

## Greater London Region

## GREATER LONDON

**Lewisham**

2/407 (C.01.K070)

TQ 38007490

**256 LEWISHAM HIGH STREET****256 Lewisham High Street, London, SE13. London Borough of Lewisham. An Archaeological Evaluation Report**

Watson, S London : Museum of London Archaeology Service, 2002, 25pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Museum of London Archaeology Service

Twenty four evaluation trenches were excavated to reveal a post-medieval brick cellar floor and buried topsoil. No further archaeological work was recommended. [AIP] *SMR primary record number:* 23/174

*Archaeological periods represented:* PM

2/408 (C.01.K071)

TQ 36097488

**HONOR OAK ESTATE, NASH ROAD.TURNHAM ROAD****Honor Oak Estate, Nash Road/Turnham Road, London, SE4. London Borough of Lewisham. An Archaeological Evaluation Report**

Taylor, J London : Museum of London Archaeology Service, 2002, 22pp, figs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Museum of London Archaeology Service

Three trenches were excavated across the site. No archaeological features or deposits were revealed in any of the trenches, but modern intrusions including drains, brick footings and service pipes truncated the natural in all trenches, and consequently may have destroyed surviving archaeology. The impact of the proposed redevelopment was low. [Au(abr)] *SMR primary record number:* 23/169

*Archaeological periods represented:* MO

2/409 (C.01.K069)

TQ 35607830

**SILWOOD ESTATE, LEWISHAM****Silwood Estate (Phase 1), London, SE1. London Borough of Lewisham. An Archaeological Evaluation Report**

Eastbury, E London : Museum of London Archaeology Service, 2002, 28pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Museum of London Archaeology Service

Five evaluation trenches were excavated on the site. The potential for survival of archaeological deposits within the alluvial clay and peat were well preserved and were likely to date from the Mesolithic to Bronze Age periods. However, later deposits had been heavily truncated by the development of the site in the 19th century for residential housing. The impact of the proposed redevelopment was likely to be limited to any archaeologically significant deposits at pile locations. [Au(abr)] *SMR primary record number:* 23/33

*Archaeological periods represented:* NE

*Greater London Region*

2/410 (C.01.K072)

TQ 37107205

**THE SPORTS GROUND, FIRHILL ROAD**

***An Archaeological Evaluation at the Sports Ground, Firhill Road, London SE6, London Borough of Lewisham***

Darton, L London : Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd, 2002, 42pp, figs, tabs, refs

*Work undertaken by:* Pre-Construct Archaeology Ltd

The evaluation trench was located where the proposed Pavilion will be constructed. The area to the north was surveyed using geophysical techniques in order to locate the Roman Road that supposedly passed through the site. The trench revealed topsoil over ploughsoil that contained several sherds of pottery ranging from 18th century to the Roman period in date. A Roman ditch and a pit were sealed by the ploughsoil, as was a late prehistoric/Early Roman ditch. The surface of the natural deposit revealed fragments of worked and burnt flints dating to the Mesolithic/Early Neolithic. The geophysical survey of the playing field indicated features of archaeological potential but failed to locate evidence for the Roman Road. [Au(abr)] *SMR primary record number:* 23/140

*Archaeological periods represented:* MD, PM, PR, RO