

East Riding of Yorkshire

East Riding of Yorkshire

2/1112 (C.57.S018)

TA 03283954

HU17 8ES

47-49 LAIRGATE, BEVERLEY

47-49 Lairgate, Beverley, East Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Hunter, K Malton : MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd., 2004, 38pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd.

Two evaluation trenches were excavated in advance of a proposed residential development. They uncovered the remains of an 18th century cellar, a 14th century timber framed building and medieval pits, post holes and surfaces dated from the 12th-14th centuries. A total of 1621 artefacts were collected including animal bone, ceramic building material, a ceramic wig curler, a clay tobacco pipe, a flint artefact, glass, a leather shoe, metal objects, pottery, shell, slag and stone fragments. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD, MD, MD, MD, MD

2/1113 (C.57.S010)

TA 02595750

YO25 6QE

82-87 MIDDLE STREET SOUTH, DRIFFIELD, EAST YORKSHIRE

82-87 Middle Street South, Driffield, East Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation and Watching Brief Report

Gardner, R Lincoln : Pre-Construct Archaeology (Lincoln), 2004, 46pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology

An archaeological field evaluation and subsequent watching brief were undertaken in association with a commercial development. Four trenches were excavated and archaeological features were present in three, with a particular concentration of activity in the northerly quadrant of the site. The features were largely dated to the high Middle Ages (12th-13th century). The articulated remains of a horse were also partially recorded, probably of post-medieval date. In the light of the evaluation results, an intermittent watching brief was recommended. During the watching brief a further medieval feature and a possible Anglo-Saxon sunken floored building were observed. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD, EM, MD, MD, EM, MD, MO, RO

2/1114 (C.57.S022)

TA 03903901

HU17 0LT

BEVERLEY LEISURE CENTRE, FLEMINGATE, BEVERLEY

Beverley Leisure Centre, Flemingate, Beverley. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation.

Stirk, D York : On-Site Archaeology, 2005, 78pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: On Site Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken as part of a redevelopment of the facilities at a leisure centre. The evaluation trench revealed a complex sequence of archaeological features and deposits. Evidence for three discrete phases of post built, or post and sill beam structures were recorded, one of which had a contemporary boundary ditch and fence. One phase of pitting, possibly for industrial use, was also recorded. In the post-medieval period two phases of brick buildings gave way to a boundary wall and path in the 19th century, followed by the changing rooms in the 20th century. A subsequent watching brief was also incorporated into this report and recorded a chalk foundation with abutting chalk surface, an adjacent chalk path and a similar chalk surface in a different area and one medieval pit. Other parts of the site revealed large medieval boundary ditches and two pits of uncertain date. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, MO, PM, UD, PM

2/1115 (C.57.S019)

SE 97402620

HU14 3HE

BRICKYARD LANE, MELTON***Archaeological Evaluation of Proposed Melton Park Development, Brickyard Lane, Melton, East Riding of Yorkshire***

Hall, R Sleaford : Archaeological Project Services, 2004, 24pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Project Services

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in an area of archaeological significance with several Iron Age and Romano-British settlements already known in the vicinity. Geophysical survey of the site along with aerial photographs indicated the potential for the presence of Iron Age/Romano-British enclosures and settlement within the development area. Excavation of twelve trial trenches was carried out within two specified areas of the site targeted on geophysical anomalies. Within the north-eastern area of the site, undated features which comprised ditches, pits and postholes were identified, along with a late 1st-2nd century AD ditch and pit, a 3rd-4th century ditch and a 5th-8th century pit. No archaeological deposits were identified within the southern area of the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, UD, EM, UD, UD, EM

2/1116 (C.57.S012)

SE 91663112

HU15 2EU

CAVE CASTLE HOTEL, CHURCH HILL, SOUTH CAVE***Cave Castle Hotel, Church Hill, South Cave. A Report on an Archaeological Evaluation***

Dean, G York : York Archaeological Trust, 2004, 40pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: York Archaeological Trust

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in the south-east corner of the foundations of a demolished range of hotel buildings (post-medieval) in advance of a proposed development. The evaluation exposed a sequence of post-medieval and modern features that surprisingly provided information on the medieval buildings formerly present on the site. Features included a large pit, probably of 15th century date but could have been medieval in date. Material remains of the previous medieval and post-medieval buildings in the site were recorded as well as evidence for landscaping in the 18th century. A limestone slab which covered a stone built chamber which provided access to a culvert was exposed, probably dated to the 18th century. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD, MD

2/1117 (C.57.S024)

SE 91063670

YO43 4SJ

GALEGATE, NORTH NEWBALD***Gategate, North Newbald. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation and Watching Brief***

Bruce, G York : On-Site Archaeology, 2004, 23pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: On Site Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation and subsequent watching brief (between December 2003 and April 2004) were undertaken in advance of site redevelopment. Two evaluation trenches were excavated and a single service trench was observed and recorded during the watching brief. One of the evaluation trenches and the service trench observed during the watching brief only encountered modern deposits and features. The other evaluation trench additionally revealed a single, truncated pit. Pottery recovered from this pit indicated that it dated from the 12th or 13th century and it was probably a domestic refuse pit. Several sherds of early to mid Anglo-Saxon pottery were also recovered from this pit and indicated the likelihood of activity of this date in the vicinity. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, MD, MD

2/1118 (C.57.S015)

TA 03492636
HU13 0AH

HESSLE HEALTH CENTRE, HULL ROAD, HESSLE

Hessle Health Centre, Hull Road, Hessle. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation.

Bruce, G York : On-Site Archaeology, 2004, 29pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: On Site Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken, consisting of two trenches. Trench 1 encountered only modern remains. These remains included a brick-built culvert and a substantial thickness of dumped ground make up. These deposits had truncated any earlier archaeological remains that may have originally been present. Trench 2 had not suffered from the recent, substantial truncation although modern services did intrude into earlier remains. This trench contained evidence for medieval activity dated from the 13th and 14th centuries, including pits, a post hole and a large feature, which may have originally been a ditch, a moat or a pond. Further evaluation was recommended to define the extent and interpretation of this feature. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UD, MD, MD, MD, MD, MD

2/1119 (C.57.S026)

TA 04383931
HU17 0QY

HOLME CHURCH LANE, BEVERLEY

Holme Church Lane, Beverley. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation

Bruce, G York : On-Site Archaeology, 2004, 67pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: On Site Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed development. Two trenches revealed a sequence of medieval features and deposits dating from the mid 13th to later 14th century. This included evidence for at least one building comprising chalk rubble walls, a hearth and a burnt occupation horizon. Medieval pits, both pre-dating and post-dating the building were present. Medieval remains also included a possible managed water-course and a large stone and brick wall of 14th century date. Some remains had been substantially truncated by a massive rectangular pit, which had been backfilled in the late 18th century and was likely to have related to one of the tanneries known through documentary sources to have occupied the site. Further late 19th and early 20th century structures were found, including brick walls, a brick floor, a drain and a well. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM, PM, PM, PM

2/1120 (C.57.S005)

TA 02392820
HU10 7EH

LAND ADJACENT TO HULL HIGH SCHOOL, TRANBY CROFT, ANLABY

An Archaeological Evaluation by Trial Trenching on Land Adjacent to Hull High School, Tranby Croft, Anlaby, East Riding of Yorkshire

Fraser, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 31pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological field evaluation was carried out in advance of the proposed construction of new sport facilities at a school. The earliest excavated features, dated by pottery to the Late Iron Age/early Romano-British period, were part of the foundation trench or gully of a round house of c.7m in diameter, along with an associated gully and post holes of a more substantial ditch. This ditch could have defined one side of a settlement enclosure enclosing the round house. These remains were overlain by boundary features associated with the Deserted Medieval Village of Tranby, parts of which were known from aerial photographs. Ditches or gullies which may have flanked a track were recorded, with a pit or the terminal of a further ditch to the west. Pottery suggested that the boundaries were established in the 9th to 11th centuries. Trench 2 in the eastern area of the school identified a D-shaped ditch which could have been 13th-14th century in date or early medieval or even pre-medieval. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: LIA, MD, MD, MD, MD, MD, RO

2/1121 (C.57.S025)

SE 98722580
HU14 3BY

LAND AT 10 STATION ROAD, NORTH FERRIBY

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at 10 Station Road, North Ferriby, East Riding of Yorkshire

Fraser, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 32pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development, on or near the boundary of a medieval moated manor. The three trenches provided evidence for sporadic post-medieval and possible medieval activity and included several ditches. A ditch of probable medieval date was found where the moat ditch was expected. This was much smaller than anticipated, and the main ditch was subsequently thought to have lay a little further south near the modern property boundary. The report concluded that the archaeological resource was of relatively low quality and would not have been affected by the proposed development. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM

2/1122 (C.57.S023)

SE 93782661

LAND AT 49 STATION ROAD, BROUGH

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at 49 Station Road, Brough, East Riding of Yorkshire

Fraser, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 64pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken on a site ahead of a proposed development. The eastern portion of the site lay within the Scheduled Ancient Monument (No.98) of the Roman walled town of Brough. The site was next to the eastern shore of the former Haven, a large area of open water, since silted up, but was an important local harbour from the Roman period onwards. Three evaluation trenches provided evidence for a series of late 3rd to 4th century Roman deposits and features related to the town defences and shoreline. There was also evidence for post-Roman erosion of the sands on which the south-western part of the town stood on the edge of Brough Haven and the deposition of alluvial deposits, possibly as late as the 18th or early 19th century. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/1123 (C.57.S013)

SE 93872685
HU15 1DS

LAND AT 5 THE BURRS, BROUGH

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at 5 the Burrs, Brough, East Riding of Yorkshire

Fraser, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 39pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed extension to an existing bungalow. The site lay within the footprints of an early Roman auxiliary fort and the later walled small town of 'Peturia' which were situated on the eastern edge of an important harbour, Brough Haven. A single trench provided evidence for a sequence of Roman deposits and cut features, including a ditch and deposits which may have related to the initial temporary camp and late 1st to early 2nd century auxiliary fort which pre-dated the civilian settlement. Overlying these, were a series of levelling layers, floors and hearth presumably associated with buildings next to one of the roads of the civilian settlement. The later floors were associated with a substantial masonry wall foundation, which had been largely robbed, before being sealed by a layer of 'dark earth' in the early to mid 4th century. As had been the case elsewhere in Brough, there were no signs of later 4th century activity. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/1124 (C.57.S014)

SE 93722662

LAND AT 66 STATION ROAD, BROUGH*An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at 66 Station Road, Brough, East Riding of Yorkshire*

Fraser, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 40pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken on a site that was situated within a Scheduled Ancient Monument (No 98) which was the Roman walled town of Brough. The site lay near to the eastern bank of the northern section of Brough Haven, an area of open water which had silted up, but which was an important harbour from the Roman period onwards. Brough (Petuaria) was also significant as the capital of the Parisi, a native British tribe and occupied an area approximately in the present East Riding of Yorkshire. The evaluation recovered evidence for alluvial sequences of probable Roman, medieval and post-medieval date within the Haven. This complimented the results of previous fieldwork elsewhere on the western fringes of Brough. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/1125 (C.57.S011)

TA 04563927

HU17 0PG

LAND AT BARKERS MILL, BEVERLEY*An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at Barkers Mil, Beverley, East Riding of Yorkshire*

George, R Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 32pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. Two trenches were excavated and revealed evidence for an early medieval sequence of surfaces, structures and cut features alongside Beverley Beck. This included evidence for a wharf and associated structures, clay extraction and a large pottery assemblage. A subsequent watching brief was undertaken (included in this report) which confirmed the broad sequence of deposition across the site and also revealed a NNE-SSW aligned ditch of late medieval or early post-medieval date near Waterside, but possibly continued northward to join the Beck near the north-east corner of the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM

2/1126 (C.57.S020)

SE 88003270

YO43 4DB

LAND AT DRYHAM LANE QUARRY, NORTH CAVE*An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at Dryham Lane Quarry, North Cave, East Riding of Yorkshire*

Fraser, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 29pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken on the site of a proposed extension to Dryham Lane Quarry. The 15 trenches provided evidence for the presence of a number of Romano-British cut features and possibly earlier prehistoric activity, including what was interpreted as field boundaries, drainage ditches and pits, as well as uncovering the course of a palaeochannel previously identified from an aerial photograph survey. No attempt was made to examine the northern part of the proposal area, where crop marks indicated a substantial concentration of features, immediately to the west of a complex area of Late Iron Age and Romano-British settlement excavated between the 1980s and 2002. This report concluded that there were probably few significant features within the main part of the area surveyed, but that the northern and south-western parts showed more potential. A further programme of monitoring and recording work was recommended. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, UD, UD, EIA, LBA, LIA, MO, PM, RO

2/1127 (C.57.S007)

TA 18733066

HU12 8SA

LAND AT MANOR FARM, PRESTON*An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at Manor Farm, Preston, Preston, East Riding of Yorkshire*

Tibbles, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2005, 78pp, pls, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An evaluation was undertaken in an area of a proposed residential development, on the site of a former farm. Features identified in Trench 1 included: an early trackway cut into the natural clay, overlain by an east-west ditch, cut by a brick pier of probable early post-medieval date, sealed by a cobbled surface associated with the late 18th to 20th century farmyard. Trench 2 contained a similar cobbled surface which overlaid the natural clay and was cut by two modern post-holes. Trench 3 also had a cobbled surface, probably contemporary with Trenches 1 and 2. A post-medieval brick culvert had been cut through the cobbles, below that was a late medieval/early post-medieval ditch and to the east was a flat-bottomed rectangular pit of possible early or middle Saxon date. Leather shoes and pottery of late 15th to 16th century date and medieval building material was recovered from the ditch fill in Trench 3. Trench 4 contained parallel ditches and modern pits, post holes and the remains of three large farm animals. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM, UD, PM, PM, EM, UD, MD

2/1128 (C.57.S006)

TA 05203210

HU16 4RY

LAND AT SNUFF MILL LANE, COTTINGHAM*An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at Snuff Mill Lane, Cottingham, East Riding of Yorkshire*

Adamson, N & Brigham, T Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 28pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed new cemetery. A previous evaluation in 2002 demonstrated the presence of archaeological features at the north end of the field, consisting of two possible Romano-British and late medieval/post-medieval boundary ditches, aligned east-west. The second evaluation consisted of six trenches and successfully traced further sections of both ditches. The report concluded that following on from the initial evaluation in 2002, no further significant evidence for archaeological occupation of the site was uncovered, and the conclusions drawn in 2002 were still valid. The report suggested that any development of the site would not affect significant archaeological deposits or features. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, RO

2/1129 (C.57.S009)

TA 18912898

HU12 8JT

LAND AT STATION FARM COTTAGE, SOUTTERGATE, HEDON*An Archaeological Evaluation by Trial Excavation on Land at Station Farm Cottage, Souttergate, Hedon, East Riding of Yorkshire*

George, R Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 42pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of proposed residential development. The report concluded that the evaluation clearly demonstrated the presence of significant archaeological features of medieval date on the site and included a bank associated with the town enclosure ditch, pits, post holes. A pottery assemblage dated between the 12th and 13th centuries was recovered and well preserved plant remains in the form of charred cereal grains were also recovered. A further archaeological watching brief was recommended along with further environmental sampling. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/1130 (C.57.S008)

TA 04563927
HU17 OPG

LAND AT WESTWOOD CLUB, GROVEHILL, BEVERLEY

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at the Westwood Club, Grovehill, Beverley, East Riding of Yorkshire

Bradley, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 32pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. Three trenches were excavated and revealed evidence for a possible prehistoric pit, sealed by a subsoil horizon with later banks and a ditch, possibly of medieval or early post-medieval origin. There was no evidence that these were related to the neighbouring Preceptory of the Knights Hospitallers, although it was possible, given the proximity of the two sites. A further archaeological watching brief was recommended should development have gone ahead. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO, MD, MD, MO, UD, MD

2/1131 (C.57.S003)

TA 05453472
HU16 4JW

LAND OFF NORTH MOOR LANE, COTTINGHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land off North Moor Lane, Cottingham, East Riding of Yorkshire

Bradley, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 28pp, pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed commercial development. The area surrounding the site was well known to contain archaeological remains of prehistoric date. The only features encountered during the evaluation were of limited archaeological significance. They comprised post-medieval field ditches, land drains, and more recent foundations and drains associated with a series of horticultural glasshouses which occupied the site prior to investigation. The most significant find was a bracelet of copper-alloy wire with a pierced copper alloy bead identified as being of early Anglo-Saxon date (late 5th-6th century). The find was recovered from a post-medieval field boundary ditch and in the absence of any features or other artefacts of the Anglo-Saxon period, it was considered a casual loss which was disturbed at a much later date. This did not, however, rule out the existence of a contemporary settlement in the area, which may be located in future fieldwork. No further work was required on site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO, EM

2/1132 (C.57.S004)

TA 06303660
HU17 ORT

LAND OFF PLAXTON BRIDGE ROAD, WOODMANSEY

An Archaeological Evaluation by Trial Excavation on Land off Plaxton Bridge Road, Woodmansey, East Riding of Yorkshire

Fraser, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 21pp, colour pls, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation consisting of eight trial trenches was undertaken in advance of a proposed development. Part of the site had been previously subject to a geophysical survey which identified possible archaeological features. The only archaeological features recorded, however, were of a relatively recent date and related to former agricultural use of the site. This included a field boundary, drainage ditches, hedge lines, ceramic land drains and plough marks. Aside from two prehistoric flint fragments recovered from the fill of one of the recent features, no other remains/finds of archaeological significance were recovered. There was also evidence for recent made ground within the site. No further archaeological work was recommended. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM, PM, PM, PR

2/1133 (C.57.S017)

SE 88643150

HU15 2NR

NEWPORT ROAD QUARRY EXTENSION (PHASES 6A-6C), LAND EAST OF SOUTH INGS LANE, NORTH CAVE*An Archaeological Evaluation at Newport Road Quarry Extension (Phases 6A-6C) on Land East of South Ings Lane, North Cave, East Riding of Yorkshire*

Fraser, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 33pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation by limited trial excavation was undertaken in advance of mineral extraction and 15 trenches were excavated. These provided evidence of a number of possible Iron Age or Romano-British cut features in Phases 6A and 6B, interpreted as field boundaries, drainage ditches and pits. Three or four parallel ditches representing a ditched trackway running north-east/south-west across the site for a distance of at least 200m were also recorded. A watching brief was also incorporated into this work and report. The stripping of a road was monitored and two linear features, one medieval and one undated were recorded. A post-medieval post hole, a 20th century well or vertical sump were also recorded. Finds consisted of pottery fragments dated to between the Romano-British and medieval periods and fragments of a clay tobacco pipe. Recommendations were made for further archaeological mitigation. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, IA, RO, IA, RO, IA, RO, IA, RO

2/1134 (C.57.S016)

TA 18792890

HU12 8HZ

ON LAND AT 7 MARKET HILL, HEDON*An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at 7 Market Hill, Hedon, East Riding of Yorkshire*

Fraser, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 34pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of the proposed construction of dwellings on a site. Although the area of the site had been truncated, the single trench provided evidence for activity and included a ditch containing a collection of Roman pottery and several medieval pits and ditches. The Romano-British ditch was considered to be the most significant discovery, as no other definite features of this date were thought to have been excavated in Hedon. The presence of pottery suggested nearby occupation. The medieval features were presumed to represent occupation behind buildings fronting onto Market Hill to the east. A further watching brief was recommended. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, RO, RO

2/1135 (C.57.S002)

TA 17455335

YO25 8SY

SKIPSEA GRANGE, SKIPSEA, HOLDERNESS*Skipsea Grange, Skipsea, Holderness, East Riding of Yorkshire. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation and an Assessment of the Results*

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2005, 50pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A programme of archaeological recording and post-excavation work on an archaeological evaluation undertaken by Channel 4's 'Time Team' was carried out. Trenches were targeted on a number of potential archaeological features identified by a previous geophysical survey (2003). The evaluation revealed that the extensive archaeological remains on the site belonged to several different phases of activity. The earliest of these appeared to date to the Iron Age. Although the sherds of pottery recovered from these features were very similar to sherds of Saxon pottery, there was some evidence to support an Iron Age attribution. Small quantities of unsratified Roman pottery suggested that there was some Roman activity in the vicinity. The main phase of activity identified in the evaluation related to Saxo-Norman and medieval activity. It was likely that many of the features identified in the previous geophysical survey related to the phase of settlement. Evidence from this phase took the form of

boundary ditches, possible trackways, ovens/kilns and also structures, whilst the material recovered included pottery, animal bones, fine whetstones, a lead vessel and iron tripod, as well as slag from iron smelting and smithing. This substantial settlement was not recorded in the Domesday Book and appeared to have been abandoned in the 13th century. After abandonment, the site was likely to have become open fields until the enclosure of the land in the post-medieval period. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, EM, IA, MO, EM, IA, RO, EM, EM, IA, EM, MD, IA, EM, IA, MD, PM, RO

2/1136 (C.57.S001)

TA 04733300

HU16 4DD

THE ADULT EDUCATION CENTRE, HALLGATE, COTTINGHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Adult Education Centre, Hallgate, Cottingham, East Riding of Yorkshire

Humber Field Archaeology Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 19pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. In the event, the trench uncovered an early 19th century hard- standing or trackway and a land drain of similar date. Both features had been cut by the modern services extending across the site. The report concluded that the immediate area in and around the trench contained little of archaeological interest and therefore the proposed development had no impact. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: HU1038

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

2/1137 (C.57.Z001)

TA 18602850

HU12 8BW

THE POLICE STATION, NEW ROAD, HEDON

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Police Station, New Road, Hedon, East Riding of Yorkshire

Humber Field Archaeology Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 15pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

A single trench provided evidence for alluvial deposits underlying Hedon and a series of modern features. A small quantity of probable 19th century pottery suggested limited activity from that period. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/1138 (C.57.S021)

TA 03753965

HU17 0FJ

WILBERT GROVE, BEVERLEY

An Archaeological Evaluation at Wilbert Grove, Beverley, East Riding of Yorkshire

Tibbles, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 49pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation by trial trenching was carried out in advance of a proposed development. Two trenches were excavated and revealed a medieval bank, post-medieval pottery and evidence of a former garden and orchard dated to the post-medieval period. There was no sign of intensive structural activity at any time, a single decayed timber post may have formed part of an early fence. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/1139 (C.57.S027)

TA 04423320
HU16 5QW

203 NORTHGATE, COTTINGHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation at Northgate, Cottingham, East Riding of Yorkshire

Atkinson, D Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 48pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. Two trenches were excavated close to the northern and southern limits of the site. They revealed the presence of ditches and pits dated from the 12th to the 14th century. The partial remains of a structure, possibly a cottage, dated from the late 18th or early 19th century and the deposition of 'night soil' in the later 19th to the early 20th century. Following the evaluation a programme of observation, investigation and recording was implemented during the groundworks for the development. Although no further features were identified, two deposits; a layer of grey-brown silt that sealed the medieval features and the 'night soil' deposits were shown to extend over much of the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, MO, PM, PM

Former County of South Yorkshire

2/1140 (C.04.V001)

SE 57960684
DN5 0SR

STATION ROAD, ARKSEY

Station Road, Arksey, South Yorkshire

Robinson, G Barnard Castle : Northern Archaeological Associates, 2004, 44pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Northern Archaeological Associates

Seven evaluation trenches were excavated at the site. Shallow medieval gullies, pits and post holes were identified, along with a large ditch. Evidence of metalworking was recovered from medieval and post-medieval contexts. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

Doncaster

2/1141 (C.04.U007)

SE 57730325
DN1 3PD

10-14A HALLGATE, DONCASTER

10-14A Hallgate, Doncaster, South Yorkshire. Interim Report

Richardson, J Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 26pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

An archaeological evaluation at 10-14A Hallgate, Doncaster encountered comprehensive evidence of Roman, medieval and post-medieval activity. In addition, a wattle fence and ditch that were sealed by the Roman road may represent pre-Roman activity, although in absence of pre-Roman artefacts this was still to be confirmed. The Roman road, represented by at least seven phases of cobbles was situated to the north of the present street frontage. Two clay-lined pits, in addition to other discrete pits and post holes were medieval in date, while further post holes and brick cellars represented post-medieval disturbance. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: IA, MD, RO, MD

2/1142 (C.04.U006)

SE 51101390
DN6 8NB

BARNSDALE BAR SOUTHERN EXTENSION, BARNSDALE BAR

Barnsdale Bar Southern Extension, Barnsdale Bar Quarry, South Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Gidman, J Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 22pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

An archaeological fieldwalking survey and evaluation was carried out at Barnsdale Bar Quarry in advance of the proposed expansion of quarry workings. The archaeological investigations targeted geophysical anomalies and conformed the continuation of a field system of probable Romano-British date. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, PM

2/1143 (C.04.U011)

SE 55200380

DN5 7TS

CUSWORTH HALL***Interim Report for Archaeological Trial Trenching at Proposed Reedbeds on Land Adjacent to Cusworth Hall and Park, Doncaster***

Speight, K Sheffield : ARCUS, 2004, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: ARCUS

Features of possible archaeological interest were two gullies located in Trench 7 and a ditch in Trench 8. The only artefactual material recovered was one sherd of medieval pottery from one of the gullies, one sherd of medieval pottery from the subsoil in Trench 8 and three sherds of nineteenth century pottery from the topsoil in Trench 9. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, PM

2/1144 (C.04.U001)

SK 66009860

DN9 3QF

DONCASTER FINNINGLEY AIRPORT***Doncaster Finningley Airport, Finningley, South Yorkshire. Archaeological Trial Trenching***

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 30pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

An archaeological evaluation revealed sparse evidence of activity on the site during the medieval and post-medieval periods. The majority of the features excavated were very truncated by later activity, including the dumping of waste material during the site's use as an RAF base. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/1145 (C.04.U005)

SE 57550395

DN1 1QX

DONCASTER WATERFRONT, DONCASTER***Doncaster Waterfront, Doncaster, South Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation***

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 56pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

The excavation revealed the presence of shorefront structure on the northern bank of the River Don, probably dating to the 13th to 14th centuries. Residual pottery dating to the Roman and immediate post-conquest periods suggested that even earlier features may be present on the site below the unexcavated layers of alluvium. On the 'town side' of the river, the evaluation failed to locate any archaeological deposits or features of note. This may be the result of the severe truncation sustained in much of this area as a result of the presence of 19th and 20th century gas works and associated buildings. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, RO

2/1146 (C.04.U010)

SE 65301080
DN7 5ES

HATFIELD REGENERATION LINK ROAD

Hatfield Regeneration Link Road: Sedimentological Investigation

Lillie, M Kingston-upon-Hull : Department of Geograpgy, University of Hull, 2004, 18pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Malcolm Lillie

No deposits with any discernible palaeoenvironmental potential were identified during the coring programme. [Au(abr)]
SMR primary record number: ESY123

2/1147 (C.04.U009)

SE 64600510
DN3 3EH

IKEA DISTRIBUTION CENTRE

IKEA Distribution Centre, West Moor Park, near Doncaster, South Yorkshire

Signorelli, L & Webb, A Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS
, 2004, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

No archaeological features or deposits have been identified in the northern part of the site either by the geophysical survey or the subsequent trial trenches. [Au(abr)]
SMR primary record number: ESY 120

2/1148 (C.04.V002)

SE 54700640
DN5 7UP

DONCASTER A638 QBC, YORK ROAD PARK AND RIDE

Doncaster A638 QBC York Road Park and Ride Scawthorpe, Doncaster, South Yorkshire

Bishop, M Barnard Castle : Northern Archaeological Associates, 2004, 44pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Northern Archaeological Associates

Evaluation trenches were excavated at a site. The earliest features identified comprised a prehistoric pit alignment dating to the Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age. Ditches bordering a trackway were also identified as being prehistoric. A substantial Roman settlement was identified, comprising of enclosures and structures, including the remains of timber-framed buildings and kilns. Finds associated with industrial activity were recovered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR, RO, RO, EBA, LNE, RO, RO

Harrogate

2/1149 (C.04.U004)

SE 40836650
YO51 9EY

DORMER LODGE, ALDBOROUGH

Dormer Lodge, Aldborough, North Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 29pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

An archaeological evaluation at Dormer Lodge, Aldborough, was conducted to evaluate the impact that a proposed extension and the construction of a detached double garage would have on the remains of the Roman town. Artefacts of Roman and medieval date were found within the excavated trenches,

although there was no evidence of substantial archaeological remains within the excavated trenches.
[Au]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

Rotherham

2/1150 (C.04.U008)

SK 44008920
S60 4JJ

CANKLOW WASHLANDS, ROTHERAM

Canklow Washlands, Rotherham, South Yorkshire. Archaeological Investigations

Rose, M Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 16pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

A programme of archaeological trial trenching, test pitting and auguring at Canklow Washlands did not reveal significant evidence of archaeological activity. With the exception of one abraded fragment of medieval pottery, only post-medieval and modern artefacts were recovered from the excavated deposits. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/1151 (C.04.U003)

SK 44299284
S65 2TG

SPEEDS BUILDING, 14-15 VICARAGE LANE AND 18 HIGH STREET, ROTHERAM

Speeds Building, 14-15 Vicarage Lane and 18 High Street, Rotherham, South Yorkshire

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

Archaeological evaluation revealed evidence for late medieval occupation around the area adjacent to the parish church of All Saints. Cutting through probable occupation layers dating to the 13th to 14th century. An oven feature that was 14th to 15th century in date was identified, which was demolished by the 16th to 17th century. Evidence of occupation layers and a cobbled surface could be dated to the 14th to 16th centuries. These late medieval layers and features were then truncated by post-medieval building activity. Post holes and small pits dating to the 18th century were found along with an 18th to 19th century coal cellar. This was probably related to the Vicarage, which was known from the early map evidence. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD, MD

2/1152 (C.04.U012)

SK 41819396
S61 4QH

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, GREASBROUGH

St. Mary's Church, Church Street, Greasborough, S. Yorkshire. Archaeological Trial Excavation Report

Savage, S A Lincoln : Pre-Construct Archaeology (Lincoln), 2004, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd.

The evaluation identified part of a stone structure pre-dating the present church, along with two graves.
[Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Sheffield

2/1153 (C.04.U013)

SK 33408190

S8 7BD

LAND ADJACENT TO BEAUCHIEF ABBEY HOUSE*An Archaeological Field Evaluation on the Site of the Proposed Dwelling on Land Adjacent to Beauchief Abbey House, Beauchief Abbey Lane, Sheffield*Merrony, C Sheffield : Technical Support for Archaeology, 2004, 70pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Technical Support for Archaeology

While some post-medieval or modern field and garden drains and walls were defined along with extensive modern deposits of hard standing and concrete, this evaluation defined no medieval or earlier deposits or features. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

2/1154 (C.04.U002)

SK 34808640

S11 8FJ

ST. MARY'S GATE, SHEFFIELD*St. Mary's Gate, Sheffield, South Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation*

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 27pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

Two evaluation trenches revealed only tentative evidence of later medieval activity and the 18th century Bridgefield Works, due to the redevelopment of the area for housing in the later 19th century. Evidence for domestic properties associated with Michael Road and Hurst Road were encountered and the construction of Hurst Road was investigated. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM**Former County of West Yorkshire****Bradford**

2/1155 (C.07.U006)

SE 17103030

BD5 8LJ

WEST BOWLING GOLF CLUB, BRADFORD*West Bowling Golf Club, Rooley Lane, Bradford, West Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation*

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2004, 50pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Walls of the buildings associated with the Grade II Listed 17th century Hewhall Hall were revealed within two trenches. The method of construction suggest a date range of late 18th or early 19th century. Features identified by geophysical survey were identified as modern services, land drains or disturbances within the topsoil associated with local mining during the late 19th century. The area to the east of Newhall has been extensively truncated by mining activity. The area to the south and west of Newhall has been less affected. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*1260*Archaeological periods represented:* PM**Flockton**

2/1156 (C.07.U003)

SE 25551560

WF4 4XX

H.M.P. NEW HALL, WAKEFIELD*H.M.P. New Hall, Wakefield, West Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation*

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 35pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

An archaeological evaluation at H.M.P. New Hall, Wakefield, West Yorkshire was undertaken in advance of the development of a new juvenile block. This produced largely negative results, the only features present being modern land drains and an undated burnt deposit, tentatively interpreted as the remains of an brick clamp. [Au]

*SMR primary record number:*1321

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Kirklees

2/1157 (C.07.U012)

SE 08901450
HD7 4HB

COLNE VALLEY

Colne Valley Iron Field Gates Project, Colne Valley, Kirklees, West Yorkshire. Volume I, Archaeological Analysis and Distribution Maps

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2005, 44pp, colour pls, figs, refs, DVD

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

A survey of iron field gates in the Colne Valley found nine broad categories within the landscape. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*1362

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/1158 (C.07.U002)

SE 25801890
WF12 0LF

THORNHILL FARM, THORNHILL

Thornhill Hall Farm, Thornhill

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 2pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

A grading blade was used to remove the soil heap to the level of the original topsoil. The new exposed topsoil was survey in 3m parallel traverses. No materials of note were discovered, with the located responses belonging to modern agricultural practices. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*1329

Archaeological periods represented: MO

2/1159 (C.07.U013)

SE 24252155
WF12 8AE

WELLINGTON ROAD, DEWSBURY

Wellington Road, Dewsbury, West Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 21pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

A scheme of archaeological trial trenching at land off Wellington Road has revealed the remains of two probable 18th to 19th century structures that pre-date the former Victoria Centre Board School and Council offices. A number of deposits were also suggestive of 17th and 18th century activity within the area. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Leeds

2/1160 (C.07.U010)

SE 43064333
LS23 6LF

7 HIGH COURT AND 1-6 CHURCH ROW, LEEDS

7 High Court and 1-6 Church Row, Leeds, West Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 39pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

Archaeological evaluation at 7 High Court and 1 to 6 Church Row, Leeds, revealed evidence for medieval activity in the area adjacent to St. Peter's Church. A pit, post hole and ditch have been tentatively dated to the 14th and 15th century or earlier. Layers, including possible floor structures, then built up through 17th and 18th centuries, prior to the construction of buildings by the early 19th century. These properties were almost entirely razed in the 1960's. [Au]
*SMR primary record number:*1283

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM

2/1161 (C.07.U001)

SE 20304526
LS21 3JF

LAND ADJACENT TO BONDGATE AND GAY LANE, OTLEY

An Archaeological Evaluation Report. Land Adjacent to Bondgate and Gay Lane, Otley, West Yorkshire

Finlayson, R York : York Archaeological Trust, 2004, 59pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: York Archaeological Trust

The 11 excavated trenches revealed a pattern of variable survival of archaeological deposits over the development site. The most significant survival was a series of stake holes and a rough cobbled pathway which was securely dated to the 2nd century AD. Stratified Roman deposits have not hitherto been discovered in Otley and this survival gives rise to the very strong recommendation for further investigation. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/1162 (C.07.U005)

SE 20374546
LS21 3AA

NELSON STREET, OTLEY

Nelson Street, Otley. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation

Bruce, G York : On Site Archaeology, 2004, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: On Site Archaeology

The evaluation revealed the presence on the site of well-preserved archaeological features of medieval date, including pits, post holes and a possible hearth. These features were cut directly into the surface of the natural boulder clay and in places were only 700mm below the modern car park surface. Early modern development, including cellars, has led to some truncation of the medieval remains along part of the street frontage. [Au(abr)]
*SMR primary record number:*1287

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/1163 (C.07.U011)

SE 37594126
LS14 3AQ

SCARCROFT HALL FARM, MIDDLETON, LEEDS

Scarcroft Hall Farm, Middleton, Leeds. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Wilson, D Edinburgh : AOC Archaeology Group, 2004, 21pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

Excavation of a single trench measuring 20m x 1.8m revealed a wide, shallow ditch, which contained two clay silting fills sealed by a layer of redeposited natural clay. No waterlogged organic deposits were present, although a single sherd of abraded green glazed pottery and fragments of butchered bone were recovered from the primary fill of the ditch. No damage to archaeological remains was identified. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number:1276

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Wakefield

2/1164 (C.07.U008)

SE 42702570
WF10 1HZ

BRADLEY STREET, CASTLEFORD

Bradley Street, Castleford, West Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd. Malton : MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd., 2005, 41pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd.

Two evaluation trenches (Trenches 1 and 2) were excavated in the car park of a dental surgery at Bradley Street, Castleford, which lay within the bounds of the former Roman Fort. Trench 1 identified a ditch of Romano-British date, sealed by series of later deposits. Trench 2 contained a ditch terminal, a possible pit, a rectangular feature and a scorched deposit containing burnt clay fragments and charcoal. The quantities of burnt material from Romano-British levels in both trenches indicated large-scale burning or industrial activity on the eastern site of the fort. Finds ranged in date from Romano-British to late post-medieval. [Au]

SMR primary record number:1233

Archaeological periods represented: RO, MD, PM

2/1165 (C.07.U009)

SE 45902222
WF8 1QF

FORMER BUS DEPOT, NORTHGATE

Archaeological Evaluation. Former Bus Depot, Northgate, Pontefract, West Yorkshire

Spall, C York : Field Archaeology Specialists Ltd., 2004, 71pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Field Archaeology Specialists Ltd.

The scheme of evaluation consisted of thirteen evaluation trenches. No remains earlier than the 17th century were encountered during evaluation, although pottery dating from the 11th to 12th century onwards were present residually in excavated deposits. The earliest features present at the site were two consecutive brick clamps, dated by pottery to the mid-17th century, producing slop-moulded brick and a sinuous stone-filled drain dated by brick to 17th to 18th century. Prior to this, the site appeared to have undergone substantial truncation, evidenced by a consistent trampled overburden accompanying subsoil. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number:1229

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO, MD

2/1166 (C.07.U007)

SE 40502340
WF6 1RU

LAND OFF FOXBRIDGE WAY, NORMANTON INDUSTRIAL ESTATE

Land off Foxbridge Way, Normanton Industrial Estate, West Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 23pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

The putative coal seam causing the linear anomaly running across the north-west of the site proved to be outcropping siltstone, and anomalies interpreted as possible adits perpendicular to this proved to be modern land drains. The putative enclosure identified by the geophysical survey also proved to be caused by modern land drains. The only potential significant archaeological features to be exposed during the evaluation were two undated parallel ditches located towards the north-west end of the site, tentatively interpreted here as medieval field boundary ditches. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*1242

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/1167 (C.07.U015)

SE 25461661

WF4 4RL

MINERS COTTAGE

Miners Cottage, National Mining Museum, West Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Rose, M Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 14pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

The base foundations of the two room cottage were found under a considerable depth of modern tip deposit. Even though many of the walls only existed to one or two courses in height many of internal features could still be seen including a pantry area that had been added to the rear of the cottage. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/1168 (C.07.U004)

SE 46202270

WF8 2NX

SIMPSONS MALT SITE, PONTEFRACT

Simpsons Malt Site, Ferrybridge Road, Pontefract. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Hindmarsh, E Edinburgh : AOC Archaeology Group, 2004, 43pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

The evaluation comprised the digging of twelve trenches measuring approximately 12m x 2m. A number of archaeological features were found to be present, including pits and small ditches several of which contained exclusively medieval pottery, possible archaeological soils and post-medieval or modern building remains. The archaeological remains appeared to cluster towards the west and east of the site with an apparent absence of archaeological deposits or features in the centre. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*1286

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

2/1169 (C.07.U014)

SE 47852195

WF11 0AE

YORKSHIRE ELECTRICITY FERRYBRIDGE TO HOOKMOOR

Yorkshire Electricity Ferrybridge to Hookmoor, A1/M62 Diversions, West Yorkshire. Archaeological Investigations

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 31pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

A programme of archaeological investigation comprising geophysical survey, fieldwalking and trial excavation was undertaken in advance of the derision of several overhead power lines necessitated by groundworks for the A1/M62 road improvements. The majority of the anomalies detected were probably caused by modern activity but evidence for ridge and furrow ploughing was noted at three of the sites and possible archaeological features were identified at a further two of the sites. At site FM2, the presence of an archaeological enclosure previously identified as a cropmark, was confirmed. Discrete anomalies indicative of features within the enclosure were subsequently confirmed when excavation revealed four post holes and a pit. Pottery recovered from these features has been dated to

between the 2nd and 4th centuries AD. No finds other than of post-medieval or modern provenance were recovered during the fieldwalking. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, IA, IA, IA, MO, PM

Kingston-upon-Hull

Kingston-upon-Hull

2/1170 (C.61.S002)

TA 10152854

HU1 1QD

LAND AT 59-61 HIGH STREET

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at 59-61 High Street, Kingston-upon-Hull

Tibbles, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 173pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed residential development. The report incorporated the results of a subsequent watching brief during groundworks. The work provided evidence for the remains of waterfront occupation east of the High Street from the medieval period onwards. Evidence for structures, hearths, floors, buildings, jetties, wharfs, industrial activity were recorded, as well as pottery dating from the medieval period. Leather shoes and leather working from the medieval period were recorded. Environmental samples were taken and revealed information about the lifestyles and diets of the occupants throughout the medieval and post-medieval periods. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM, PM, PM, PM, PM, PM, MO, PM

2/1171 (C.61.S001)

TA 10282896

HU1 1NR

LAND AT BLAYDES STAITH, LITTLE HIGH STREET

An Archaeological Evaluation on Land at Blaydes Staith, Little High Street, Kingston-upon-Hull. August-September 1989 and July-August 2004

Evans, D & Bradley, J Kingston-upon-Hull : Humber Field Archaeology, 2004, 187pp, pls, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs, index

Work undertaken by: Humber Field Archaeology

A archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of a proposed development. The site had been subject to a previous evaluation in 1989, the report of this was never produced due to the original developer abandoning the development prior to funding a full post-excavation assessment. The 2004 report incorporated the earlier work. Both excavations produced extensive evidence of the original medieval waterfront. This included medieval timber vats (most likely to have been used to store large fish) which were carefully dismantled and lifted for display at a museum. The report suggested that the site was worthy of publication and made future recommendations for the management of the site. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM, PM, PM, PM, PM, PM, PM, PM, PM, PM, PM, PM

North East Lincolnshire

North East Lincolnshire

2/1172 (C.67.Z002)

TA 26830956

DN31 1RS

GARTH LANE, GRIMSBY

Garth Lane, Grimsby, North East Lincolnshire

McDaid, M Lincoln : Lindsey Archaeological Services, 2004, 27pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Lindsey Archaeological Services

The three trenches at Garth Lane revealed that archaeology survives beneath the modern deposits. In trench 1, 13th-14th century pottery was recovered from deposits 4.64m OD sandwiched between flood deposits which covered a possible trample layer containing charcoal flecks. A late medieval floor surface, possibly 16th century in date was noted in trenches 2 and 3. All deposits above this surface were either modern or undated. Below lay a 13th-14th century surface. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number:841

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/1173 (C.67.Z003)

TF 25609960

DN37 0QX

LAND AT SOUTH FARM, ASHBY-CUM-FENBY

Land at South Farm, Ashby-cum-Fenby, NorthEast Lincolnshire. Archaeological Assessment and Non-intrusive Evaluation Report

Gardner, R D & Bunn, D Lincoln : Pre-Construct Archaeology (Lincoln), 2004, 24pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology (Lincoln)

The overall archaeological potential of the site was moderate, however, the areas of highest potential were those likely to be most affected by the proposed development. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number:907

2/1174 (C.67.Z001)

TA 26670949

DN31 2LU

SOMERSBY/FILDES ST. GRIMSBY

Somersby/Fildes St., Grimsby, North East Lincolnshire

McDaid, M Lincoln : Lindsey Archaeological Services, 2004, 23pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Lindsey Archaeological Services

Evaluation revealed a palaeochannel. Impact upon the 13th-14th century trample layer, seen only in Trench 2, will occur if the ground is penetrated deeper than 3.42m OD. [Au(abr)]

North Lincolnshire

North Lincolnshire

2/1175 (C.68.Z001)

SE 73800130

DN9 1EE

COVE FARM QUARRY, HAXEY

Cove Farm Quarry, Haxe. Trial Trench Evaluation Phase II

Archaeological Survey & Evaluation Ltd. Sheffield : Archaeological Survey & Evaluation Ltd. , 2004, 11pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Survey & Evaluation Ltd.

Only one of the geophysical anomalies, a linear anomal corresponding to the alignment of a former hedgerow in Trench 1, could be associated with sub-surface features. Consequently, a fifth trench was excavated. Part of the plate and trunk of a birch tree was identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/1176 (C.68.Z003)

TA 07012265

DN19 7HD

HAVEN LODGE, BARROW HAVEN, NORTH LINCOLNSHIRE

Haven Lodge, Barrow Haven, North Lincolnshire

Jordan, M Lincoln : Lindsey Archaeological Services, 2004, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Lindsey Archaeological Services

An archaeological evaluation comprising the excavation of two trenches was undertaken at the above site. No significant features or artefacts were discovered suggesting it was unlikely that Romano-British or earlier occupation occurred on site and development will have little impact on the archaeology in the area. [Au]

*SMR primary record number:*2247

2/1177 (C.68.Z005)

TA 03302189
DN18 5EX

LAND AT 55 WHITCROSS STREET, BARTON UPON HUMBER

Archaeological Evaluation on Land at 55 Whitecross Street, Barton-upon-Humber, Lincolnshire

Wood, M Sleaford : Archaeological Project Services, 2004, 32pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Project Services

Archaeological deposits of medieval, post-medieval and modern date were located during the evaluation. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*SLS 2734

Archaeological periods represented: MD, MO, PM, MO, PM

2/1178 (C.68.Z002)

SE 98651836
DN18 6BJ

LAND OFF MAIN STREET, HORKSTOW

Archaeological Evaluation Report, Land off Main Street, Horkstow, North Lincolnshire

Clay, C Lincoln : Pre-Construct Archaeology (Lincoln), 2004, 13pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology (Lincoln)

The evaluation exposed deposits of limited archaeological significance. Trench 1 contained elements of the chalk embankment of the road and a former roadside ditch: trench 2 also exposed evidence of the chalk road embankment, and a number of post-medieval/early modern linear features. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*ELS 2204

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

2/1179 (C.68.Z004)

TA 16351835
DN40 3ED

VEHICLE REDISTRIBUTION AND STORAGE FACILITY, KILLINGHOLME

Vehicle Redistribution and Storage Facility, Areas D2 and D3, Killingholme, North Lincolnshire

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 35pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

A sub-rectangular enclosure was identified in two of the fourteen trenches. No archaeological features were identified in the remaining twelve trenches. Pottery from these features indicates a fourth to first century BC period for occupation. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: IA

North Yorkshire

Craven

2/1180 (C.36.V006)

SE 00206440
BD23 5BW

MIREFIELD, GARS END LANE

Archaeological Evaluation at Mirefield, Garrs End Lane, Grassington

Turnbull, P Barnard Castle : Brigantia Archaeological Practice, 2004, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Brigantia Archaeological Practice

An evaluation trench was excavated at the site. A modern dump deposit and traces of two mid 19th century walls were identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Hambleton

2/1181 (C.36.V002)

SE 46939935

DL6 3DW

SCARTH WOOD MOOR, OSMOTHERLY

Scarth Wood Moor, Osmotherley

Metcalf, V Leyburn : ArcheType, 2005, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: ArcheType

Evaluation test pits were excavated at the site. Archaeology was encountered in all six test pits, in the form of a prehistoric ground surface, with flints and deliberately placed stones on the surface. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

Harrogate

2/1182 (C.36.S003)

SE 40836650

YO51 9EY

DORMER LODGE, ALDBOROUGH

Dormer Lodge, Alborough, North Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Rose, M Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 21pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

An archaeological evaluation was conducted to evaluate the impact that a proposed extension and the construction of a detached garage would have on the remains of the Roman town (to support an application for Scheduled Monument Consent). Artefacts of Roman and medieval date were found within the excavated trenches, although there was no evidence of substantial archaeological remains within the excavated trenches. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: ENY2107

Archaeological periods represented: MD, RO

2/1183 (C.36.U001)

SE 36775651

HG5 8PJ

ST. JAMES BUSINESS PARK

St. James Business Park, Knaresborough, North Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Archaeological Services WYAS Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 17pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

An archaeological evaluation revealed a ditch of unknown date, which had been previously identified during a geophysical survey. In addition, a number of flint artefacts were recovered from non-archaeological deposits. These indicated Late Neolithic or Early Bronze Age activity within the area. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PR

2/1184 (C.36.S004)

SE 34895707

HG5 8AA

STATION PUBLIC HOUSE, FINKLE STREET, KNARESBOROUGH*Station Public House, Finkle Street, Knareborough. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation*

Stirk, D York : On-Site Archaeology, 2004, 21pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: On Site Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed residential development. Two trenches were excavated to determine the nature of archaeological deposits in the area. A number of archaeological features and deposits were uncovered, including post holes and pits. Pottery, bone and assorted finds from the medieval to early modern periods were recovered. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: ENY1979*Archaeological periods represented:* MD, PM, PM, PM

2/1185 (C.36.U002)

SE 31217113

HG4 1BQ

WATER SKELLGATE, RIPON*Water Skellgate, Ripon, North Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation*

Rose, M Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2004, 35pp, figs, tabs, ref

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

Structural evidence in the form of post holes and later cobble walls and associated cobbled surfaces were found. The artefacts recovered suggested domestic activity on the site with the possibility of food processing and smithing within the vicinity. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM**Richmondshire**

2/1186 (C.36.V005)

SD 87108940

DL8 3SH

GAYLE MILL, GAYLE*Gayle Mill, Gayle, North Yorkshire*

Westwood, B Barnard Castle : Northern Archaeological Associates, 2004, 22pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Northern Archaeological Associates

An evaluation trench was excavated in the yard of a Listed Building and recorded rubble remains of tumbled walls. The floor of the mill was also recorded as well as the saw pit. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/1187 (C.36.S009)

NZ 10600130

DL11 7LS

LAND AT ST. NICHOLAS DRIVE, RICHMOND (PART OF SCOTS DYKE)*Archaeological Investigation at St. Nicholas Drive, Richmond (part of Scots Dyke)*

Turnbull, P Barnard Castle : Brigantia Archaeological Practice, 2004, 12pp, colour pls, figs

Work undertaken by: Brigantia Archaeological Practice

An archaeological field evaluation was undertaken after a previous geophysical survey of the site, in advance of a proposed residential development. The site was adjacent to a stretch of Scots Dyke, a linear earthwork feature and also a Scheduled Ancient Monument (no.26957). The eastern half of the site fell into the statutorily protected area. Six trenches were excavated and a large ditch was identified, filled with a mass of stony material. This confirmed the existence of an original gap through Scots Dyke. Although the end of the earthwork bank to the south and the ditch were not identical, it was interpreted as representing an overwhelming probability that the existing end of the bank was an original and ancient butt end. [AIP]

SMR primary record number: ENY2617

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD

2/1188 (C.36.V001)

SD 99908670
DL8 3SU

SOUTH VIEW, THORALBY

South View, Thoralby

Metcalf, V Leyburn : ArcheType, 2004, 28pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: ArcheType

Evaluation trenches were excavated on a site, following from a previous topographical and geophysical survey. A cow burial was identified and a quantity of Romano-British and medieval pottery was recovered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, RO

Ryedale

2/1189 (C.36.S001)

SE 79207145
YO17 9HP

5 CHURCH STREET, NORTON

5 Church Street, Norton, North Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd. Malton : MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd., 2004,
26pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd.

An archaeological evaluation consisting of three trenches was undertaken. Undisturbed natural deposits were not encountered at a depth of 1.40m below ground level and no evidence was recovered for Roman-British or medieval deposits. Two fragments of undated stone wall were recorded below a series of 18th century surfaces, dumps and tipping layers. Later activity consisted of a 19th century stone wall, brick walls and levelling deposits. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: ENY1966

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

2/1190 (C.36.S007)

SE 79407142
YO17 9HX

67 COMMERCIAL STREET, NORTON

67 Commercial Street, Norton, North Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd. Malton : MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd., 2004,
13pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd.

An archaeological field evaluation of an area measuring 3m x 2m was undertaken. No archaeological features were observed during the evaluation. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: ENY2486

2/1191 (C.36.S011)

SE 87746699
YO17 8BN

LAND AT BACK SIDE, DUGGLEBY

Land at Back Side, Duggleby, North Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd. Malton : MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd., 2004,
24pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd.

Four trenches were excavated in order to evaluate the archaeological potential of a proposed development site. Trench 1 in the northern part of the site, uncovered a series of pits, post settings, gullies and pottery dated to the medieval period. As well as the robbed remains of a chalk built structure of late medieval/early post-medieval date. Another, better preserved chalk built structure of similar date was revealed in Trench 2. Trench 3 in the western area and Trench 4 in the southern area of the site illustrated the build up of deep hill-wash deposits, apparently in the medieval period. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/1192 (C.36.S010)

SE 96947087
YO17 8EQ

LAND AT OS FIELD 0006, MAIN ROAD, WEAVERTHORPE

Land at OS Field 0006, Main Road, Weavertorpe, North Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd. Malton : MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd., 2004, 29pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd.

Four trenches were excavated in order to evaluate the archaeological potential of a proposed development site. A previous magnetometry survey (2004) on the site identified a large number of anomalies suggestive of silted up foundation trenches, ditches and gullies. The excavation revealed pits and boundaries of probable Late Iron Age/Romano-British date, along with medieval chalk-built walls which were superseded by a later medieval phase and saw the digging of large pits, presumably for gravel extraction. A small assemblage of residual flint objects were recovered, along with pottery of Late Iron Age/Romano-British and medieval date. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: ENY3144

Archaeological periods represented: LIA, RO, RO, MD, MD, IA, PR, RO

2/1193 (C.36.S012)

SE 85497442
YO17 8NA

LAND BEHIND 30-32 SCARBOROUGH ROAD, RILLINGTON

Land Behind 30-32 Scarborough Road, Rillington, North Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd. Malton : MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd., 2004, 25pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd.

Four trenches were excavated in order to evaluate the archaeological potential of a proposed development site. Trench 3, in the south-west of the site, showed evidence of ancient ploughing (plough scores) into the top of the natural gravel. Trench 4 at the south-east of the site revealed undated archaeological activity in the shape of small pits/postholes and a single flexed burial of a juvenile. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: ENY2465

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD

Scarborough

2/1194 (C.36.S013)

TA 03308791
YO12 5BA

SEAMER ROAD CORNER, FALSGRAVE, SCARBOROUGH

Seamer Road Corner, Falsgrave, Scarborough. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation

Stirck, D York : On-Site Archaeology, 2004, 21pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: On Site Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed residential development. One trench was excavated and revealed an undated pit, sealed by a sequence of ploughsoil deposits, the lowest of which could have been Romano-British. The archaeological sequence was completed by floors, services and structures of 19th and 20th century date. A small assemblage of possible Romano-British and early modern finds were collected. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: ENY2499

Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM, MO, RO

2/1195 (C.36.S006)

TA 04368846

YO11 2ER

THE 'LOUNGE SITE' (SUNKEN GARDEN) HARCOURT PLACE, SCARBOROUGH

An Archaeological Evaluation at the 'Lounge Site' (Sunken Garden), Harcourt Place, Scarborough

Scarborough Archaeological & Historical Society Scarborough : Scarborough Archaeological and Historical Society, 2004, 14pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Scarborough Archaeological and Historical Society

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed site redevelopment. There was evidence of extensive levelling within the site and there was no evidence for the course of the town moat that was thought to cross the site. Either the moat had been destroyed by later construction work or the maps on which it appeared were showing a hypothetical alignment. Medieval to post-medieval finds included ceramic building material and pottery. The remains of the 'Lounge' area were evidenced in the remains of a floor and brick structure. [AIP]

SMR primary record number: ENY2500

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

2/1196 (C.36.S002)

TA 11557420

YO14 9RT

THE WILLOWS, REIGHTON SITES A AND B

The Willows, Reighton, North Yorkshire. Sites A & B Archaeological Evaluation Report

Brett, A Lincoln : Pre-Construct Archaeology (Lincoln), 2004, 23pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pre-Construct Archaeology (Lincoln)

A programme of archaeological trial trench excavation was carried out on approximately 2 ha of agricultural land to inform planning decisions in advance of a commercial development. The evaluation area was divided into two separate sites, Willows A and Willows B. The trial excavation exposed archaeological features in only one of the trenches examined, located in the south-east corner of Site B. These features consisted of two boundary ditches forming part of an enclosure. The nature of the worked flints from their fills suggested settlement activity in the vicinity and it was possible that one of these ditches was associated with an extensive curvilinear anomaly; detected during a previous gradiometer survey of the site. The archaeological potential of Site A was considered to be low and Site B to have been low to medium. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: ENY2199

Archaeological periods represented: PR

2/1197 (C.36.V003)

SE 99208200

YO13 9LD

WYKEHAM QUARRY

Wykeham Quarry, Vale of Pickering, Proposed Eastern Extension

Cloutman, E, Hunt, J & Lakin, M Barnard Castle : Northern Archaeological Associates, 2004, 53pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Northern Archaeological Associates

A desk based assessment and evaluation was undertaken on a proposed quarry extension area. The evaluation and assessment identified that the site had high potential for palaeolithic and mesolithic

palaeoenvironmental deposits and although no anthropogenic deposits were identified, the potential for archaeology was identified. [Au(abr)]

Selby

2/1198 (C.36.S005)

SE 57263797

YO8 3TW

LAND ADJACENT TO 40 RYTHERGATE, CAWOOD

Rythergate, Cawood. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation

Bruce, G York : On-Site Archaeology, 2004, 25pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: On Site Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of a proposed residential development. Three trenches were excavated to determine the nature of archaeological deposits in the area. A number of archaeological features and deposits were revealed including post-holes, representing a late medieval structure and ditches of post-medieval date. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM, PM, RO

2/1199 (C.36.S008)

SE 46293694

LS24 9QL

LEAD HALL FARM, STAXTON

Lead Hall Farm, Staxton, North Yorkshire. Archaeological Evaluation

MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd. Malton : MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd., 2004, 31pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd.

An archaeological evaluation consisting of two trial trenches was undertaken in advance of a proposed development. Excavation located deposits of a recent date which had resulted from landscaping associated with the construction of the existing farmhouse. A consideration of the cartographic and historical records suggested occupation on the site from the 12th century and that the earlier Lead Hall was demolished and replaced by Lead Hall Farm very early in the first decade of the 20th century. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

2/1200 (C.92.U012)

SE 61305130

YO10 3BU

75 LAWRENCE STREET

75 Lawrence Street, York, North Yorkshire. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation

On Site Archaeology York : On Site Archaeology, 2004, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: On Site Archaeology

Three trenches were excavated at 75 Lawrence Street during February and March 2004. The trenches revealed the remains of wall foundations possibly belonging to the demolished medieval St. Edward's Church. Several articulated and disarticulated human remains were uncovered revealing a dense medieval cemetery associated with the church. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/1201 (C.92.U011)

SE 60045177

YO1 6LP

ALL SAINTS CHURCH HALL, NORTH STREET

All Saints Church Hall, North Street, York. Archaeological Evaluation

Toop, N York : Field Archaeology Specialists Ltd., 2004, 58pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Field Archaeology Specialists Ltd.

The evaluation encountered medieval and post-medieval deposits at the site, and finds suggested the possibility of Roman strata disturbed directly by a medieval pit. The results of the excavation were dominated by a single pit, which extended beyond the limit of the excavation in all directions, and produced remains indicating a mid to late 12th century date, possibly pre-dating or contemporary with the foundation of All Saints Church, North Street. Finds of building material and glass of 12th and 13th century date may have represented debris associated with subsequent developments of the church. The pit was sealed by a levelling layer of 16th or 17th century date, over which a brick floor had been laid. A borehole survey was undertaken through the Church Hall, comprising a series of five boreholes which reached depths of 5.00m below ground level. The results of the borehole survey and the evaluation suggested the survival of several metres of medieval stratigraphy across the site. [Au(abr)]
*SMR primary record number:*664

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/1202 (C.92.U002)

SE 61945493
YO32 9LU

ANNAMINE NURSERY

Annamine Nursery, Jockey Lane, York. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation

Dean, G York : York Archaeological Trust, 2004, 20pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: York Archaeological Trust

The evaluation was hampered by adverse weather conditions and one trench (trench two) was abandoned due to flooding. Post-medieval and modern features were identified in the other trenches, the most recent of which were associated with the use of the site as a nursery. The other features recorded were the remains of post-medieval ridge and furrow ploughing aligned north-south, an alignment reflected in the modern property boundaries. Pottery from the fill of the furrows ranged from the 16th-18th centuries. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/1203 (C.92.V021)

AVONDALE HOUSE FARM, CHILDSWICKHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation at Avondale House Farm, Childswickham, Worcestershire

Williams, P Worcester : Mercian Archaeology, 2004, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Mercian Archaeology

Evaluation trenches were excavated on the site of a proposed development. No archaeology was identified. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*33555

2/1204 (C.92.U008)

SE 60705100
YO10 4AP

BLUE BRIDGE LANE

Blue Bridge Lane, York. Borehole Survey- Intervention 30

Field Archaeology Specialists Ltd. York : Field Archaeology Specialists Ltd., 2004, 8pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Field Archaeology Specialists Ltd.

The results suggest that deposits, if present, were likely to be limited to 19th century and post-medieval horticultural soils with the possible occurrence of late cut features such as small pits. [Au(adp)]

*SMR primary record number:*585

2/1205 (C.92.U013)

SE 60804965

YO10 4PG

CONNAUGHT COURT, FULFORD***Connaught Court, Fulford, York. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation***

Bruce, G York : On Site Archaeology, 2005, 50pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: On Site Archaeology

Three trenches located towards the northern edge of the site all contained cut features of early Roman date. These included pits, ditches and a post hole. One of the trenches also encountered a large early ditch, which may date from the late prehistoric period. A single sherd of probable Iron Age pottery was found in a later deposit in this trench. With the exception of a single Roman ditch, found within a trench towards the southern boundary of the site, no other archaeological features were encountered during the evaluation. All of the trenches contained evidence for medieval and post-medieval agricultural activity, indicating that throughout this period the site was occupied by arable fields. Two the trenches excavated in the northern part of the site also contained the remains of 19th century horticultural activity. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*670*Archaeological periods represented:* LPR, RO, IA, MD, PM, RO

2/1206 (C.92.U007)

SE 62605030

YO10 5JU

HESLINGTON EAST, HESLINGTON***Heslington East, Heslington, York. A Report on an Archaeological Evaluation. Part 1***

Macnab, N York : York Archaeological Trust, 2004, 133pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: York Archaeological Trust

Three areas of high archaeological significance were identified as well as seven areas of secondary significance. The archaeology within these areas dated from the Neolithic through to the Anglian period and included a peat bog, possible Neolithic and Bronze Age settlement, an Iron Age round house within an enclosure with associated waterlogged deposits, Iron Age and Roman field systems, a series of Iron Age enclosures associated with two springheads with good organic preservation, a probable Roman villa with a heated bathroom in its north-west corner and a furnace base to supply the heat in the north-east corner, a Roman road leading up to the probable building, a further Roman structure of cobbles and boulders, and possible areas where Anglian settlement may exist. No evidence for the use of the site during the Anglo-Scandinavian period was recovered. During the medieval, post-medieval and modern periods the site has been used for agriculture, and where the land has not been protected by thick layers of colluvium, aeolian sands and plough drag, the original ground surface has been truncated to varying degrees by medieval ridge and furrow, modern ploughing and subsoiling activity. A backfilled post-medieval pond, with good organic preservations as well as a modern quarry hole were also recovered. Artefacts were not numerous, but included material dated to the Bronze Age, Iron Age, Roman, Anglian, medieval, post-medieval and modern periods. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*584*Archaeological periods represented:* RO, IA, IA, BA, IA, BA, EM, IA, MD, MO, PM, PR

2/1207 (C.92.U009)

SE 61025261

YO31 7SX

HEWORTH CROFT, HEWORTH***Heworth Croft, Heworth, York. Archaeological Evaluation. Phase 2***

Jackson, R York : Field Archaeology Specialists Ltd., 2004, 62pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Field Archaeology Specialists Ltd.

Roman features were encountered in Interventions 13 and 14. Remains included a probable truncated pit in Intervention 13, and five truncated features and a ditch in Intervention 14. A quantity of residual abraded Roman ceramic and cremated human bone were recovered during field work. Medieval activity was represented by several shallow plough furrows in Interventions 12 and 14, all of which were aligned roughly north-west to south-east. Later post-medieval activity was represented in all

interventions by a buried, possibly horticultural, soil and by field drains encountered in Interventions 12, 13 and 15. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number:605

Archaeological periods represented: RO, MD

2/1208 (C.92.U003)

SE 60625188

YO1 9TW

LAND ADJACENT TO ST. SAVIOUR'S CHURCH, HUNGATE

Land Adjacent to St. Saviour's Church, Hungate, York. A Report on an Archaeological Evaluation

Evans, D York : York Archaeological Trust, 2004, 32pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: York Archaeological Trust

The evaluation revealed a complex sequence of burials, structures and occupation deposits, and road surfaces dating from the 11th-12th century to the present day. There was also evidence of possible earlier Roman, Anglian and Anglo-Scandinavian activity on the site. Significant archaeology, including burials, lay relatively close the modern ground surface but was well preserved. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, EM, RO

2/1209 (C.92.U001)

SE 60905167

YO1 9TP

LAND OFF NAVIGATION ROAD

Interim Report on an Archaeological Evaluation. Land off Navigation Road, York

Evans, D York : York Archaeological Trust, 2004, 6pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: York Archaeological Trust

A single trench was excavated to a maximum depth of c. 3m below modern ground level in order to examine deposits seen in an earlier borehole and test-pit survey. It was established that probably all deposits encountered were post-medieval and probably 19th century or later. These deposits were almost certainly dumps laid down to raise the ground level adjacent to Wormald's Cut. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

York

York

2/1210 (C.92.U006)

SE 46094527

LS24 8BE

MINSTER ENGINEERING WORKS

Minster Engineering Works, Dennison Street, York. Archaeological Evaluation

MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd. Malton : MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd., 2004, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: MAP Archaeological Consultancy Ltd.

During March 2004, three trenches were excavated to assess the presence or absence of archaeological activity at land in the grounds of Minster Engineering Works, Dennison Street, York. Trenches 1 and 2 exposed multiple Victorian dumped materials, and 19th/20th Century building footings. Trench 3 abandoned, as a large modern drainage culvert was located during clearance of the trench. [Au]

SMR primary record number:574

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/1211 (C.92.U010)

SE 60515220

YO1 7LG

NUMBER 2 OGLEFORTH

Number 2 Ogleforth, York. Archaeological Evaluation

Spall, C York : Field Archaeology Specialists Ltd., 2004, 53pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Field Archaeology Specialists Ltd.

The evaluation revealed the presence of archaeological remains dating from the 14th century to the modern period. Remains of 14th century date consisted of a possible tenement boundary ditch, building alteration or demolition, and possible craft-working activity. In the early to late post-medieval period, horticultural soils developed gradually through the dumping of domestic refuse, particularly towards the rear of the property. Towards the frontage, structural activity was encountered and may have related to the original mid-17 century form of the Dutch House and a later, possibly early 19th century building, now demolished. The latter structure appeared to have occupied the site until the 1980s, after which time a hard brick yard surface was laid, demonstrating the plot to have been occupied by buildings in the interim. [Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*607

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, PM, PM

2/1212 (C.92.U005)

SE 61055148

YO1 9UB

SPECULATION STREET***Speculation Street, York. Report on an Archaeological Borehole Evaluation***

Bruce, G York : On Site Archaeology, 2004, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: On Site Archaeology

Ten boreholes were drilled and recorded within the building. In places the deepest boreholes may have been located within archaeological cut features similar to those encountered during the evaluation and excavation trenching. The natural had been sealed by a thick homogenous deposit, interpreted as a horticultural or agricultural soil. These deposits appear to have formed from the medieval period through to the 19th century and were directly overlain by recent construction and demolition deposits.

[Au(abr)]

*SMR primary record number:*573