

South West Region

WILTSHIRE

Kennet

3/1404 (E.46.F027)

SU 19006910

2 NEW ROAD, MARLBOROUGH*No 2 New Road, Marlborough, Wiltshire*

Border Archaeology Leominster : Border Archaeology, 2002, 20pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Border Archaeology

Three phases of activity were identified. The recently destroyed garage was constructed over earlier post-medieval features. A cobbled surface and brick wall were encountered under a concrete floor. Two stratified deposits were identified, containing post-medieval pottery. Four medieval pot sherds were found below the cobbled surface, but their significance was thought to be limited. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

3/1405 (E.46.F029)

SU 09556955

CHAPEL CORNER BARN, AVEBURY TRUSLOE*Chapel Corner Barn, Avebury Trusloe, Wiltshire. Archaeological Watching Brief*

Foundations Archaeology Swindon : Foundations Archaeology, 2003, 10pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Foundations Archaeology

The watching brief was carried out during the conversion of a barn into a dwelling. No significant archaeological features were recorded, however it was discovered that the floor of the barn was constructed of sarsen cobbles, contemporary with the chalk surface of the barn. These surfaces had both been concreted over. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

3/1406 (E.46.F028)

SU 01006100

DEVIZES TOWN FC*New Changing Rooms, Devizes Town FC*

Pathfinders Salisbury : Pathfinders, 2002, 11pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pathfinders

Except for flecks of charcoal and coal fragments, no trace of human activity was detectable. [Au(adp)]

3/1407 (E.46.F024)

SU 18776899

ST MARTINS' MEWS, 23-25 HIGH STREET, MARLBOROUGH*St Martin's Mews, 23-25 High Street, Marlborough. Burials and Archaeological Remains Relating to a Medieval Carmelite Priory*

Phillips, B : Bernard Phillips, 2002, 32pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bernard Phillips

A cut trench on a buildings site disturbed human remains, resulting in the removal of a whole skeleton and the bones from others. Archaeological investigations as a result of this led to the discovery of

South West Region

coffined adult skeletons, and a humus layer that sealed 13th and 14th century pottery sherds. Teracotta floor and roof tile fragments were also found. These discoveries were thought to give a valuable insight into the priory. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

3/1409 (E.46.F020)

SU 10276950

UNITED REFORMED CHURCH, AVEBURY

United Reform Church, Avebury, Wiltshire

Oxford Archaeology Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2002, 23pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The archaeological work was carried out in advance of the construction of a lean-to extension. Of particular note a large pit, over 5 metres in diameter was found, and was thought to be one of the original foundations for a standing stone, since removed for the construction of the village. A number of ancillary brick structures were discovered. A Victorian cat burial, footings for a former boiler house, and an undated post hole beneath a post-medieval cobbled surface were also found. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, PR, UD

3/1408 (E.46.F006)

SU 10306990

UNITED REFORMED CHURCH, AVEBURY

United Reformed Church, Avebury. Archaeological Watching Brief

Vartuca, F Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeological Trust, 2002, 8pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeological Trust

No archaeological remains were recovered. [Au(abr)]

3/1410 (E.46.F008)

SU 23408080

SU 26707665

WANBOROUGH TO ALDBOURNE GAS PIPELINE

Wanborough to Aldbourne Gas Pipeline. Programme of Archaeological Recording

Cullen, C Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeological Trust, 2002, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeological Trust

Three Roman sites were of archaeological interest. Evidence of field systems at SU25247889 were associated with a midden structure, which was preserved in situ. A series of undated ditches and post holes were found in association with probable field systems at SU26077759 and SU26247739. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, UD

North Wiltshire

3/1411 (E.46.F003)

ST 82296850

CHURCH LANE, BOX

Church Lane, Box, Wiltshire. Report on the Excavation of a Gas Pipe Line Trench

Lewcun, M Bath : Bath Archaeological Trust, 2002, 7pp

Work undertaken by: Bath Archaeological Trust

South West Region

The watching brief was carried out during the connection of a gas supply to the nearby church. Despite the proximity of a known Roman villa, no archaeological finds were encountered. [Au(abr)]

3/1412 (E.46.F018)

ST 83707716

SHRUB FARM, CASTLE COMBE*A Romano-British Settlement Site at Shrub Farm, Castle Combe*

Sabin, D J Castle Combe : Sabin, D J, 2002, 5pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Sabin, D J

The fieldwalking exercise was carried out as part of the Castle Combe environs project. A carved stone relief, possibly of Diana, and a hoard of around 300 copper coins were found. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

3/1413 (E.46.F016)

ST 99997098

THE OLD VICARAGE, CALNE*A Note on Human Burials at the Old Vicarage, Mill Street/Anchor Road, Calne*

: , 2002, 6pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Not stated

The observation and recording was carried out upon the discovery of human remains at the site during development. Six graves were observed, and it was thought highly likely that further inhumations were present outside the excavation area. No direct dating evidence was found, but circumstantial evidence pointed to a medieval origin for the graves. The Coroners Office recommended that the bones were reinterred in an appropriate fashion. A probable post-medieval drystone well was also found at the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

3/1414 (E.46.F009)

ST 89758715

WHATLEY MANOR HOTEL*Whatley Manor Hotel. Archaeological Watching Brief*

Cullen, K Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeological Trust, 2002, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeological Trust

Except for an undated well, no artefactual material or features of an archaeological nature were recovered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD**Salisbury**

3/1415 (E.46.F007)

SU 14503025

20 BEDWIN STREET, SALISBURY*20 Bedwin Street, Salisbury, Wiltshire, Archaeological Excavation*

Brett, M Cirencester : Cotswold Archaeological Trust, 2002, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeological Trust

South West Region

The majority of the site was covered by a series of accumulated medieval soil deposits, the earliest of which was dated to the 13th century. A small undated pit cutting an early layer was found. Wall foundations were identified along the eastern and northern peripheries of the site, and a limited floor area butting against some of the wall was found. This surface was thought to date to the 15th-16th centuries. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

3/1416 (E.46.F030)

SU 13663186

24 SHAKESPEARE ROAD, STRATFORD-SUB-CASTLE, SALISBURY

24 Shakespeare Road, Stratford-sub-Castle, Salisbury, Wiltshire. An Archaeological Watching Brief
McConnell, R & Mathews, K Salisbury : Context One Archaeological Services, 2003, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Context One Archaeological Services

The site was believed to be within the postulated area of the Roman town of Sorviodunum, which had recently been found to be much larger than was previously thought. However, apart from one sherd of pottery, no Roman finds were forthcoming. Residual finds of 13th-14th century pottery and tile may have indicated tentative medieval settlement in the area. The discovery of late 18th century material appeared to be consistent with the location of a post-medieval tenement. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, RO

3/1417 (E.46.F001)

SU 13614200

SU 13974204

A303 (T) AMESBURY BYPASS

A303 (T) Amesbury Bypass, Wiltshire. Archaeological Watching Brief

Cooke, N, Martin, J & Moore, C Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 202, 13pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Five archaeological features were reported: a pair of ditches associated with a round barrow, part of the Avenue ditch, a shallow linear feature and an Early Iron Age pit. Few finds were recovered. The only datable finds were limited to Iron Age pottery. Root damage and animal burrowing had affected most of the features; however, a mollusc assemblage showed that the round barrow was constructed in a largely open landscape. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, EIA, PR

3/1418 (E.46.F010)

SU 03802570

BLICKS YARD, BROADCHALKE

Blicks Yard, Broadchalke, Wiltshire

Adam, N Hindon : AC archaeology, 2002, 2pp

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

No archaeological remains were recovered. [Au(abr)]

South West Region

3/1419 (E.46.F026)

SU 16504050

BOSCOMBE DOWN, AMESBURY

Archaeological Excavations at Boscombe Down, Amesbury, Wiltshire. Potential Treasure Report to Coroner

Wessex Archaeology Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2002, 10pp, colour pls, figs, tabs
Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The report was a potential treasure report to the Coroner, concerning the discovery of the inhumation popularly known as the Amesbury Archer. Gold objects were recovered, along with a large flint assemblage and Beaker pottery. The discovery of another burial at a later date, also involving gold objects, was also reported. These were assigned to the Early Bronze Age, c. 2300 BC. A Romano-British inhumation cemetery was also encountered, but not fully excavated. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, RO

3/1420 (E.46.F015)

SU 13473192

CASTLE CLOSE, STRATFORD-SUB-CASTLE

Castle Close, Stratford-sub-Castle

Pathfinders Salisbury : Pathfinders, 2002, 29pp, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: Pathfinders

The site was observed during the addition of an extension to a dwelling. The corner of a ditch containing pottery was revealed. The evidence from the works, combined with aerial photography, provided compelling evidence for a 1st century fort at the site. It was concluded that the Roman town of Sorviodunum was much larger than originally thought. The Watching Brief also identified a number of key research questions pertinent to the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

3/1421 (E.46.F025)

SU 15504140

HAMBLE HOUSE, THE CENTRE, AMESBURY

Hamble House, The Centre, Amesbury. Archaeological Watching Brief

Foundations Archaeology Swindon : Foundations Archaeology, 2002, 10pp, figs, refs
Work undertaken by: Foundations Archaeology

No archaeological deposits were encountered. [Au(abr)]

3/1422 (E.46.F011)

ST 93832622

OLD WARDOUR HOUSE, TISBURY

An Archaeological Investigation in Advance of and Extension to Old Wardour House, Old Wardour Castle, Tisbury

AC archaeology Hindon : AC archaeology, 2002, 6pp, figs, tabs
Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

These observations revealed layers of redeposited soil and building rubble, including the remains of an ashlar wall, thought to be associated with the stable block. Layers of clay were identified, probably part of general levelling up of the site. No datable artefacts were recovered. [Au(abr)]

South West Region

3/1423 (E.46.F019)

SU 17903947

SERVICE TRENCH AT MOD BOSCOMBE DOWN

Watching Brief on a Service Trench at MOD Boscombe Down, Wiltshire

Kirby, C : QinetiQ, 2002, 9pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: QinetiQ

No archaeological deposits were uncovered. [Au(adp)]

3/1424 (E.46.F022)

ST 14504150

SKYE HOUSE, STONEHENGE ROAD, AMESBURY

Skye House, Stonehenge Road, Amesbury, Wiltshire

Heaton, M Warminster : ASI Heritage Consultants, 2002, 10pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: ASI Heritage Consultants

The site lay within and immediately adjacent to the ramparts of Vespasian's Camp Iron Age hillfort. A single archaeological feature was recorded during groundworks related to the extension of a house. This was thought to be a post-setting of prehistoric date, contemporaneous with the initial use of the hillfort. Similar features were thought to exist in the area, but their nature and disposition would make them uncondusive to geophysical or mechanical survey. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

3/1425 (E.46.F021)

SU 09503125

ST MARY & NICHOLAS, WILTON

St Mary & Nicholas, Wilton. An Archaeological Watching Brief

Pathfinders Salisbury : Pathfinders, 2002, 9pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Pathfinders

Cut features and soil horizons were recorded during the excavation of a foul water drain between the Church and West Street. These phases represented the site clearance relating to the construction of the present church and its subsequent use, as well as medieval activity predating it. Evidence for St Nicholas' Church, one of the lost churches of Wilton, may have been found along West Street, as well as evidence for properties extending back at least thirty metres from the road. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD

3/1426 (E.46.F012)

SU 10802635

ST MICHAEL AND ALL ANGELS CHURCHYARD, COOMBE BISSETT

Archaeological Observations During Service Trenching at St Michael and All Angels Churchyard, Coombe Bissett

Laidlaw, M & Hawkes, J Hindon : AC archaeology, 2002, 5pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

Some post-medieval tile was found below the turfline, but no other dateable artefacts were recovered. Disarticulated human bone was found at one location, however the shallow depth of the trench was insufficient to disturb in situ remains. No evidence concerning the construction of the church was forthcoming. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

South West Region

3/1427 (E.46.F023)

SU 15504260

STONEHENGE VISITOR CENTRE, AMESBURY*Stonehenge Visitor Centre, Amesbury, Wiltshire. Archaeological Mitigation of Ground Investigation Works*

Ritchie, K Salisbury : Wessex Archaeology, 2002, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

This investigation was part of a mitigation strategy prior to ground investigation works. The hand investigation of a test pit, as well as machine excavated test pits and trenches identified a relict channel, aligned roughly east to west along the southern boundary of the paddock. The upper fills of this channel produces worked flint and late prehistoric pottery. Colluvium was identified in the paddock, an area previously uninvestigated. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR**West Wiltshire**

3/1428 (E.46.F002)

ST 87505137

BLOCK H, BITHAM MILL, ALFRED STREET, WESTBURY*Block H, Bitham Mill, Alfred Street, Westbury, Wiltshire*

Bath Archaeological Trust Bath : Bath Archaeological Trust, 2002, 7pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bath Archaeological Trust

The Watching Brief was carried out during the demolition of the Listed Building. No archaeological remains were discovered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

3/1429 (E.46.F017)

ST 86085252

ST 86955259

LAND BETWEEN HAWKERIDGE PUMPING STATION AND WESTBURY SEWAGE TREATMENT WORKS, WESTBURY*The Construction of a New Pipeline on Land Between Hawkeridge Pumping Station and Westbury Sewage Treatment Works, Westbury, Wiltshire*

Clark, S & Valentin, J Hindon : AC archaeology, 2002, 7pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: AC archaeology

Despite being situated in an area surrounded by Romano-British archaeological remains, no evidence for pre-modern activity was forthcoming. Building debris associated with a World War II prisoner of war camp was identified to the western end of the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO