

South East Region

OXFORDSHIRE

Cherwell

2/679 (C.38.F036)

SP 63001750

DSDC SITE A, MOD BICESTER***DSDC Site A, MOD Bicester. Archaeological Evaluation Report***

Mayes, A T Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2002, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation, in advance of the building of an accommodation centre, revealed no archaeological features. However, a medieval or post-medieval ploughsoil was found over the whole site. Sporadic ploughing of the site was thought to be due to the waterlogging of the area on a regular basis. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/680 (C.38.F037)

SP 57802220

LAND ADJOINING MIDDLETON STONEY ROAD AND OXFORD ROAD, BICESTER***Land Adjoining Middleton Stoney Road and Oxford Road, Bicester, Oxfordshire. Archaeological Evaluation***

Mayes, A T Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2002, 21pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

A field evaluation was carried out in response to proposals for a new community hospital. A Roman cobbled surface was uncovered, as well as two ditches containing contemporary pottery. A large shallow feature, a ditch and a gully were also located but could not be dated. A heavily disturbed wall foundation, five intercutting pits, two post holes and two gullies were noted in a separate trench. A single sherd of Late Iron Age pottery was found in one of the pits. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: LIA, RO, UD

2/681 (C.38.F020)

SP 57702210

PROPOSED COMMUNITY HOSPITAL, BICESTER***Proposed Community Hospital, Bicester. Archaeological Evaluation Report***

Score, D & Mayes, A T Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2002, 37pp, fogs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

18 trenches were excavated in advance of the proposed new Community Hospital. A concentration of archaeological features was located in the centre of the site. A number of possible structures were identified, including one with substantial square shaped post holes. Two other clusters of post holes were identified, and were thought to represent additional buildings or possibly stock management features or fence lines. Some spreads of occupation material, pits and numerous enclosure or boundary ditches were also seen. The site was interpreted as a low status farmstead dating to the late 1st-2nd century. A few sherds of Middle Iron Age and Anglo-Saxon pottery was recovered, reflecting activity in these periods. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, MIA, RO

South East Region

Oxford

2/682 (C.38.F043)

SP 51930634

1-7 LONGWALL STREET, OXFORD*An Archaeological Evaluation at 1-7 Longwall Street, Oxford*

Leeming, A J Oxford : John Moore Heritage Services, 2002, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

The evaluation was carried out in advance of the demolition of old extensions and the construction of new ones. The site was located over the infilled city ditch, and a considerable depth of deposits was noted. In addition to this, a rubble built stone culvert was located adjacent to and disturbed by an existing building extension. This culvert was believed to have contained the "Crowel", a well depicted in Agas' 1578 map. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/683 (C.38.F045)

SP 55350780

BERNWOOD FIRST SCHOOL SITE, NORTH WAY, BARTON, OXFORD*An Archaeological Evaluation at Bernwood First School Site, North Way, Barton, Oxford*

Moore, J Oxford : John Moore Heritage Services, 2002, 8pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

An evaluation was undertaken to determine the suitability of the area for future development. One possible Roman inhumation was recovered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/684 (C.38.F046)

SP 53100529

DOUGLAS HOUSE, OXFORD*Archaeological Trial Trenching at Douglas House, Magdalen Road, Oxford*

Lloyd, R Northampton : Northamptonshire Archaeology, 2002, 6pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Northamptonshire Archaeology

A single trench was opened at the site. This contained no features of archaeological significance. [Au(abr)]

2/685 (C.38.F009)

SP 55520486

EASTFIELD HOUSE, BRASENOSE DRIFTWAY, OXFORD*Eastfield House, Brasenose Driftway, Oxford. An Archaeological Evaluation*

Taylor, A Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2002, 11pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

The evaluation was carried out in advance of the development of a residential development. Two gullies were found, one of Roman date and one of Iron Age or later date. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: IA, RO

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2/686 (C.38.F047)

SP 54140784

LOWER FARM HOUSE, 8 DUNSTAN ROAD, HEADINGTON***Lower Farm House, 8 Dunstan Road, Headington. Archaeological Evaluation Report***

RPS Consultants Oxford : RPS Consultants, 2002, 40pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: RPS Consultants

Ten evaluation trenches were excavated in advance of building alterations. A possible backfilled quarry pit containing medieval pottery was the earliest feature recorded. Structural elements predating the extant 19th century building components were also identified, including floors, post holes, walls and beam-slots. Wall foundations were noted in the garden. A stone-lined rubbish pit of the 19th or 20th century was found. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/687 (C.38.F016)

SP 50400555

NEW WAREHOUSE, OSNEY MEAD***New Warehouse, Osney Mead, Oxford. Archaeological Evaluation***

Score, D Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2002, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The work was carried out in response to a planning application to build a new warehouse unit backing onto the Bulstake stream. A series of alluvial layers overlaying the natural gravel were recorded and evidence for palaeochannels was observed. A stone surface or platform of uncertain date was revealed in the south-west corner of the site, possibly a riverbank, hardstanding surface or a ford or causeway across an older course of the Bulstake stream. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/688 (C.38.F005)

SP 53800500

OXFORD BUS COMPANY DEPOT, COWLEY ROAD, OXFORD***Oxfords Bus Company Depot, Cowley Road, Oxford. An Archaeological Evaluation***

Hindmarch, E Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2002, 8pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

No archaeological deposits were located. A few sherds of Roman and medieval pottery were recovered, however these were from unstratified or disturbed contexts. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, RO

2/689 (C.38.F018)

SP 50950608

PARADISE STREET, OXFORD***Paradise Street, Oxford. Archaeological Evaluation Report***

Norton, A Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2003, 28pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

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The evaluation was in response to proposed student accommodation at the former Thames Water depot. A layer of rubble was revealed within the Castle Ditch that may have acted as a ford or wier at the point where the ditch met the Mill Stream. A channel forming part of a possible 16th century sluice house was seen, into which a later brick culvert had been constructed. A possible 18th century pitched stone surface was encountered, cut by a large 19th century feature. Both were thought to be related to the sluice house. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/690 (C.38.F002)

SP 54450567

PROPOSED EXTENSION OF DEM CENTRE, CHURCHILL HOSPITAL, OXFORD

Proposed Extension of DEM centre, Churchill Hospital, Oxford

Brett, M Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeological Trust, 2002, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeological Trust

A single sherd of Roman pottery was recovered from the topsoil. Apart from this, no archaeological remains were recovered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/691 (C.38.F014)

SP 52200690

ST CATHERINE'S COLLEGE, MANOR ROAD

St Catherine's College, Manor Road, Oxford. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Mayes, A Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2003, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

An evaluation was carried out in advance of the construction of new teacher and student accommodation. The work revealed a former land surface and ditch, dated to the 18th century. A trench excavated across the line of a raised trackway revealed no dating evidence. No other archaeological remains were located. [Au(abr)]

2/692 (C.38.F012)

SP 51280668

ST JOHN'S COLLEGE, OXFORD

St John's College, Oxford, Senior Common Room Extension. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Simmonds, A Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2003, 20pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

A field evaluation was carried out in advance of a new extension to the Senior Common Room. The evaluation revealed evidence for medieval or post-medieval gravel quarrying at the north end of the area evaluated. Across the whole site were levelling deposits dating to the 16th or 17th centuries, probably relating to the original construction of the college and the laying out and landscaping of the President's Garden. A wall was discovered next to the existing carport, and interpreted as the north wall of the kitchen building shown on Loggan's print of 1675. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

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2/693 (C.38.F044)

SP 55220818

THE FORMER BARTON VILLAGE FIRST SCHOOL, HEADINGTON, OXFORD
An Archaeological Evaluation on the site of the Former Barton Village First School, Fettiplace Road, Headington, Oxford

Pye, J A Oxford : John Moore Heritage Services, 2002, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs
 Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

The evaluation, in advance of a proposed residential development, discovered evidence for medieval agricultural practices. This consisted of a buried medieval ploughsoil, ridge and furrow earthworks preserved in the ploughsoil, and an earlier plough furrow, dating to the 11th-13th centuries. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

South Oxfordshire

2/694 (C.38.F022)

SU 72608240

CHURCH OF ST NICHOLAS, ROTHERFIELD GREYS
Church of St Nicholas, Rotherfield Greys, Henley-on-Thames, Oxfordshire. Archaeological Evaluation and Survey

Witkin, A & Hiller, J Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2002, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs
 Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

An evaluation and survey was carried out in advance of an extension to the church. The wall survey revealed that the west wall of the church was made from flint, with a clear line showing the 19th century extension. Three trial trenches contained evidence for graves and/or human remains. Only one could be dated, to the late 18th or early 19th century. A long mound on the south side of the church was interpreted as a raised area of the graveyard, possibly truncated and levelled when the church was extended to the west. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

2/695 (C.38.F035)

SU 58059015

GREAT WESTERN ALTERNATIVE, DIDCOT
Great Western Alternative, Didcot, Oxfordshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Brett, M & Coleman, L Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeological Trust, 2003, 101pp, figs, tabs, refs
 Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeological Trust

A total of 245 trenches were excavated across the development area, following a more limited evaluation. Features in the form of ditches, post holes and occasional buried soil horizons dating from the Bronze Age to the post-medieval periods were evident. Bronze Age activity was represented by a few scattered features located across the landscape. Intensive activity located to the Late Bronze Age and Iron Age was recorded at the site of an enclosed settlement, as well as a ring-ditch. Further isolated Iron Age features were also identified. Occupation and specialist production dating to the Late Iron Age or Roman periods was identified, as well as later Roman agricultural activity. A possible bustum nearby was indicative of funerary activity. An Anglo-Saxon trackway was the only evidence for activity dating to this period, while medieval and post-medieval ridge and furrow and field boundaries were present across the entire site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, EM, IA, MD, PM

South East Region

2/696 (C.38.F006)

SU 61708990

HOWBERY PARK, BENSON LANE, CROWMARSH*Howbery Park, Benson Lane, Crowmarsh, Oxfordshire. An Archaeological Evaluation*

Pine, J & Taylor, A Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2002, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

The evaluation identified a ditch of Late Neolithic or Early Bronze Age date, as well as a contemporary gully. Ditches and a post hole of Roman date were the only other significant features recorded. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, LNE, PM, RO

2/697 (C.38.F015)

SP 56350435

OXFORD ROAD, HORSPATH*Centre for Sporting Excellence, Oxford Road, Horspath, Oxfordshire. Archaeological Evaluation*

Bingham, A Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2002, 25pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation, in advance of the proposed Centre for Sporting Excellence, revealed a 1st century east-west aligned ditch, possibly a boundary feature. Possible associated features were located in the south-east area of the development site. These were two further undated linears, probably gullies, an isolated post hole and a shallow pit. Traces of an undated ploughsoil were recorded, overlain by the existing allotment or garden soil. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, UD

2/698 (C.38.F010)

SU 74007470

REDGRAVE PINSENT ROWING LAKE, CAVERSHAM*Redgrave Pinsent Rowing Lake, Caversham Lakes, Henly Road, Caversham*

Coles, S & Anthony, S Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2002, 10pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

No archaeology was observed during the evaluation. [Au(abr)]

2/699 (C.38.F017)

SP 57200872

THE WHITE HART, OLD MARSTON*The White Hart, Old Marston, Oxford. Archaeological Evaluation*

Hiller, J Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2002, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation was carried out in advance of the conversion of a pub into residential dwellings. Part of a stone building of medieval date was revealed, as well as an associated stone surface. The structures were thought to represent an outbuilding associated with the White Hart. Also revealed were ditches and potential post hole alignments delineating boundaries of former properties on the site. The arrangement appeared to date to the late 19th century on the basis of the finds evidence. Residual sherds of medieval pottery from a 19th century feature was thought to suggest that medieval remains existed nearby. [Au(abr)]

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Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

Vale of White Horse

2/700 (C.38.F019)

SU 50549703

ABINGDON WEIR SITE COMPOUND

Abingdon Weir Site Compound, Abingdon, Oxfordshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Wheeler, R Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2002, 7pp, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

Two test-pits were hand excavated to evaluate the results of an earlier magnetometer survey. It had been thought that two pottery kilns were in the area. However, this evaluation revealed no evidence for this. [Au(abr)]

2/701 (C.38.F033)

SU 52109410

BRIDGE FARM, SUTTON COURTENAY

Proposed Mineral Extraction at Bridge Farm, Sutton Courtenay, Oxfordshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Mayes, A Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2003, 18pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

Carried out in advance of proposed mineral extraction, the evaluation revealed small-scale quarrying, probably of Roman date. A charcoal-filled pit was also evident. A narrow gully and three east-west orientated ditches were located, however there was no sign of the Penn Copse Roman villa, thought to be present at this location. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, UD

2/702 (C.38.F003)

SU 49099340

EAST PADDOCK, DRAYTON MILL

Land at East Paddock, Drayton Mill, Drayton, Oxfordshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Taylor, A Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2002, 7pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

No archaeological finds were recovered. [Au(adp)]

2/703 (C.38.F021)

SU 29039563

LAND OFF SWAN LANE, FARINGDON

Land off Swan Lane, Faringdon, Oxfordshire. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Matthews, B Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2002, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The evaluation, in advance of the construction of sheltered housing, revealed a general lack of archaeological remains except for a large pit or ditch at the east end of the site. This was dated to the mid 16th century and contained a vast quantity of animal bone. A small 12th century pit was also located. [Au(abr)]

*South East Region**Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM*

2/704 (C.38.F041)

SU 47588640

SU 47608600

RUTHERFORD APPLETON LABORATORY, CHILTON, DIDCOT*An Archaeological Evaluation at Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Chilton, Didcot, Oxfordshire*

Gray Jones, A Oxford : John Moore Heritage Services, 2002, 20pp, fogs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

The evaluation of the proposed development area revealed archaeological features dating from the Roman period. These were thought to be consistent with a farmstead or similar occupation. Pottery recovered suggested that this occupation may have stemmed the entire Roman period, with the later 2nd century the most strongly represented and perhaps the main period of settlement. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/705 (C.38.F007)

SU 40068803

WANTAGE COUNTY PRIMARY SCHOOL, GARSTON LANE, WANTAGE*Wantage County Primary School, Garston Lane, Wantage, Oxfordshire. An Archaeological Evaluation*

Hindmarch, E Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2002, 19pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

A number of ditches and gullies were identified on the site that correlated with the earlier geophysical survey results. A small number of post holes were also identified. All features appeared to be medieval. [Au(abr)]

*Archaeological periods represented: MD***West Oxfordshire**

2/706 (C.38.F001)

SP 35530936

26 CHURCH GREEN, WITNEY*No 26 Church Green, Witney, Oxfordshire*

Williams, J & Bateman, K Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeological Trust, 2002, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeological Trust

Two ditches were identified. These were thought to be representative of medieval tenement boundaries. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/707 (C.38.F038)

SP 30021876

2A SHIPTON ROAD, ASCOTT-UNDER-WYCHWOOD*An Archaeological Evaluation at 2A Shipton Road, Ascott-under-Wychwood, Oxford*

Hart, D Oxford : John Moore Heritage Services, 2002, 13pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

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The evaluation was carried out in advance of a residential development. Archaeological activity located at the north of the site included a potential boundary ditch, three post holes and a possible pit, all cut into the underlying gravel. To the south a large irregular linear feature was seen to cut into a potential buried soil horizon. All archaeological deposits were sealed by the subsoil. No finds were recovered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/708 (C.38.F034)

SP 35750993

54 HIGH STREET, WITNEY

Land to the rear of 54 High Street, Witney, Oxfordshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Young, R Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeological Trust, 2002, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeological Trust

The principal features located during this evaluation were two gullies funning broadly east to west across the site, as well as a north-south oriented ditch. These features contained pottery of 11th to 13th century date. The alignment of the gullies at right angles to the medieval street and the ditch parallel to it were suggestive of medieval tenement boundaries or drainage features within these burgage plots. Post-medieval quarry pits and boundary walls were also encountered during the evaluation. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/709 (C.38.F040)

SP 27570927

BURFORD QUARRY, SHILTON

An Archaeological Evaluation at Burford Quarry, Shilton, Oxon

Gray Jones, A Oxford : John Moore Heritage Services, 2002, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

An evaluation in advance of a quarry extension revealed no significant archaeological remains. Some evidence for ridge and furrow cultivation was found, confirming earthworks seen on aerial photographs. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/710 (C.38.F011)

SP 28152420

CHURCHILL FARM, KINGHAM ROAD, CHURCHILL

Churchill Farm, Kingham Road, Churchill, Oxfordshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Hindmarch, E Reading : Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2002, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

Only one trench at the site contained any significant archaeological deposits. This consisted of a possible Saxon Grubenhaus with associated stake holes and post holes. A further such feature was thought to be present to the western edge of the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, RO

South East Region

2/711 (C.38.F042)

SP 28590421

PROPOSED CEMETERY EXTENSION, BLACK BOURTON

An Archaeological Evaluation on the Proposed Cemetery Extension, West of St Mary's Church, Black Bourton, Oxfordshire

Hart, D Oxford : John Moore Heritage Services, 2002, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

The evaluation was undertaken in response to a proposed extension to the cemetery. A large shallow cut feature of middle Saxon date was located, as well as several undated post holes. All archaeological deposits were sealed by the subsoil. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: EM, UD

2/712 (C.38.F039)

SP 35411019

THE FORMER WOOLHOUSE BUILDINGS, WITNEY

An Archaeological Evaluation at the Former Woolhouse Buildings between Dark Lane and Puck Lane, Witney

Hart, D Oxford : John Moore Heritage Services, 2002, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Moore Heritage Services

The evaluation was carried out in advance of the construction of a new residential development. Archaeological remains were sparse and largely indicative of an agricultural landscape. Plough scars and a possible field boundary were located. All archaeological deposits were post-medieval in date. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM