SP 02610167

GL7 1EH

8 THE AVENUE CIRENCESTER***8 the Avenue, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation***

Vartuca, F Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

One test pit was excavated and archaeologists recorded reworked 'dark earth' containing residual Roman pottery and post-medieval artefacts at a depth of 107.2m AOD. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, RO

2 /895 (C.23.S016)

SP 17402044

GL54 2LB

86 LAMBERTS FIELD, BOURTON-ON-THE-WATER***An Archaeological Evaluation at 86 Lamberts Field, Bourton-on-the- Water, Gloucestershire***

Morris, T Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 14pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

A field evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed two storey dwelling. Scheduled Monument Consent was obtained due to the northern part of the development site laying within the scheduled area of Salmonsbury Camp (SAM 32392). No evidence for features associated with the defensive works of the Camp were recorded, but other features cut into the natural gravel were recorded. These included the butt end of two gullies, both with possible evidence for post holes cut into the base, and a third shallow gully. There was evidence for an upcast bank associated with the third gully. These features were all sealed by the remains of a medieval/post-medieval substantial layer. [AIP]

*SMR primary record number:*22346*Archaeological periods represented:* UD, PM

2 /896 (C.23.S025)

SP 12794030

GL55 6QU

BROAD CLOSE FARM, WESTON-SUB-EDGE***An Archaeological Evaluation at Broad Close Farm, Weston-sub-Edge, Gloucestershire***

Wright, N Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was carried out in advance of the proposed construction of a conservation pond. Two trenches were excavated. No archaeological deposits were recorded within the evaluation trenches. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*27191

2 /897 (C.23.S046)

SP 20453212

GL56 0DW

CAERPHILLY, STOW ROAD, MORETON-IN-MARSH***Archaeological Field Evaluation Report. Caerphilly, Stow Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire***

CgMs London : CgMs, 2004, 11pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

A field evaluation was undertaken in advance of the proposed construction of four dwellings. Two machine excavated trenches were excavated and revealed no archaeological features or finds. [AIP]

SMR primary record number:27136

2/898 (C.23.S037)

SO 98990350

GL7 7AL

CIRENCESTER PARK POLO CLUB, DAGLINGWORTH

An Archaeological Evaluation at Cirencester Park Polo Club, Daglingworth, Gloucestershire

Nichols, P Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 43pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was carried out consisting of 27 trenches on agricultural land in advance of proposed landscaping of the site for polo fields. 78 features were identified dating to the Neolithic, Early Bronze Age, Iron Age and post-medieval periods. The prehistoric feature types included: pits, post holes, ditches, gullies and there was one post-medieval quarry pit. Finds included: prehistoric animal bone (some burnt) and evidence of Neolithic antler working, prehistoric/beaker pottery and worked flint. 52 features were undated. All features were cut into natural deposits. The Iron Age evidence was seen as being of local importance, the earlier prehistoric features were seen as being of at least regional and possibly national importance. [AIP]

SMR primary record number:22292

Archaeological periods represented: NE, UD, UD, PR, EBA, IA, MNE, UD, IA, UD, PM, EBA, IA, MNE, PM, PR, RO

2/899 (C.23.S038)

SP 02100240

GL7 2EL

COTTESWOLD HOUSE, TRAFALGAR ROAD, CIRENCESTER

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land to the Rear of Cotteswold House, Trafalgar Road, Cirencester, Gloucestershire

Morris, T Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 10pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was carried out in advance of the proposed construction of a block of terraced houses. The evaluation recorded dumped deposits of 19th and 20th century date, used to raise the ground level. No significant archaeological deposits or features were recorded. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number:27497

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/900 (C.23.S004)

SP 06000340

GL7 5DY

CRUCIS PARK FARM QUARRY, AMPNEY CRUCIS

Crucis Park Farm, Ampney Crucis, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Cullen, K Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 6pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken, consisting of 20 trenches, in advance of a proposed reopening and expansion of the stone quarry. No archaeological features or deposits were identified during the course of the evaluation. [Au(abr)]

2/901 (C.23.S042)

SP 19452589

GL54 1EA

DEVON HOUSE, CAMP GARDENS, STOW-ON-THE-WOLD

Archaeological Evaluation at Devon House, Camp Gardens, Stow-on-the-Wold

110 Archaeology Gloucester : 110 Archaeology, 2004, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: 110 Archaeology

An evaluation was carried out in advance of the proposed construction of four houses. Trench 1 contained two large pits, probably representing quarries excavated to supply local lime kilns. The presence of the occasional fragment of burnt limestone in the south end of the site may have related to the lime kiln indicated on earlier maps as positioned in the south-west corner of the site. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*26652

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2 /902 (C.23.S049)

SP 16004340

GL55 6TN

EXTENSION TO CEMETERY NEAR ST.LAWRENCE'S CHURCH, MICKLETON
Archaeological Field Evaluation. Extension to Cemetery Near St. Lawrence's Church, Mickleton, Gloucestershire

CgMs London : CgMs, 2004, 15pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: 110 Archaeology

A field evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed cemetery extension. An isolated shallow depression was observed, the feature could have been associated with mineral extraction or represented a former fish pond, or be related to a series of unrecorded earthworks situated to the west of the site. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*27835

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2 /903 (C.23.S015)

SP 17260070

GL7 3DU

FAIRFORD WATER SKI CLUB, FAIRFORD

An Archaeological Evaluation at Fairford Water Ski Club, Fairford, Gloucestershire

Mullin, D Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 6pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken on the site of new log cabin holiday units. An area totalling 113m by 1.6m was excavated by machine and no significant archaeological deposits were encountered. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*26511

Archaeological periods represented: MO

2 /904 (C.23.S045)

SP 01250115

GL7 1XX

FORMER GROUNDS OF CIRENCESTER TOWN FOOTBALL CLUB, CIRENCESTER

Former Grounds of Cirencester Town Football Club, Cirencester. Archaeological Evaluation

Hood, A Swindon : Foundations Archaeology, 2004, 13pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Foundations Archaeology

A programme of archaeological evaluation was carried out ahead of a proposed office development. The evaluation comprised the excavation and recording of six 50m x 2m trenches across the proposed development area. Good preservation conditions were noted across the site and four undated features were identified and excavated. No features or deposits related to the Roman period were present. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*27119

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/905 (C.23.S027)

SP 23703580
GL56 9NX

LAND ADJACENT TO ALCAMPAGNE, TODENHAM

Archaeological Evaluation at Land Adjacent to Alacampagne, Todenham, Gloucestershire

Barrett, R Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed new bungalow construction. The trenches revealed no significant archaeological deposits or features. [Au(adp)]

2/906 (C.23.S047)

SP 16600050
GL7 4DS

LAND ADJACENT TO LAKES 103 AND 104, COTSWOLD WATER PARK, FAIRFORD

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land Adjacent to Lakes 103 and 104, Cotswold Water Park, Fairford, Gloucestershire

Barrett, R Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeological Service, 2004, 18pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

A field evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed development. A previous desk-based assessment indicated that there was potential for archaeological remains within the site, and the evaluation subsequently identified 23 features on the northern side of the lake. These features consisted of ditches, pits and post holes, all of which were undated, sealed by an undated ploughsoil. Although no dating evidence was recovered from the evaluation, the features were clearly cut into the natural and were not considered contemporary. Their form and relative density were perhaps more suggestive of activity associated with occupation than agricultural practices. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 27274

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/907 (C.23.S002)

SO 92621441
GL4 8JH

LAND AT BIRDLIP COWLEY

Land at Birdlip, Cowley, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Colls, K Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed development. Despite the archaeological potential of the application area, no archaeological remains were identified within the three excavated trenches. [Au(abr)]

2/908 (C.23.S011)

SP 20483219
GL56 0LJ

LAND AT CHURCH STREET, MORETON-IN-MARSH

Land at Church Street, Moreton-on-Marsh, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Barber, A Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 8pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken consisting of one L-shaped trench. The site lay close to the line of a major Roman road, the Fosse Way, and within the historic core of the Anglo-Saxon,

medieval and later town. Despite the archaeological potential of the site, no features were encountered. [Au(adp)]

2/909 (C.23.S029)

SP 03150215

GL7 1AG

LAND BETWEEN 19A AND 21 LONDON ROAD, CIRENCESTER

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land Between 19a and 21 London Road, Cirencester, Gloucestershire

Wright, N Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 8pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was undertaken in advance of the proposed erection of two dwellings. Three trenches were machine excavated. No significant archaeological deposits were recorded within any of the evaluation trenches. Burnt patches within the topsoil in trenches 1 and 2 were interpreted as post-medieval/modern bonfires. A single residual sherd of Romano-British Samian Ware was retrieved from the spoil heap in trench 1. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 27128

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/910 (C.23.T003)

SP 02590175

GL7 1EB

LAND OFF COACH HOUSE MEWS, CIRENCESTER

Land off Coach House Mews, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Evans, D Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Three trenches were excavated. Pennant sandstone courtyard surfacing and related make-up/bedding deposits associated with the Roman Forum survived at a depth of 0.8m to 1m below the present ground surface. These were immediately sealed by heavily reworked 'dark earth' deposits. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/911 (C.23.S017)

SP 01260645

GL7 7DX

NEW LOOSE HORSE BOXES, BAGENDON

An Archaeological Evaluation at New Loose Horse Boxes, Bagendon, Gloucestershire

Mullin, D Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 7pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken on the site of proposed new loose horse boxes. An area totalling 40m by 1.6m was excavated by machine and no significant archaeological deposits were encountered. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 22903

2/912 (C.23.T007)

SP 14600085

GL7 4BS

PIP'S FIELD, FAIRFORD

Pip's Field, Fairford, Gloucestershire: Archaeological Evaluation

Hart, J Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 18pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Six trenches were excavated. Probable tree-throws, post-medieval drainage ditches, land drains and post-medieval quarrying were recorded by the archaeologists. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/913 (C.23.S014)

ST 90659525

GL8 8SG

PRESTON'S FOLLY, HIGHGROVE ESTATE

Preston's Folly, Highgrove Estate, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation Report

McHarg, C Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of proposed mineral extraction. No significant archaeological features were identified in any of the trenches. [Au(adp)]

2/914 (C.23.T004)

SP 02330210

GL7 2PB

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST CHURCH, CIRENCESTER

St. John the Baptist Parish Church, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Evans, D Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 26pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Three test pits were excavated. Limited evidence for medieval structural remains was recorded, these included foundations of the west tower, the attached pier of the 16th century nave arcade and the offset footing of the north wall of the nave. Three pits containing post-medieval artefacts, three certain post-medieval inhumations and a one further probable burial were also recorded. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM

2/915 (C.23.T001)

SP 02800146

GL7 1DG

THE GARDEN HOUSE, STONEWALLS

The Garden House, Stonewalls, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Evans, D Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

A single trench was excavated that revealed the foundations of an undated, but possibly Roman, wall approximately 0.75m below the present ground surface. This was sealed by a series of 19th and 20th century deposits. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

2/916 (C.23.S039)

SP 19042569

GL54 1HQ

UNICORN HOTEL, STOW-ON-THE-WOLD

Archaeological Evaluation. Unicorn Hotel, Stow-on-the-Wold

110 Archaeology Gloucester : 110 Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: 110 Archaeology

A field evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed hotel extension. Trench 2 contained a robbed wall and was built in association with a worn surface consisting of pitched stones butting the west side and may have represented a former yard contemporary with the use of the site as a coaching inn during the 18th/19th century. Trench 3 contained a large pit containing a rubble fill with early post-medieval domestic refuse and was sealed later garden soils. In Trench 4 natural geology was similarly

overlain by layers of later post-medieval refuse and garden soils. A few sherds of late medieval roof tile and pottery provided the earliest evidence of human activity on the site. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*26821

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/917 (C.23.S044)

SP 02650131

GL7 1JU

WATERMOOR C OF E PRIMARY SCHOOL, WATERMOOR ROAD, CIRENCESTER

An Archaeological Evaluation at Watermoor Church of England Primary School, Watermoor Road, Cirencester

Morris, T Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was undertaken in advance of proposed improvements to the area around the school. Significant archaeological deposits were recorded in Trench 1, a greyish black organic silty clay was encountered across the whole trench, which filled the base of a feature cut into clay and contained pottery dated from the 2nd to late 4th century AD. Other finds included Roman ceramic tile fragments (roof and box flue), animal bone, oyster and snail shells. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*27111

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM, RO

Forest of Dean

2/918 (C.23.S032)

SO 62041767

GL17 9US

HIGH STREET, RUARDEAN

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land Fronting High Street, Ruardean, Gloucestershire

Nichols, P Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 8pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An archaeological evaluation was carried out prior to the determination of a planning application for the erection of a detached dwelling, a detached garage and alterations to vehicular access. A single trench was excavated and revealed the presence of post-medieval levelling deposits and a post-medieval culvert. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/919 (C.23.S022)

SO 77352171

GL2 8DU

LAND ADJACENT TO BURY LANE, MINSTERWORTH

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land Adjacent to Bury Lane, Minsterworth, Gloucestershire

Wright, N Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 8pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed construction of a single dwelling. Four trenches were machine excavated. Three features and a possible surface were recorded in Trench 2. The features comprised; two linear cuts, (possibly representing wheel-rutting) and a possible post hole/pit, of which all remained undated. They were cut into what was interpreted as a possible surface. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*27492

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/920 (C.23.S009)

SO 64500260

GL15 4ES

LAND TO THE EAST OF FEDERAL MOGUL, LYDNEY

Land to the East of Federal Mogul, Lydney, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Brett, M Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 51pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken consisting of 33 trenches. Archaeological deposits identified included: Roman occupation/industrial activity and landscape management features, medieval and post-medieval boundaries and ridge and furrow cultivation evidence. No primary deposits associated directly with industrial processes were encountered, but the recovery of iron slag, indicated that iron smelting and possibly smithing was carried out in the vicinity during the Roman period and possibly again in the medieval period. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, RO, RO, RO, RO, PM, RO

2/921 (C.23.S007)

SO 64600220

GL15 4ES

NAAS COURT FARM, LYDNEY

Naas Court Farm, Lydney, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Brett, M Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 38pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken, consisting of 65 trenches, in advance of a proposed golf course. The evaluation identified limited archaeological deposits which represented mainly agricultural and land management features and dated to the medieval and post-medieval periods. These comprised mainly drainage and field boundary ditches, as well as other features such as trackways and a pond. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM, PM

2/922 (C.23.S023)

SO 72102590

GL18 1AJ

NEWENT LIBRARY, NEWENT

An Archaeological Evaluation at Newent Library, Newent, Gloucestershire

Wright, N Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 7pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed learning and disability centre construction. Four test pits were excavated. They revealed evidence of a well preserved waterlogged deposit, this was interpreted as the silty backfill of the pond, evidenced on the 1840 tithe map but not shown on the First Edition County Series Map (OS c.1880). Deposits in the other three test pits revealed evidence of the gardens of 'The Holt' constructed after 1840. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 26899

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/923 (C.23.S035)

SO 69281185

GL14 1BH

NEWNHAM HOUSE, CHURCH ROAD, NEWNHAM

An archaeological Evaluation at Newnham House, Church Road, Newnham, Gloucestershire

Nichols, P Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 7pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was carried out prior to the determination of a planning application for the erection of a detached dwelling with car port. A single trench was excavated within the site. An irregular linear feature, orientated north-east to south-west was recorded. The feature was interpreted as the result of either post-medieval landscaping or the robbing of stone from a post-medieval wall. No deposits or finds of medieval or earlier dates were present. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*26688

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/924 (C.23.S031)

SO 63210265
GL15 5ED

WHITECROSS SCHOOL, CHURCH ROAD, LYDNEY

An Archaeological Evaluation at Whitecross School, Church Road, Lydney, Gloucestershire

Nichols, P Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 9pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of the proposed erection of eight dwellings with ancillary works. Two trenches were excavated. The evaluation established the presence of a medieval ditch or gully on approximately the same alignment as Church Road. A single sherd of medieval pottery and bloomery tap slag were retrieved from the fill of the feature. The evaluation also recorded the remains of a wall, which may have been an earlier field boundary shown on a late 19th century (OS c.1880). [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*26973

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

Gloucester

2/925 (C.23.S034)

SP 83001830
GL1 1TX

67 SOUTHGATE STREET, GLOUCESTER

Archaeological Evaluation and Watching Brief at 67 Southgate Street, Gloucester, Gloucestershire

Barrett, R Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 10pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An archaeological evaluation was carried out, involving the re-excavation of a newly installed drainage system which was part of a housing development. The work recorded that the drainage system had not truncated any deposits or features predating the post-medieval period, where they were observed with the evaluation trench. A subsequent watching brief followed during further groundworks and no archaeological deposits or features were observed. [AIP]

*SMR primary record number:*26545

2/926 (C.23.T008)

SO 83431881
GL1 3AB

FORMER KWIKS AVE SITE

Former Kwik Save Site, Northgate Street/Worcester Street, Gloucester: Archaeological Evaluation

Havard, T Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 34pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

The site was located outside the Roman walls. Six trenches were excavated. Well preserved levels of Roman activity including metallised surfaces, cultivation activity, bank material and possible demolition rubble were cut by two probable ditches. A bank which appeared to have been established in the

Roman period and then refurbished and maintained during the medieval period, possibly the medieval town boundary, was also recorded. Evidence for a 19th century tannery was in the form of deep clay lined tanning pits. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, RO, RO, PM

2/927 (C.23.S008)

SO 83401900

GL1 3AW

ST CATHERINE'S STREET/PARK STREET, GLOUCESTER

St. Catherine's Street/Park Street, Gloucester, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Hart, J Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 18pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. Undated, but probably Roman features and an early Roman pit and ditch were identified along with features likely to have been associated with medieval/post-medieval tenements. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, UD, MD, PM, MD

2/928 (C.23.S012)

SO 81201505

GL2 4NG

THE ORCHARD, QUEDGELEY

The Orchard, Quedgeley, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Hart, J Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 8pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken on a site which lay close to a possible Roman villa and was close to, or thought to be on, the line of the Roman road from Sea Mills to Gloucester. No features or deposits predating the post-medieval period were identified on site which suggested that it lay away from the focus of Roman settlement. A ditch containing 19th century artefacts was identified and was likely to have been part of a field system predating the current use of the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Stroud

2/929 (C.23.S005)

ST 75719325

GL12 7BT

30 LONG STREET, WOTTON-UNDER-EDGE

30 Long Street, Wotton-under-Edge, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Rowe, M Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken consisting of a single hand excavated trench. Although a number of deposits and cut features were identified, none could be dated to before the 18th century and most probably represented episodes of landscaping and horticultural activity. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/930 (C.23.S048)

SO 83511227

GL4 0UL

BROOKTHORPE COURT FARMHOUSE, BROOKTHORPE

Archaeological Evaluation Report. Brookthorpe Court Farmhouse, Brookthorpe, Gloucestershire

CgMs London: CgMs, 2004, 10pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

An archaeological evaluation consisting of three hand excavated trenches was undertaken in advance of a proposed development. Two of the trenches were located within the existing barn structure. One of these revealed a large undated stone foundation c.1m square consisting of large blocks of well dressed oolitic limestone cut into the lias clay. This perhaps represented a large pillar or column associated with an earlier barn structure. The second of these two trenches revealed a stone built drain orientated north-south. The construction of this culvert was associated with a layer dated to the 18th century and recorded immediately above the natural clay. The remaining larger trench was located in the quadrangle area, but produced no visible archaeological deposits. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number:27608

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM, PM

2/931 (C.23.S010)

SO 74680750

GL2 7EA

LAND ADJACENT TO TOM CLARKE'S COTTAGE, THE GREEN, FRAMPTON-ON-SEVERN

Land Adjacent to Tom Clarke's Cottage, Frampton-On-Severn. Archaeological Evaluation

Cudlip, D Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken consisting of two trenches. No archaeologically significant structures or deposits were revealed. [Au(abr)]

2/932 (C.23.U003)

SO 70530084

GL13 9HG

LAND OFF GLEBE CLOSE, FRAMPTON-ON-SEVERN

Land off Glebe Close, Frampton-Severn, Gloucestershire

Laws, G Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed 19th and 20th century pits and brick structural debris of a former modern piggery and farm buildings. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

2/933 (C.23.S021)

SO 83700005

GL6 0ET

NEW STADIUM SITE, FOREST GREEN ROVERS, NAILSWORTH

Archaeological Evaluation at New Stadium Site, Forest Green Rovers, Nailsworth, Gloucestershire

Barrett, R Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 9pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was carried out on the site of a proposed new stadium. The work recorded no significant archaeological deposits or features. The site had been landscaped within living memory, which was attested by the evidence from the evaluation. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number:26561

2/934 (C.23.S026)

ST 74709200

GL12 8RW

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, KINGSWOOD

An Archaeological Evaluation at St. Mary's Church, Kingswood, Gloucestershire

Morris, T Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was carried out within the churchyard of St. Mary's Church in advance of a proposed extension to the north transept. Trench 1 at the northern end of the site revealed layers containing finds of 17th-18th century and earlier date. Covering this was a former topsoil layer, cut by the butt end of a linear feature. These lay beneath another two layers containing 18th-20th century finds. A post hole like feature was cut immediately below the modern topsoil. Trench 2, against the north wall of the nave recorded a cut into the natural clay. This was most probably a grave cut and fill, or possibly a robbed out foundation trench. This feature was sealed by a former topsoil layer containing finds of 18th to 20th century date. The observed features were cut into natural clay which may have indicated that the site had been cleared to natural when the church was constructed in 1722. No evidence for former buildings within the churchyard were recovered. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*27125

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD, UD, UD, MO

Tewkesbury

2/935 (C.23.S020)

SO 39132208
GL51 6SD

COLD POOL LANE, BADGEWORTH

Archaeological Evaluation at Cold Pool Lane, Badgeworth, Gloucestershire

Barrett, R Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 9pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken as this was a requirement prior to the determination of any planning application on the site. The work recorded no significant archaeological deposits or features, however, four undated post holes were encountered. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*26519

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/936 (C.23.U002)

SO 96302835
GL52 8EN

HOMELANDS FARM, BISHOPS CLEEVE

Homeland's Farm, Bishops Cleeve, Gloucestershire

Sims, M Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed extensive ridge and furrow cultivation over the whole of the development area from which a single prehistoric flint scraper was retrieved. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PR

2/937 (C.23.S033)

SO 91772817
GL52 7SH

LAND ADJOINING THE CHURCHYARD OF ST JAMES' CHURCH, STOKE ORCHARD

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land adjoining the Churchyard of St. James' Church, Stoke Orchard, Gloucestershire

Morris, T Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 13pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed new car park and burial ground extension on land adjoining the churchyard of St. James' Church. On the western end of the site there was evidence

for made ground, possibly to grade the ground level up to that of the churchyard. The eastern end revealed a double ditch on the line of the former eastern boundary of 'Chapel Yard' which in the 19th century included the current churchyard and land to the south. Another linear feature some 50m from Mill Lane may have been another boundary ditch. The south corner of a large feature at the eastern end may have been associated with the double ditched boundary, which curved north-eastward just north of the evaluation trench. No evidence was identified that suggested the development area had been used as a burial ground. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 26837

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/938 (C.23.S019)

SO 90603230

GL20 7BL

LAND AT WALTON CARDIFF

An Archaeological Evaluation of a Proposed Watercourse on Land at Walton Cardiff, Gloucestershire

Nichols, P Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 9pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An archaeological evaluation was carried out prior to the determination of a planning application for the reinstatement of a watercourse. Three trenches were excavated along the line of the proposed watercourse and established the presence of a large ditch in trench 3 and deep deposits of alluvial clay and modern rubble. The ditch contained pottery of medieval date and may have formed the northern boundary to the medieval settlement, which lay to the south. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 464

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/939 (C.23.S040)

SO 89803370

GL20 8AJ

LAND OFF BREDON ROAD, MITTON, TEWKESBURY

Archaeological Evaluation of Land off Bredon Road, Mitton, Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire

Barrett, R Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed development. The evaluation recorded three features, an undated, backfilled quarry, a possible palaeochannel and a truncated Early Bronze Age pit. The pit contained two sherds of Beaker pottery, dating to c.2200-2000BC and as such is a locally important discovery which may have been associated with other activity from the period. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 27139

Archaeological periods represented: EBA, UD

2/940 (C.23.S018)

SP 04093095

GL54 5PP

MILLHAMPOST HOUSE, STANWAY

Archaeological Evaluation at Millhampost House, Stanway, Gloucestershire

Barrett, R Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 8pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

A field evaluation was carried out in advance of proposed improvement works to the Grade II Listed, 17th century Millhampost House. The site also contained a post-medieval Grade II Listed Dovecote. No significant archaeological deposits or features were recorded. [AIP]

SMR primary record number: 22482

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/941 (C.23.S036)

SO 88201910
GL3 2LG

ST BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, CHURCHDOWN

Archaeological Evaluation at St. Bartholomew's Church, Churchdown, Gloucestershire

Barrett, R Gloucester : Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2004, 7pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An evaluation consisting of three test pits was carried out at St. Bartholomew's Church. The pits were hand excavated and were carried out to inform the structural engineer as the area was considered to be archaeologically sensitive. The evaluation recorded no significant archaeological deposits or features.

[Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*26688

2/942 (C.23.S041)

SP 00203311
GL20 8NR

ST. MARGARET'S CHURCH, ALDERTON

St. Margaret's Church, Alderton, Gloucestershire

Kenney, J Clun : Marches Archaeology, 2004, 15pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Marches Archaeology

A small trench was excavated in the centre of the proposed site for a toilet/store building. This located a previously unknown recent grave (between 1964 and 1994) with a wooden coffin, but revealed no other significant archaeology. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*26693

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM

North Somerset

North Somerset

2/943 (C.69.U001)

ST 47277548
BS20 6QG

BRISTOL ROAD, PORTISHEAD

An Archaeological Evaluation of a Proposed Development Site at Bristol Road, Portishead, North Somerset

Watkins, K Bath : Bath Archaeological Trust
, 2004, 9pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bath Archaeological Trust

Most of the site away from the street frontage has been very heavily disturbed by clay quarrying, presumably by the Portishead brickworks in the late 19th century and early 20th century. The quarried area has been used for dumping large amounts of rubble and industrial waste, which continues to some depth. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*46676

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/944 (C.69.U004)

ST 43806490
BS49 5AD

CADBURY HOUSE, CONGRESBURY

Cadbury House, Congresbury, North Somerset: Archaeological Evaluation Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Other than an undated stake hole recorded in Trench 1, no archaeological features were recorded in any of the trenches. Very little post-medieval material, which might have been expected to be present on the site, was recovered. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*47109*Archaeological periods represented:* UD, PM

2 /945 (C.69.U003)

ST 46507530

BS20 7QR

CORDANO SCHOOL, PORTISHEAD***Cordano Secondary School, St. Mary's Road, Portishead, Bristol***

Lewcum, M Bath : Bath Archaeological Trust

, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bath Archaeological Trust

Two trenches revealed the existence of rough stone surfaces of either late medieval or early post-medieval date, lying approximately 1m below the current ground surface. Undulations nearby might be indicative of a medieval ridge and furrow field system. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*47121

2 /946 (C.69.T001)

ST 37246273

BS22 7XY

LAND AT ROSE COTTAGES, ST. GEORGE'S, WORLE***Land at Rose Cottages, St. George's, Worle: An Archaeological Evaluation***

Cullen, K & Cox, S Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 31pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Six trenches were excavated. Environmental samples were taken from a possible prehistoric or Roman ditch, (cut by a later V shaped ditch), and when analysed suggested a marshy environment. This ditch was in turn sealed by an alluvial deposit, upon which a burnt clay feature, possibly associated with Iron Age or Roman salt works found nearby. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, IA

2 /947 (C.69.T002)

ST 37386307

BS22 7SA

LAND EAST OF THE HEDGES, ST. GEORGE'S, WORLE***Land East of the Hedges, St. George's, Worle, North Somerset: Archaeological Evaluation***

Cullen, K Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 19pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Two trenches were excavated. Undated ditches and deposits were recorded, possibly of late prehistoric or Roman date. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2 /948 (C.69.S001)

ST 33606175

BS23 2YA

MANSFIELD AVENUE, WESTON-SUPER-MARE***Land off Mansfield Avenue, Weston-Super-Mare, North Somerset. Archaeological Evaluation***

Hart, J Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 19pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed development. Evidence for the existence of an island surrounded by salt marsh was identified. An undated field ditch cutting the uppermost alluvium surrounding the putative island was also identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/949 (C.69.U002)

ST 46857740

BS20 7HE

PIER ROAD AND WOODLANDS ROAD, WOODHILL, PORTISHEAD, NORTH SOMERSET

Archaeological Evaluation of Land at Pier Road and Woodlands Road, Woodhill, Portishead, North Somerset

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

, 2004, 23pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The evaluation revealed modern ground disturbances but no archaeological features or deposits. A small quantity of post-medieval and modern pottery was recovered, along with clay pipe stems and roof tile. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*46182

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Poole

Poole

2/950 (C.73.S001)

SY 99709020

BH15 4DG

FLOOD DEFENCES, HAMWORTHY PARK, HAMWORTHY, POOLE

Flood Defences, Hamworthy Park, Hamworthy, Poole. Archaeological Evaluation

Bellamy, P & Montague, R

Dorchester: Terrain Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Terrain Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out on the site of the proposed flood defences. The site lay close to areas where significant finds of Late Iron Age and Roman archaeology had been found. Three trenches revealed no archaeological features although a palaeochannel or ditch was observed in Trench 3. Overall the general lack of archaeological features and artefacts suggested that this area was not a focus of activity in the past. [Au(adp)]

2/951 (C.73.S003)

SZ 01309020

BH15 1HD

POOLE RAILWAY STATION AND GOODS YARD, BOROUGH OF POOLE

Poole Railway Station and Goods Yard, Borough of Poole, Dorset. Archaeological Evaluation

Dinwiddy, M

Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in respect of a planning application. Made ground was found within the whole trench area all related to the raising of ground levels prior to the construction of the railway and associated infrastructure in the 19th century. A deposit of alluvium underneath the made ground was cut by a number of shallow archaeological features. The ditches and associated small pit and a possible post hole, were likely to have been medieval drainage ditches. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2 /952 (C.73.S002)

SY 68889064

DT1 1RR

THE OLD REFECTORY, BLANDFORD CLOSE, HAMWORTHY, POOLE

The Old Refectory, Blandford Close, Hamworthy, Poole. Archaeological Evaluation

Bellamy, P & Montague, R Dorchester : Terrain Archaeology, 2004, 19pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Terrain Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out on the site of a proposed new housing development. The site lies on the projected line of the Roman road from Hamworthy to Lake. Three trenches were excavated, one across the projected line of the Roman road, one to the south and one in the garden of the Old Refectory. No trace of the Roman road was identified and it was considered that the projected alignment of the road as marked on the OS maps was probably incorrect. Two phases of features were identified in Trench 1, the earlier features were undated but the later features were all of early 19th century in date. Overall the small number of features and the general lack of artefacts suggested that the area was not a focus of activity in the past. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM, PM, PR

2 /953 (C.40.U003)

ST 36156161

BS24 7LS

LYPSTONE FARM, WORLE, WESTON-SUPER-MARE

Lypstone Farm, Worle, Weston-super-Mare, Somerset

Ainsworth, A Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed evidence for three post holes and a ditch, all of which may be Roman in date. The evaluation also recovered evidence for a 19th century house platform. With the exception of the house platform, none of the other archaeological features were securely dated. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM, PM, RO

Somerset

Mendip

2 /954 (C.40.U022)

ST 50203900

BA6 9DZ

1 BOVE TOWN, GLASTONBURY

An Archaeological Evaluation at 1 Bove Town, Glastonbury

Hollinrake, C & Hollinrake, N Glastonbury : Charles and Nancy Hollinrake, 2004, 77pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Charles & Nancy Hollinrake

An archaeological evaluation recovered prehistoric flint flakes, Romano-British pottery sherds and finds and features of the late-Saxon and medieval periods. Some undated features and deposits might pre-date the mid-10th century. Features included a 10th century drainage gully or ditch, and 11th/12th century property boundary running north of Bove Town and numerous post holes, drainage gullies and ditches of the 12th to 14th centuries, all relating to late-Saxon and medieval settlement at the west end of Bove Town. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 17801

Archaeological periods represented: MD, EM, EM, RO

2/955 (C.40.U007)

ST 49703875

BA6 9ED

41 BENEDICT STREET, GLASTONBURY***An Archaeological Evaluation to the Rear of 41 Benedict Street, Glastonbury***

Hollinrake, C & Hollinrake, N Glastonbury : Charles and Nancy Hollinrake, 2004, 61pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Charles & Nancy Hollinrake

An archaeological investigation consisting of four evaluation trenches recovered a few prehistoric flint flakes and small amounts of Romano-British pottery that were contained within a buried soil lying above the natural Lias clay. The majority of the archaeological finds and features recorded during the evaluation were connected with occupation of properties dating from the 10th/11th century onwards. A north-south orientated tenement boundary consisting of a substantial ditch with a bank to the west originated in the 12 century and was re-cut at least twice up to the 17th century. Medieval occupation in the 16th/17th century appears to be connected with the tanning industry after which the paddock was cultivated for gardens and orchards, the cultivation causing the truncation of many archaeological features and the creation of deep, overlying garden soil deposit. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*16978

Archaeological periods represented: MD, EM, PM, EM, IA, PM, PR, RO

2/956 (C.40.U006)

ST 55574622

BA5 2XD

48 NORTH ROAD, WELLS***48 North Road, Wells. An Archaeological Evaluation***

Broomhead, R Coscombe : R.A. Broomhead, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: R.A. Broomhead

The field evaluation identified no significant archaeological features, the subsurface stratigraphy suggested that the site was comprised of agricultural land throughout most of the historic period. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*16955

2/957 (C.40.U023)

ST 49873875

BA6 9ED

ABBEY SCHOOL, GLASTONBURY***An Archaeological Evaluation at Abbey School, Magdalene Street, Glastonbury, Somerset***

Currie, C & Rushton, N Fair Oak : CKC Archaeology, 2004, 29pp, pls, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: CKC Archaeology

The site was heavily disturbed in places by drainage feature and modern services. An undisturbed area was encountered in the west part of the site that contained six rectangular pits linked by a narrow ditch. These were thought to be tanning pits on the strength of their layout and the inclusions of bone waste. Provisional examination suggested that the features were of late medieval date, although a few sherds of early post-medieval pottery were found in the linking ditch. A trench in the south half of the site located what was thought to be an early post-medieval boundary wall. Also observed on the site was an unusually raised flowerbed made up of over 50 pieces of reused moulded stonework from a medieval ecclesiastical building. The majority of the pieces date from before 1300, and are thought to have been collected from the abbey ruins. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/958 (C.40.U020)

ST 45704080

BA6 9SH

FIELDS BETWEEN HEATH RYNE AND PADDOCK RHYNE***An Archaeological Evaluation on Fields Between Heath Rhyne and Paddock Rhyne, Meare***

Hollinrake, C & Hollinrake, N Glastonbury : Charles and Nancy Hollinrake, 2004, 32pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Charles & Nancy Hollinrake

No archaeological features or trackways were seen and no archaeological finds were recovered. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*17786

2/959 (C.40.U012)

ST 51064027

BA6 8EA

LAND BETWEEN WELLS ROAD AND OLD WELLS ROAD, GLASTONBURY

Land Between Wells Road and Old Wells Road, Glastonbury, Somerset. An Archaeological Field Evaluation

Urch, T Gillingham : Context One Archaeological Services, 2004, 22pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Context One Archaeological Services

The excavation of the evaluation trenches revealed no significant archaeological remains/deposits and produced no datable evidence earlier than the late post-medieval period. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*17201

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/960 (C.40.U016)

ST 49873875

BA6 9ED

REAR OF ABBEY SCHOOL, GLASTONBURY

An Archaeological Evaluation to the Rear of the Abbey School, Magdalene Street, Glastonbury

Hollinrake, C & Hollinrake, N Glastonbury : Charles and Nancy Hollinrake, 2004, 57pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Charles & Nancy Hollinrake

An archaeological evaluation recorded structural features and soil deposits relating to occupation of the site between the 12th and 16th centuries. The earliest occupation evidence comprised sherds of Romano-British pottery contained within a buried soil or subsoil deposit and as residual sherds within medieval features or layers. Occupation appeared to have ceased by the 17th century after which the plot reverted to cultivation and gardens before re-occupation during the later 18th or early 19th century. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*17472

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, RO

Sedgemoor

2/961 (C.40.U009)

ST 45955330

BS27 3JX

4 UNION STREET, CHEDDAR

4 Union Street, Cheddar. An Archaeological Evaluation

Riley, G Bath : Bath Archaeological Trust, 2004, 5pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bath Archaeological Trust

Three archaeological features were recorded, the footings for a post-medieval boundary wall and two undated shallow cut features of uncertain purpose, possibly relating to earlier phases of horticultural land use. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*16988

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/962 (C.40.U024)

ST 39723442

TA7 9BP

BY-PASS CHANNEL AT GREYLAKE SLUICE*An Archaeological Evaluation of the Proposed Route of the By-Pass Channel at Greylake Sluice, Somerset*

Woodgate, R Epsom: Atkins, 2004, 2pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Atkins

Three trenches were excavated by mechanical excavator. No waterlogged structures or cut features were observed. No of the excavated wood fragments bore any signs of having been worked. Late 18th and 19th century pottery was recovered from both the bank material and the topsoil. No finds were obtained from the other deposits. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 17903*Archaeological periods represented:* PM

2/963 (C.40.U026)

ST 41203630

TA7 9BA

COATES FARM, GREINTON*Archaeological Evaluation at Coates Farm, Greinton, Somerset*

Best, J Exeter: Exeter Archeology

, 2004, 9pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

In trench 1, the most significant archaeological features exposed were ditches 520 and 522. The larger ditch (520) is most likely a boundary ditch, which had been re-cut along its north edge by ditch 522. The fills of 520 contained fragments of both Roman and medieval pottery. However, the presence of post-1000AD pottery near the base of the deposit suggests that the ditch is medieval in date, and that the Roman pottery was residual material from former settlement activity in the area. Similar features were recorded during excavations prior to the construction of Wisteria Cottage, to the west of the site. Ditch F109 was a north-south ditch with a steep V-shaped profile, associated with Roman settlement at Greinton. Ditch F100 was a broad, shallow ditch, which formed part of a series of tenement enclosures in the medieval core of the village. Ditches 520 and 522 were perpendicular to F100 and F109 and may form part of the tenement plots laid out during medieval settlement of Greinton. The profile and fills of ditch 520 are similar to those of ditch F100. There are no field boundaries, or other features, marked on the Tithe Map or OS maps which correspond to 520 or 522. The only archaeological feature within Trench 2 was ditch 506, which was aligned east to west and contained one sherd of Roman pottery. A number of similar ditches were recorded during excavations at Partridge Close, to the west of the trench. These shared a similar alignment and indicated Roman settlement activity in this area. The date and alignment of ditch 506 suggests that features relating to the former Roman settlement at Greinton extend eastwards from Partridge Close, and potentially survive intact beneath the modern farmyard. Within trench 3, all the features truncated the clay subsoil (518). This appears to correspond to layer 1008, which was interpreted as the Romano-British ground level in 1999. The survival of this deposit at the eastern edge of the farmyard indicates that an intact Romano-British ground surface, and associated settlement activity, may survive across the full extent of the modern farmyard. Layers 1008 and 518 are located beneath c. 1m of topsoil, which appears to have protected the horizon from later disturbance. The dating and sequence of features within trench 3 is limited by the paucity of obvious relationships and the small number of datable finds retrieved during excavation. Ditch 511 may be the earliest feature in Trench 3, as it is truncated by ditch 513. Ditch 511 did not contain any datable finds, and the north-south orientation corresponded to both Roman and medieval ditches excavated in the western part of the farm. Ditch 513 contained only one small fragment of pottery, which may be of Roman date. This pottery does not provide a secure date for the construction of the ditch, but may be a residual find, as seen elsewhere on the farm. Ditches 515 and 517 were aligned NNE-SSW and did not contain any datable finds. They may be the remains of a trackway aligned south-west to north-east that is marked on the 1904 OS map (Fig. 4) or an associated hedgebank along the eastern side of the track. Further investigation would be needed to establish a more definite date. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD, EM, PM, RO

2/964 (C.40.U021)

ST 45685307

BS27 3AH

KINGS OF WESSEX COMMUNITY SCHOOL, STATION ROAD, CHEDDAR*Kings of Wessex Community School, Station Road, Cheddar, Somerset*

McConnell, R, Urch, T & Matthews, K Gillingham: Context One Archaeological Services, 2005, 24pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Context One Archaeological Services

Despite the close proximity of the trenches to nationally important Roman, Anglo-Saxon and medieval remains, only one feature from these early periods was identified. This comprised a truncated Roman gully revealed in trench 1 sealed beneath later deposits that had been impacted by numerous modern service trenches. This feature was aligned north-west to south-east and contained thirteen sherds of 2nd to 3rd century pottery and eight pieces of animal bone. In trench 2, within the scheduled area, a deposits of modern topsoil was found to cover a thick layer of re-deposited natural sediments. This probably related to the remnants of the railway embankment that was know to have crossed the site until the early 1960s. Crucially, this sealed a buried soil horizon containing medieval and Romano-British pottery sherds. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*17793*Archaeological periods represented:* RO, MD

2/965 (C.40.U018)

ST 37573262

TA7 0PG

LAND TO THE REAR OF 26 MAIN ROAD, MIDDLEZOY*Land to the Rear of 26 Main Road, Middlezoy, Bridgewater, Somerset. An Archaeological Field Evaluation*

Urch, T & McConnell, R Gillingham: Context One Archaeological Services, 2004, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Context One Archaeological Services

The evaluation revealed no archaeological evidence form the early phases in the history of the village. Instead, excavation revealed a simple sequence of layers of modern garden soils, demolition deposits, subsoil and re-deposited mudstone, all of which contained sherds of 19th and 20th century pottery, overlying natural sand. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*17477*Archaeological periods represented:* MO

2/966 (C.40.U019)

ST 37563275

TA7 0PA

LAND TO THE SOUTH OF 6 CHURCH ROAD, MIDDLEZOY*Land to the South of 6 Church Road, Middlezoy, Somerset. An Archaeological Field Evaluation*

Urch, T & McConnell, R Gillingham: Context One Archaeological Services, 2005, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Context One Archaeological Services

The evaluation revealed only simple sequences of horizontal layers containing only post-medieval and modern finds. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*17572*Archaeological periods represented:* MO, PM

2/967 (C.40.U017)

ST 34475000

TA9 4HJ

SANDERS GARDEN WORLD, BRISTOL ROAD, BRENT KNOLL

Archaeological Evaluation at Sanders Garden World, Bristol Road, Brent Knoll, Somerset

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2004, 37pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

Five trenches were excavated, in all of the trenches, approximately 1m below the surface, a buried soil horizon was present containing abraded sherds of Romano-British pottery and fragments of animal bone. This was positive evidence for land reclamation around the 'Island' of Brent Knoll during this period. The scarcity of archaeological features within the buried soil layer indicated that the area would probably have been used for pasture or grazing. It was apparent that following the Roman period the land had reverted to a flood plain. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*17474

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/968 (C.40.U005)

ST 29833092

TA7 0BW

STONES FARM NORTH NEWTON***Stones Farm, North Newton. An Archaeological Evaluation***

Broomhead, R Coscombe : R.A. Broomhead, 2004, 11pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: R.A. Broomhead

A limited desk-based study and intrusive site evaluation was undertaken to provide an assessment of the likely archaeological implications of proposals to develop for residential usage land to the rear of Stones Farm in the village of North Newton. the desk based study indicated the surviving farm building to have been extant in the early 19th century and the site top lie in an area of high archaeological potential. The site evaluation, however, produced no evidence of any archaeological structures or features within the proposed development area. [Au]

*SMR primary record number:*16957

2/969 (C.40.U010)

ST 30403700

TA6 5JP

THE FORMER CHURCH OF ST. JOSEPH OF ARIMATHEA, BRIDGWATER***Archaeological Investigations at the Former Roman Catholic Church of St. Joseph of Arimathea, Gordon Terrace, Bridgwater, Somerset***

Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance Salisbury : Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance, 2004, 30pp, colour pls, figs

Work undertaken by: Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance

An evaluation uncovered a series of burials that belonged to the former church upon the site. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*16992

Archaeological periods represented: PM

South Somerset

2/970 (C.40.U027)

ST 44250960

TA18 8DA

25/27 SOUTH STREET, CREWKERNE***Archaeological Evaluation at 25/27 South Street, Crewkerne, South Somerset***

Whiteaway, T E Exeter : Exeter Archeology

, 2004, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

The two cut features (509 and 511) demonstrated activity on the site during the first half of the 13th century. The single post-hole suggested some form of structure on the site during this period. The fill of

the ditch (512) appeared contemporary with the medieval soil horizon seen across the site. The north-east/south-west aligned ditch had probably gone out of use by the second half of the 13th century but may have existed for some time before that date. It may have formed a rear property boundary for a tenement with buildings fronting onto South Street. The medieval soil horizon (503, 506 and 508) appeared to have accumulated from the late 12th through to the later 13th century and was most likely to have originated from a build-up of domestic refuse mixing with the contemporary garden soil. However, the high proportion of chert-tempered coarsewares of 11th or 12th century date, although residual in this context, suggests occupation of the site from at least that period. The depth of overlying soil that seals the medieval deposits (c 0.9m) may well have included imported material brought in to level the site. A striking feature of the pottery assemblage is the complete lack of 14th to 15th century wares. Although this was a relatively small sample the absence of material from this period may reflect a phase of contraction or decline in the town's economic fortunes. Five sherds of residual Roman BB1 ware were retrieved from the medieval layers and ditch fill. Ten struck flint or chert fragments were also retrieved including one flake. The Roman material and the prehistoric lithic collection suggested at least some background activity in the area during those periods. In view of the nature and depth of the significant archaeological deposits it was suggested that archaeological mitigation could be achieved through selective observations on trench foundations excavations. The level of ground reduction elsewhere could be minimised to avoid impact on the medieval soil horizon. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PR, RO

2/971 (C.40.S001)

ST 70792215

BA8 0LN

LAND ADJACENT TO TEMPLARS BARTON, HIGH STREET, TEMPLECOMBE

Land Adjacent to Templars Barton, High Street, Templecombe, Somerset. Results of an Archaeological Evaluation

Cox, P, Laidlaw, M & Robinson, R Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 23pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

The archaeological work involved a field evaluation and documentary research. The site had been previously excavated as part of a Time Team investigation which produced evidence for former structures to the north of the existing chapel remains, interpreted as being 15th century or earlier in date. The wall footings of the former Preceptory boundary were previously identified and a medieval wall was also revealed in this excavation. A small finds assemblage was recovered and consisted mainly of medieval pottery, ceramic floor and roof tiles and animal bone. Post-medieval pottery was also identified as well as one residual sherd of Roman date. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

2/972 (C.40.U011)

ST 44110993

TA18 7LG

LAND ADJACENT TO THE ANTELOPE INN, NORTH STREET, CREWKERNE

Land Adjacent to the Antelope Inn, North Street, Crewkerne, Somerset

Urch, T Gillingham: Context One Archaeological Services, 2004, 15pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Context One Archaeological Services

The evaluation revealed no archaeological evidence for any activity from the early phases in the town's history. Similarly, the excavation revealed no archaeological deposits relating to the terrace of buildings that are recorded on the site in the 1841 tithe map and 1903 Ordnance Survey map. Excavation revealed only modern deposits relating to the existing car-park on the site, overlying natural sediments. The small number of finds that were recovered from the site were all found deposited on the surface of the natural sediments and all were dated firmly within the post-medieval period. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 17060

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/973 (C.40.U-25)

ST 52421909

BA22 8RD

LAND AT HOME FARM, CHILTHONRE DOMER*Archaeological Evaluation at Land South Of Home Farm, Chilthorne Domer, South Somerset*

Whiteaway, T E Exeter : Exeter Archaeology, 2004, 8pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

Within the limitations of the two trenches, it was found that between 0.36m and 0.56m of topsoil directly overlay the natural in situ clay subsoil. The depth of the topsoil, and the relatively large sherds of pottery it contained, suggested that little, if any, agricultural activity has taken place on the site. The majority of the pottery was of 17th-century date, and its abundance and size indicated the dumping of domestic refuse from nearby rather than its importation via episodes of manuring. This apparent lack of agricultural disturbance would indicate potential for the survival of archaeological deposits and features on the site (although some truncation will have resulted from the insertion of water pipes and other services). However, no archaeological cut features or deposits were found within the evaluation trenches. Additionally, there are no above-ground indications of any building platforms/earthworks. A few sherds of medieval pottery were retrieved including 10th/11th-century coarse wares from trench 1. These are significant because they confirm the presence of late Anglo-Saxon occupation either on the site, or nearby

Nevertheless, the majority of the unstratified finds within the trenches were domestic items of post-medieval (or later) date, including roof tiles, and consequently it seems most likely that any (as yet undiscovered) surviving archaeological features on the site will date from this period. No evidence of prehistoric activity was found during the evaluation. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM

2/974 (C.40.U001)

ST 63003270

BA7 7PG

LAND TO THE NORTH-WEST OF CASTLE CARY*Land to the North-west of Castle Cary, Somerset. Archaeological Stage II Evaluation Report*

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Nine evaluation trenches were excavated. A large ditch dating to the Middle Bronze Age was identified, from which pottery of the Deverel-Rimbury tradition was recovered. This represented a continuation of the feature identified during the Stage I evaluation. No features relating to the ditch or period were identified, and other than a modern linear feature, no additional archaeological features were revealed. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MBA

2/975 (C.40.U015)

ST 32150835

TA20 2EN

REAR OF CHAPTER COTTAGE, 62 AND 64 HOLYROOD STREET, CHARD*Rear of Chapter Cottage, 62 and 64 Holyrood Street, Chard, Somerset*

Urch, R & McConnell, K Gillingham : Context One Archaeological Services, 2004, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Context One Archaeological Services

While the site lay within the original medieval town of Chard and close to the postulated Saxon core, the evaluation revealed no archaeological evidence for any activity from this earlier phase in the town's history. Instead, excavation revealed a sequence of tarmac and scalping, relating to its modern use as a car park. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 17471

2/976 (C.40.U008)

ST 40351370

TA17 8SY

SITE OF A NEW POND, NORTHFIELD, DINNINGTON*Archaeological Assessment Trenches on the Site of a New Pond, in Northfield, Dinnington, South Somerset*

Graham, A Ilchester : Alan Graham, 2004, 7pp, colour pls

Work undertaken by: Alan Graham

The archaeological features revealed comprised field drains and a single recent field boundary ditch.

[Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*16984*Archaeological periods represented:* PM

2/977 (C.40.S002)

ST 46301950

TA12 6DH

STEEPES CRESCENT, MARTOCK*Steepes Crescent, Martock, Somerset. Archaeological Evaluation*

Colls, K Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken, consisting of eight trenches, in advance of a proposed residential development. The evaluation revealed major reworking of the upper deposits on site and a moderately high level of modern truncation to the underlying substrate. In areas where subsoils and natural substrate survived, no deposits or features of archaeological interest were encountered.

[Au(abr)]

2/978 (C.40.U014)

ST 71502860

BA9 9PA

THE DOLPHIN HOTEL, WINCANTON*The Dolphin Hotel, Wincanton, Somerset. Archaeological Evaluation*

Archaeological Site Investigations Warminster : Archaeological Site Investigations, 2004, 20pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Site Investigations

Evidence of quarrying was encountered along with modern fragments of material such as brick, coal and roofing slate. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*17266*Archaeological periods represented:* PM**Taunton Deane**

2/979 (C.40.U002)

ST 22802440

TA1 3XZ

7 AND 8 EAST STREET, TAUNTON*7 and 8 East Street, Taunton, Somerset. Phase I and II Evaluation Report*

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2005, 20pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The earliest recorded feature on the site was an apparent boundary ditch between 7 East Street and Magdalene Lane. Finds recovered from the feature indicate an early medieval date. A cess pit was recorded, the presence of which at the conjunction of two roads may have been indicative of a public, rather than a private, facility. Two footings were found, that probably formed a part of the remains of a post-medieval building, with associated stone probably representing the floor of a side-passageway through the building, a feature common in medieval buildings in Taunton. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, MD, MD, MD

2/980 (C.40.U013)

ST 08152890

TA4 2UQ

WIVELISCOMBE EVANGELICAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH***Wiveliscombe Evangelical Congregational Church. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation within the School Room***

Brigers, J Bridgewater : James L Brigers, 2004, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: James L. Brigers

Within the area of investigation five north-south aligned graves were identified, tightly spaced towards the east end of the trench and apparently arranged in a row respecting the line of the southern boundary of the plot containing the burial ground. At the west end of the trench, a short length of mortar bonded wall was encountered, possibly representing the east wall of a vault. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 17207*Archaeological periods represented:* PM**South Gloucestershire****South Gloucestershire**

2/981 (C.79.T002)

ST 60708100

BS34 6PY

BRISTOL ROLLS ROYCE, BRISTOL***Bristol Rolls Royce, Bristol, South Gloucestershire: Archaeological Evaluation***

Evans, D Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An evaluation trench revealed a shallow medieval gully terminus. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/982 (C.79.S004)

ST 75308020

BS37 6SG

DODINGTON PARK LAKES, DODINGTON***Dodington Park Lakes, Dodington, South Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation***

Hart, J Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2005, 23pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in order to determine the former extent of two partially infilled lakes created by Capability Brown in the 18th century. Of these, the full extent of the Middle Lake could not be firmly established. A wall likely to have been associated with the gardens of the Tudor precursor to the extant manor house was identified. The extent of the Upper Lake was established and corresponded closely to its depiction on the 1838 tithe map of the site. [Au(adp)]

2/983 (C.79.U001)

ST 53708310

BS10 7SJ

FORMER ENRON WORKS***Former Enron Works, Severnside, South Gloucestershire. Analysis of Bore Holes***

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A total of four cores were taken to a depth of 6m below local ground surface. Analysis revealed a laterally consistent waterlogged local sequence tied to the mid-late Holocene. [Au(abr)]

2/984 (C.79.U005)

ST 57158217

BS35 5RZ

LAND AT ALL SAINTS CHURCH, COMPTON GREENFIELD*Land at All Saints Church, Compton Greenfield, South Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation*

Etheridge, D Bristol : Avon Archaeological Unit

, 2004, 57pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Avon Archaeological Unit

The course of a medieval track way very probably survives within the study area. There was a strong possibility that medieval and early post-medieval settlement remains were also preserved in the study area. There is a slight possibility that features of prehistoric origin may also be preserved there. The present churchyard was laid out in 1925, and in design and style probably reflected the passion of the then rector for the Arts and Crafts movement. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

2/985 (C.79.U002)

ST 66507500

BS16 9LD

LAND AT SISTON KINGSWOOD*Land at Siston, Kingswood, South Gloucestershire*

Cockin, G Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed evidence of possible 16th century or later coal mining activity in the form of pits filled with charcoal and coal-rich deposits and a single undated linear feature, probably a drainage ditch or field boundary. Undated field drains were also identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

2/986 (C.79.S002)

ST 69508250

BS37 5JN

LAND TO THE WEST OF STOVER ROAD, NIBLEY*Land to the West of Stover Road, Nibley, South Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation*

Evans, D Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed office development. Although the site lay on the conjectured line of a known Roman road between Bitton and Berkley, the evaluation identified no features or deposits of archaeological interest. [Au(abr)]

2/987 (C.79.U004)

ST 67028825

GL12 8QB

MANOR HOUSE, TYTHERINGTON*The Manor House Tytherington, South Gloucestershire: An Archaeological Evaluation of a Proposed Development Site*

Watkins, K Bath : Bath Archaeological Trust, 2004, 7pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bath Archaeological Trust

A water feature in the south-western corner of the proposed development area was shown to have been partially in-filled during the 19th century, and rubble from a pre-19th century building has been dumped into the feature. This rubble may have been from the rebuilding of the original 17th century Vicarage in 1819. Across the central area of the site as phase of levelling during the 19th or 20th century to create a lawn had truncated deposits. No features of archaeological interest were recorded within the proposed development area. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 17650

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/988 (C.79.S003)

ST 69508250

BS37 5JN

PROPOSED MMI SITE A432 BADMINTON ROAD, NIBLEY

Proposed MMI Site, Nibley, South Gloucestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Barber, A Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 15pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken and consisted of seven trenches. The site lay on the conjectured line of a known Roman road identified from aerial photography and archaeological fieldwork on the north and south of the site. Trenches identified that previously recorded features on a geophysical survey were geological in origin. Two post-medieval/early modern boundary ditches were noted within Trench 6. No other archaeological features/deposits were identified. The route of the Roman road may have been further east within the site, an area likely to be examined by a second phase of evaluation. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM

2/989 (C.79.U006)

ST 69848346

BS37 5PL

SITE AT THE CHESTNUTS, LODGE ROAD, YATE

Site at the Chestnuts, Lodge Road, Yate, South Gloucestershire

Avon Archaeological Unit

Bristol : Avon Archaeological Unit

, 2004, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Avon Archaeological Unit

Three evaluation trenches were opened within the footprint of the proposed building. No significant archaeological features or deposits were located during the trial excavation. The very limited finds assemblage recovered was all of post-medieval or modern date. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 17381

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/990 (C.79.S001)

ST 66307310

BS15 9SE

THE PROPOSED KINGSWOOD REMEMBRANCE PARK, GRIMSBURY FARM, KINGSWOOD

The Proposed Kingswood Remembrance Park, Grimsbury Farm, Kingswood, South Gloucestershire.

An Archaeological Field Evaluation

Cullen, K Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed new burial ground. A total of ten trenches were excavated across the study area. There appeared to have been two phases of post-medieval mining activity, separated by a period of arable farming of the site, as indicated by the 1841 Tithe Map. The mining activity was confined to the north-west part of the site, its eastern extent defined by 19th century field boundary ditches revealed during the evaluation. No earlier activity, related either to prehistoric settlement (as postulated from the geophysical survey and place name evidence) or any later use of the site, was identified. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/991 (C.79.U003)

ST 60809250

BS35 1QA

THORNBURY MARINE IMPROVEMENT SCHEME***Thornbury Marine Improvement Scheme. Oldbury-on-Severn to Aust Treated Effluent Outfall Pipeline, South Gloucestershire***

Young, A Bristol : Avon Archaeological Unit, 2004, 163pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Avon Archaeological Unit

The evidence from the trenches confirmed that alluvial deposition has predominated across the study area prior to the historic period. That regime has, on at least on occasion and probably during the Romano-British period, changed to much drier terrestrial conditions associated with the development of vegetation and, by inference, land drainage and agriculture. The location of two important and previously unrecorded Romano-British settlement sites in Fields 3 and 27/28 added weight to this interpretation, as no equivalent soils were identified beneath the level of the shallowly buried Roman deposits. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*16441*Archaeological periods represented:* RO**Swindon****Swindon**

2/992 (C.84.S001)

TQ 36858110

E14 7HG

7 WARNBOROUGH ROAD, SWINDON***7 Warnborough Road, Stratton St Margaret, Swindon, Wiltshire. An Archaeological Evaluation***

Anthony, S Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 11pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

An evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed housing development. The work revealed two modern post holes. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

2/993 (C.84.T010)

SU 14519577

SN6 6JZ

CASTLE EATON FARM, CASTLE EATON***Castle Eaton Farm, Castle Eaton, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation***

Brett, M Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Four ditches were identified in the single trench excavated. Three were medieval, with one possibly a post slot, the other ditch was undated. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.040/989*Archaeological periods represented:* MD, UD

2/994 (C.84.T002)

SU 20139264

SN6 7EN

GLEBE PLACE, HIGHWORTH***Archaeological Evaluation at Glebe Place Highworth, Swindon, Wiltshire***

Young, A Bristol : Avon Archaeological Unit, 2004, 30pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Avon Archaeological Unit

Three trenches revealed several pits, of uncertain purpose, in trenches two and three, possibly associated with clay extraction, of post-medieval date. Archaeological deposits and cut soil features

(pits) were also attributed to the medieval period. Prehistoric flint flakes and Roman pottery was also recovered. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.104

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM, PR, RO

2 /995 (C.84.T009)

SU 17128902

SN25 6SG

KINGSDOWN CREMATORIUM

Archaeological Excavation at Kingsdown Crematorium, Swindon

Philips, B Swindon : Bernard Philips, 2004, 25pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bernard Philips

33 1m x 1m test pits were excavated. Mesolithic, Neolithic and Bronze Age flint working waste, flint tools and pottery sherds evidenced prehistoric occupation. Post-medieval sherds, demonstrated later farming activity. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.030

Archaeological periods represented: BA, ME, NE, PM

2 /996 (C.84.T001)

SU 15108900

SN25 4AT

LAND AT GROUNDWELL FARM

Land at Groundwell Farm, Swindon. Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Barber, A Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Three trenches were machine excavated and revealed a large, medieval, east-west aligned enclosure or boundary ditch. No evidence of buildings before the construction of the Grade II Listed Building Groundwell Farm were recorded. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.031/937

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2 /997 (C.84.T003)

SU 17508840

SN3 4QS

TRIANGLE SITE

Triangle Site, Swindon, Wiltshire: Archaeological Evaluation

Cullen ,K Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 19pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Thirty trenches were excavated. Features such as ditches, pits and post holes were recorded. Many of the dateable features originated in the Iron Age. However, the majority of the features were undated. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: IA, UD, UD, UD

2 /998 (C.46.T017)

ST 39201731

TA19 0JP

GOLDIGGERS NIGHTCLUB

An Archaeological Evaluation at Goldiggers Nightclub, Chippenham, Wiltshire

Rushton, N S & Currie, C K Fair Oak : CKC Archaeology, 2004, 35pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: CKC Archaeology

Four trenches were excavated. A series of 19th century land drains, and a dry stone wall were recorded. [AIP]

SMR primary record number:2004.073

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/999 (C.46.T005)

SU 17909010

SN6 7SD

LAND ADJACENT TO THE ROOKERY, CHURCH LANE, STANTON FITZWARREN

Land Adjacent to the Rookery, Church Lane, Stanton Fitzwarren, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Mumford, J Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

A single trench was excavated, no archaeological features or artefacts were recorded. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number:2004.012/951

Wiltshire

Kennet

2/1000 (C.46.U002)

SU 19406890

SN8 4AG

COOMBE END HOUSE, LONDON ROAD, MARLBOROUGH

Coombe End House, London Road, Marlborough, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report. Inclusive of Further Environmental Analysis

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 23pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Seven trenches were excavated. In trench one, a total of ninety-one worked flints were recovered dating from either the Late Glacial to the Mesolithic period. Remains in trench two comprised a back-filled Romano-British pit and an undated feature. Pollen samples were taken and analysed. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, EME

2/1001 (C.46.T021)

SU 23384899

SP9 7EP

ELM HOUSE SURGERY, ST GEORGE'S ROAD, TIDWORTH,

Elm House Surgery, St. George's Road, Tidworth, Wiltshire. An Archaeological Field Evaluation

McConnell, R, Allum, C & Matthews, K Gillingham : Context One, 2004, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Context One Archaeological Services

Two trenches were machine excavated. One archaeological feature was recorded, an undated pit in trench two. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number:2004.091

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

2/1002 (C.46.T003)

SU 01535406

SN10 4DW

FORMER BUILDERS YARD, WHITE STREET, MARKET LAVINGTON

Former Builders Yard, White Street, Market Lavington, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Moffat, B & Heaton, M Warminster : Archaeological Site Investigations, 2004, 15pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Site Investigations, Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance

Three machine excavated trenches located within the footprint of proposed new dwellings at the rear of the former builders yard, No. 10, revealed deep deposits of 'made ground' extending to below (c. 2m) the present ground surface. Two undated archaeological features, a cess pit and an amorphous hollow, were recorded. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.006

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/1003 (C.46.T001)

SU 09146873

SN8 1QT

GALTEE MORE FARM

Galtee More Farm Beckhampton, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation of Proposed Grain Store

Heaton, M Warminster : Archaeological Site Investigations, 2004, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Site Investigations

Two machine excavated trenches revealed no archaeological features, except for a shallow homogeneous ploughsoil. The trenches were excavated within the footprint of a proposed grain store inside the boundaries of the Avebury World Heritage Site. [Au(adp)]

2/1004 (C.46.S002)

SU 09917511

SN4 9QB

LAND ADJACENT TO THE CRICKET FIELD, WINTERBOURNE BASSETT

Land Adjacent to the Cricket Field, Winterbourne Bassett, Wiltshire. Results of an Archaeological Evaluation

Adam, N Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

The evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed residential development. The site lay within an area rich in prehistoric archaeological remains with the World Heritage Site of Avebury lying some 5 km to the south the archaeologically rich Marlborough Downs, c.2 km to the east. The demolition rubble remains of an 18th century house were identified in Trench Two. No other archaeological remains were identified. The evaluation concluded the site was of low archaeological potential. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/1005 (C.46.T023)

SU 20466887

SN8 2AU

LAND AT THE SAVERNAKE CAMPUS, ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL AND COMMUNITY COLLEGE

Land at the Savernake Campus, St. John's School and Community College, Chopping Knife Lane, Marlborough, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Barber, A Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Seven trenches were excavated and revealed no features or artefacts dating from before the post-medieval period. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.096

2/1006 (C.46.T012)

SU 00106130

SN10 1DB

PROPOSED NOTHGATES DEVELOPMENT, DEVIZES

Proposed Northgate Development, Devizes, Wiltshire. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation

Clelland, S Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Three trenches were machine excavated, in trench three, at the southern end of the site, a ditch was recorded, 8m wide and 3.3m deep. This was thought to be the outer bailey ditch of Devizes Castle.

[Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.050*Archaeological periods represented:* MD

2/1007 (C.46.T011)

SU 18606790

SN8 4DN

THE PROPOSED A345 ACCESS ROAD FOR ST JOHN'S SCHOOL, GRANHAM HILL, MARLBOROUGH***The Proposed A345 Access Road for St. John's School, Granham Hill, Marlborough, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation***

Barber, A Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Five trenches revealed two prehistoric, possibly Late Neolithic/Bronze Age shallow, north-south aligned ditches, and a shallow pit base or soil filled undulation. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.044/991**North Wiltshire**

2/1008 (C.46.T022)

SU 01106970

SN11 8LA

235-243 QUEMERFORD, CALNE***235-243 Quemerford, Clane, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report***

Sims, M Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

Three trenches were excavated, no archaeological deposits or finds were recorded. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.093

2/1009 (C.46.T006)

ST 91848932

SN16 0HZ

BROKENBOROUGH***An Archaeological Evaluation at Brokenborough, near Malmesbury, Wiltshire (ST9184 8932), February 2004***

Phillips, B Swindon : Bernard Phillips, 2004, 17pp, pls, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bernard Philips

A hand excavated trench, revealed evidence for the occupation during the thirteenth century to sixteenth century on the known shrunken medieval village site. Remains included an outer stone wall of a probable building, paving, a hollow way, pottery and animal bone. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004-013/950*Archaeological periods represented:* MD

2/1010 (C.46.S003)

SU 05758375

SN4 8DT

LAND AT PARK GROUNDS, WOOTTON BASSETT

Land at Park Grounds, Wootton Bassett, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Hart, J Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken, consisting of a single trench excavated across a previously identified upstanding circular earthwork. The evaluation showed the banks of the enclosure to be clay derived from the local natural substrate, but no ditch was recorded around the bank. A single struck flint flake was found in the clay of the bank, but no definitive evidence was recorded for the date of its construction. The enclosure banks were cut by ridge and furrow cultivation; the fills of which contained small quantities of post-medieval pottery. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM, PM, PR

2/1011 (C.46.T014)

SU 00659081

SN16 9PR

LAND AT THE OLD MILL, UPPER MINETY***Land at the Old Mill, Upper Minety, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation***

Foundations Archaeology Swindon : Foundations Archaeology, 2004, 9pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Foundations Archaeology

A single trench was excavated. No archaeologically significant finds or features were recorded.

[Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.063**Salisbury**

2/1012 (C.46.T007)

SU 21603340

SP5 1SG

6 FIRS ROAD, FIRSDOWN, WINTERSLOW***6 Firs Road, Firsdow, Winterslow, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report***

Godden, D Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Ten trial trenches were machine excavated. A prehistoric ditch, of possible Bronze Age date, were revealed aligned west-north-west to east-south-east and running just to the south of a Bronze Age round barrow located to the east of the site. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.015*Archaeological periods represented:* BA

2/1013 (C.46.S001)

SU 18283517

SP4 6LW

COLRAYS, SALT LANE, WINTERBOURNE GUNNER***Colrays, Salt Lane, Winterbourne Gunner, Wiltshire. Results of an Archaeological Excavation***

Robinson, S Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 3pp, figs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

The archaeological excavation of an area 31m² was carried out in advance of a proposed extension. The site lay adjacent to a previously recorded Saxon cemetery, which focuses on a group of Bronze Age round barrows, no longer extant. A total of 85 graves had been identified to date. Topsoil stripping and cleaning of the site revealed only modern disturbance, comprised of a storm drain and soakaway with no evidence for archaeological activity or artefacts. [Au(adp)]

2/1014 (C.46.T020)

SU 18283517

SP4 6LL

COLRAYS, SALT LANE, WINTERBOURNE GUNNER*Colrays, Salt Lane, Winterbourne Gunner, Wiltshire. Results of an Archaeological Excavation*

Robinson, S Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 4pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

The archaeological excavation of a 31m square trench revealed modern disturbance comprised of a storm drain and a soakaway. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.090*Archaeological periods represented:* MO

2/1015 (C.46.T004)

ST 81423234

BA12 6HA

DEWES HOUSE GARDEN, SALISBURY STREET, MERE*Dewes House Garden, Salisbury Street, Mere, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation*

Moffat, B & Heaton, M Warminster : Archaeological Site Investigations, 2004, 14pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Site Investigations, Pathfinders Archaeological Reconnaissance

Three machine excavated test pits revealed artefact free, deep humic topsoil derived from relatively modern garden cultivation of the site and an undated buried subsoil layer. No interpretable archaeological deposits were revealed. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.007

2/1016 (C.46.T025)

SU 06804420

SP3 4LD

KARRICK HOUSE, TANNERS LANE, SHREWTON*Karrick House, Tanners Lane, Shrewton, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report*

Sims, M Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 8pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

One trench revealed a worked soil and no other archaeological artefacts or features. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.102*Archaeological periods represented:* UD

2/1017 (C.46.T026)

SU 14802850

SP2 8TF

LAND AT DOWNTON ROAD, SALISBURY*Land at Downton Road, Salisbury, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report*

Legg, S Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Twenty four trial trenches were excavated which revealed undated linear ditches and small pits, and an undated grave that remained unexcavated. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.105*Archaeological periods represented:* MO

2/1018 (C.46.T016)

SU 16003040

SP1 1PU

LAND OFF DUCK LANE, LAVERSTOCK, SALISBURY*Land off Duck Lane, Laverstock, Salisbury, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation*

Barton, C Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 10pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Thirteen evaluation trenches were excavated in an area of moderate archaeological potential due to Bronze Age period and onwards material found nearby. No archaeological features or artefacts were recorded. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.068

2/1019 (C.46.U001)

SU 06904410
SP3 4BZ

THE LIMES, SHREWTON

The Limes, Shrewton, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A total of eight machine-excavated trenches were opened across the site. A number of features were recorded by no clear date or function could be ascribed. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/1020 (C.46.T009)

SU 03203680
SP3 4NN

YEW TREE COTTAGE, HANGING LANGFORD

Yew Tree Cottage, Hanging Langford, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Heaton, M Warminster : Archaeological Site Investigations, 2004, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Site Investigations

Two machine excavated trenches, located within the footprint of a proposed residential development, revealed agricultural soils in the southern half of the site and evidence of extensive wholesale disturbance across the northern half of the site. The latter, caused by chalk quarrying in the late 19th or early 20th century, would have destroyed archaeological deposits that might have existed on the site. [Au]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.034/985

Archaeological periods represented: UD

West Wiltshire

2/1021 (C.46.T008)

ST 87365120
BA13 3BL

4-6 CHURCH STREET, WESTBURY

4-6 Church Street, Westbury, Wiltshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Wallis, S Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2004, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Two machine excavated trenches revealed no archaeological features or artefacts. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.019

2/1022 (C.46.T015)

ST 92395296
BA13 4QB

GREATER LANE FARM, EDINGTON

Greater Lane Farm, Edington, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Hart, J Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 19pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Two trenches revealed two phases of medieval activity comprising pitting and ditches along with a possible prehistoric pit and modern features. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.067

Archaeological periods represented: MD, MO, EM, PR, RO

2/1023 (C.46.T027)

ST 88015914
BA14 7QL

LAND AT BLUE HILLS, DEVIZES ROAD, HILPERTON, WILTSHIRE

Land at Blue Hills, Devizes Road, Hilpertont, Wiltshire. Results of an Archaeological Evaluation

Adam, N J & Valentin, J Chicklade : AC archaeology, 2004, 9pp. figs, refs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

Nine trenches were excavated, no pre-modern archaeological features, deposits or artefacts were recorded. A modern service trench, a recent geotechnical trial pit and two 20th century land drains were recorded. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

2/1024 (C.46.S004)

ST 88235953
BA14 6JB

LAND NORTH OF PAXCROFT FARM, HILPERTON

Land Northof Paxcroft Farm, Hilpertont, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Young, R Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2005, 29pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed development. The evaluation revealed evidence for a possible Late Neolithic or Bronze Age ring ditch, two prehistoric or Roman enclosures and two possible Anglo-Saxon Sunken Feature Buildings, as well as some undated ditches. The enclosures seemed likely to have surrounded small settlements associated with a field system represented by the undated ditches. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PR, RO, EM, PR, IA

2/1025 (C.46.T024)

ST 85806035
BA14 8UZ

LAND SOUTH OF NEW TERRACE, STAVERTON

Land Southof New Terrace, Staverton, Wiltshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Coleman, L & Hart, J Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeology, 2004, 23pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Eleven trenches revealed a Roman enclosure with associated ditches and Iron Age post holes and pits. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*2004.100

Archaeological periods represented: RO, IA, IA

2/1026 (C.46.U004)

ST 87204510
BA12 8QA

WERE HOUSE, WARMINSTER

Were House, George Street, Warminster, Wiltshire

Lee, T Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2004, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation revealed no evidence relating to the medieval development of Warminster. However, late post-medieval well and building foundations, possibly associated with Were House were revealed. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/1027 (C.46.U003)

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WESTBURY PROPOSED EASTERN BY-PASS, STAGE 3

Westbury Proposed Eastern By-Pass, Wiltshire. Stage 3 Additional Archaeological Evaluation

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 25pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The alignment of the trenches in the area of the Early Iron Age occupation, parallel to the axis of the road, intersected a number of coombes draining from the chalk scarp. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: IA