South West Bath & North East Somerset

Bath and North East Somerset

(B.47.512) ST6482568900

AIP database ID: {F2A84BC7-CB33-4D3E-B1FF-7C04B114F63B}

Parish: Keynsham Postal Code: BS312WB

'EPPLEWORTH' 69 AND 71 BRISTOL ROAD, KEYNSHAM

'Eppleworth' 69 and 71 Bristol Road, Keynsham, nr. Bristol. Archaeological Desk Base Assessment
Etheridge, D Bristol: Avon Archaeological Unit, 2007, 38pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Avon Archaeological Unit

The general archaeological potential of the study area was considered to be moderate, although the presence of significant prehistoric, Roman or medieval buried archaeological deposits could not be established from the documentary sources. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 2007/72

OASIS ID :no

(B.47.513) ST6498067381

AIP database ID: {7D40B0E0-AAB1-4BCD-919B-39D4D8F78F06}

Parish: Keynsham Postal Code: BS18 2TS

LAND AT PARK ROAD, KEYNSHAM

Land at Park Road, Keynsham. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Armstrong, A Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The potential for buried archaeology to be found on the site was characterised as low for all periods, except for the Roman period which was thought to be low to moderate. Given the potential impact of the development, it was thought that further archaeological work would be necessary. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.47.514) ST6551868552

AIP database ID: {DA966BD4-37AE-4DCC-84CC-3BD1C79797B6}

Parish: Keynsham Postal Code: BS311EB

TEMPLE PRIMARY SCHOOL, BACK LANE, KEYNSHAM

An Archaeological Assessment of a Proposed Development Site at Temple Primary School, Back Lane, Keynsham

Watkins, K Bath: Kim Watkins Archaeological Consultant, 2007, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Kim Watkins Archaeological Consultant

The site was located in an area of high archaeological potential. It is in the context of the medieval market area and the abbey courthouse just to the east. There was no evidence that the school playground area had been developed at any time and therefore it was thought there was a high potential for medieval features or deposits. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2007/103 Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID :no

(B.47.515) ST75546545

AIP database ID: {EB68DA4B-343B-417F-90FB-470DEADCB9AB}

Parish: Walcot Ward Postal Code: BA2 6LJ

BYWAYS, CLEVE AND LINDEN, BATHWICK STREET

Byways, Cleve and Linden, Bathwick Street, Bath, Bath and North East Somerset An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Hopkins, H Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2007, 19pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

The site was located within an area of archaeological potential with Roman occupation and burial deposits in close proximity to the site. Information from field evaluation was thought to be required. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2008/05

OASIS ID :no

(B.47.516) ST7570066200

AIP database ID: {2052AF75-5A5D-4B2D-9AE3-949379AF551F}

Parish: Walcot Ward Postal Code: BA1 6LP

SOUTHBOURNE GARDENS, BATH

Southbourne Gardens, Bath, Banes. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Morton, R Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 25pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

A desk-based assessment found there was a relatively low potential for currently unrecorded archaeological remains within the site. The site was situated within the Bath WHS and Bath Conservation Area. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.47.517) ST74506450

AIP database ID: {8CA05C5F-3F14-424E-BA5B-34CB08327D10}

Parish: Widcombe Ward Postal Code: BA2 3DZ

SOMERSET PLACE, BATH

Somerset Place, Bath. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Oxford Archaeology Oxford : Oxford Archaeology , 2007, 26pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The 18th century terrace of houses was Grade I Listed and the landscaped garden in front of it appeared on the local list of historic parks. The site has the potential to contain hitherto unknown archaeological deposits. It has a high potential for Roman archaeology to be present, especially in the form of inhumations. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 2008/11

OASIS ID :no

Bournemouth

Bournemouth UA

(B.51.518) SZ16159085

AIP database ID: {D721441A-145C-4311-A681-BB6116F04B5D}

Parish: East Southbourne and Tuckton Ward Postal Code: BH6 4EN

TERMINUS BUILDING DEVELOPMENT, HENGISTBURY HEAD

Terminus Building Development, Hengistbury Head, Bournemouth, Dorset. Archaeological Deskbased Assessment

Tatler, S & Bellamy, P Dorchester: Terrain Archaeology, 2007, 23pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Terrain Archaeology

Postal Code: M4 6AW

Version 4.1

A desk-based assessment found that the site was in an area rich in archaeological remains. A number of important excavations revealed Upper Palaeolithic and Mesolithic sites as well as later prehistoric activity. A total of 15 archaeological sites were recorded within the study area. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, IA, UD

OASIS ID :no

Bristol

Bristol, City of UA

(B.54.519) ST58807733

AIP database ID: {7E656483-B64D-4A52-8E60-D3431F9E9169}

HORFIELD C.E. V.C. PRIMARY SCHOOL

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Horfield C.E. V.C. Primary School, Bristol

MacQuarrie, H Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2007, 45pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

Based upon the available evidence, there was considered to be a low potential for archaeological remains to be encountered within the bounds of the development site. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :aocarcha1-53919

(B.54.520) ST60827659

AIP database ID: {6F07CDDB-CFA6-4F5B-9C01-7178750F7AE0}

Parish: Bristol Postal Code: PE13 2HX

LOCKLEAZE PRIMARY SCHOOL, LOCKLEAZE

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Lockleaze Primary School, Lockleaze, Bristol MacQuarrie, H Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2007, 60pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

A review of sources indicated that the site lies in an area not developed until the mid-20th century urbanisation. Based on the baseline description there was little evidence to suggest prehistoric to Romano-British finds or features surviving within the site boundary. The potential was thus low. It was suggested that there was a low potential for previously unrecorded finds or features from Saxon to medieval periods. There was a low potential for previously unrecorded finds or features from the post-medieval period. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :aocarcha1-53951

(B.54.521) ST59607370

AIP database ID: {ADEC2AE0-3740-4F00-B8F7-EFFF9EC97FA3}

Parish: Ashley Ward Postal Code: BS2 9HG

NOS. 55-81 NEWFOUNDLAND STREET, ST. PAULS, BRISTOL

Nos. 55-81 Newfoundland Street, St. Paul's, Bristol. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Bruce, J Bristol: Avon Archaeological Unit, 2007, 27pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Avon Archaeological Unit

The assessment indicated that the site was located within the former medieval manor of Barton and the ancient out parish of St. James, Bristd. The late 1780s saw a rapid expansion of the area and by the time of Mathew's 1794 plan, the south-west part of the site had been developed. By 1828 the site was taken over by terraced properties and a burial ground. The potential for the preservation of significant buried archaeological remains was not tested. It was thought that the site may have contained remains similar in scope to those of the 1999 trenches, excavated on adjacent land. It was thought that further field evaluation would be necessary. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.522) ST5806371044

AIP database ID: {366BCB7B-3508-42DF-93F8-B06319A2B791}

Parish: Bedminster Ward Postal Code: BS3 3PD

NOS. 115-119 WEST STREET, BEDMINSTER, BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Nos. 115-119 West Street, Bedminster, Bristol

Potter, K Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 22pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The assessment suggested that buildings had been standing on the site since the late 17th century when Hampton House was constructed, substantial elements of which remained, comprising the central section of the building that occupied the site at the time of the study. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 24580 Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.523) ST5782670891

AIP database ID: {142D061B-210E-46F5-8137-1EE6983DE125}

Parish: Bedminster Ward Postal Code: BS3 3HU

NOS. 202-206 WEST STREET, BEDMINSTER, BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of land at Nos. 202-206 West Street, Bedminster, Bristol

Townsend, A Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The evidence examined indicated that there were buildings on the study area from at least the 18th century, vestiges of which survived above ground. The site was situated in an area thought to have good archaeological potential. This, combined with its roadside setting, suggested that the burial environment of the study area may have incorporated features and deposits of archaeological interest. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.524) ST61997074

AIP database ID: {C0D49926-2494-4724-92C8-C35858228A35}

Parish: Brislington East Ward Postal Code: BS4 5AD

5 CHURCH HILL, BRISLINGTON

Desk Top Study. 5 Church Hill, Brislington

Hardwick, D Thornbury: D Hardwick Chartered Surveyors, 2007, 27pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: D Hardwick Chartered Surveyors

The study area lay near to the heart of the original village of Brislington. The assessment, however, found no evidence for the site any earlier than the mid-19th century, with buildings constructed and ground levels altered. A colliery pumping engine may have dated to an earlier period, perhaps the 18th century. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.525) ST6210672523

AIP database ID: {C30B348C-3E53-488A-ACEA-98B1C8A2ADD8}

Parish: Brislington East Ward Postal Code: BS4 4DS

NO. 47 LANGTON COURT ROAD, BRISLINGTON, BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment. No. 47 Langton Court Road, Brislington, Bristol

Stevens, D Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 48pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The results of the assessment indicated that the land surrounding the proposal area was occupied by Brislington Farm, later Langton Court, from at least the 16th century. The first evidence for development within the study area itself was an estate plan of 1971, showing buildings and enclosed plots. The site changed little until the late 19th-early 20th century when much of the site was demolished and replaced with terraced housing. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.526) ST6033571690

AIP database ID: {E0F3ED3D-4510-41E7-9550-AA2FF533F1AC}

Parish: Brislington West Ward

Postal Code: BS4 3EG

THE FORMER ESSO PETROL FILLING STATION, NOS. 165-205 BATH ROAD, TOTTERDOWN, BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of land at The Former Esso Petrol Filling Station, Nos. 165-205 Bath Road, Totterdown, Bristol

Bryant, J Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 22pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The assessment established that the site included part of the former turnpike road to Bath, diverted onto the present Bath Road in 1834. Some remains of the old turnpike house and associated structures were thought to remain. Housing was constructed along the Bath Road frontage mainly in the 1880s and 1890s, but was demolished in the 1970s for a grand road scheme that was never completed, although the road and junction were later enlarged. On the lower level was, for many years, a boatyard that repaired barges used in the Bristol Docks and on the Avon. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 24454 Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.527) ST5871373080

AIP database ID: {84D556DC-B52A-4543-B518-300A49DC49A4}

Parish: Cabot Ward Postal Code: BS1 1DB

CRESWICKE HOUSE, NOS. 9-11 SMALL STREET, BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Creswicke House, Nos. 9-11 Small Street, Bristol

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 27pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The site was located on a street, itself of medieval origin, with Nos. 910 still retaining part of a late medieval wall and also housing other elements relocated during redevelopment work in 1981. There had clearly been a residence of some quality here in the 15th century, with part of a 16th or 17th century timber-framed front illustrated in 1746. From the late 18th century onwards the site was used for warehousing, for decades as a cheese and butter store, but latterly leather. The warehouse was demolished in 1981. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.528) ST5798972524

AIP database ID: {847CF2AB-4EC1-4F80-9C7A-07AB7208B63D}

Parish: Cabot Ward Postal Code: BS1 5TU

EAST PURIFIER HOUSE, CANONS MARSH GASWORKS, BRISTOL

Supplementary Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of the East Purifier House, Canons Marsh Gasworks, Bristol

Townsend, A Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The assessment found that the Gasworks were founded in the first quarter of the 19th century, following the formation of the Bristol and Glifton Oil Gas Company in 1823, Gas continued to be manufactured at the works until the 1950s/60s. The East Purifier House was constructed in two stages during the 1870s and 1880s and comprised one of the last remaining buildings on the site associated with the gasworks. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.529) ST5873072665

AIP database ID: {464CFF6F-4CB7-4E41-A805-4C3F70D83874}

Parish: Cabot Ward Postal Code: BS1 4JP

LAND AT AND ADJACENT TO QUEEN ANNE HOUSE, QUEEN SQUARE/KING STREET, BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment. Land at and adjacent to Queen Anne House, Queen Square/King Street, Bristol

Bryant, J Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 33pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The site was first developed from the 1660s to the 1720s. All the buildings in the square, and many in the street, were destroyed during the Bristol Riots in 1831. Replacement houses of different proportions and warehouses replaced the previous buildings. Commercial usage took over the street in the ensuing century, with properties at the west end cleared in the 1930s for a new dual carriageway, with additional loss during the Blitz. The site was redeveloped in the 1970s and 80s. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.530) ST5817572601

AIP database ID: {1258E1A5-DCB7-4990-A894-311DB8F0052D}

Parish: Cabot Ward Postal Code: BS1 5QP

NO. 10 ANCHOR ROAD, BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of land at No. 10 Anchor Road, Bristol

Townsend, A Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 28pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The site was part of the lands of the medieval abbey of St. Augustine from the later 12th century and was described as the "Bishop's Park" following the religious Reformation of the 1540s. Ponds were recorded on the site in 1742, and development from the early 1770s, when the street pattern was laid out, through to the modern period. A warehouse with an extensive basement was constructed in the 1940s and still survived at the time of assessment. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.531) ST5903773878

AIP database ID: {02AE8669-F600-4D9F-8BFB-709A78AF1B57}

Parish: Cabot Ward Postal Code: BS2 8JT

NOS. 17-25 JAMAICA STREET & NO. 14 HILLGROVE STREET, STOKES CROFT, BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of land at Nos. 17-25 Jamaica Street & No. 14 Hillgrove Street, Stokes Croft, Bristol

Linge, ABristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 19pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The assessment found that some of the available evidence, such as John Roque's map of 1742, hinted at earlier activity on the site. A site visit indicated remnant stone fabric incorporated into an otherwise unprepossessing brick structure. This may have demonstrated the need for detailed building recording and a watching brief. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.532) ST5829673467

AIP database ID: {5D425624-808D-4281-9141-A22D56FF5B1F}

Parish: Cabot Ward Postal Code: BS8 1TQ

ST. MICHAEL'S HILL & TYNDALL AVENUE, CLIFTON

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Land off St. Michael's Hill & Tyndall Avenue, Clifton
Townsend, A Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 43pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The study area bestrode land that comprised part of an English Civil War defence known as the Royal Fort. From the 17th century, the area developed into a high-status residential enclave incorporating a number of fine town houses. The area was subsequently redeveloped in the mid-18th century by Thomas Tyndall to from part of Tyndall's Park. A building known as the "Great House" was demolished and replaced by the present Grade I Listed Royal Fort House [c.1760]. A 19th century hospital was also known to have existed at the site. Development continued through the 19th and 20th centuries, with extensions to the hospital and a Physics Workshop. A number of post-medieval houses had been demolished as a result of 20th century development impacts. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.533) ST59037315

AIP database ID: {D904CC2E-8A81-47A7-A65A-9483CF68A942}

Parish: Cabot Ward Postal Code: BS1 2DD

WINE STREET AND UNION STREET, BRISTOL

Wine Street and Union Street, Bristol. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Morton, R & Kenyon, D Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 24pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

The assessment established that a 12th century medieval wall ran through the site, below the area occupied by Southey House and Aylward House. The city defences were realigned in the 13th century and a new wall was constructed alongside the southern bank of a former course of the River Frome, to the north of the site. A defensive bastion situated on this wall lay immediately to the north of the site. Following the construction of the 13th century wall the site lay wholly within the defended area of the city, and it was likely that the Wine Street medieval tenements were created around this time. The medieval tenement pattern was destroyed by bombing in the Second World War. Modern basement development was thought to have severely truncated the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.534) ST5740572454

AIP database ID: {FAFB380D-4D31-4B67-94ED-9434F7DC3072}

Parish: Clifton Ward Postal Code: BS8 4RU

NO. 151 HOTWELL ROAD, HOTWELLS, BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of land at No. 151 Hotwell Road, Hotwells, Bristol

Townsend, A Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The evidence examined as part of the assessment indicated that the surviving building in the site was probably constructed in the 18th century, serving as the "New Dick Gates" tavern/inn until the 1960s. The building's 18th century character was generally preserved externally. There was thought to be some potential for the discovery of archaeological remains, despite extensive disturbance at the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.535) ST58307400

AIP database ID: {654BD8DD-ADB7-4EF4-98F1-99BF16BBF42C}

Parish: Cotham Ward Postal Code: BS6 6DT

COTHAM SCHOOL, COTHAM ROAD, BRISTOL

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of the Proposed Redevelopment of Cotham School, Cotham Road, Bristol

Carter, N Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2007, 54pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

The assessment suggested that there was a low probability that archaeological remains from the prehistoric to medieval periods would be present at the site. There was a high potential to encounter remains from the post-medieval period. Field evaluation was recommended in areas where ground reduction was necessary for development. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :aocarcha1-53858

(B.54.536) ST57387488

AIP database ID: {B51711A8-16CA-4A86-8AED-265C29B7960C}

Parish: Cotham Ward Postal Code: BS6 6XL

REDLAND HOUSE, WESTBURY ROAD, BRISTOL

Redland House, Westbury Road, Bristol. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Morton, R Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

The main archaeological potential of the site was the projected alignment of the Roman road, although there was no evidence for its course in the site or its vicinity. It was likely that the construction of the extant building on the site, as well as 19th century structures, would have impacted heavily upon any archaeological remains present at the site. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.537) ST60807470

AIP database ID: {6721FD8A-17FE-4800-93AB-E256CF0F026F}

Parish: Easton Ward Postal Code: BS5 6ND

THE BLACK SWAN PUBLIC HOUSE, 438 STAPLETON ROAD, BRISTOL

The Black Swan Public House, 438 Stapleton Road, Bristol. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Bruce, J Bristol: Avon Archaeological Unit, 2007, 29pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Avon Archaeological Unit

The site was found to have potential for the discovery of post-medieval and modern archaeological remains. However, the presence of older or more significant remains had not been tested by modern archaeological techniques, and as a result it was impossible to gain a clear picture of the true potential of the site. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 24522

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.538) ST58806970

AIP database ID: {3D4B2249-C387-4473-A276-8401C363D5FB}

Parish: Filwood Ward Postal Code: BS4 1NN

FLORENCE BROWN SCHOOL, LEINSTER AVENUE, BRISTOL

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Florence Brown School, Leinster Avenue, Bristol
Carter, N Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2007, 52pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs
Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

The assessment suggested that there was a low probability that archaeological remains may have been present dating from the prehistoric and Saxon periods, a low to medium potential for Roman and medieval evidence, and a medium to high for post-medieval remains. It was recommended that where groundwork during the construction phase extended below the modern overburden, archaeological field evaluation should be carried out. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :aocarcha1-52970

(B.54.539) ST63307632

AIP database ID: {6B15E3EE-03BD-40D0-AC28-1B6E17C68BFD}

Parish: Frome Vale Ward Postal Code: BS162HP

ST. MATTHIAS CAMPUS, UNIVERSITY OF THE WEST OF ENGLAND, FISHPONDS. BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of land at St. Matthias Campus, University of the West of England, Fishponds, Bristol

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 52pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The study area appeared to have comprised agricultural land until the mid-19th century whereupon it was developed for the Bristol and Gloucestershire Diocesan Training College [opened 1853]. The College underwent dramatic expansion in the 20th century, particularly in the 1950s and 60s, to become one of the Church of England's foremost learning institutions. It was closed in the 1970s to become the Bristol Polytechnic, and latterly the University of the West of England. Although the burial environment will have suffered considerable disturbance during the 1850s and after, it was possible that features and deposits of archaeological and historical interest may have survived, including under the existing buildings. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 22530

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.540) ST56547907

 $AIP\ database\ ID: \{3E9E0B84-2953-40EC-8302-040B54FE354B\}$

Parish: Henbury Ward Postal Code: BS107QP

HENBURY COURT PRIMARY SCHOOL & CHILDRENS CENTRE, HENBURY

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Henbury Court Primary School & Childrens Centre, Henbury, Bristol

MacQuarrie, H Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2007, 68pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

Within the study area the Grade II* Registered Park and Garden of Blaise Castle and Hamley was located approximately 200m south-west from the southern limit of the site. There was one Grade II* Listed Building and five Grade II Listed Buildings within 500m of the study area. It was thought there was a low potential for the recovery of archaeological evidence dating from the early medieval to the post-medieval period. There was a medium to high potential for Iron Age and Romano-British period archaeology. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :aocarcha1-53913

(B.54.541) ST59047657

AIP database ID: {358DD319-AC48-47BF-BDEE-1758157E99F1}

Parish: Horfield Ward Postal Code: BS7 8SU

CONCORDE LODGE, KELLAWAY AVENUE, HORFIELD, BRISTOL

Concorde Lodge, Kellaway Avenue, Horfield, Bristol

Townsend, A Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 36pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The assessment comprised a revisit to the site, originally examined in 2004. The evidence suggested that much of the study area had remained undeveloped and was possibly agricultural land prior to the construction of Horsfield Lodge. Prehistoric, Roman and medieval remains in the near vicinity of the study area confirmed that it lay within an area of archaeological potential. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 24579

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.542) ST54377874

AIP database ID: {1357B8CF-C376-40F7-A060-BCE23667AB97}

Parish: Kingsweston Ward Postal Code: BS11 0SU

ST. BEDE'S CATHOLIC SCHOOL, LAWRENCE WESTON, BRISTOL

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of the Proposed Redevelopment of St. Bede's Catholic School, Lawrence Weston, Bristol

Carter, N Twickenham : AOC Archaeology Group , 2007, 59pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

The assessment suggested that the site was undeveloped farmland, apart from drainage channels and farm buildings, until the development of the school in the 1960s. There was a high potential for remains of these activities to be found at the site, possibly of local importance. There may have also been potential for the discovery of Roman material at the site. Geophysical survey and archaeological field evaluation were recommended to inform a programme of excavation, if deemed necessary. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 24632

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.543) ST59057260

AIP database ID: {ED6EFFBE-1441-48BF-9FFA-2888299558D3}

Parish: Lawrence Hill Ward Postal Code: BS1 6LP

NOS. 104-107 REDCLIFF STREET

Nos. 104-107 Redcliff Street, Bristol. Archaeological Dek-based Assessment

Etheridge, D Bristol: Avon Archaeological Unit, 2007, 42pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Avon Archaeological Unit

The study area was formerly within the 12th century manor of Bedminster and the ancient parish of St. John, Bedminster, and known at that time as "The Marsh". From the early 12th century the eastern bank of the western arm of the meander was thought to have been used as a wharf, with associated

settlement and warehouse activity. Tenements and a church were added later. Both sides of Redcliff Street appeared to have been settled by the early 13th century. Development in the post-medieval period continued, with the site's use reflecting the industry taking place [e.g. glasshouses and sugar bakers]. The area was completely remodelled in the 1950s after World War II bomb damage. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.544) ST5900672815

AIP database ID: {579C94A1-E52E-4EAC-9B53-493086890743}

Parish: Lawrence Hill Ward Postal Code: BS1 6BJ

NOS. 138-141 REDCLIFF STREET, BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Land at Nos. 138-141 Redcliff Street, Bristol

Townsend, A Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 37pp, colour pls, figs, tabs,

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The evidence examined as part of the assessment indicated that the study area was situated in an area of historical importance and exceptionally good archaeological potential. From the medieval period onwards, the Redcliffe area developed into an important suburb of Bristol, with Redcliff Street comprising one of three main routes linking the southern outer limits of the suburb to Bristol Bridge. The area had undergone episodic redevelopment and was severely damaged during World War II. The site was entirely redeveloped from the 1950s to the 1980s. It was, however, possible that archaeological remains still existed below the depth of any previous development. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.545) ST59877325

AIP database ID: {3F267537-3739-4DCC-A004-F119DAF0F1E6}

Parish: Lawrence Hill Ward Postal Code: BS2 0BH

NOS. 5-11 WEST STREET, OLD MARKET, BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of land at Nos. 5-11 West Street, Old Market, Bristol

Linge, ABristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The assessment found that the study area was likely to have been occupied since the medieval period. There was the possibility of a 17th century Civil War defensive bank and ditch crossing the development area. In the late 17th or early 18th century, houses were built on the West Street and Bragg's Lane frontages and tenements were grouped around a courtyard on the interior of the site. The site was thought to have high archaeological potential. Damage to the archaeological resource will have been caused by cellars and the terracing of Swift's premises into the hill slope. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.546) ST5928072083

AIP database ID: {BA3A65A9-171C-4613-92A1-B6D158689898}

Parish: Lawrence Hill Ward Postal Code: BS1 6RT

ST. MARY AND TEMPLE SCHOOL, REDCLIFFE, BRISTOL

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of St. Mary and Temple School, Redcliffe, Bristol MacQuarrie, H Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2007, 104pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

The assessment indicated that the site was undeveloped until the 19th century when it was occupied by terraced housing and the eastern part of Langton Street Chapel. Prior to this, the site was close to the city and organised into enclosed field systems. There was potential for medieval footings and features associated with the terraced housing and warehouses which occupied the site during the 19th century. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.547)ST6005873250

AIP database ID: {90E61784-61C1-492F-9FFA-009BE3C92145}

Parish: Lawrence Hill Ward Postal Code: BS2 0PE

WATERLOO PLACE, BRISTOL

An Archaeological Assessment of a Proposed Development at Waterloo Place, Bristol

Bath: Kim Watkins Archaeological Consultant, 2007, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, Watkins, K refs

Work undertaken by: Kim Watkins Archaeological Consultant

The assessment found that the overall potential for the recovery of archaeological remains at the site was low. Some 19th century foundations may have been expected, and these were likely to have truncated any earlier deposits. The highest potential for 17th century deposits was towards the street frontage, where the footprint of the development did not extend. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.548)ST56107140

AIP database ID: {BC077C07-182A-421A-9A88-9FE05229AE96}

Parish: Southville Ward Postal Code: BS189LX

ASHTON PARK SCHOOL, BOWER ASHTON, BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Ashton Park School, Bower Ashton, Bristol

MacQuarrie, H Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2007, 75pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

The assessment indicated that the site was historically part of Ashton Court Estate, a medieval estate that had been subjected to post-medieval landscaping. The north-east corner of the site contained postmedieval structures which would have formed part of the village of Bower Ashton. There was thought to be low potential for the discovery of any pre-medieval features within the site boundary. A landscape survey and evaluation were recommended to mitigate any impacts on known and unknown archaeological remains. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :aocarcha1-53839

(B.54.549)ST58897181

AIP database ID: {BD347D37-7720-4776-BCBD-3CF62BEEB46E}

Parish: Southville Ward Postal Code: BS3 4ED

LAND AT THE CORNER OF BEDMINSTER PLACE AND STILLHOUSE LANE, BEDMINSTER, BRISTOL

Land at the corner of Bedminster Place and Stillhouse Lane, Bedminster, Bristol. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Willlis, A Bristol: Avon Archaeological Unit, 2007, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Avon Archaeological Unit

It was suggested that the study area had a low to moderate potential for the preservation of significant buried remains from the 1730s onwards. The site was known to have been built on during this period, and as a result the potential for archaeological features and deposits from before this was unknown. An evaluation was suggested to test this potential. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.550)ST6225573898

AIP database ID: {0F923801-1D06-496F-A079-FDE4680EEB46}

Parish: St. George West Ward Postal Code: BS5 7HY

EASTERN SECTION OF THE SOAPHOUSE INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, ST. GEORGES, BRISTOL

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of the Eastern Section of the Soaphouse Industrial Estate, St. Georges, Bristol

Bashford, D Bradford: Daniel Bashford, 2007, 20pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Daniel Bashford

Prior to the construction of the warehouse on the site in 1800, the potential for archaeological deposits of earlier periods was unclear but probably slight. Roman finds and features in the area, however, suggested an improved potential for this period. The west-face of the west wing of the original Workhouse formed the north-eastern boundary of the site. 19th and 20th century structures may have survived as footings below the mid-20th century buildings. The raising of the ground level in the 1960s may have preserved earlier archaeological deposits beneath, but the level of ground disturbance prior to this landscaping was unclear. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.551) ST61256889

AIP database ID: {9CA12160-0E3B-49CE-A3AE-E80FEBC6A25E}

Parish: Stockwood Ward Postal Code: BS149HR

2 DAVID'S ROAD, WHITCHURCH, BRISTOL

2 David's Road, Whitchurch, Bristol. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Bruce, J Bristol: Avon Archaeological Unit, 2007, 48pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Avon Archaeological Unit

On the basis if the evidence gathered during the study, the general archaeological potential of the site was considered to be low. However, the presence of medieval, Roman or prehistoric buried remains could not be established from the documentary sources alone and had not been tested using archaeological methods. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 24564

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.552) ST61506880

AIP database ID: {06E39191-9AE9-4BB4-9DA2-E8ADCAB6B2C4}

Parish: Stockwood Ward Postal Code: BS14 8AR

MANOR FARM SPORTS PITCHES, STURMINSTER ROAD, KNOWLE, BRISTOL Manor Farm Sports Pitches, Sturminster Road, Knowle, Bristol. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

The Environmental Dimension Partnership Cirencester: The Environmental Dimension Partnership, 2007, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: The Environmental Dimension Partnership

The assessment determined that the site had potential to contain remains associated with Rookery Farm, in existence by the 19th century but possibly with much earlier origins. It had been renamed Manor Farm by 1904. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.54.553) ST57437751

AIP database ID: {9752E1BF-BBDA-4ADF-AE23-4BDC86FC9D63}

Parish: Westbury-on-Trym Ward Postal Code: BS9 3ET

WESTBURY ON TRYM C.E. V.C. PRIMARY SCHOOL, WESTBURY ON TRYM

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Westbury on Trym C.E. V.C. Primary School, Westbury on Trym, Bristol

MacQuarrie, H Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2007, 72pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

In the 500m surrounding the proposed development there were two Grade I Listed Buildings. There were also 51 features listed in the Bristol HER. Based upon the archaeological data, there was considered to be a low potential for archaeological remains encountered within the bounds of the development site. Overall, there was a medium to high potential for early medieval and medieval archaeology to survive within the site boundary. There was also a high potential for post-medieval features associated with Holmwood Farm to be uncovered, which occupied the site from the 19th century. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

South Somerset

(B.54.554) ST354370178740

AIP database ID: {1757EB28-6332-4963-B42B-0DBFF503D9F9}

Parish: Ilton Postal Code: BS11 0SU

ST BEDE'S CATHOLIC COLLEGE, LONG CROSS, LAWRENCE WESTON

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of the proposed redevelopment of St. Bede's Catholic School, Lawrence Weston, Bristol

Carter, N Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2007, A4 sized document-58 pages with 11 figures, plus cover pages.

Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

The assessment identifies twenty-two individual entries within the Bristol Historic Environment database (HER) for archaeological features, chance finds, archaeological events or listed buildings within the 500m radius of the study area. The site itself contains three HER entries relating to Roman archaeological evidence and three HER entries relating to the relevant archaeological investigations conducted within the bounds of the development site. There are no Listed Buildings or Scheduled Ancient Monuments within the bounds of the development site, and the site does not lie within any Conservation Areas or Areas of Archaeological Priority. There are no Conservation Areas, Areas of Archaeological Priority, Registered Parks and Gardens, Scheduled Monuments or Listed Buildings within the 500m radius of the site. There is one Scheduled Monument (the medieval Mere Bank) approximately 800m to the northwest of the site. [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 24632, 1480015

OASIS ID :aocarcha1-47479

Caradon

(B.15.555) SX2612869514

AIP database ID: {A5A1EE08-738B-430E-A31C-B087FBB3F1C6}

Parish: St. Cleer Postal Code: PL145JP

EAST WHEAL AGAR MINE, DARITE

East Wheal Agar Mine, Darite. Impact Assessment Report

Buck, C Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 8pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

Given that the high percentage of the original above ground material above bedrock appeared to have been removed, there were no visible extant archaeological remains within the development area, and it was thought extremely unlikely that there were any buried remains. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.15.556) SX16607330

AIP database ID: {A159022A-9F0D-48CD-AC2A-256DD802F73F}

Parish: St. Neot Postal Code: PL146PZ

PARK LAKE, ST. NEOT

Park Lake, St. Neot, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Parkes, C Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 46pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

The survey indicated that the area had a significant archaeological potential. A total of 19 archaeological sites were known. These included an area where prehistoric flints may be encountered beneath the surface. Two possible prehistoric barrows were known, as well as marshy ground where a rare Roman period tin bowl was found and similar high status objects may have been buried. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

Carrick

(B.15.557) SW79953386

AIP database ID: {952CBBB5-2929-4D9E-A91C-00BA7B2F02B7}

Parish: Falmouth Postal Code: TR112TD

18-28 NORTH PARADE, FALMOUTH

18-28 North Parade, Falmouth, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Lawson-Jones, A Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 29pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

No sites of major archaeological significance have been found within the study area. There was a limited potential for survival of waterlogged deposits along the northern front of the study area. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.15.558) SW78504450

AIP database ID: {06C15469-7B63-441A-BF94-7245A4BCCFD4}

Parish: Kenwyn Postal Code: TR3 6DH

THREEMILESTONE PARK AND RIDE

Threemilestone Park and Ride, Cornwall. Updated (II) Archaeological Assessment

Taylor, S Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 41pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

Sites identified within the area included one site potentially of national importance, a barrow site, two sites of regional importance, medieval crosses and 24 sites of local importance. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.15.559) SW7213251558

AIP database ID: {D920ECFA-6A47-41F6-9205-FA10BBE1803A}

Parish: St. Agnes Postal Code: TR5 0RX

CLIFF HOLLOW, TREVAUNANCE COVE, ST. AGNES

Cliff Hollow, Trevaunance Cove, St. Agnes, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Royall, C Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 40pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

The desk-based assessment revealed that the present house was constructed in the early 20th century on the site of a 19th century processing site. The industrial features included a large building which was used as a tin dressing plant with associated buddles, possible calciner and chimney. Traces of these may have underlain the property. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.15.560) SW83795569

AIP database ID: {1B321D7E-FEF9-4A04-A4A6-C0ABEBFBD20F}

Parish: St. Newlyn East Postal Code: TR8 5LW

EAST WHEAL ROASE WASTE TRANSFER PIPELINE, ST. NEWLYN EAST

East Wheal Roase Waste Transfer pipeline, St. Newlyn East, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment Sturgess, J Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 40pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

A total of 23 sites were identified during the desk-based assessment and subsequent walkover survey. Five were Listed Buildings, seven were classed as of regional importance and ten as local importance. In addition, six extant field boundaries were identified out of the 15 which existed up until 1963, four would fall within the "historic" criteria of the Hedgerow Regulations (1997). [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.15.561) SW82704490

AIP database ID: {B245425C-2631-4B17-83DC-6E6A92B3CED9}

Parish: Truro Postal Code: TR1 2AG

PENINSULA DENTAL SCHOOL, TRURO

Peninsula Dental School, Truro, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Taylor, S Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 29pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

The assessment found that although Bronze Age features may have existed within the project area, they were unlikely to have survived given the levelling of the area for 20th century development. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.15.562) SW81504430

AIP database ID: {4ECECDF9-C808-4D23-9714-7787D8560E37}

Parish: Truro Postal Code: TR1 2TH

TRURO CITY FOOTBALL CLUB, TREYEW ROAD, TRURO

Truro City Football Club, Treyew Road, Truro, Cornwall. Archaeologial Assessment

Cole, D Truro : Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 20pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

A total of ten sites were recorded within the study area during the assessment, one of which was significant. Four of the features were the sites of 20th century structures relating to sporting activity on the site, five were removed or extant field boundaries, and a well was recorded. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

Kerrier

(B.15.563) SW67504150

AIP database ID: {DA41FA81-7D4B-4F54-A0DC-19BB63DB3289}

Parish: Carn Brea Postal Code: TR153SF

POOL HEARTLANDS

Pool Heartlands, Cornwall. Assessment of Historic Environment Assets

Sharpe, A Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 107pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

As part of the redevelopment of the settlement between Camborne and Redruth, a major initiative was proposed between Dundance Lane and Station Road in Pool. A record was made of all potential historical assets that may have been affected by adaptive reuse of Robinson's Shaft complex. Many light industrial buildings were recorded. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no Cornwall

North Cornwall

(B.15.564) SX08246665, AIP database ID: {4BFC9021-F1F6-4C1A-94EF-201632857698} SX08266665 Parish: Bodmin Postal Code: PL31 2ST, PL312ST

LAND NORTH OF PRIORY ROAD, BODMIN

Land North of Priory Road, Bodmin, Cornwall. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Armour Chelu, R & Bryant, A Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An assessment in response to proposals to develop the site for housing revealed that the potential for any extensive archaeological remains to be recovered was low. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.15.565) SX10228367

AIP database ID: {EF556769-B5EF-470E-A417-5C3FA2370803}

Parish: Camelford Postal Code: PL329UJ

CAMELFORD SCHOOL

Camelford School, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Dudley, P & Taylor, S Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 51pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

Identified extant archaeological sites within the assessment area included surviving remnant boundaries of the medieval strip field system surrounding Camelford, an earthwork which may have been the remains of a strip boundary from the system, and the remains of an enclosure associated with a nearby post-medieval small holding. A geophysical survey identified a number of features. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID :no

(B.15.566) SX09509050

AIP database ID: {B101F5F5-7EDD-4431-B65D-D78688F43D92}

Parish: Forrabury and Minster Postal Code: PL350DP

BOSCASTLE SWW

Boscastle SWW, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Taylor, S Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 34pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

A total of 11 sites were identified during the desk-based survey, and the subsequent walkover survey within the subject area. Of these sites, one was a Listed Building. Of the other sites, two were classed as of regional importance and eight as of local importance. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.15.567) SS2204610600

AIP database ID: {B67C6204-16C0-48AB-A8A4-2671F1FC238B}

Parish: Kilkhampton Postal Code: EX239HW

BINHAMY FARM, BUDE

Binhamy Farm, Bude, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Lawson-Jones, A Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 29pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

The immediate surrounding area contained some notable sites, including an enclosure site to the immediate south-east, Binhamy Castle, a medieval moated manor house and associated findspots of Romano-British copper alloy coins. There was a potential for archaeological sites and artefacts to exist within the project area. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.15.568) SW98907250

AIP database ID: {D4611E4B-103E-4C6C-9C56-A3077FC80B9F}

Parish: Wadebridge Postal Code: PL277AS

NORTH CORNWALL SPINE MAIN

North Cornwall Spine Main, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Taylor, S R Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 64pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

A total of 105 sites were identified during the desk-based survey, and the subsequent walkovers of five specific study areas. Of these, sites, four were Scheduled Ancient Monuments and one was a Grade II Listed Building. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

Penwith

(B.15.569) SW5162938664

AIP database ID: {001176B3-D252-4FD0-BCAD-1B29020165A3}

Parish: St. Ives Postal Code: TR26 2HH

STEEPLE WOOD PHASE II. LAND AROUND THE KNILL'S MONUMENT, WORVAS HILL, ST. IVES

Steeple Wood Phase II. Archaeological Assessment: Recently Cleared Land around the Knill's Monument, Worvas Hill, St. Ives

Gossip, J Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 31pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

A desk-based assessment revealed intensive local working of moorstone represented by scattered waste over the entire project area. There were limited signs of mining activity but some areas were identified

that may have contained prospecting pits, or possibly shallow shaft. Evidence for more recent use of the hill included the remains of a WWII Royal Observer Corps post. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

OASIS ID :no

Restormel

(B.15.570) SX03155124

AIP database ID: {6BC1AF10-1CA5-4E4B-A8DD-A8BF4156F351}

Parish: Crinnis Ward Postal Code: PL26 6AJ

FORMER DUPORTH HOLIDAY VILLAGE, DUPORTH ROAD, DUPORTH, ST. AUSTELL

Archaeological Assessment of the Former Duporth Holiday Village, Duporth, St. Austell

Manning, P & Gent, T Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 24pp, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

An archaeological assessment was undertaken prior to redevelopment, the outcome of which were recommendations that due to the number, character and dispersed nature of the identified sites, all groundwork within the development site, including the removal of topsoil, reduction of levels, or the excavation of trenches for building footings or services should be undertaken under the supervision of an archaeologist. A watching brief was recommended, allowing time for the adequate excavation and recording of any exposed archaeological features or deposits. Should significant archaeological deposits or remains be exposed, further investigation, possibly in the form of area excavation, may be required. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.15.571) SW8291561218

AIP database ID: {8E70B6A1-5904-4900-869F-3C9F31DD3C8F}

Parish: Newquay Postal Code: TR7 2SP

TRENCREEK, NEWQUAY

Trencreek, Newquay, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Lawson-Jones, A Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 32pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

The surrounding area contained a notable number of rounds or enclosures, indicative of prehistoric settlement there was a nearby probably barrow site. The discovery of prehistoric worked flint in a walkover survey suggested the potential for remains to exist within the project area. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PR

OASIS ID :no

(B.15.572) SX06655520

AIP database ID: {66DD7088-C879-428B-9E33-9608737FC3E6}

Parish: St. Blaise Postal Code: PL242NN

WHEAL RASHLEIGH CHINA-CLAY DRY, ST. BLAZEY

Wheal Rashleigh China-Clay Dry, St. Blazey, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Cole, D Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 52pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

The Wheal Rashleigh kilns were of national importance, with the eastern kiln being one of the best surviving early examples of this monument class. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

Exeter

(B.18.573) SX91989230

AIP database ID: {62674F5D-BA60-4FEE-B3EA-B4615F371B1C}

Parish: St. David's Ward Postal Code: EX1 1HH

TEXACO SERVICE STATION SITE, WESTERN WAY, EXETER

Texaco Service Station Site, Western Way, Exeter

Exeter Archaeology Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 20pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

The made-up ground to the south of the site would normally have protected any archaeology where not destroyed by two possible sets of petrol tanks and the inevitable underground services. However, it was thought possible that there had been terracing prior to the make-up. It was thought conceivable that more evidence of medieval ridge and furrow was present. The south-east extremity of the site overlaid the course of Coombe Street and may possibly overly pre-Saxon Exeter. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

Mid Devon

(B.18.574) SS8531510100

AIP database ID: {7F296947-7925-489D-B86A-39B1B1722621}

Parish: Cruwys Morchard Postal Code: EX16 8LR

ASH

Ash, an Ancient Estate in North Devon

Dingley, D Winkleigh: Dave Dingley, 2007, 44pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Dave Dingley

The project was a revised edition of the 2005 report, since new data came to light regarding the post-medieval development of the site. This information mostly concerned the Mallets, an aristocratic family from Somerset, and their relationship with the site and surrounding area. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.18.575) ST 0128 0730

AIP database ID: {7726595A-3FCC-43D3-A4F3-2F737BF0BD05}

Parish: Cullompton Postal Code: EX151JQ

LAND BETWEEN KNOWLE LANE AND TIVERTON ROAD, CULLOMPTON

Archaeological Assessment of Land between Knowle Land and Tiverton Road, Cullompton

Collings, A Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 9pp, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

An assessment was undertaken in July 2007 prior to redevelopment. The site lay in an area where previous archaeological work had established evidence for prehistoric and Roman activity. There was known Bronze Age activity recorded on the northern side of the Roman forts on St. Andrew's Hill, at the St. Andrew's Medical Centre site. During the medieval period the course of the former medieval town leat crossed the northern part of the site. Although now infilled, the feature may well have survived below ground, with the potential for the survival of medieval structural elements. Based on the pattern of fields shown on early maps, it was likely that the majority of the site was agricultural land during the medieval period. A single hedge bank survived within the sie, and this almost certainly respected the line of the original medieval strip field divisions, and may itself have dated from enclosure undertaken later in that period. The layout of fields within the site had changed significantly since the 19th century, and ditches associated with former medieval boundaries may also have survived. A field name may have indicated small-scale brick working in the area. There were no surface traces for this, although it was possible that below-ground evidence, such as wall foundations, industrial deposits or surfaces might have been present. On a large site such as this there may be the potential for hitherto unknown archaeological deposits to be present. The presence of in situ prehistoric

and Roman activity nearby indicated a general potential for the area to contain archaeological remains of these periods. [Au(Abr)]

OASIS ID :no

North Devon

(B.18.576) SS68621446

AIP database ID: {E3B39584-A65C-4A92-A57C-BEE1303065B9}

Parish: Chulmleigh Postal Code: EX187BN

SITE ADJACENT TO THE OLD SMITHY, SOUTH MOLTON ROAD, CHULMLEIGH

Site adjacent to The Old Smithy, South Molton Road, Chulmleigh, Devon. Results of a Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Green, TKentisbury: South West Archaeology, 2007, 22pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: South West Archaeology

The Old Smithy was part of a group of buildings that were Grade II Listed, situated in the village of Chulmleigh, created a borough in the 13th century and prospering through the wool trade, markets and cattle fairs. The Old Smithy was thought to date to some time in the 17th century. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

South Hams

(B.18.577) SX5548

AIP database ID: {34F2B3B3-D2FC-4BCC-81C8-6DD9EB8B6A48}

Parish: Newton and Noss Postal Code: PL8 1BD

NOSS MAYO

Noss Mayo Rising Main. Rapid desk-based assessment

Pearson, A F Cardiff: Andrew Pearson, 2007, Grey literature bound report, 17 pages

Work undertaken by: Andrew Pearson

A rapid desk-based assessment was undertaken for a rising main at Noss Mayo, near Plymouth, Devon. There has been no systematic study of the archaeology of this locality, but there is sufficient evidence to demonstrate human activity since later prehistoric times. The locality is well-represented in the Domesday Survey and the area is likely to have been farmed since the medieval period. Noss Mayo retains its traditional character as a small riverside settlement enveloped by a pastoral fieldscape. The study area for this project took in a buffer of 500m around the line of the rising main. Within this area there were few known sites, and none that coincided with the route of the main. The County Archaeologist did not recommend any further archaeological monitoring during construction of the rising main. [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 1464059

OASIS ID :andrewpe1-36446

(B.18.578) SX80056059

AIP database ID: {35A407C3-C82C-4100-96EA-2A8D8CC8A918}

Parish: Totnes Postal Code: TQ9 5NX

NORTH GATE LODGE

North Gate Lodge Castle Street Totnes Results of an Archaeological Desk-based Study

Green, TBarnstaple: South West Archaeology, 2007, A4 comb bound

Work undertaken by: South West Archaeology

South West Archaeology were asked to undertake a desk-based archaeological and historical assessment of a property known as Northgate Lodge, Castle Street, and Totnes where development was proposed. The site would have been outside the Saxon burh and Northgate Lodge occupies a site which

may lie within the outer bailey of the castle, and which may have been part of the later medieval or post-medieval development. Although there was possibly a post-medieval dwelling on the site, the first clear indication of the existence of the present building dates from the 1840s. It was probably built by James Gill, one-time Mayor of Totnes. [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 1480748

OASIS ID: southwes1-39188

(B.18.579) SX67745572

AIP database ID: {A16237E8-49A3-435F-A329-B3F91F40A99C}

Parish: Ugborough Postal Code: PL210NY

PARISH CHURCH OF ST. PETER, UGBOROUGH

Archaeological Assessment of Proposed Reordering Works at the Parish Church of St. Peter, Ugborough, Devon

Passmore, A J Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 11pp, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

An archaeological assessment for proposed reordering of the Church of St. Peter at Ugborough, was prepared. The church contained fabric dating from the 14th century, although it may have had a much earlier history. The church contained a Norman font and this was to be relocated as part of the reordering. Most of the boundary to the churchyard formed a banked oval enclosure, features of this type are often characteristic of late prehistoric settlement. Inside the church, below ground intrusive works would be needed where pews were to be removed and excavations would be required for new stone flags. Limited excavation may be needed under the relocated position of the Norman font. Proposed works in the churchyard included excavation of a drain and construction of a new ramp. These may impact on deposits associated with the possible early enclosure in which the church was constructed, as well as burials pre-dating the existing 19th century layout of the churchyard. In order that damage to hitherto unknown archaeological features, burials, structures or other deposits could be minimised, it was proposed that a comprehensive archaeological watching brief was undertaken during all groundwork. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

Teignbridge

(B.18.580) SX87546781

AIP database ID: {FEB0B579-139D-484F-9D9B-202DB345DA85}

Parish: Kingskerswell Postal Code: TQ125LD

KINGKERSWELL MANOR HOUSE, KINGKERSWELL

Kingkerswell Manor House, Kingkerswell, Devon. Archaeological Assessment

Humphreys, C Kentisbury: South West Archaeology, 2007, 32pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* South West Archaeology

The ruins lying to the north-west of the church at Kingkerswell were thought to be those of a manor house built by the Dinham family in the late 14th century. The early history of the site as a royal manor and its location at a cardinal point in the landscape might have suggested that, together with a chapel, a manorial residence may have existed here from an early date. It was clear from the documentary evidence that this was in existence here by 1329, when the manor was held by the family of de Moeles. The Dinhams acquired the manor around 1381, where extensions or embellishments may have occurred. By the mid-16th century the house was in a decline that continued into the 19th century, when all that was left was a ruin. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID :no

(B.18.581) SX85757167, AIP database ID: {49F84963-1A1C-482B-A876-CD5CCFD7F70F} SX85537164

Parish: Newton Abbot Postal Code: TQ12 2NF,

TQ122SH

KNOWLES HILL SCHOOL, NEWTON ABBOT

Archaeological Assessment of Proposed Redevelopment at Knowles Hill School, Newton Abbot, Devon

Ives, T & Manning, P T & Turton, S D & Weddell, P J Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007,

17pp, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

An archaeological desk based assessment was undertaken prior to redevelopment. The overall archaeological impact was considered to be relatively low. Both campus sites studied displayed evidence of terracing, which would have removed potential archaeological remains. Nevertheless, deposits or features may have survived in the least disturbed or infilled areas. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

Devon

Torridge

(B.18.582) SS46382644

AIP database ID: {14B03BAD-8DB1-427B-AD7C-058BB726BDF6}

Parish: Bideford Postal Code: EX394BA

LAND AT EAST-THE WATER, BIDEFORD

Land at East-the Water, Bideford, Devon. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Armour Chelu, R Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The lack of evidence for any substantial development was taken to mean that should any archaeological deposits be present at the site, their preservation would be good, however, this was mitigated by the root action from the scrub and trees present across the site. In light of this, no further archaeological work was recommended. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.18.583) SS4645 3033

AIP database ID: {6A679BED-10BF-42A5-8261-7F79DA7C3490}

Parish: Northam Postal Code: EX391PJ

RICHMOND DOCK, APPLEDORE

Archaeological Assessment of Richmond Dock, Appledore

Neophytou, M & Gent, T Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 10pp, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

The importance of Richmond Dock was reflected in its Grade II* Listed status. It was constructed between 1852 and 1856 as part of the expansion of shipbuilding in the area and was in use until the mid-20th century. In that time the layout within the dock was remodelled on a number of occasions. The site is now derelict, although the most important original structure, the dry dock, was largely intact and in generally good condition. This feature would be retained as part of the proposed redevelopment, and the redevelopment of the site was deemed as unlikely to have an impact on any earlier archaeological remains, such as preserved prehistoric organic deposits on the estuary floor. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.18.584) SS43002950

AIP database ID: {047243B6-1109-4E36-B37E-D0BB2A47AD1E}

Parish: Northam Postal Code: EX391SY

THE BEACH AT WESTWARD HO!

Devon Archaeological Society Proceedings No.65 2007. A Peterborough sherd from the beach at Westward Ho!

Quinnell, H & Taylor, R Exeter: Devon Archaeological Society, 2007, 3pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Exeter, RAM Museum, Exeter

A Mortlake sherd found in low tide on the beach of Westward Ho! Is the first piece of Later Neolithic pottery to be found in North Devon. The sherd was floating in a pool of sea water in exposed clay a few meters from the position of beaker sherds found by the late David Trapnell in 1992 and like these were noted during exceptionally low tide. [Sec(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: ME, NE

OASIS ID :no

Christchurch

(B.19.585) SZ18659355

AIP database ID: {E78C8A01-2E41-4D1A-B162-A5CC52F4E5F2}

Parish: West Highcliffe Ward Postal Code: BH234HZ

GRANGE ROAD, CHRISTCHURCH

Grange Road, Christchurch, Dorset

Hopkins, H Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2007, 21pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

The site was adjacent to a settlement documented in medieval times as the manor of Somerford and elements of the manorial complex survived in a series of fishponds. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID :no

Dorset

West Dorset

(B.19.586) SY76568812

AIP database ID: {F321CDD9-B194-47F0-B719-3928CA0D2009}

Parish: Crossways Postal Code: DT1 1AH

WARMWELL ROAD, CROSSWAYS

Warmwell Road, Crossways, West Dorset. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Armstrong, A Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A study area extending 600m from the site centre found 14 archaeological sites and findspots, ranging in date from the Bronze Age to the early 20th century. While the site had undergone some development, the potential for finds from the late prehistoric period was thought to be relatively unaffected. A number of features from the World War II Warmwell Airfield were also present. Further archaeological investigation was suggested. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM, MD, PR

OASIS ID :no

(B.19.587) SY68429108

AIP database ID: {7E0B11DA-6D05-4A84-B820-7B02753BB4C1}

Parish: Dorchester Postal Code: DT1 1SY

NEW OFFICE, WORKSHOP AND STORE, UNIT 9A, GROVE TRADING ESTATE, DORCHESTER

New Office, Workshop and Store, Unit 9A, Grove Trading Estate, Dorchester, Dorset. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Montangue, R & Bellamy, P Dorchester: Terrain Archaeology, 2007, 25pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Terrain Archaeology

A total of 26 archaeological sites and findspots occurred within the study area. Included were part of the eastern defences of the Iron Age hillfort. There was the potential to encounter prehistoric or Roman remains. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: IA

OASIS ID :no

Gloucestershire

Cheltenham

(B.23.588) SO97352095

AIP database ID: {77A3FEF5-344D-47BD-A073-926F84D7617C}

Parish: Charlton Kings Postal Code: GL526BJ

LAND AT GLENFALL WAY, CHARLTON KINGS

Land at Glenfall Way, Charlton Kings, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment
Blackwell, R Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

No features of archaeological interest were identified within the site and no finds or features were recorded in the vicinity. This did not suggest that there was potential for currently unrecorded features within the site, other than the now removed ridge and furrow earthworks. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.589) SO94802230

AIP database ID: {5FC7A772-41A3-4966-A85C-5AED1D7B288E}

Parish: College Ward Postal Code: GL50 1LJ

CAVENDISH HOUSE, CHELTENHAM

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Cavendish House, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire Edwards, E Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2007, 62pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

The assessment determined that the buildings that comprised Cavendish House were 19th century in origin, although the precise phasing was impossible to establish without a full building survey. The study area was assessed to have below ground archaeological potential, and had not been subjected to investigation in the past. The site was shown to have been located within the boundary of the medieval town. An archaeological evaluation was recommended. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.590) SO95302150

AIP database ID: {605F3729-1756-413D-9E4F-57529C366BF0}

Parish: College Ward Postal Code: GL53 7PX

THE FIRE STATION, KEYNSHAM ROAD, CHELTENHAM

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of The Fire Station, Keynsham Road, Cheltenham
Hickling, S Gloucester: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2007, 18pp, figs,

tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The assessment suggested that the potential for substantial archaeological remains in the study area was limited. The study area was located between two possible medieval mills and close to a possible medieval manor house, although the site itself was agricultural land until its development in the 19th century. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.591) SO94602510

AIP database ID: {7FC12CE1-D2B7-4D6B-BBD6-4764F8D66E59}

Parish: Prestbury Postal Code: GL51 9QN

HYDE FARM CROSS, CHELTENHAM

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment. Hyde Farm Cross, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire

Pugh, G & Lord, J London: CgMs, 2007, 43pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

The assessment established that the presence of a number of medieval moated sites in the area was low to moderate potential for archaeological remains from this period, however, these were likely to be confined to agricultural features and isolated moated farmsteads. Cartographic and historic evidence indicated that the study site contained the dismantled Cheltenham section of the Honeybourne Railway in the north-east corner, and the possible site of a Second World War GDA searchlight. In general, despite the low level of previous archaeological investigation, the potential of the site was not thought to be enough to constrain development. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.592) SO94402270

AIP database ID: {5E98E48F-04B5-4721-92D1-199F338FB3F8}

Parish: St. Peter's Ward Postal Code: GL503NB

FLETCHER & HAMILTON ENGINEERING WORKS, GROVE STREET, CHELTENHAM

Fletcher & Hamilton Engineering Works, Grove Street, Cheltenham. A Report on an Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Appleton-Fox, N Clun: Marches Archaeology, 2007, 10pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Marches Archaeology

The assessment found extremely negative evidence of early activity in the area, apart from a single Roman ditch in Station Street. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

OASIS ID :no

Cotswold

(B.23.593) SP02100240

AIP database ID: {D715C704-7797-4403-9978-415E64432431}

Parish: Cirencester Postal Code: GL7 2DG

6-20 SPITALGATE LANE, CIRENCESTER

6-20 Spitalgate Lane, Cirencester. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Morton, R Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 29pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

There was a known potential for Roman remains associated with the town defences at the site, although these were demonstrated to occur at some depth. The deposits were likely to be in the form of bulk ditch-fill deposits. Overlying medieval material appeared to have resulted from landscaping or similar activity. Development plans of the site are currently for the construction of a single storey office building over a ground-level car park. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.594) SP01700140

AIP database ID: {96829C0A-00AE-43AB-BF20-31CB0B22DD14}

Parish: Cirencester Postal Code: GL7 1UY

CIRENCESTER HOSPITAL, TETBURY ROAD, CIRENCESTER

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment at Cirencester Hospital, Tetbury Road, Cirencester, Gloucestershire

Stratford, E Gloucester: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2007, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The assessment indicated that there was the potential for the survival of archaeological deposits from the prehistoric to medieval periods, especially regarding the fact that the area had been little altered since the Roman period. Features from this period relating to quarrying were thought likely to be found. Further work was recommended. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.595) SP02800146

AIP database ID: {67DE2465-C1BF-4DC7-B528-4E2F154E48BD}

Parish: Cirencester Postal Code: GL7 1EU

THE GARDEN HOUSE, CIRENCESTER

The Garden House, Cirencester, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Assessment

King, R Swindon: Foundations Archaeology, 2007, 32pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Foundations Archaeology

An assessment was carried out in response to proposals to construct a single dwelling on the site. Previous archaeological investigations had determined that Roman structural remains lay beneath the foundations of the proposed build, and that archaeological deposits were present no more than 0.33m from the ground surface. Further evaluation was thought to be necessary. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.596) SU17679850

AIP database ID: {C595D252-1086-4365-85B6-DB9BDD0CF23C}

Parish: Kempsford Postal Code: GL7 4DZ

KEMPSFORD QUARRY EXTENSION, KEMPSFORD

Kempsford Quarry Extension, Kempsford, Gloucestershire

Hopkins, H Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2007, 21pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

The site was in an area of general archaeological potential with a wide range of sites, sometimes extensive and complex, of prehistoric and Roman date. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.597) ST85409100

AIP database ID: {FD44AF5B-B3F9-47CE-AB88-69A2AA3837A3}

Parish: Westonbirt with Lasborough Postal Code: GL8 8QP

LAND AT DOWN FARM, WESTONBIRT WITH LASBOROUGH

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Land at Down Farm, Westonbirt with Lasborough, Gloucestershire

Hoyle, J Gloucester: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2007, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The assessment indicated that although there were no known archaeological remains within the study area, there was potential for these to survive on the site, particularly in those parts of the study area which had not been affected by earlier groundwork. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

Forest of Dean

(B.23.598) SO69953110

AIP database ID: {7082CC80-E9DC-4218-9911-05B16E62F242}

Parish: Dymock Postal Code: GL18 2AU

LAND AT KYRLESIDE, DYMOCK

Land at Kyrleside, Dymock, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Archaeology & Planning Solutions Cirencester: Archaeology & Planning Solutions, 2007, 25pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology & Planning Solutions

The site was found to have the potential to contain significant archaeological remains. It lay within the area of the Roman and medieval predecessors to the town, and a Roman road from Dymock to Gloucester was believed to have passed through the front garden of the house. An outbuilding at the south-eastern part of the site may have been a barn that burned down in 1890. Further archaeological work was recommended. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.599) SO64700140

AIP database ID: {FB627CF3-DE04-4660-BA66-90D3429D665E}

Parish: Lydney Postal Code: GL154EW

LYDNEY HARBOUR

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Lydney Harbour, Lydney, Gloucestershire

Hickling, S Gloucester: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2007, 34pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The assessment established that it was likely that the site contained archaeological remains. These potential remains could be divided into two areas. The harbourside was likely to have remains dating to the early 19th century and later, with medieval settlement remains relating to Naas in the proposed community woodland site. Possible earlier remains may have been likely on Naas point. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.600) SO72132581

AIP database ID: {CC1D5CD8-8556-4B2E-BD77-D4527BB5EC68}

Parish: Newent Postal Code: GL181YH

9 CULVER STREET, NEWENT

9 Culver Street, Newent. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Cook, S Pebworth: 110 Archaeology, 2007, 39pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: 110 Archaeology

The assessment traced the development of the town of Newent, with possible origins in the Anglo-Saxon period. The site itself was thought to have developed throughout the 13th century and the presence of former tenement blocks was evidence that this part of the town had been planned. The site may have contained a number of timber-framed buildings and a tannery. The land to the rear of the site was bordered by a brook and appeared to have remained as open pasture until its modern day use as gardens. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

Gloucester

(B.23.601) SO86402010

AIP database ID: {835F1401-E341-4ECB-B719-9365268962BB}

Parish: Longlevens Ward Postal Code: GL3 1AF

CHELTENHAM ROAD EAST, ELMBRIDGE

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Land at Cheltenham Road East, Elmbridge, Gloucester

Stratford, E Gloucester: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2007, 27pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

An assessment of the site established that whilst modern developments had disturbed much of the site, possible archaeological deposits dating from the prehistoric to post-medieval periods may have survived within the study area. Archaeological field evaluation was recommended to determine whether this was the case. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

Stroud

(B.23.602) SO88901340

AIP database ID: {DF3639F7-8A0B-4115-B55A-CB50F2C3A654}

Parish: Cranham Postal Code: GL4 8HB

LAND AT BUCKHOLT, CRANHAM

Land at Buckholt, Cranham, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Blackwell, R & Stoten, G Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Despite the proximity of the site to the possibly Iron Age High Brotheridge earthwork complex, no evidence for archaeological features were identified within the site. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.603) SO775055

AIP database ID: {E5CC6A66-DD37-4BCE-AE10-8046C79AB2F7}

Parish: Eastington Postal Code: GL10 3BN

EASTINGTON PARK FARM, EASTINGTON

Eastington Park Farm, Eastington, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Stoten, G Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 23pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Cotswold Archaeology

A desk-based assessment found that the site was within an area of unregistered former parkland associated with Eastington Park, a Grade II Listed country house which was 40m to the southeast of the site. Seven mature trees which are likely to have been part of the parkland planting remains within the site, five of which are to be retained in the current scheme. The site was covered by the Stroud Industrial Heritage Conservation Area. Historic aerial photographs show that north-western and southeastern areas of the site were once covered by ridge and furrow earthworks of probable medieval date. Unstratified sherds of Roman pottery were recovered to the south-east of the site but his material was presumed to have come from further up the slope, to the north and north-east. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: RO

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.604) SO76500671

AIP database ID: {4DF2F7ED-B72A-4651-AC7B-C7F43C0092AB}

Parish: Frampton on Severn Postal Code: GL2 7PE

THE MIDDLE FIELD, PERRY WAY, FRAMPTON-ON-SEVERN

The Middle Field, Perry Way, Frampton on Severn, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Thomas, A Cirencester: Archaeology & Planning Solutions, 2007, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology & Planning Solutions

No known archaeological remains were found to have existed within the study area, apart from slight ridge and furrow earthworks. However, this was probably due to the lack of investigations, as the surrounding area was representative of a well-preserved prehistoric landscape. It was thought that features may cut through the natural gravel of the site and would be destroyed by any quarrying, and as a result further investigation was recommended. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.605) SO79301080

AIP database ID: {B4826161-CF18-41F2-9B30-3D3C350C2C1B}

Parish: Haresfield Postal Code: GL2 7NH

BROADFIELD FARM, HARESFIELD

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of land at Broadfield Farm, Haresfield, Gloucestershire Hickling, S Gloucester: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2007, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The assessment showed that there was potential for archaeological remains to be found at the site. An aerial photograph demonstrated the presence of a possible settlement predating the medieval open field, of a possible Iron Age date. The site was subjected to enclosure in the post-medieval period, resulting in an increasingly dispersed settlement as landowners moved their residencies away from villages into positions more central to their land holdings. Further archaeological investigation was thought to be required. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.606) SO80200319

AIP database ID: {377A868E-6B22-4AEA-B64F-F987450CD14F}

Parish: Leonard Stanley Postal Code: GL10 3HB

PRIORY FARM, CHURCH ROAD, LEONARD STANLEY

Priory Farm, Church Road, Leonard Stanley, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Thomas, A Cirencester: Archaeology & Planning Solutions, 2007, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology & Planning Solutions

The study area lay immediately adjacent to part of the Scheduled Ancient Monument of the medieval priory of Leonard Stanley. The excavation of at least three pipe trenches to cross part of this site as part of the conversion of an agricultural building would require Scheduled Monument Consent. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.607) SO84640026

AIP database ID: {19026B12-91AE-4A12-B0D2-AE7F74321AA6}

Parish: Nailsworth Postal Code: GL6 0AZ

DUNKIRK MILLPONDS, NAILSWORTH

Dunkirk Millponds, Nailsworth, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Thomas, A Cirencester: Archaeology & Planning Solutions, 2007, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology & Planning Solutions

Dunkirk Millponds were constructed in c.1830, probably as a single pond, in order to increase and ensure the water supply for the mills. This construction was likely to have damaged any previous remains. The proposed works would inflict minimal damage on the archaeological resource. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.608) ST76409640

AIP database ID: {DA3027B0-00BB-44F5-BF89-BEBEFA32937C}

Parish: North Nibley Postal Code: GL116AD

WHITEWAY HILL, NORTH NIBLEY

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment at Whiteway Hill, North Nibley, Gloucestershire

Hickling, S Gloucester: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2007, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The assessment established that the potential for archaeological remains to be present within the study area was unknown. There was thought to be some potential, especially for prehistoric remains, to be present. Further work was recommended. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.609) SO85300470

AIP database ID: {EFA11E1A-7108-4B34-8F9B-5B24C6F535F4}

Parish: Stroud Postal Code: GL5 2AP

CAPELS MILL, STROUD

Capels Mill, Stroud, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Vallender, J & Hickling, S Gloucester: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2007, 28pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The study of available sources indicated that there was little clear evidence for archaeological activity on the site predating Capels Mill. The first known mill at the site dated to c.1513, however, it was unknown to what extent structures from this date had survived. The mill expanded across the site until 1923-26, when it was demolished and used as a waste tip. It was possible that archaeological layers may have survived within peat layers at the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.610) ST76109340

AIP database ID: {475F5F5D-614F-4707-8768-0D53B9106CD0}

Parish: Wotton-under-Edge Postal Code: GL127LX

POTTERS POND, WOTTON-UNDER-EDGE

Potters Pond, Wotton-under-Edge, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment (Baseline Survey)

Kenyon, D & Morton, R Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Cotswold Archaeology

A desk-based assessment found there were no overriding cultural heritage constraints to development within the site. Two parts of the site were within a Conservation Area. Whilst it was thought it was conceivable that unrecorded medieval settlement occurred within the site, the topographic situation suggested this was unlikely. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

Tewk esbury

(B.23.611) SO86902190

AIP database ID: {41850B54-F233-4295-A6BE-A589B1448BF8}

Parish: Churchdown Postal Code: GL3 1LY

BRICKHAMPTON COURT FARM, CHURCHDOWN

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Land at Brickhampton Court Farm, Churchdown, Gloucestershire

Stratford, E Gloucester: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2007, 15pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The assessment indicated that while modern development had disturbed parts of the site, possible archaeological deposits dating from the prehistoric to medieval periods had the potential to exist within the study area. Archaeological field evaluation would help to ascertain the presence or absence of any remains. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.612) SO9714526629, AIP database ID: {68ECA596-2B12-4BB3-9ACA-4E84C4D49539} SO9832026723 Parish: Southam Postal Code: GL523PX, GL524PU

SEVERN TRENT ASSET RENEWAL, WOODMANCOTE, BISHOPS CLEEVE

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment for Severn Trent Asset Renewal, Woodmancote, Bishops Cleeve, Gloucestershire

May, R Sheffield: ARCUS, 2007, 36pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: ARCUS

The proposed pipeline route lay within an area in which a large amount of archaeological remains had been recorded. The known sites consisted of Iron Age settlement remains on Cleeve Common, a Romano-British settlement at Haymes, excavated in advance of construction of the existing booster station and a covered reservoir, a medieval settlement and cultivation remains. The site mainly lay on the higher ground, and appeared to have been cultivated in the prehistoric, Roman and medieval periods, but had since been used for pasture and orchards. Gambles Lane and a lane predating the B4632 may have originated in the medieval period or earlier. Possible medieval settlements were listed on the Historic Environment Record at Haymes and to the north, within the proposed pipeline route. The majority of sites to be impacted by the proposed pipeline and new booster station were of local archaeological significance, mainly consisting of medieval ridge and furrow and communication routes. Remains associated with medieval and Iron Age settlements could have been of regional significance. A watching brief was recommended for the entire route, with more detailed strip and record in the sensitive areas. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.23.613) SO88403590

AIP database ID: {DEFDF2D1-6836-42A1-83B5-B312C21FC8A7}

Parish: Twyning Postal Code: GL206EQ

PAGE'S LANE, TWYNING

Page's Lane, Twyning, Gloucestershire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Thomas, A Cirencester: Archaeology & Planning Solutions, 2007, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeology & Planning Solutions

No known archaeological sites were present within the study area, however, this may have been due to a lack of investigation. There was a record of an undated rectangular enclosure in a field directly east of the application area, whilst another was recorded to the west. A probable medieval enclosure was also recorded to the west. This suggested a potential for unknown archaeological remains to be buried at the

site, and as a result a programme of geophysical survey followed by targeted trial trenching was recommended. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

North Somerset

North Somerset UA

(B.69.614) ST46657360

AIP database ID: {69F2FBD7-8575-498F-AAFC-4C715E247AF1}

Parish: Clapton-in-Gordano Postal Code: BS207RJ

CLAPTON COURT, CLAPTON-IN-GORDANO

Clapton Court, Clapton-in-Gordano, North Somerset. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Blackwell, R Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 31pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

There was generally a limited potential for currently unrecorded archaeological remains within the site. Romano-British features were observed during the construction of the M5, directly to the south of the site, and consequently there was some potential for associated remains within the site. Clapton Court, the Church of St. Michael and All Angels and the Entrance Archway are Listed Buildings of national importance. The Court and Church are of medieval origin but there is no recorded evidence of settlement around the manorial focus. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.69.615) ST46596990

AIP database ID: {9AD60570-31F1-4DA6-B248-73441106582A}

Parish: Nailsea Postal Code: BS484FB

THE TITHE BARN, ST. MARY'S GROVE, NAILSEA

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of The Tithe Barn, St. Mary's Grove, Nailsea, North Somerset

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 40pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The original building (Grade II* Listed) was considered to date to the fifteenth century. The building was used as a school in the first half of the nineteenth century. The barn was of a modest side when compared to the great monastic tithe barns known elsewhere. The potential existed for significant archaeological features and deposits dating to the prehistoric, Roman and post-medieval periods within the burial environment of the study area. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 2007/22

OASIS ID :no

(B.69.616) ST37366290

AIP database ID: {E1881ABB-B0B8-466B-9BCD-B06B026984F1}

Parish: St. Georges Postal Code: BS227SA

THE RIDINGS, ST. GEORGES, WESTON-SUPER-MARE

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment The Ridings, St. Georges, Weston-super-Mare

Pugh, G & Heard, H London: CgMs, 2007, 19pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

There was a high potential for late prehistoric and Roman archaeology across the site with a moderate to high potential for medieval and early medieval archaeology in the eastern section. A disused post-medieval barn occupied the study site and this was likely to be the structure first depicted on the 1885 Ordnance Survey map. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 2008/02

OASIS ID :no

(B.69.617) ST30956234

AIP database ID: {7024924E-8D83-4DF2-BC57-88F32DE57117}

Parish: Weston-super-Mare Postal Code: BS23 2EW

LAND ADJACENT TO NUMBERS 210 UPPER KEWSTOKE ROAD, WESTON-**SUPER-MARE**

Desk-based Assessment of Land adjacent to Numbers 210 Upper Kewstoke Road, Weston-super-Mare, North Somerset

Mercian Archaeology Worcester: Mercian Archaeology, 2007, 29pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Mercian Archaeology

There was a minimal potential for survival or presence of buried archaeological remains or deposits on the site dating from before the 19th century. There was evidence for prehistoric and Roman activity some 120m to the east but this was likely to be contained within, or close to, the area now defined as the Scheduled Ancient Monument of Worlbury Hillfort. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2008/13

OASIS ID :no Plymouth

Plymouth UA

(B.72.618) SX49306190

AIP database ID: {873A7A1A-632A-40DD-91FE-67C9EFD742E3}

Parish: Southway Ward Postal Code: PL6 7BP

BELLIVER INDUSTRIAL ESTATE

Extension to Belliver Industrial Estate, Plymouth, Devon

Waterman CPM London: Waterman CPM, 2007, 21pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Waterman CPM

No previous archaeological works were recorded within the site itself or within the study area. Devonport Leat ran across the eastern part of the study area. It was constructed in the 1790s to channel drinking water to the Navy (who could take as much as they wanted) and the local population (who were only allowed to take water one hour a day). Belliver Reservoir, associated with the leat, was build in the late 1890s to hold water for supply to towns downstream. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

Mendip

(B.40.619)ST7791447790

AIP database ID: {8348E577-54C2-4523-B296-9CB98DCC5501}

Parish: Frome Postal Code: BA11 1PY

GARSDALE, FROME

Garsdale, Frome, Somerset. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The site was found to have been extensively developed, and as a result little in the way of archaeological remains were thought to be present. A Grade II Listed Building was present on the site, and would be retained as part of the development. A watching brief was recommended. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

Somerset

Sedgemoor

(B.40.620) ST24404050

AIP database ID: {E97D602C-AB17-47A5-9FA0-0307517756C2}

Parish: Cannington Postal Code: TA5 2QF

CASTLE HILL QUARRY, CANNINGTON

Castle Hill Quarry, Cannington, Somerset. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Morton, R & Blackwell, R Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 23pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

A desk-based assessment found that the site was to the west of Cannington Camp, an Iron Age hillfort and a Scheduled Monument. There were no archaeological remains within the site, although several currently undated quarry hollows and mounds were identified during the site inspection. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID :no

South Somerset

(B.40.621) ST48052880

AIP database ID: {DA24B48E-8EAB-4DD9-89CB-6BA598211B85}

Parish: Somerton Postal Code: TA116SD

NORTHFIELD FARM, SOMERTON

Northfield Farm, Somerton, Somerset. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Blackwell, R Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 19pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

A Grade II Listed Building was situated within the south-eastern corner of the site. Post-medieval and modern activity focused in this part of the site. The south-eastern area of the site is part of a designated Area of High Archaeological Potential. Three sites and two findspots of Roman date were recorded within the study area, indicating a general level of Roman activity in the area although there was no direct evidence of Roman activity within the site itself. Saxon and medieval activity was focused outside of the site. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

South Gloucestershire

(B.79.622) ST7269982274, AIP database ID: {236CAE03-F520-41B3-881C-CCB58EA3FB7F} ST7255582555 Parish: Sodbury Postal Code: BS17 6BD,

BS176BJ

BARNHILL QUARRY AND NO. 37 HIGH STREET, CHIPPING SODBURY

Barnhill Quarry and No. 37 High Street, Chipping Sodbury, South Gloucestershire. Archaeological Assessment

Heaton, M Warminster: Michael Heaton, 2007, 20pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Michael Heaton

A desk-based assessment suggested that the former quarry and its landscaped margins were unlikely to encompass significant archaeological deposits of an interpretable form, but that the curtilage of No. 37 High Street was likely to encompass interpretable in situ deposits of medieval and post-medieval date including, possibly, the medieval manor house and outlying burials of the parish cemetery. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 18244, 18243

OASIS ID :no

(B.79.623) ST61707940

AIP database ID: {6D9517D1-B49A-458F-BAB1-87FFD5553382}

Parish: Stoke Gifford Postal Code: BS34 8SF

LAND AT FILTON HIGH SCHOOL, STOKE GIFFORD

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Land at Filton High School, Stoke Gifford, South Gloucestershire

Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 41pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The evidence examined suggested that the study area was used for agricultural purposes up until the time it was developed for the Filton High School in the late 1950s. Evidence for possible agricultural features and World War II anti-landing ditches on the study area was found during a rapid walkover survey. The archaeological monitoring of geotechnical pits on the study area revealed no features or deposits of archaeological interest. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 18172

OASIS ID :no Swindon

Swindon UA

(B.84.624) SU16118986

AIP database ID: {C384C8B0-2BFE-4B66-BCC9-4165ADEA4A11}

Parish: Blunsdon St Andrew Postal Code: SN255DN

LAND AT KINGSDOWN, NORTH EAST SWINDON

Land at Kingsdown, North East Swindon, Wiltshire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Bryant, A Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

Previous archaeological investigations within the site and surrounding area had recorded archaeological remains and deposits dating from the Neolithic to medieval periods, with extensive remains from the Iron Age/Roman period found close to the site. It was thought likely that any remains would be well preserved and at least of local to regional importance. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.84.625) SU17499053

AIP database ID: {59084E43-11E8-4272-8185-AE9E4D6E1DA4}

Parish: Stanton Fitzwarren Postal Code: SN6 7SA

THE STABLES, STANTON FITZWARREN

The Stables, Stanton Fitzwarren, Wiltshire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Blackwell, R Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

There was a low potential for currently unrecorded below-ground archaeological remains within the site. Roman activity in the area focused on a villa to the south of the site. A linear earthwork observed during the site visit, and on the aerial photographs, running west from the site, was interpreted as the remains of a post-medieval trackway. The development proposals involved the conversion of a derelict building to a holiday let. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.84.626) SU18008810

AIP database ID: {893FA775-5DBB-4C44-B561-DE7C31F51EBE}

Parish: Stratton St Margaret Postal Code: SN3 4TZ

HONDA, SWINDON

Honda, Swindon, Wiltshire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

The Environmental Dimension Partnership Cirencester: The Environmental Dimension Partnership, 2007, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: The Environmental Dimension Partnership

An assessment was carried out and found that the site had the potential to contain archaeological remains from the Iron Age, Roman and medieval periods. Further work was recommended to ensure that any remains would not be compromised. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2007.121

OASIS ID :no
Torbay

Torbay UA

(B.87.627) SX9249856203

AIP database ID: {AF7602D8-62FF-41FB-9496-4ADEE218D914}

Parish: Berry Head-with-Furzeham Ward Postal Code: TQ5 8EL

PUMPING HOUSE SITE, MIDDLE STREET, LOWER BRIXHAM

Archaeological Assessment of the Pumping House Site, Middle Street, Lower Brixham

Manning, P Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 9pp, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

An assessment was undertaken on a proposed development site. The extent of any disturbance to potential archaeological features or deposits at the lower end of the site was deemed to be limited to the depth of the foundations, and any service trenches. Within the higher south-western part of the site the ground would be disturbed to a depth of c. 2.5m, plus foundations, in order to create a level site. This area would appear to have the greatest potential for the survival of archaeological features. It was suggested further potential archaeological features or deposits may also be encountered outside the footprint of the site during the excavation of trenches for the provision of services. Excavations within Middle Street could expose remains of former buildings associated with the earlier street layout and any works to the east and west could expose remains of early buildings, or features associated with the former creek. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.87.628) SX93036538

AIP database ID: {056463F3-1782-4D82-AC57-61B616CE8855}

Parish: St. Marychurch Ward Postal Code: TQ1 3LX

CARY ARMS, GLEN HOTEL & BEACH CAFÉ SITES, BEACH ROAD, BABBACOMBE, TORQUAY

Archaeological Assessment of a Proposed Redevelopment at Cary Arms, Glen hotel & Beach Café Sites, Beach Road, Babbacombe, Torquay, Devon

Best, J Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 24pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

An assessment of three sites of the proposed redevelopment at Beach Road were located within an area of 19th century development. The presence of fisheries along this part of the coast was first recorded in the Doomsday Survey of 1086. Medieval occupation was concentrated along the base of the cliff, in the form of a cellar settlement. Most of the permanently occupied fishing village along the south coast developed during the late 15th and the first half of the 16th century. Development in the area of Cary Arms and the Glen Hotel was likely to have taken place in the early to mid 19th century when the village became established as a seaside resort. Structures were recorded within all of the sites since at least 1840. Should intact archaeological remains survive at any of these three proposed sites it was considered there they were likely to be highly localised in extent. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

Kennet

(B.46.629) SU0049561695

AIP database ID: {AD2F8A0C-219D-4861-96D1-F32F9AA82032}

Parish: Devizes Postal Code: SN101EG

COMMERCIAL ROAD, DEVIZES

Commercial Road, Devizes, Wiltshire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Blackwell, R Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 28pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

The projected line of the town defences was along the northern edge of the site. There was some potential for medieval settlement remains within the site although it was likely that post-medieval and modern development impacted to a high degree any such deposits. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.46.630) SU00426126

AIP database ID: {283C9658-FBB5-4A62-A084-C39EC86F397E}

Parish: Devizes Postal Code: SN10 1BX

LAND AT THE FORMER LIBERAL CLUB, ST. JOHN'S COURT, DEVIZES

Land at The Former Liberal Club, St. John's Court, Devizes, Wiltshire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Bryant, A Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 25pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A desk-based assessment was carried out in order to inform the preliminary assessment of the site as part of a future planning application for the construction of two town house dwellings with parking. Overall, there was considered to be an increased potential for the presence of buried archaeological remains of a medieval/post-medieval date within the site boundary, due to its location in a Conservation Area. The presence of such remains would probably preclude the presence of any earlier archaeology, although this could not be entirely discounted. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.46.631) SU20506825

AIP database ID: {B5312E6D-8928-4899-86DC-AE03A35CCCB1}

Parish: Savernake Postal Code: SN8 3HW

FURZE COPPICE, MARLBOROUGH

Furze Coppice, Marlborough, Wiltshire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

The Environmental Dimension Partnership Cirencester: The Environmental Dimension Partnership, 2007, 26pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: The Environmental Dimension Partnership

A desk-based assessment carried out on the house and gardens showed evidence for above ground remains in the form of a rectangular or sub-rectangular enclosure preserved as an earthwork to the north-east of the house, in dense rhododendron scrub. An area of large pit-type earthworks and uneven ground were located in the north-western corner of the site, and close to the southern boundary a former post-medieval marl pit was recorded. Below ground remains related to a former linear earthwork. The main enclosure was recommended to be preserved. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2007.036 Archaeological periods represented: UD, PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.46.632) SU15175435

AIP database ID: {33A5F4BF-CB86-48A0-8BD6-178ED338FE5B}

Parish: Upavon Postal Code: SN9 6NT

WATCHKEEPER UAV, UPAVON AIRFIELD

Watchkeeper UAV, Upavon Airfield, Wiltshire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Powell, A Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 27pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An assessment was carried out in advance of the development of a new runway at the site, which was located within a rich archaeological landscape. 34 features of interest were noted within the study area, including settlement activity and funerary monuments. Thorough archaeological investigation including geophysical survey was recommended. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2007.126

OASIS ID :no

North Wiltshire

(B.46.633) SU02607250

AIP database ID: {67B0A7A8-B4E9-453B-9B5E-BC10632C81C9}

Parish: Compton Bassett Postal Code: SN11 8RD

FREETH FARM, CALNE

Freeth Farm, Calne, Wiltshire

Hopkins, H Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2007, 22pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

The presence of Mesolithic and Neolithic finds in the vicinity of the site, and actually on the site itself, along with the presence of a Scheduled Monument alongside, suggested that it was an area of archaeological interest. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.46.634) SU0726084004

AIP database ID: {2D21B8B3-C0BC-48E3-BEB4-7A58ADDF53E9}

Parish: Lydiard Tregoze Postal Code: SN4 7JB

WOOTTON BASSETT SPORTS HUB SITE B

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment. Wootton Bassett Sports Hub Site B, Wiltshire

Pugh, G & Lord, J London: CgMs, 2007, 36pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

An assessment found no known archaeological remains within the confines of the study area. The majority of fields in this study area had been subject to ploughing likely to have truncated any archaeological remains. However, this activity may not have resulted in total destruction and as a result, further archaeological work was recommended. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2007.124

OASIS ID :no

(B.46.635) SU0726982898

AIP database ID: {8ADED763-9307-4650-9492-4187E59D3492}

Parish: Wootton Bassett Postal Code: SN4 8AY

RYLANDS WAY, WOOTON BASSETT

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment. Rylands Way, Wooton Bassett, Wiltshire

Pugh, G & Lord, J London: CgMs, 2007, 38pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: CgMs

An assessment was carried out and concluded that the site had a low potential for significant activity for all periods, indicating that archaeological deposits were unlikely to be affected by the development. No further work was recommended. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2007.123

OASIS ID :no Wiltshire

Salisbury

(B.46.636) SU13412827

AIP database ID: {ACDE5A4F-850C-4680-A294-7E1C7D571071}

Parish: Britford Postal Code: SP2 8BZ

CORNWORTHY, OLD BLANDFORD ROAD, SALISBURY

Cornworthy, Old Blandford Road, Salisbury. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Reeves, P Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 15pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A desk-based assessment revealed that the original topsoil and subsoil had been removed, and as a result there was a low to zero potential for the presence of archaeological remains. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.46.637) SU14703650

AIP database ID: {2C45AD3F-672A-4D01-8FAC-5C8BA975D9E4}

Parish: Durnford Postal Code: SP4 6AT

LAND NEAR HIGH POST, GREAT DURNFORD

Land Near High Post, Great Durnford, Wiltshire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Jordan, C Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 18pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

A single undated linear cropmark was recorded within the site from aerial photographs. This may have related to a wider system of prehistoric land division. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID :no

(B.46.638) SU09652845

AIP database ID: {36F3DC3C-689E-4A89-BEE3-013785C63E3F}

Parish: Netherhampton Postal Code: SP2 8PN

SALISBURY RACECOURSE, NETHERHAMPTON

Salisbury Racecourse, Netherhampton, Wiltshire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Blackswell, R Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

The archaeological potential of the site was considered to be low. The focus of prehistoric, Roman and Anglo-Saxon activity in the study area appears to be located to the south-east of the site, where four Bronze Age round barrows are situated. The racecourse was just beyond the south-eastern corner of Grade I Registered Wilton Park. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(B.46.639) SU02704700

AIP database ID: {D7F5BD70-60CC-4F1C-8916-D926E634AC45}

Parish: Tilshead Postal Code: SP3 4SG

SALISBURY PLAIN TRAINING AREA, PROPOSED EASTERN ACCESS TRACK

Salisbury Plain Training Area, Proposed Eastern Access Track. Built Heritage Review

White, PSalisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 6pp, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A built heritage survey was carried out to inform an Environmental Statement for the proposed access track. It was concluded that the track would no have an impact on the setting of the Listed Buildings, due to the character and existing settings of the buildings combined with their distance from the proposed track. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2007.053 Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(B.46.640) SU02704700

AIP database ID: {7309087F-03F7-4879-8986-97BFD621ACFA}

Parish: Tilshead Postal Code: SP3 4SG

SALISBURY PLAIN TRAINING AREA, PROPOSED EASTERN ACCESS TRACK

Salisbury Plain Training Area, Proposed Eastern Access Track. Historic Hedgerow Review White, PSalisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 9pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

A survey of the hedgerows within the proposed development area was carried out. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2007.052

OASIS ID :no

West Wiltshire

(B.46.641) ST85745758

AIP database ID: {AF6B93E4-CCD1-4AC2-AC1A-5425BC4D81A4}

Parish: Trowbridge Postal Code: BA147AT

CRADLE BRIDGE, TROWBRIDGE

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment of Land at Cradle Bridge, Trowbridge

Dufton, A London: L-P: Archaeology, 2007, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: L-P: Archaeology

An assessment determined that although part of the site fell into an Area of Archaeological Interest, the archaeological potential was low. $[Au(a\phi)]$

SMR primary record number: 2007.114

OASIS ID :no

(B.46.642) ST85525763

AIP database ID: {9B01A673-CBA1-43F0-AC08-36E372870C9C}

Parish: Trowbridge Postal Code: BA148BA

WATERSIDE DEVELOPMENT, COUNTY HALL CAMPUS, TROWBRIDGE

Waterside Development, County Hall Campus, Trowbridge, Wiltshire. Archaeological Desk-based Assessment

Skittrell, S & White, P Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The assessment indicated that the potential for the discovery of archaeological remains at the site was low, partly due to its location outside the medieval core of the town. No further archaeological work was recommended. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no