

Bath & North East Somerset

Bath and North East Somerset

(H.47.3840)

ST61705686

{CAF6CB93-1B26-4E2A-A66A-C4902C86D287}

Parish: High Littleton

Postal Code: BS39 6EU

PAULTON VILLA*Paulton Villa: An Assessment and Characterisation of a Romano-British Site*

Lambdin, C Bristol : University of Bristol, 2005, 86pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Ceri Lamdin

Field work in the form of field walking and geophysical surveys produced dating evidence, building material and an exact location of the villa. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

Cornwall

Penwith

(H.15.3841)

SW47973102

{2BB68735-1D1E-4707-9BC1-F1C0B0F06FB7}

Parish: Madron

Postal Code: TR18 3LS

LESCUDJACK HILLFORT*Geophysical Survey Report. Lescudjack Hillfort, Cornwall*

Gaffney, C F Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2005, 10pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Modern use of the site was recorded by the magnetometer survey. Noise generated by the location of a former abattoir at the site precluded the gathering of useful data, except for two ditch features and a potential entrance to the hillfort. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD**Restormel**

(H.15.3842)

SX00103980

{293E8F39-B0A9-4BD8-881A-296EFACE4F14}

Parish: Gorran

Postal Code: PL26 6NY

DODMAN POINT II*Geophysical Survey Report. Dodman Point II, Cornwall*

Stephens, C Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2005, 32pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

A survey of Dodman Point, an Iron Age promontory fort and a Scheduled Ancient Monument, focused on the interior of the fort and parts of fields immediately to the north of the Bulwark. The majority of responses related to boundary features, many of which were thought to be medieval in origin. A trackway was also noted, as well as possible occupation features. However, interpretation was complicated by the magnetically noisy dataset. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, IA

Devon

South Hams

(H.18.3843)

SX80206280

{87CF6728-49A5-46B6-A97C-2BEEFDC8F1EC}

Parish: Dartington

Postal Code: TQ9 6EQ

BLACKLERS COPSE, DARTINGTON HALL*Geophysical Survey Report. Blacklers Copse, Dartington Hall, Devon*

Urmston, B & Wood, E Bradford : GSB Prospection, 2005, 12pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

A number of anomalies of significant archaeological potential were identified, including rectilinear responses possibly forming partial enclosures. Numerous linear and pit-type responses were also recorded. Former trackways and field boundaries were tentatively identified. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD**Teignbridge**

(H.18.3844)

SX86508660, SX83508090

{EDB906A1-B645-410B-8CEC-89DAB441747C}

Parish: Kenn

Postal Code: EX6 7QZ

PYNES-KITT*Geophysical Survey Report. Pynes-Kitt, Devon*

Urmston, B Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2005, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

A magnetometer survey was carried out within the corridor of a proposed pipeline. Many anomalies of possible archaeological potential were located, though none of them could be conclusively asserted as such. Strong magnetic disturbance in some areas may have leaked weaker archaeological anomalies. [Au(adp)]

Dorset

West Dorset

(H.19.3845)

SY65307970

{96C122F5-FE33-4880-B117-6C28736527AF}

Parish: Chickerell

Postal Code: DT4 9UX

LAND AT CHICKERILL*Geophysical Survey Report. Land at Chickerill, Dorset*

Wood, E & Urmston, B Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2005, 6pp, figs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

Little archaeological potential was gleaned from the site. A pit-type response was noted but not confirmed. Ferrous responses from modern activity littered the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Gloucestershire

Cotswold

(H.23.3846)

SP15802080

{F015617F-9504-4B46-80F6-86A66B00374F}

Parish: Bourton on the Water

Postal Code: GL54 2LE

HAZLETON, COLD ASTON*Geophysical Survey Report. Hazleton, Cold Aston, Gloucestershire*

Moorhead, L Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, 2005, 19pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

Detailed magnetometer and resistance surveys of the site detected the presence of several features that may have been of archaeological origin. Several services were also detected on-site, and these may have obscured any further archaeological evidence. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 27949*Archaeological periods represented:* UD

(H.23.3847)

SP02700180

{B9D2B860-7B86-4344-B9A3-96EB4B737ADD}

Parish: Cirencester

Postal Code: GL7 1EE

ARKENSIDE HOTEL, CIRENCESTER*Geophysical Survey Report. Arkenside Hotel, Cirencester*

Elks, D Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, 2005, 37pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

A ground penetrating radar survey was carried out in and around Arkenside Hotel, Cirencester. The area surveyed totalled around 0.28ha. The survey identified anomalies across the site which were likely to have represented structural remains. Rectilinear anomalies had been identified which may have corresponded to Victorian features around No.15 and to the rear of the hotel. Complex anomalies have been located in the hotel basement which may have had an archaeological origin. The driveway contained long planar responses suggesting the presence of a former surface. The possible position of the well next to No.15 had also been defined. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 26820*Archaeological periods represented:* UD

(H.23.3848)

SU14909980

{B95F487E-769A-4BF6-834B-86C7D7F7ED3A}

Parish: Kempford

Postal Code: GL7 4DG

HORCOTT QUARRY, FAIRFORD*Horcott Quarry, Fairford, Gloucestershire. Report on Archaeogeophysical Survey 2005*

Bartlett, A North Leigh : Bartlett-Clark Consultancy, 2005, 11pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bartlett-Clark Consultancy

The geophysical survey formed part of an archaeological evaluation of a proposed gravel extraction site adjacent to Horcott Quarry. This survey confirmed that widespread archaeological remains were present at the site and suggested they may have been rather more extensive in their distribution than was indicated by the 1989 trenching results. A system of ditched enclosures, possibly bounded to the west by a trackway, extended across much of the raised ground in the centre of the site and appeared to have been associated with numerous other archaeological features, probably including settlement remains. Such features were particularly concentrated towards the south of the site in the vicinity of the Roman structure excavated near area A, but continued towards the north and east. It was possible that some of the smaller magnetic anomalies detected by the survey may have been of geological origin, but the good correspondence between the survey and trenching results suggested that much of the geophysical response was archaeologically significant and that archaeological features were widespread across the centre of the site. Ditches and enclosures extended towards the eastern boundary of the site, but the significance of findings to the west (e.g. the magnetic anomalies around P) remained uncertain. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 3202*Archaeological periods represented:* UD, RO

(H.23.3849)
 {80FCAE53-EEE5-4069-A578-BBF6751AB505}
 Parish: Withington

SP03101480, SP03501500

Postal Code: GL54 4BP

WITHINGTON***Geophysical Survey Report 2005/45. Withington, Gloucestershire***

GSB Prospection Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2005, 14pp, figs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The geophysical survey was successful in not only pin-pointing Withington Villa but also in identifying an extensive complex of archaeological features extending across all three fields investigated. The actual wall foundations associated with Withington Villa did not show up particularly well in the resistance data, due to a lack of moisture contrast, but the footprint of the villa was visible as an area of magnetic noise. There were several ditches forming rectilinear enclosures that presumably related to the villa and there was a complex of curvilinear ditches and substantial pits of uncertain date. The 'ancillary' site provided some exciting results, particularly with regard to the resistance survey. At first it was believed that the site was a bath house complex but as the survey expanded it became clear that a much larger building was present; in fact the scale suggested that this must have been a villa building in its own right. The third field also revealed surprising responses. A series of linear anomalies, perhaps associated with ditches and/or culverts, cross the field apparently linking Withington Villa with a known 'well'. The latter may have in fact been the site of a temple or shrine; resistance survey suggested the presence of stone structures though the exact nature of the remains was unclear. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 28189

Archaeological periods represented: RO, UD

Forest of Dean

(H.23.3850)
 {380BAB8A-8972-4953-9F34-13B4BA3ED1E2}
 Parish: Blaisdon

SO67881554

Postal Code: GL17 0EB

WELSHBURY HILLFORT***Gradiometer Survey at Welshbury Hillfort, Gloucestershire***

Dean, R Lynton : Substrata Ltd., 2005, 28pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Substrata Ltd.

The magnetic response across the site was low. The 'interference' of non-archaeological anomalies common to woodland environments inevitably reduced the quality of the data collected but did not adversely affect the analysis. A number of potential archaeological structures were identified on the known earthworks in the north-east, south-east, south-west and north-west sections of the site along with a few potential archaeological structures not associated with recorded earthworks, including a potential platform and an associated structure. Three possible in situ heating events were identified. Evidence was found for earlier phases of archaeological structures beneath the extant southeastern earthworks along with evidence for the re-use of earlier earthworks as charcoal production areas. Some evidence for remnant ploughing was recorded in the north-western quadrant of the hillfort. [Au]

SMR primary record number: 5161

Archaeological periods represented: UD, IA

(H.23.3851)
 {42D3F117-9A4A-4304-935D-E348173C09F5}
 Parish: Mitcheldean

SO65701619

Postal Code: GL17 0HD

FAIRPLAY ENCLOSURE***Gradiometer survey at Fairplay Enclosure, Gloucestershire***

Dean, R Lynton : Substrata Ltd., 2005, 20pp, figs ,refs

Work undertaken by: Substrata Ltd.

The magnetic response across the site was low and the 'interference' of a phase of cultivation, probably associated with tree planting, was a significant limiting factor in quality of data collected, as was the unexpected presence of a buried water pipe. Given these difficulties, it was decided not to conduct a

level-two survey but to increase the area the level-one survey to include areas on the outside of the extant enclosure bank to prospect for evidence of an external ditch corresponding to the visible section of ditch to the south of the enclosure. Some evidence was found to support the case for an external bank or possible ditch to the north and east of the enclosure but it was not conclusive. Evidence was found for one and possibly three charcoal production areas within the enclosure to the northeast and east. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 4353

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Stroud

(H.23.3852)

SO80901170

{57161C41-1FCC-459D-ACB4-97B54EDF6D68}

Parish: Haresfield

Postal Code: GL10 3EH

HUNTS GROVE, GLOUCESTER

A Geophysical Survey Report. Hunts Grove, Gloucester

Heard, H Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, 2005, 62pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

Field H identified the extent of an enclosure first revealed in a survey carried out in 2002. A number of smaller areas of archaeological interest had been identified across a further six fields. Evidence for ridge and furrow had been identified across the entire survey area. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 27957

Archaeological periods represented: UD

(H.23.3853)

ST88369992

{DE6D50C3-9EC5-45CF-BDAF-8239A4738ED9}

Parish: Minchinhampton

Postal Code: GL6 9BA

THE LONG STONE, MINCHINHAMPTON, GLOUCESTERSHIRE

A Geophysical Survey of The Long Stone, Minchinhampton, Gloucestershire

Usborne, U Bristol : Hege Usborne, 2005, 34pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Hege Usborne

A resistivity and magnetometer survey were undertaken as part of a student's course work for the MA Landscape Archaeology course at Bristol University. The site known as 'Long Stone' was described in the SMR as possibly forming a part of a demolished Neolithic Long Barrow. The site had a standing stone and had long been thought to have been a destroyed member of the Avening group of Cotswold-Severn long barrows. The intended aim of the surveys was to search for the quarry trenches or linear stone debris that would be associated with a monument of this type. The surveys indicated that the standing stone at the site stood alone and there was no evidence to support that it formed part of the group of Cotswold-Severn long barrows. [AIP]

SMR primary record number: 103

Archaeological periods represented: PR

Tewkesbury

(H.23.3854)

SO85002130

{7F6C0055-0A91-4064-A30E-BCBD8B3ABDB6}

Parish: Innsworth

Postal Code: GL3 1DS

LAND AT INNSWORTH

Land at Innsworth, Gloucestershire: Geophysical Surveys

University of Durham, Archaeological Services Durham : University of Durham, Archaeological Services, 2005, 36pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Durham, Archaeological Services

A magnetic survey found three separate foci of features pertaining to past settlement in the study area. Traces of ridge and furrow cultivation across the majority of the survey area indicated intensive agricultural exploitation. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

(H.23.3855)

SO88803190

{80DD1BCF-FD3A-4AD0-8D31-814F768B8F87}

Parish: Tewkesbury

Postal Code: GL20 5TU

TEWKESBURY COUNCIL OFFICE SITE***Geophysical Survey Report. Tewkesbury Council Office Site, Gloucestershire***

Elks, D Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, 2005, 52pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

The gradiometer survey had met with little success due to the large amounts of metallic material and services present within or surrounding the survey area. Despite this, three linear anomalies had been identified towards the south of the survey area that may have represented cut features of archaeological origin. The detailed GPR identified a number of anomalies that have been of archaeological origin, although large area anomalies were likely to have been caused by modern disturbances and landscaping. The presence of modern activity had made it difficult to identify any possible previous structures. Any shallow archaeological features were likely to have been removed or damaged by modern activity. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

(H.23.3856)

SO92602450

{F3AE46AA-78D3-484C-9A4F-CE1F46608A6B}

Parish: Uckington

Postal Code: GL51 9EP

UCKINGTON PARK AND RIDE***Geophysical Survey Report. Uckington Park and Ride***

Elks, D Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, 2005, 15pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

A detailed magnetic survey was carried out over 7.3ha of flat arable land at Uckington. The survey revealed numerous linear anomalies which may have related to archaeological features including a set of anomalies possibly representing double banks with adjacent ditches. Parallel anomalies were identified, that seemed to align with field divisions defined on the 1839 Tithe map suggesting they were plough marks contemporary with these land boundaries. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 27597*Archaeological periods represented:* UD

(H.23.3857)

SP04803010

{C065F5B6-65C7-44B4-8393-D77F04DA1A05}

Parish: Winchcombe

Postal Code: GL54 5BP

HAILES ABBEY***Geophysical Survey Report. Hailes Abbey, Gloucestershire***

Elks, D Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, 2006, 39pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

A detailed magnetic survey and a resistance survey were carried out over approximately 8ha of land. Six resistivity pseudosections were also produced to assess a leaking dam in the southeast of the site and depth of sediments in the pond. The geophysical survey enabled the identification of a complex set of anomalies surrounding the Abbey which indicated extensive structural remains were likely to have existed. Within the Abbey itself, discrete linear anomalies suggested the presence of intact wall features, with possible outbuildings further out to the east. The pseudosections revealed anomalies that may have represented weakness in the dam, while the transects over the pond had defined a lens shape anomaly likely to have represented sediment deposits down to a depth of 1.6m in places that appeared to get shallower to the south-east. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 28383*Archaeological periods represented:* UD, PM

Somerset

Mendip

(H.40.3858)

ST50205610

{4F194651-266A-4A60-B407-4DD4FD10F3C8}

Parish: Blagdon

Postal Code: BS40 7XX

CHARTERHOUSE*Geophysical Survey Report 2005/29. Charterhouse, Somerset*

GSB Prospection Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2005, 14pp, figs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The gradiometer survey revealed a complex of enclosures forming several distinct pattern on various alignments, indicating different phases of occupation and/or differing functions within the site. The rectangular earthwork enclosure was defined as a double ditched feature with several subdivisions, though no clear evidence for individual building plots was present. Adjacent to this, and on a different alignment was a group of rectangular enclosures forming an ordered settlement pattern bounded by trackways. Several industrial type responses were noted in this group, suggesting the remains of lead processing features. Elsewhere in the survey trackways and enclosures had been identified that formed less orderly patterns. A series of parallel linear responses and trends appeared to 'cut through' the settlement patterns and a concentration of industrial type responses was found in the immediate vicinity. The parallel responses could have been produced by 'rakes', suggesting that there was no clear delineation between lead extraction, processing and settlement. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 18678*Archaeological periods represented:* UD

(H.40.3859)

ST76255320

{D85EB8E6-1AED-4D77-8990-4D256710989D}

Parish: Hemington

Postal Code: BA2 7RD

LOWER ROW ROMAN VILLA, HEMINGTON*Lower Row Roman Villa, Hemington, Somerset. A Report on the Geophysical Survey*

Oswin, JBath : Bath & Camerton Archaeological Society, 2005, 35pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Bath & Camerton Archaeological Society

Three fields totalling approximately nine hectares in area in the Lower Row area of Hemington, Somerset, were subject to geophysical survey between January and May 2005. These fields contained the Lower Row Roman Villa, Scheduled monument 478 requiring Scheduled Monument Consent. The survey showed the presence of a wing-corridor villa of some 40m. Frontage with ancillary structures and gardens down the Wheel Brook and a second building with a circular structure attached to it some 120 metres to the south-west. There also seemed to have been a culvert of Roman origin draining the villa precincts, which was taken off upstream and flowed back into the stream. The survey had also detected two or more field drainage schemes, one of which seemed to be of some antiquity as it went under a field boundary known to have existed in 1840. There were also signs of a farmstead on the east side of the site, which had disappeared well before 1840. The report gave full details of the survey, displayed the results and ventured an interpretation. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 18459*Archaeological periods represented:* UD, RO**Sedgemoor**

(H.40.3860)

ST43505870

{8A80A304-E5CE-43D1-A748-7A06EA8A99EF}

Parish: Shipham

Postal Code: BS25 1QF

STAR ROMAN VILLA*Star Roman Villa. A Resistivity Survey*

Hughes, C Weston-Super-Mare : Ms. Carol Hughes, 2005, 6pp, figs

Work undertaken by: Ms. Carol Hughes

A resistivity survey was undertaken in order to identify a previously recorded small Roman villa and any associated structures nearby. The survey revealed evidence for a second building near to the small villa, it was a corridor Villa type and was 55m in length with at least five rooms within it. A site visit was made with a staff member of Bristol University and it was concluded that neither range structures were in fact the main building of the complex. This was decided due to the fact that traditionally, most villas face South or North, and neither identified buildings did this. It was the intention of the surveyor, to extend the search north of the scheduled area, where there was already an identified platform north of the hedge line there. Other anomalies were also recorded by the survey, these included a double curvilinear enclosure ditch, possibly Iron Age and a small building on the south hedge line which were seen to almost coincide with a previous recorded observation of the site of a possible bath house. [AIP]

SMR primary record number: 17859

Archaeological periods represented: RO, UD

South Somerset

(H.40.3861)

ST40401350

{C3515098-5AF0-4605-8214-CED7CF3709FC}

Parish: Dinnington

Postal Code: TA17 8SX

DINNINGTON

Geophysical Survey Report 2005/33. Dinnington, Somerset

GSB Prospection Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2005, 17pp, figs, figs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The second phase of geophysical survey on this area helped to place the villa buildings in their wider context and identified a new road leading into the estate. It was clear after the survey that a series of trackways and formal gardens/fields were established around the villa buildings. GPR survey helped to identify a suite of rooms in the west wing of the villa that had previously remained invisible because of the complexity and depth of the deposits; the latter being much greater than elsewhere on the site. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 18679

Archaeological periods represented: RO

(H.40.3862)

ST40991519

{C2FF8F10-66E7-4AEE-AEFE-87219E54FD6E}

Parish: Seavington St. Michael

Postal Code: TA19 0QF

LAND OPPOSITE SEAVINGTON HOUSE, SCHOOL LANE, SEAVINGTON ST. MICHAEL, ILMINSTER

Land opposite Seavington House, School Lane, Seavington St. Michael, Ilminster, Somerset. An Archaeological Field Evaluation

Context One Archaeological Services Salisbury : Context One Archaeological Services, 2006, 21pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Context One Archaeological Services

An archaeological field evaluation was carried out as part of a proposal to erect a single dwelling on the site. The evaluation revealed only modest archaeological activity comprising just two small pits, both of which were discovered in trench 2 and dated to the post-medieval period. The first measured 0.41m in diameter and contained the burial of a young goat, probably 612 months old. It was postulated that the lack of butchery marks and the care of internment suggested that the animal was a pet rather than a food animal. The second pit was slightly larger, sub-rectangular in plan and contained a number of artefacts such as pottery sherds, tobacco clay pipe fragments and several slag pieces. It was likely that this served as a domestic refuse pit. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 14754

Archaeological periods represented: EM, PM, MO, UD

Taunton Deane

(H.40.3863)

ST15742079

{8661960C-D198-4644-A9F6-ACEAC9680A30}

Parish: West Buckland

Postal Code: TA21 9HR

CHELSTON HEATHFIELD, WELLINGTON***Geophysical Surveys on the site of a Proposed Livestock Market at Chelston Heathfield, Wellington, Somerset***

Noel, M Castleside : GeoQuest Associates, 2005, 8pp, figs

Work undertaken by: GeoQuest Associates

A geomagnetic survey was carried out over 3 sample blocks, totalling 3ha, on farm land 1km east of Wellington in Somerset, where a proposal had been submitted for conversion to a livestock market with associated facilities. The survey contributed to an archaeological site assessment being carried out by Avon Archaeological Unit. A fluxgate gradiometer logging at 1.0x0.5m gridded resolution was used. The results suggested that soils in the study area were characterised by a weak and uniform magnetic susceptibility, with a very low density of ferrous litter. No geophysical anomalies indicative of archaeological or geotechnical targets were encountered in any of the sample areas investigated. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 17929**South Gloucestershire****South Gloucestershire**

(H.79.3864)

ST62307880

{9919E854-CE43-45AD-B8B4-DEE0B7D3F261}

Postal Code: BS16 1QE

LAND AT HARRY STOKE***Land at Harry Stoke, South Gloucestershire: Geophysical Survey***

Harrison, S Morley : Archaeological Services WYAS, 2005, 27pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services WYAS

Detailed survey by a magnetometer survey confirmed the presence of recently produced anomalies. [Au(adp)]

(H.79.3865)

ST65507640

{88FDB55F-57AB-4570-BB29-300A8DB4CA35}

Parish: Mangotsfield

Postal Code: BS16 5RS

DOWNEND SCHOOL***Geophysical Survey Report, Downend School, Bristol***

Donaldson, K Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, 2005, 19pp, figs, refs, index

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

A geophysical survey was conducted over 2.25ha at Downend School playing field. The results of the detailed magnetic survey showed a number of positive linear, curvilinear and rectilinear anomalies, however it was likely that they related to the use of the site as a playing field. An area of magnetic debris indicated a strongly magnetic material which had been used within the ground make up. The results of the resistance survey showed a number of low resistance anomalies that were associated with a running track and sports pitch. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 17391**Swindon****Swindon**

(H.84.3866)

SU14407630

{635B6BFB-548B-4073-A2EB-D19254CF5CB3}

Parish: Wroughton

Postal Code: SN4 0QZ

RIDGEWAY NATIONAL TRAIL***Ridgeway National Trail, Swindon***

Carpenter, A Upton-upon-Severn : Stratascan, 2005, 15pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stratascan

Various positive and negative linear features were identified that may have been produced by buried embankments and cut features of archaeological origin. There were also numerous clusters and linear arrangements of discrete positive and negative responses which may have been associated with archaeology. [Au]

SMR primary record number: 2005.048

Archaeological periods represented: UD

Wiltshire

Kennet

(H.46.3867)

SU10307000

{79775B6B-9C54-415F-AB8B-8C7C8FD8B846}

Parish: Avebury

Postal Code: SN8 1RE

AVEBURY WORLD HERITAGE SITE

Geophysical Surveys Spring 2005. Avebury World Heritage Site. MA in Landscape Archaeology - Placement

Gunter, J & Robers, V Bristol : University of Bristol, 2005, 84pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Bristol

In total 162 grids were surveyed, covering an area of 6.5 hectares. The resistivity survey revealed curvilinear, circular and linear features. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2005.106

(H.46.3868)

SU09906860

{0D409026-AD1A-412F-9D53-E2C14839D2DC}

Parish: Avebury

Postal Code: SN8 1QH

SILBURY HILL ENVIRONS, AVEBURY

Silbury Hill Environs, Avebury, Wiltshire. Geophysical Survey Report. February 2005

Payne, A, Linford, N, Linford, P, & Martin, L Portsmouth : English Heritage, 2006, 19pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: English Heritage

A geophysical survey was carried out immediately east of Silbury Hill in advance of ongoing conservation works to stabilise the mound. An extensive caesium magnetometer survey was conducted and successfully recorded a wide range of anomalies. Many of these anomalies appeared to result from variable geology of the river valley location on the floodplain of the Winterbourne stream (or river Kennet). However, immediately east of Silbury Hill a series of linear magnetic anomalies indicated the presence of a complex of ditched enclosures and associated occupation activity. More weakly defined anomalies suggested the presence of further enclosures extending under deposits of alluvium running up to the present course of the Winterbourne stream. These results suggested that the Romano-British activity previously recorded beyond the survey area, directly east of the Winterbourne, may have extended up to the external ditch around Silbury Hill. A more limited earth resistance survey provided additional evidence for possible structural features within the enclosures identified by magnetic survey. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

North Wiltshire

(H.46.3869)

383700176240

{19388B0D-070F-4128-8BB6-03D237D107FA}

Parish: Castle Combe

Postal Code: SN14 7JA

TRUCKLEY HILL ROMAN BUILDING, NORTH WRAXALL

Truckley Hill Roman Building, North Wraxall, Wiltshire. Report on Geophysical Survey, September 2005

Linford, P & Payne, A Portsmouth : English Heritage, 2005, 11pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: English Heritage

During the excavations to quarry stone rubble, the remains of a Roman building were discovered in a small valley immediately beneath Truckley Hill in Wiltshire. A rapid building recording exercise was carried out by Wessex Archaeology and the surviving wall footings were found to be remarkably well preserved. Subsequently, the English Heritage Geophysics Team was requested to carry out a geophysical survey in the immediate vicinity to determine whether any further remains might be in the immediate vicinity to determine whether any further Roman remains might be present. A second aim of the survey was to identify areas likely to be free of archaeological features from which material could be excavated to cover the exposed remains, thus protecting them from weather damage. An earth resistance survey was conducted and this appeared to have detected a number of potential additional Roman features including a second building. However, it has been possible to suggest two areas where excavation was unlikely to disturb significant archaeological features. [Au]

SMR primary record number: 2005.071

Archaeological periods represented: RO

(H.46.3870)

ST97398595

{6C650F80-9871-4CF4-A98E-034659952017}

Parish: Lea and Cleverton

Postal Code: SN15 5BU

CLEVERTON FARM, CLEVERTON

A Survey at Cleverton Farm, Cleverton, Wiltshire. A Study Submitted for the MA in Landscape Archaeology, Bristol University, 2004-2005

Roberts, J Bristol : University of Bristol, 2005, 48pp, pls, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: John Roberts

The results of a survey concluded that the SMR description of a "medieval farmstead earthworks" was probably correct but the accompanying SMR plan required re-drawing based on the findings of this survey. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 2005.045

Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD

Salisbury

(H.46.3871)

SU16102930

{D15AF8B4-2C50-4863-92DE-B8FA44325DCB}

Parish: Clarendon Park

Postal Code: SP5 3BY

PETERSFINGER PARK AND RIDE, SALISBURY

Geophysical Survey Report. Petersfinger Park and Ride, Salisbury, Wiltshire

Robertson, F Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2005, 12pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

There was no clear evidence for either burial or occupation activity. Any anomalies could easily have been natural or archaeological in origin. [Au(adp)]

(H.46.3872)

SU1367532050

{7B224DDB-4DCC-491F-B0DB-4154B73D4D91}

Parish: New Sarum

Postal Code: SP1 3LD

ALBERTINE COTTAGE, STRATFORD-SUB-CASTLE

Archaeological Investigations at Albertine Cottage, Stratford-sub-Castle, Wiltshire

U3A Spire Group Salisbury : U3A Spire Group, 2005, 109pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: U3A Spire Group

A programme of fieldwork, largely entailing resistivity survey, revealed the London to Exeter Roman road (the Portway) and structures adjacent to it. Subsequent test-pitting excavated within one of the roadside structures dated it to the 1st century AD. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2005.102

Archaeological periods represented: RO

(H.46.3873)
{3FE3E45D-5775-47D6-8053-AAAC457F5742}
Parish: New Sarum

SU13803270

Postal Code: SP1 3SD

OLD SARUM

To what Extent can Non-Intrusive Methods Alone Show the Masking or Disruption of an Earthwork Feature in the Outer Enclosure of Old Sarum Hill Gort and Provide Evidence of What the Feature Represents

Fortheringham, L Bristol : Lucy Fortheringham, 2005, 26pp, figs, tabs ,refs

Work undertaken by: Lucy Fortheringham

The earthwork and geophysical survey of a trace earthwork site in the southern part of the outer bailey revealed a strong subsurface linear feature including a second parallel feature and a possible building. Little relationship between subsurface and surface features was evident, showing possible masking from sediment movement and the construction of later features. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

(H.46.3874)
{49819652-DB18-4428-9208-D95868A27A14}
Parish: Tilshead

SU00504620

Postal Code: SP3 4SG

SPTA BREACH HILL

Geophysical Survey Report. SPTA Breach Hill, Wiltshire

Adcock, J Thornton : GSB Prospection, 2005, 7pp, figs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: GSB Prospection

The survey was dominated by strong ferrous anomalies and magnetic disturbances from modern features. Potential archaeological features in the form of poorly defined pits and short lengths of ditch type anomalies were recorded. Modern ploughing and/or drainage was recognized at the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UD