

GREATER MANCHESTER AREA

Bury

3/711 (E.02.K003)

SD 78371289

KIRKLEES VALLEY BLEACH WORKS, KIRKLEES, BURY*Kirklees Valley Bleach Works, Kirklees, Bury*

Lloyd, D Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2002, 12pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

A watching brief was maintained during the major ground disturbance of the development. However, the results of the machine stripping and grading of the site did not reveal any evidence for structural details that may have been related to either the early reservoir or the two 19th century reservoirs. The spoil that was removed from the area was examined at various stages of the operation and several vials were recovered that may have been related to the bleaching process. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

3/712 (E.02.J001)

SD 76931128

MEADOW CROFT FARM*Excavations at Meadow Croft Farm, Elton, Bury*

Bury Archaeological Group Bury : Bury Archaeological Group, 2004, 5pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Bury Archaeological Group

The excavations revealed a cobbled sandstone surface as the earliest surviving feature, dateable to the late 17th or early 18th century. The several bays of building known to have existed in the early 18th century were difficult to locate. In the 1880s the farm was probably used as a quarry for the construction of a nearby coach house and realigned road. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

3/713 (E.02.K010)

SD 81100367

ST MARY'S CHURCH, PRESTWICH, BURY*St Mary's Church, Prestwich, Bury*

King, C Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2002, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

In places grave cuts could be discerned and at a depth of approximately 0.41m from the present ground surface fragments of bone were encountered. Two small sections of window lead and fragments of worked stone supported this interpretation. No pottery earlier than the late 18th century was retrieved. Because the walls of the 19th century brick chamber that formed the boiler house were left in place it was only the lifting of the floor that present archaeological possibilities. This revealed the extent of the nineteenth century underpinning of the tower. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Manchester

3/714 (E.02.K001)

SJ 83909730

BLOCK B, LITTLE IRELAND*Block B, Little Ireland, Manchester*

Hunter, J Gloucester : CgMs, 2002, 14pp, colour pls, figs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

The excavation did not reveal any archaeological deposits or structures pre-dating the 19th century, although there was a gas holder and the culverted course of the River Medlock was observed. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

3/715 (E.02.K012)

SJ 83109740

CASTLE GATE, CASTLEFIELD*Castle Gate, Castlefield, Manchester*University of Manchester Archaeological Unit Manchester : University of Manchester
Archaeological Unit, 2003, 22pp, colour pls, figs, refs*Work undertaken by:* University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

The excavations revealed the footings of buildings alongside concrete floors, a stone cobbled area, two vertical brick-lined shafts, and a WWII Anderson shelter that contained oars and a life-buoy. No residual Roman artefacts were recovered during the watching brief. [(au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

3/716 (E.02.K005)

SJ 84419867

**LAND BOUNDED BY HIGH STREET, COPPERAS STREET, HARE STREET AND
EDGE STREET***Land Bounded by High Street, Copperas Street, Hare Street and Edge Street, Manchester*Lloyd, D Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2002, 21pp, colour pls, figs,
refs*Work undertaken by:* University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

In general there was no true archaeological stratigraphy in the purest sense of the term as the sub-ground levels consisted of brick walls, debris and cellared areas. The finds recovered from the site were relatively poor and consisted of a few unstratified sherds of 19th century pottery. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

3/717 (E.02.K006)

SJ 83549747

LITTLE PETER STREET/ALBION STREET*Little Peter Street/Albion Street Redevelopment Area, Manchester*Lloyd, D Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2002, 32pp, colour pls, pls,
figs, refs*Work undertaken by:* University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

A watching brief was maintained during the excavations of test pits. Four features were found in the basement curtain walls of the mill and works buildings that led into subterranean tunnels. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

North West Region

3/718 (E.02.K002)

SJ 83809730

MACINTOSH MILL 1, CAMBRIDGE STREET

Macintosh Mill, Cambridge Street, Manchester

Miller, I Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2002, 57pp, colour pls, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

The archaeological excavation exposed the foundations of Macintosh Mill 1, and found them to be extensive and in very good condition. Moreover, whilst there were several contemporary detailed cartographic representations of the mill, the excavation had furnished important new information, and has provided an accurate plan of previously unrecorded structures, although a thorough understanding of these may only be achieved through further archaeological investigation. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

3/719 (E.02.K013)

SJ 83229031

NORTHENDEN WEIR, NORTHENDEN

Northenden Weir, Northenden, Greater Manchester

King, C Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2003, 27pp, colour pls, figs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

The overall construction materials and methods observed in the weir suggests a probable construction date of the mid to late 18th century with numerous 19th and 20th century repairs. The character of the Northenden Weir appears to be one of continuous maintenance and repair with areas exposed to faster flowing water suffering the most damage. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

3/720 (E.02.K016)

SJ 84909810

PARADISE WHARF WATCHING BRIEF

Paradise Wharf Watching Brief: A Record of the Warehouse Hoist System and Type 1 Canal Warehouse

Nevell, M, Hradil, I & Wilson, P Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2002, 28pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

A below ground archaeological watching brief revealed foundations of a Type 1 canal warehouse built in the period 1794-1831. The canal arm had been filled in during the early 20th century and a series of cellars built along its length. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Rochdale

3/721 (E.02.K007)

SD 83290941

SD 82460836

PILSWORTH QUARRY SOUTH-EASTERN EXTENSION

Pilsworth Quarry South-Eastern Extension, Pilsworth, Bury

Lloyd, D Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2002, 13pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

North West Region

The only features uncovered were two stone capped field drains. One other machine cut trench with a modern ceramic field drain was found at the northern edge of the stripped area. Finds from the area consisted mostly of 19th century pottery sherds and clay pipe stem fragments. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

3/722 (E.02.K004)

SD 88301029

ROCHDALE CANAL***Rochdale Canal Photographic Survey. Locks 52, 53, 54 and 58***

Nevell, M & Hradil, I Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2002, 16pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

A photographic survey was undertaken as part of the final phase of restoration work, between Todmorden and Manchester. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

Stockport

3/723 (E.02.K014)

SJ 98188890

MELLOR, STOCKPORT***Excavation Report for the 2002 Season at Mellor, Stockport: Incorporating a Review of the Pottery and Small Finds Report***

University of Manchester Archaeological Unit Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2003, 89pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

During 2002, 17 test pits revealed a post hole. The excavation of trench 16 revealed a series of curvilinear ditches. Some of these ditches were cut by tow other linear features. One was a stone lined gully, the other appeared to be a gully designed to have a line of posts set in it rather than in individual post holes. A number of post holes/stake holes and pits were also excavated. Radio carbon dates from one of the curvilinear ditches produced a date between 380 BC and 520 BC. Trench 18, placed in the area of a geophysical anomaly, revealed Roman pottery. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: IA, RO, UD

Tameside

3/724 (E.02.K015)

SD 99100080

CALPRINA WORKS, CARRBROOK***Calprina Works, Carrbrook, Greater Manchester***

Wild, C Lancaster : Oxford Archaeology North, 2002, 72pp, colour pls, figs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

The excavation of the mill revealed five phases of activity starting from the erection of the building in 1820 to the late twentieth century. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

North West Region

3/725 (E.02.K009)

SD 94100235

PARK BRIDGE IRONWORKS

The Park Bridge Ironworks: A summary of the Excavation and Survey Works Undertaken Between 1999 and 2002

Nevell, M & Roberts, J Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2002, 39pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

The 2002 season saw the partial excavation of the Top forge, accompanied with a geophysical survey and a survey of the bottom forge to reveal chimney bases, a cobbled surface, and an area of burnt clay. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

3/726 (E.02.K008)

SD 98670143

SJ 98870121

PENNINE BRIDLEWAY, SECTION T2

Pennine Bridleway, Section T2: Buckton Castle to Castle Lane, Carrbrook, Tameside

Lloyd, D Manchester : University of Manchester Archaeological Unit, 2002, 28pp, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Manchester Archaeological Unit

Mainly due to the limited depth and extent of the excavations it was determined that, on this occasion, the watching brief did not reveal any features or finds that had archaeological or historical value. [Au(abr)]