

West Midlands Region

BIRMINGHAM AREA

Birmingham

2/992 (C.06.H009)

SP 07758630

DERITEND BRIDGE, DIGBETH*Deritend Bridge, Digbeth, Birmingham*

Williams, J Birmingham : Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit, 2002, 13pp, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit

The evaluation identified a 17th century channel/pool, which contained waterlogged deposits. A post-medieval ditch was also identified. The rest of the deposits comprised of 19th century cellars, backfilled in the 20th century. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/993 (C.06.H007)

SP 05109010

HANDSWORTH PARK*Handsworth Park, Birmingham*

Hancox, E Birmingham : Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit, 2002, 31pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit

An archaeological evaluation was carried out on the site of the proposed landscaping. A garden wall that belonged to the rectory which was on the site till the 1890s. A possible medieval pond was also identified. The expected medieval settlement was not identified; this may be due to truncation and landscaping of the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/994 (C.06.H001)

SP 05657965

LIFFORD HALL, KINGS NORTON*Lifford Hall, King's Norton*

Jones, C Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, 2002, 11pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

An archaeological evaluation was carried on the site of the 18th century Lifford Mill and recorded a mill pool and a platform, dating evidence was recovered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

2/995 (C.06.H002)

SP 05337761

NEW CEMETERY SITE, LONSDALE ROAD*Archaeological Evaluation at the Proposed New Cemetery Site, Lonsdale Road*

Vaughan, T Worcester : Worcestershire County Council Archaeological Service, 2002, 47pp, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Archaeological Service

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An archaeological evaluation was carried out on the site of the proposed cemetery. A series of shallow linear gully/ditches were identified on perpendicular alignments in association with a small number of pits/post holes. These features contained 1st-4th century pottery. The features make up part of a possible Romano-British Farmstead. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

2/996 (C.06.H005)

SP 07608710

PLOT 3 MASSHOUSE***Plot 3, Masshouse, Birmingham***

Patrick, C Worcester : Worcestershire County Council Archaeological Service, 2002, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs, Worcestershire County Council Archaeological Service

An evaluation was carried out on the former site of St. Bartholomew's Chapel and graveyard. The trial trenches identified that the graveyard had been cleared with only a small amount of disarticulated bone recovered. Only trace remains of the chapel were identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/997 (C.06.H003)

SP 05007779

PRIMROSE HILL FARM, KINGS NORTON***Primrose Hill Farm, Kings Norton***

Duncan, M Birmingham : Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit, 2002, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit

An archaeological evaluation was carried out on the site. A wall was identified on the alignment of a post-medieval Hall. The wall was truncated by a ditch containing building material including, 17th century tile. The wall was dated to the 15th century. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/998 (C.06.H004)

SP 04408380

UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL***University Hospital Birmingham NHS Trust***

Krakowicz, R Birmingham : Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit, 2002, 4pp, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham University Field Archaeology Unit

Observations were made on the excavation of geo-technical test pits on the site. A pebble surface was identified, no other features or deposits were observed. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

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Coventry

2/999 (C.06.H012)

SP 33107910

HILL STREET/CORPORATION STREET, COVENTRY***A Report On Archaeological Evaluation Undertaken at Hill Street/Corporation Street, Coventry***

Kipling, R Leicester : University of Leicester Archaeological Services, 2002, 18pp, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: University of Leicester Archaeological Services

An archaeological evaluation was carried out on the site in advance of landscaping of the site. Trial trenches identified walls belonging to a 17th-18th century building with associated stone lined pit. Kiln waste was also recovered. Auguring on the site revealed the presence of waterlogged medieval pits. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

2/1000 (C.06.G002)

SP 33757922

POOL MEADOW CAR PARK, FAIRFAX STREET, COVENTRY***Archaeological Recording at Pool Meadow Car Park, Fairfax Street, Coventry***

Jones, C Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, 2002, 9pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

Observation of trial trenching at Pool Meadow car park revealed no evidence for the medieval town wall. The geological natural sandy clay was overlain for the most part by layers of 19th century and later date. An area of darker sand in the base of the excavated trench may have been the fill of one of the medieval town ditches but as this would be unaffected by the current development it was not examined further. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

2/1001 (C.06.H010)

SP 38108050

WALSGRAVE HOSPITAL***An Archaeological Evaluation at Walsgrave Hospital, Coventry***

Chapman, S Leicester : University of Leicester Archaeological Services, 2002, 27pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Leicester Archaeological Services

An archaeological evaluation was carried out on the area of a known medieval moated site. Only medieval ridge and furrow were identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

2/1002 (C.06.H011)

SP 33827878

WHITEFRIARS STREET, COVENTRY UNIVERSITY***An Archaeological Evaluation at Whitefriars Street, Coventry University, Coventry***

Derrick, M Leicester : University of Leicester Archaeological Services, 2002, 28pp, figs, tabs

Work undertaken by: University of Leicester Archaeological Services

A single trial trench was excavated on the site to identify the location of a boundary ditch (Red/Hyrsum ditch) for the Royal park. The ditch was not identified but gullies and post holes relating to medieval

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backplot and agricultural activity were identified. A post-medieval wall constructed from reused stone from the nearby abbey was also identified. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

Solihull

2/1003 (C.06.G001)

SP 15307960

5-19 HIGH STREET, SOLIHULL*Archaeological Evaluation at 5-19 High Street, Solihull, West Midlands*

Jones, C Warwick : Warwickshire Museum Field Services, 2002, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

Archaeological evaluation recorded evidence for medieval settlement activity including a pit and a gully that produced 13th/14th century pottery. These features along with an undated pit and the remnants of a pebble yard surface were sealed by a cultivation layer of later medieval or early post-medieval date, indicative of the site's return to agriculture. Later features of 19th-20th century date associated with a former row of cottages and the present retail units, including service trenches, possible foundation trenches and a garden soil were also recorded. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, UD

2/1004 (C.06.F104)

SP 26478414

MARLBROOK HALL FARM, MERIDEN*Marlbrook Hall Farm, Harvest Hill Lane, Meriden, Warwickshire. Archaeological Evaluation*

Holmes, A D B Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2002, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The site, a Scheduled Ancient Monument, was a medieval moated manor complex. The evaluation identified a sandstone and tile wall foundation to the west of the existing hall building. The wall was situated over the site of a causeway on the line of the extant moat. Post-medieval tile and pottery were associated with the structure. The wall was much later than the original manor site, and it was thought likely that it was part of a post-medieval outbuilding. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM