West Midlands Birmingham Area

Birmingham

(C.06.1951) SP11209207

AIP database ID: {09C5E460-D1F4-4134-A624-AA1F1CA5B5C5}

Parish: Erdington Ward Postal Code: B24 9HS

LAND TO THE NORTH OF 4, ORPHANAGE ROAD, ERDINGTON

Land to the North of 4, Orphanage Road, Erdington, Birmingham, Report on an Archaeological Evaluation

Marches Archaeology Clun: Marches Archaeology, 2007, 23pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Marches Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out at the site and revealed no medieval activity. There were signs of cultivation probably indicating that this was arable land before the first development. The earliest finds were from the early 19th century. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(C.06.1952) SP04957889

AIP database ID: {0AB6F2B9-5518-4817-883B-CC8AAEDC52B2}

Parish: Kings Norton Ward Postal Code: B38 8RS

86 THE GREEN, KINGS NORTON

86 The Green, Kings Norton Archaeological Excavation 2007

 $Burrows, B \& Colls, K \qquad Edgbaston: Birmingham\ Archaeology\,, 2007, 25pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs$

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation revealed a relatively low level of archaeological activity. A post-medieval structure, consisting of a wall and a cobbled surface, were encountered. Shallow pits and post holes were exposed with post-medieval finds. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, PM

OASIS ID :no

(C.06.1953) SP05337761

AIP database ID: {FC89A1E0-0164-4F92-BF90-DD8D42DD1C4A}

Parish: Kings Norton Ward Postal Code: B38 9HA

LONGDALES ROAD, KINGS NORTON

Longsdales Road, Kings Norton

Burrows, B Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 17pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

The work comprised trial-trenching adjoining the frontage of Icknield Street, and a small-scale salvage recording exercise adjoining an area excavated in 2006. Previous work identified a double-ditched enclosure complex possibly associated with animal husbandry, located to the rear of the Roman road frontage. Closer to the road frontage was evidence of ditch plot divisions and other ditches. Occupation of this roadside area was dated from the early/mid 2nd century to the late 3rd/early 4th century. The 2007 trial-trenching identified pebble surfaces alongside the Roman road frontage, similar to those identified by fieldwork further to the north during 2006. No other Roman, or possibly Roman features were encountered. The salvage recording provided an opportunity to further examine a ring gully and adjoining ditched plot boundary, first investigated in 2006. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, RO

OASIS ID :birmingh2-36238

(C.06.1954) SP04987876

AIP database ID: {17C2C81D-BE1E-455D-B681-4BFACAA753EF}

Parish: Kings Norton Ward Postal Code: B38 9AZ

SARACEN'S HEAD, KINGS NORTON, BIRMINGHAM

Archaeological Investigations at the Saracen's Head, Kings Norton, Birmingham, 2005-2007

Charles, M, Duncan, M & Hislop, M Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 76pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

Three areas were archaeologically investigated in 2006, the courtyard, the entrance passage from the green, and a small area on the eastern frontage of the north range. The former hall and cross passage areas inside the north range were investigated in 2007. A number of Roman pottery sherds were recovered, and the earliest feature was a large ditch from the early 13th century. The excavation demonstrated that at least three timber structures existed on the site in this period. These remains included a 3m wide building of earth-fast post construction, the remnants of a sill beam slot and a stone plinth and a third building, which was also likely to have been timber framed. There was evidence of associated domestic cooking activities of the same date. Deposits edging the area were well paved with a pebble surface. A second medieval phase was contemporary with the construction of the existing timber-framed buildings on the site which date from the late 15th / early 16th century. A cobbled yard surface also dated from this period, and, inside the north range, there was evidence for the composition of the floors including the remnants of cobbling within the cross passage and stamped earth in the hall, where there were also a number of contemporary ceramic tiles in situ. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, RO, PM, UD

OASIS ID :birmingh2-36136

(C.06.1955) SP08008730

AIP database ID: {083BF7AA-01BE-496B-9963-14B30CCD22A2}

Parish: Nechells Ward Postal Code: B4 7RL

ASHTED PUMPING STATION, BELMONT & BELMONT ROW GLASSWORKS, AT THE PROPOSED TECHNOLOGY PARK, EASTSIDE

Archaeological Excavation of Ashted Pumping Station, Belmont and Belmont Row Glassworks, At the Proposed Technology Park, Eastside, Birmingham

Peachey, M Sleaford : Archaeological Project Services, 2008, 79pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeological Project Services

An archaeological excavation was carried out at the site and revealed remains of the both glassworks and established the extent of the pumping station. Finds included fragments of glassmaking crucibles, pottery and bricks. In addition to evidence of glassmaking there were indications of pottery manufacture and possible metal working. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :archaeol1-36373

(C.06.1956) SP078870

AIP database ID: {A0E71C6E-F2ED-463F-859B-3133D1DADB17}

Parish: Nechells Ward Postal Code: B5 5RH

BELMONT ROW GLASS WORKS AND ASHTED PUMPING STATION, EASTSIDE, BIRMINGHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation of the Former Belmont Glassworks, The Belmont

Richards, G Leicester: University of Leicester Archaeological Services, 2007, A4, 19 pages, 9 figs., 6 plates

Work undertaken by: University of Leicester Archaeological Services

University of Leicester Archaeological Services were commissioned to undertake an archaeological evaluation of a number of sites of potential archaeological significance adjacent to Belmont Row and Lawley Street Middleway, Eastside, Birmingham. An archaeological desk-based assessment had

identified the potential for earth fast archaeological remains within the proposed development area. A total of nine trenches were excavated across the extent of the proposed development area. Four of these targeted remains associated with the Belmont Row Glassworks while, another four targeted the Belmont Glassworks while the final trench was within and around the Ashted Pumping Station. All three sites are of importance to in the study of Birmingham's industrial past. All of the three areas contained archaeological ly significant deposits relating to both the glassworks and evidence suggests that the pumping station. Evidence from the latter suggests that it is in a potentially good state of preservation. [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 1459087 Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :universi1-32069

(C.06.1957) SP07498655

AIP database ID: {5BD6346F-B4D6-4309-B306-B0FF15DBFF64}

Parish: Nechells Ward Postal Code: B5 5TD

DIGBETH COLD STORE

Digbeth Cold Store, Birmingham An Archaeological Evaluation

Duncan, M Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2008, 44pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out at the site. A sequence of waterlain deposits including 12th-13th century pottery were encountered on the site. Later a boundary ditch which probably went out of use in the 13th century and a group of medieval pits and post holes were encountered. During the medieval and post-medieval period the site was used for tanning with evidence of tanning pits containing 16th-17th century pottery. Later a 19th century brick built structure was encountered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

OASIS ID :no

(C.06.1958) SP07508700

AIP database ID: {1687F9FB-38C0-410F-945A-863BD3B10D3F}

Parish: Nechells Ward Postal Code: B5 5LJ

LAND ADJACENT TO PARK STREET GARDENS, BIRMINGHAM

An Archaeological Evaluation of Land Adjacent to Park Street Gardens, Birmingham

Richards, G Leicester: University of Leicester Archaeological Serviœs, 2007, 10pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Leicester Archaeological Services

An evaluation was carried out in an attempt to locate a possible medieval boundary ditch/watercourse identified on early mapping. Trenches uncovered evidence of extensive cellaring across the entire site. The only area of potential archaeological significance was towards the southern end of the proposed development area where evidence of buried soils and a post-medieval ditch were uncovered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

OASIS ID :universi1-32177

(C.06.1959) SP08108614

AIP database ID: {0F0169C9-64DD-49DF-8F37-4AD195989855}

Parish: Nechells Ward Postal Code: B12 0NH

SITE 5, WARWICK STREET, BIRMINGHAM

Site 5, Warwick Street, Birmingham An Archaeological Evaluation

Burrows, B Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 17pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation followed the completion of a desk-based assessment. A total of three trenches were excavated. No evidence of medieval or early post-medieval deposits or structures was recorded. The natural subsoil was truncated by brick buildings recorded on the OS map dated 1888. One range of buildings formed part of a cellared brick-built tenement block. Trenches 2 and 3 recorded further brick-built buildings, also recorded on the same map. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :birmingh2-36425

(C.06.1960) SP07548662

AIP database ID: {6A9E463E-C9AB-4DC2-9C34-23F2EC95FE23}

Parish: Nechells Ward Postal Code: B5 5TE

THE BROLLY WORKS, DIGBETH, BIRMINGHAM

The Brolly Works, Digbeth, Birmingham Archaeological Evaluation and Excavation

Porter, SHereford: Archaeological Investigations Ltd., 2007, 17pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Investigations Ltd.

An archaeological evaluation, prior to development of the site into residential properties, took place in two stages. Although several Victorian cellars were recorded, it was concluded that no features of archaeological significance would be disturbed. {Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :archaeol8-24418

(C.06.1961) SP08008690

AIP database ID: {12E7964A-7CA0-4521-AC51-EA3785DABACD}

Parish: Nechells Ward Postal Code: B5 5RS

THE FORMER BELMONT GLASSWORKS, THE BELMONT ROW GLASSWORKS AND THE ASHTED PUMPING STATION, EASTSIDE

An Archaeological Evaluation of the Former Belmont Glassworks, the Belmont Row Glassworks and the Ashted Pumping Station, Eastside, Birmingham

Richards, G Leicester: University of Leicester Archaeological Services, 2007, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Leicester Archaeological Services

A total of nine evaluation trenches were excavated across the proposed development area. Four of these targeted the Belmont Row Glassworks, another four targeted the Belmont Glassworks and the remaining trench the Ashted Pumping Station. All of the three areas contained archaeologically significant deposits relating to both the glassworks, although much damage had occurred as a result of 20th century remediation works, and significantly the Pumping Station appeared to be largely extant below the ground surface. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID :universi1-40606

(C.06.1962) SP09308710

AIP database ID: {10DE64A6-B4D9-4896-B28E-A5CD51D48ED3}

Parish: Yardley Postal Code: GL54 1EZ

2-8 WARWICK ROAD

2-8 Warwick Road, Birmingham, Desk-based Assessment and Evaluation

Edgeworth, M Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 27pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

Three trial trenches were excavated. These revealed differential survival of medieval features associated with the moat. A very good survival of archaeological deposts was encountered in the south-eastern part of the site. A large pit-like feature and a cobbled surface, within the interior of the moated enclosure, were found beneath a protective layer of gravelly clay. Further to the northwest,

however, severe truncation was found to have removed all archaeological traces, with the exception of deep features. The truncated base of the moat, just 2.5 m wide, was uncovered and investigated. A possible leat, that may have brought water into the moat, was also found running down the slope from the north-west. Environmental samples from the base of these features produced negative results, perhaps indicating that they were regularly washed through with running water. Fills contained surprisingly few finds, with only two pieces of roof tile and one sherd of pot coming from the fill of the truncated moat. All were thought to be of 13th-14th century date. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD, UD

OASIS ID: birmingh2-28156

Coventry

(C.06.1963) SP33687866

AIP database ID: {0F7A8EA8-5FE3-4BC0-8987-909896370449}

Parish: St. Michael's Ward Postal Code: CV1 2QA

ST. JOHN'S STREET CARPARK, MUCH PARK ST., COVENTRY

Archaeological Evaluation at St. John's Street Carpark, Much Park St., Coventry

Phear, S Worcester: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, 2007, 50pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service Five trenches were opened across the car park. The results indicated widespread occupation and industrial activity in the form of metalworking across the whole site in the mid to late medieval period, with one trench illustrating the remains of a sandstone structure which may have dated to the 14th century. The predominant medieval features were pits, which appeared to be cess pits and rubbish pits. While several post holes were also identified, this feature type was generally under-represented. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: ECT 516 Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

OASIS ID :no

Dudley

(C.06.1964) SO97678283

AIP database ID: {98FAB65B-81CF-437B-B90B-A8C98EE3EF73}

Parish: Halesowen South Ward Postal Code: B62 8QY

HALESOWEN ABBEY

Halesowen Abbey, Halesowen, Dudley. Archaeological Evduation 2007

Colls, K & Duncan, M Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, A4 plastic bound grey

literature

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

Ten test pits excavated at halesowen Abbey, Halesowen, Dudley [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 1488197 Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

OASIS ID :birmingh2-45328

(C.06.1965) SO97678283

AIP database ID: {5FB1221E-8DC8-48E0-99D6-D16BE1F09DD3}

Parish: Halesowen South Ward Postal Code: B62 8QY

HALESOWEN ABBEY, HALESOWEN, DUDLEY

Halesowen Abbey, Halesowen, Dudley. Archaeological Evaluation

Colls, K & Duncan, M Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 28pp, colour pls, figs, tabs,

refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out at the site and revealed a series of features relating to the monastic occupation of the site, including the corner wall of the chapter house, the north and probable west wall of the cloister alley, an extension of the frater range south wall, a possible cloister floor surface and evidence for water or waste management (lavatorium). Several features, layers and surfaces were also identified dating to the dissolution and post-dissolution. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 171

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, PM

OASIS ID :birmingh2-56391

Malvern Hills

(C.06.1966) SO82715920

AIP database ID: {E89F7265-2D76-4338-BC9D-26C7D66CE2B4}

Parish: Hallow Postal Code: WR2 6JR

LAND OFF COPPICE LANE, HALLOW

Land off Coppice Lane Hallow, Worcestershire Archaeological Evaluation 2007 Mann, PEdgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 13pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

Five evaluation trenches were excavated across the development site. The evaluation identified intense agricultural activity, with furrow ditches visible across the site on an east-west alignment. One sherd of residual medieval pottery was recovered, perhaps indicating a probable date for this activity. A layer of slag dumped in the east end of Trench Three appeared to be recent in date. No further archaeological features or deposits were encountered during the course of this evaluation. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD

OASIS ID :birmingh2-27985

Sandwell

(C.06.1967) SO9978290862

AIP database ID: {F0BA8688-F93D-45EC-8415-F75B1063BD3F}

Parish: Greets Green and Lyng Ward Postal Code: B70 8HP

OAK HOUSE BARNS, WEST BROMWICH, SANDWELL

Oak House Barns, West Bromwich, Sandwell, An Archaeological Evaluation

Charles, M Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

The evaluation identified evidence of probable 16th-17th century ceramic production in the form of fragmented pottery saggars and other internal kiln waste, adding to the weight of evidence gleaned from earlier archaeological investigations suggesting that pottery production occurred within the locality. Evidence of a structure predating 184-186 Oak Road, and an undated stone structure, comprising a north-south aligned wall, was also located. The evaluation was able to confirm the survival of deeply cut cellars. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD

OASIS ID :birmingh2-36155

(C.06.1968) SO997895

AIP database ID: {187ABF72-BB02-4375-82BB-E8C8DEC1A340}

Parish: Oldbury Ward Postal Code: B69 4EQ

FORMER CORUS STEELWORKS, BIRMINGHAM ROAD

Former Corus Steelworks, Birmingham Road, Oldbury, Sandwell (Phases 2 and 3): building recording and archaeological evaluation 2006-2007

Charles, M, Edgeworth, M & Kelleher, S Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, A4 spiral bound report

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

The second and third phases of an archaeological evaluation and historic building recording were carried out at the former Corus Steelworks, Birmingham Road, Oldbury, Sandwell (NGR SO 997 895) in November 2006 and April 2007. Documentary and cartographic evidence suggested that there was potential for the survival of buried remains associated with the medieval Blakeley Mill. A total of nine trial-trenches were excavated, six in the southwest part of the site and three to the northwest. No evidence for features associated with the mill was found. A palaeochannel running roughly east-west was recorded in one trench. Two small gullies of probable post-medieval date were also recorded. A large tree bole - at first tentatively identified as a possible complex of archaeological features - was encountered at the western part of the site. A single sherd of medieval pottery was recovered from a context associated with the tree bole. Undated possible buried soils were identified at the centre of the site. At the extreme western end of the site evidence of a 19th century canal basin associated with the former Broadwell Colliery was uncovered. This had been filled in during the latter part of the 20th century. [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 13501, ESD785, 6354, 1463282 Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID :birmingh2-36111

(C.06.1969) SO99678964

AIP database ID: {EB8DB4AD-2471-4FC0-A068-B36F74834E45}

Parish: Oldbury Ward Postal Code: B69 4DA

FORMER CORUS STEELWORKS, BIRMINGHAM ROAD, OLDBURY, SANDWELL (PHASES 2 & 3)

Former Corus Steelworks, Birmingham Road, Oldbury, Sandwell (Phases 2 & 3). Building Recording and Archaeological Evaluation 2006-2007

Charles, M Edgeworth, M & Kelleher, S Edgbaston : Birmingham Archaeology , 2007, 29pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

The second and third phases of an archaeological evaluation and historic building recording were carried out at the former Corus Steelworks. Documentary and cartographic evidence suggested that there was potential for the survival of buried remains associated with the medieval Blakeley Mill. A total of nine trial-trenches were excavated, six in the south-west part of the site and three to the north-west. No evidence for features associated with the mill was found. A palaeochannel running roughly east-west was recorded in one trench. Two small gullies of probable post-medieval date were also recorded. A large tree bole, at first tentatively identified as a possible complex of archaeological features, was encountered at the western part of the site. A single sherd of medieval pottery was recovered from a context associated with the tree bole. Undated possble buried soils were identified at the centre of the site. At the extreme western end of the site evidence of a 19th century canal basin associated with the former Broadwell Colliery was uncovered. This had been filled in during the latter part of the 20th century. The historic building recording, equivalent to an English Heritage Level 1 record, was carried out on two former mid to late Victorian railway buildings converted in the mid to late 20thcentury for use as ancillary steelworks buildings. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

OASIS ID :no

(C.06.1970) SP00118934

AIP database ID: {EE6A5A8D-C53D-4A28-AD9D-30069C07B510}

Parish: Oldbury Ward Postal Code: B69 4ER LAND ADJACENT TO SEYMOUR ROAD/BIRMINGHAM ROAD, OLDBURY,

SANDWELL

Evaluation of Land adjacent to Seymour Road/Birmingham Road, Oldbury, Sandwell

Mitchell, W Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 53pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out at he site in advance of a proposed residential development. Six evaluation trenches between 16m and 28.5m were excavated at strategic positions across the site. The same general pattern of deposition was encountered across six trenches. This consisted of sand and gravels, overlain by contemporary deposits of mixed sandy silt and demolition rubble overburden and levelling deposits of red sand. This pattern of deposition represented a deliberate attempt to flatten and level the site after the demolition and clearance of the structures and was relatively uniform across the site. The extant archaeology was directly comparable to the evidence available in the Ordnance Survey Mapping. The trenches on the southern side of the site provided evidence of domestic occupation. A series of early 20th century foundation walls and drainage were identified representing the residential properties fronting onto Seymour Road, along with a series of contemporary and modern waste and demolition pits. Evaluation of the northern side of the site provided evidence of structures dated to the late 19th century which related to residential properties fronting on to Birmingham Road. These structures took the form of foundation walls and regularly laid engineering brick yard surfaces with inlaid drainage channels and subterranean pipes. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

OASIS ID :no

(C.06.1971) SO95209322

AIP database ID: {A0EAA0EC-5DCF-44B7-A67F-E223C4259000}

Parish: Tipton Green Ward Postal Code: DY4 9EQ

BLOOMFIELD ROAD, TIPTON

Bloomfield Road, Tipton, An Archaeological Evaluation and Watching Brief

Kelleher, S & Mann, P Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

Seven evaluation trenches were excavated across the site. Post-medieval archaeological features, consisting of brick floor-surfaces, backfilled cellars, and a brick-lined industrial well or mine shaft, a stone-lined ditch, and a possible pond were identified. High levels of truncation were present across the site, with some areas entirely scoured out by later mining activity. The eastern part of the site was disturbed to levels of c.3m+ by later demolition and ground levelling work, and so it was likely that any features of note in this area had also been lost to these activities. This suggested that the potential for the survival of archaeological features in these areas was limited, and therefore no further work was recommended. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO, UD

OASIS ID :birmingh2-27981

(C.06.1972) SO98209580

AIP database ID: {0686446A-661C-43A7-8517-8128D6125556}

Parish: Wednesbury North Ward

Postal Code: WS10 0AB

LAND OFF QUEEN STREET AND MEETING STREET, WEDNESBURY,

SANDWELL

Land off Queen Street and Meeting Street, Wednesbury, Sandwell. An Archaeological Evaluation

Charles, M Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 29pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out at the site in advance of a proposed residential development and consisted of three trial trenches. A residual Roman pottery sherd was recovered from a pit recorded in one of the trenches close to Meeting Street. This suggested activity possibly relating to the Stretton to Metchley Roman Road which was thought to pass through the locality. The pit also contained 17th century pottery, probably locally produced. The function of the pit was unknown, but it could be associated with crafts, industries or agricultural activities which may have been carried out on the site, in an area which was probably outside the 17th century town boundary. Alternatively, it was perhaps possible that the pit could have been evidence of back-plot activity relating to development along Meeting Street in the 17th century. The well preserved vaulted undercroft walls of the Methodist

chapel were recorded in another trench which also confirmed the position and alignment of the structure. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD, RO, MD

OASIS ID :birmingh2-45279

(C.06.1973) SO98579534

AIP database ID: {46DC2151-B6BB-4ADA-AEB2-4502C18E8D23}

Parish: Wednesbury North Ward Postal Code: WS10 7HU

THE ASSEMBLY HALL, WELLCROFT STREET, WEDNESBURY

The Assembly Hall, Wellcroft Street, Wednesbury, Historic Building Recording and Archaeological Evaluation

Edgeworth, M & Tyler, R Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 59pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

Work consisted of both historic building recording and the excavation of an

archaeological evaluation trench in the yard just to the east of the Assembly Hall buildings. The study area lay within the medieval core of the medieval town and just outside the supposed ramparts of a possible Iron Age hillfort. Building recording revealed that the standing building essentially represented a two-phase structure, originating with a single range, gabled hall erected in 1857 by the Christian Brethren as an non-conformist assembly hall, substantially enlarged at some point between 1919 and 1936 with the addition of a second gabled range to the east. In the evaluation trench, modern make-up deposits were encountered to a depth of 2m, with some indication that ground reduction took place prior to the building up of ground levels. Natural clay was encountered directly below 19th century deposits. Cut into the natural clay in the northern part of the trench was a large feature, thought to be a ditch running southwest to northeast, filled with a homogeneous reddish brown silty clay. The ditch was up to 1m deep and at least 2.20m wide, with the location of the north-western side, and therefore the full extent of the ditch was not established. The base of the ditch was 3.00m down from the present ground surface. No dateable finds were recovered from the ditch fill. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

OASIS ID :birmingh2-27988

(C.06.1974) SO98629490

AIP database ID: {CC86A2E1-7BEB-492B-9F49-C8480CB5D5D8}

Parish: Wednesbury South Ward Postal Code: WS10 7AB

WEDNESBURY TOWN CENTRE

Wednesbury Town Centre Development

Krawiec, K Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, standard spiral bound interal report *Work undertaken by:* Birmingham Archaeology

Birmingham Archaeology undertook an archaeological evaluation in advance of construction of a new supermarket and petrol station. Three areas were investigated, with ten trenches in total being dug. Finds varied from the early-medieval through to to 19th century brick structures. [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: ESD765, MBL3108, MBL3039, 1456605, SSD7112

OASIS ID :birmingh2-27916

(C.06.1975) SO98629490

AIP database ID: {04EC0AD6-A3E6-4BBC-A10A-662B369163E7}

Parish: Wednesbury South Ward Postal Code: WS10 7AB

WEDNESBURY TOWN CENTRE, MARKET HALL

Wednesbury Town Centre, Market Hall, Archaeological Evaluation, Stage 3

Duncan, M Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 42pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was undertaken in advance of proposals for the construction of a new supermarket and associated petrol filling station in Wednesbury. The work described represented the third stage of evaluation under the footprint of the former Market Hall at the eastern end of the development site. A single evaluation trench and five test pits were excavated within the area. The results of the evaluation revealed a series of post-medieval deposits. The depth of material suggested a period of substantial infilling of large features within the site that may lave related to clay pits associated with the localised pottery industry. Above this material structural remains of the 19th century housing stock were discovered along the Camp Street frontage with associated wells and brick-lined cess pits to the rear. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MO, MD, PM

OASIS ID :birmingh2-37014

Solihull

(C.06.1976) SP13407490

AIP database ID: {8073ABE5-DFB7-4126-98FE-8A0A1EC679E0}

Parish: Hockley Heath Postal Code: B90 8AT

BLYTHE VALLEY PARK PHASE II, SOLIHULL

An Archaeological Evaluation at Blythe Valley Park Phase II, Solihull, West Midlands

Speed, G Leicester: University of Leicester Archaeological Services, 2007, 15pp, colour pls,

figs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Leicester Archaeological Services

The only archaeological features to be recorded in the evaluation were the truncated remains of furrows and extant modern field boundaries. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO, UD

OASIS ID :universi1-37180

Walsall

(C.06.1977) SO98559899

AIP database ID: {8967B095-F9D0-4D50-94D3-EA84B97A247C}

Parish: Bentley and Darlaston North Ward Postal Code: WS2 0BD

BENTLEY HALL, QUEEN ELIZABETH AVENUE, WALSALL

Second Phase Geophysical Survey and Trial Trenching on the Site of Bentley Hall, off Queen Elizabeth Avenue, Walsall

Soden, I Northampton: Northamptonshire Archaeology, 2007, 44pp, pls, colour pls, tabs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Northamptonshire Archaeology

Geophysical survey and trial trenching were conducted on the site of Bentley Hall, off Queen Elizabeth Avenue, Walsall. Modern paths and traces of Victorian drains were the only features revealed. The trial trenches were more successful. Cut features from which medieval pottery was recovered may be associated with a putative medieval hall on the site. The substantial remains of a brick wall were discovered adjacent to the modern Bentley Cairn. It appeared to be part of the Jacobean hall which was the home of the Lane family who played a part in Charles II's escape after the Battle of Worcester in 1651. A stone mullioned window set onto the foundation wall may have indicated an internal cellar at this position. The Jacobean wall was subsequently re-used to provide a footing to the later Victorian Hall. A north south wall was revealed in two trenches and marks the property and garden boundary of the Victorian Bentley Hall. A brick lined well and two brick or stone lined drains were found to the east of the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :northamp3-55430

(C.06.1978) SP06109730

AIP database ID: {335972BC-8A1C-47F4-A826-283AE9E3EF99}

Parish: Pheasey Park Farm Ward Postal Code: WS9 0QR

BARR BEACON, WALSALL

Barr Beacon, Walsall: An Archaeological Evaluation

Charles, M Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 36pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out at the site and revealed no evidence of prehistoric or Roman activity. Post-medieval archaeology in the form of ridge and furrow was encountered. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: SRL7297 Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :birmingh2-28745

(C.06.1979) SP00859868

AIP database ID: {420A1346-B4BE-4739-ACA1-41F7626F3A7B}

Parish: St Matthew's Ward Postal Code: WS2 8LS

WALSALL WATERFRONT, WOLVERHAMPTON STREET, WALSALL

Evaluation of Walsall Waterfront, Wolverhampton Street, Walsall

Mitchell, W Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, Birmingham Archaeology Report Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

In 2007 Birmingham Archaeology undertook an archaeological evaluation of Walsall Waterfront Development in advance of a proposed retail development. The study area is situated immediately west of Walsall town centre by the terminus of the Walsall Canal. The report outlines the results of an evaluation, carried out between November and December 2007. Six 20m x 1.8m trenches were excavated at strategic positions across the site. The chief features of archaeological interest were two large pits in trench 2/4. They were cut into the natural clay and ceramics within the fill of one of them suggest that they were backfilled in the 17th-18th centuries. Their likely purpose was for extraction of raw materials, either clay or the underlying shale/coal. Residual medieval pottery suggests activity of this date nearby. The palaeo-environmental evidence from within the pit fills suggests that in the 17th-18th centuries the area was largely open grassland, with little evidence of woodland; while the presence of cereal grains in relative abundance indicates that cereals were being grown in close proximity to the site or cereal processing was being carried out nearby. [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 1481436 Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :birmingh2-48402

Wolverhampton

(C.06.1980) SJ94300010

AIP database ID: {25004C93-4EDB-48F6-A77F-F6B980C9239E}

Parish: Wednesfield South Ward Postal Code: WV11 1UP

ROOKERY STREET, WEDNESFIELD, WOLVERHAMPTON

Archaeological Excavation at Rookery Street, Wednesfield, Wolverhampton

Hughes, J Worcester: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, 2007, 44pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service An archaeological excavation was carried out at the site and three trenches were examined, the first laying west of the textile manufacturing premises. Trenches 2 and 3 lay to the east of the textiles building. Modern cellaring from recent 20th century buildings was encountered. A property boundary ditch was exposed in Trench One , producing an early 17th century tyg (vessel for communal drinking) and other fragments of pot. Therefore Trench One was reopened and extended to clarify the significance of finds. It exposed further features including a second ditch. Both features were probably constructed to form a boundary and drainage facility between two properties. The second ditch contained a near complete tyg vessel datable to late 16th/early 17th century. The fills of both linear

features contained waste iron smithing slag fragments from hearth bases indicating 17th century industrial activity. A vaulted cellar was encountered in Trench Two and extensive cellaring was found in Trench Three disturbing natural deposits, although three pit features conjectured to be contemporary with the cellar were recorded within its northern half towards Rookery Street. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: SRL7283

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD, MO

OASIS ID :fieldsec1-30809

Herefordshire

County of Herefordshire

(C.60.1981) SO49204600

AIP database ID: {843A7427-F476-4AA0-A2A9-FF3281ADE117}

Parish: Burghill Postal Code: HR4 8NQ

UPPER HOUSE FARM, MORETON-ON-LUGG

Archaeological Desk-based Assessment and Evaluation at Upper House Farm, Moreton on Lugg, Herefordshire

Wainwright, J & Rogers, T Worcester: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, 2007, 43pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service Archaeological features were recorded in all nine trenches including ditches, pits, two buried Roman soils or occupation layers and a metalled trackway. Features to the west of the site were largely undated while those to the east yielded Romano-British pottery of 1st-3rd century date. A single beam slot filled with charcoal provided evidence that timber structures stood at the north-east corner of the site. It was thought that the distribution of pottery indicated that occupation lay to the east of the site in the vicinity of the enclosure while features to the west may either have represent field boundaries and drainage gullies associated with Roman agriculture or an earlier settlement. A fragment of flint debitage and a scraper recovered from a shallow ditch and a further fragment from the fill of a probable pit was evidence of earlier activity in the vicinity. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 17218

Archaeological periods represented: PR, UD, RO

OASIS ID :no

(C.60.1982) SO31104950

AIP database ID: {2969B007-4608-40EA-A09B-62381D6CC42B}

Parish: Eardisley Postal Code: HR3 6NH

OAKWOOD, EARDISLEY

Oakwood, Eardisley, Herefordshire: Archaeological Evaluation

Arnold, G Fownhope: Archenfield Archaeology, 2007, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archenfield Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation consisted of two trenches. Evidence for a ditch orientated southeast to north-west, dating to the medieval period, survived in Trench One, with other garden activity and a pipe trench above. This was thought to be the boundary to the original medieval burgage plot. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID :archenfi2-32999

(C.60.1983) SO5150239722

AIP database ID: {6D9F752C-5E3E-4236-8F55-3A820405B05E}

Parish: Hereford Postal Code: HR1 2JW

101-106 ST. OWEN'S STREET, HEREFORD

101-106 St. Owen's Street, Hereford. Archaeological Evaluation

Sherlock, H Fownhope: Archenfield Archaeology, 2007, 19pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archenfield Archaeology

Two evaluation trenches were excavated which showed that the stratigraphic sequence was well preserved and not truncated by Victorian and modern intrusion. No medieval features were encountered but there was a clearly high potential for the preservation of in situ medieval deposits. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :archenfi2-37453

(C.60.1984) SO51204010

AIP database ID: {B6C57102-2F56-46E7-B3F2-C5BC87923680}

Parish: Hereford Postal Code: HR1 2BA

BASTION MEWS, HEREFORD

Bastion Mews, Hereford. Archaeological Trial Trenching

Crooks, K Hereford: Archaeological Investigations Ltd., 2007, 15pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Investigations Ltd.

Three evaluation trenches were excavated. Despite the position of the site in the immediate vicinity of the city wall and Byesters gate, the eastern entrance to the medieval city, no archaeological features or deposits were present in the trenches excavated. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :archaeol8-47246

(C.60.1985) SO51254055

AIP database ID: {B43BBD44-A40A-4F81-923E-3475D7B0A54D}

Parish: Hereford Postal Code: HR1 2EB

ESSEX ARMS PLAYING FIELD, WIDEMARSH STREET, HEREFORD

Essex Arms Playing Field, Widemarsh Street, Hereford. Archaeological Trial Trenching

Crooks, K H, Rouse, D & Boucher, A Hereford : Archaeological Investigations Ltd., 2007, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Investigations Ltd.

A total of fifteen trenches were excavated. In only one of these trenches were archaeological deposits present, with material dating to the 17th or 19th centuries and consisting of a large quantity of animal bone. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

(C.60.1986) SO509394

AIP database ID: {70D5CA6A-FA83-4801-BE32-A5E7F4E35BC4}

Parish: Hereford Postal Code: HR2 7RQ

LAND TO THE REAR OF PROSPECT PLACE, ST. MARTINS AVENUE

Land to the rear of Prospect Place, St. Martins Avenue, Hereford, Herefordshire. A Report on an Archaeological Evaluation

Mayes, S Hereford: Archaeological Investigations Ltd., 2007, A4, clear bound. 19 pages.

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Investigations Ltd.

Four evaluation trenches excavated. Small scale industrial and/or domestic activity dating to the medieval period found within the northern part of the site. High degree of archaeological preservation and activity of a medieval date across the site. [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: HFD-MG-2007-78, 1479818, 44999 Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID :archaeol8-47262

(C.60.1987) SO5150239722

AIP database ID: {039A8509-51CA-4F11-B7FD-A4CB3037D873}

Parish: Hereford Postal Code: HR1 2JW

PETER NASH CARS, 101-106 ST. OWEN'S STREET

101-106 St. Owen's Street, Hereford. Archaeological Evaluation

Sherlock, H Fownhope: Archenfield Archaeology, 2007,

Work undertaken by: Archenfield Archaeology

Archenfield Archaeology Ltd was commissioned to archaeologically evaluate land at St Owen's Street Hereford at the former Peter Nash car dealership. The work was commissioned to provide additional information for the demolition of existing buildings and the erection of a block of 22 flats. The site was in an area which may have been first developed as a suburb by the later 11th and early 12th centuries. Cartographic evidence shows that the modern plot boundaries still reflect the medieval partitioning of the site. Two evaluation trenches were excavated which showed that the stratigraphic sequence is well preserved and was not truncated by Victorian and modern intrusions. No medieval features were encountered, but there is clearly a high potential for the preservation in situ of medieval deposits across the site. [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 1459076, 45153

OASIS ID :archenfi2-32024

(C.60,1988) SO51204000

AIP database ID: {44C65C67-1FBE-4B33-AAC3-A8FDEC57B8C6}

Parish: Hereford Postal Code: HR1 2HP

PLOT BETWEEN NO'S 21 & 22, UNION STREET, HEREFORD

Plot between No's 21 & 22, Union Street, Hereford. Archaeological Evaluation

Craddock-Bennett, L Hereford : Archaeological Investigations Ltd., 2007, 14pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Investigations Ltd.

Three trenches were excavated. Trench One provided evidence for thirteenth century occupation. Seventeenth century occupation was evidence by the presence of a stone lined well and possible building foundation. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

OASIS ID :archaeol8-24674

(C.60.1989) SO50854032

AIP database ID: {C0B226EA-308D-497E-A3F1-A3E60FE8ED71}

Parish: Hereford Postal Code: HR4 9ZL

THE CATTLE MARKET (EDGAR STREET GRID)

The Cattle Market (Edgar Street Grid), Hereford

Rouse, D Hereford: Archaeological Investigations Ltd., 2007, 22pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Archaeological Investigations Ltd.

The findings from the second stage of archaeological evaluation showed features predating the site's use as a cattle market in the form of two stake holes. The features survived in a good state of preservation in an area just to the south-east of the north entrance to the site. The features were not conclusively dated but could be contemporary with a prehistoric feature previously located toward the north edge of the site which, based on a study of pottery, dated to the Late Neolithic or Early Bronze Age. Evidence for post-medieval or later activity was also preserved on the site to the west of the north entrance in the form of a square-shaped pit. Finds from the feature included a dress making type pin and animal bone fragments. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 17177

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

OASIS ID :no

(C.60.1990) SO71083765

AIP database ID: {48B150D3-E073-4D5C-B894-4579E6553A66}

Parish: Ledbury Postal Code: HR8 1EA

RAI FASHIONS, BYE STREET, LEDBURY

Archaeological Evaluation. Rai Fashions, Bye Street, Ledbury, Herefordshire

Children, G Leominster: Border Archaeology, 2007, 15pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Border Archaeology

The evaluation established that the survival of archaeological deposits was good, with a number of well-preserved early post-medieval features and deposits revealed at around 1m below the existing ground level. It appeared likely that these overlay intact medieval deposits. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 17497

OASIS ID :borderar1-40909

(C.60.1991) SO3650467244

AIP database ID: {58834E50-2171-45E7-8062-F87F20A9546E}

Parish: Lingen Postal Code: SY7 0DY

LAND ADJOINING THE FORGE, LINGEN

Archaeological Evaluation: Land adjoining The Forge, Lingen, Herefordshire

Children, G Leominster: Border Archaeology, 2007, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Border Archaeology

Within Trench One a moderate amount of building material was identified that related to an outhouse or pigsty of 20th century date. Finds were restricted to a very small quantity of late 19th/20th century china. No deposits, finds or features of archaeological significance were found during the course of the evaluation. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 17173

OASIS ID :borderar1-41588

(C.60.1992) SO521381

AIP database ID: {4958B83C-12B6-40EC-89FB-C2EE31E9351E}

Parish: Lower Bullingham Postal Code: HR2 6ER

MANOR FARM, LOWER BULLINGHAM, HEREFORD

Manor Farm, Lower Bullingham, Hereford. An archaeological and historical assessment

Pikes, P J Fownhope: Archenfield Archaeology, 2007, A4 word processed document

Work undertaken by: Archenfield Archaeology

Geophysical survey, contour survey, historical research [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 48662, 1475836, 1002

Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID :archenfi2-40884

(C.60.1993) SO33605549

AIP database ID: {6A5AC1E6-66DC-4753-AB5A-1395199C5CBC}

Parish: Lyonshall Postal Code: HR5 3HW

PLOT 2 UPPER HOUSE FARM, LYONSHALL

Plot 2 Upper House Farm, Lyonshall, Herefordshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Craddock-Bennett, L Hereford: Archaeological Investigations Ltd., 2007, 12pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Investigations Ltd.

No archaeologically significant finds or deposits were encountered. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 17213

OASIS ID :archaeol8-32858

(C.60.1994) SO566480

AIP database ID: {D9C7E1DD-0675-42FE-90DB-93DB51546A8D}

Parish: Ocle Pychard Postal Code: HR1 3PG

ROSEMAUND

Rosemaund, Near Preston Wynne. Archaeological Evaluation

Doyle, D Hereford: Archaeological Investigations Ltd., 2007, A4, clear bound. 12 pages.

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Investigations Ltd.

Evaluation undertaken in response to a proposal by Tyrrells Crisps Ltd. to construct a new access road to the site. Four trenches were excavated. No significant archaeology. [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 45147, 1479820

OASIS ID :archaeol8-47258

(C.60.1995) SO60052439

AIP database ID: {F73D0DF3-237E-4AE6-BB49-0A25917D1C4C}

Parish: Ross-on-Wye Postal Code: HR9 7EG

7-11 BROOKEND STREET, ROSS-ON-WYE

7-11 Brookend Street, Ross-on-Wye, Herefordshire. Archaeological Trial Trenching and Building Appraisal

Crooks, K & Mayes, S Hereford: Archaeological Investigations Ltd., 2007, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Investigations Ltd.

An archaeological evaluation was hindered by the amount of ground water. In Trench B, a layer, comprising iron slag and charcoal and containing pottery of 13th century date. No features were present and it was possible that the layer of iron working debris was deposits in order to raise the area above the flood levels. Trench D contained a recent footing, filled with mortar and other building debris. Other trenches showed evidence of the ground having been raised in the post-medieval period. A building appraisal was carried out but was limited due to site access. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 17219 Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

OASIS ID :archaeol8-28045

(C.60.1996) SO4018551645

AIP database ID: {09D7AF07-E1F8-447A-882C-035E2500EF02}

Parish: Weobley Postal Code: HR4 8SG

WILDGOOSE CHASE, BROAD STREET, WEOBLEY

Archaeological Evaluation at Wildgoose Chase, Broad Street, Weobley, Herefordshire

Archer, J Leominster: Border Archaeology, 2007, A4 ring bound erposrt

Work undertaken by: Border Archaeology

Two evaluation trenches were opened within gardens to the rear of 'Wildgoose Chase', Broad Street, Weobley, located within the footprint of the proposed new dwelling. Cartographic evidence shows that the site had previously been occupied by four narrow burgage plots shown on the Weobley tithemap of 1838, which were subsequently cleared in the mid-19th century when the site was converted into an orchard. Evidence of an accumulation of post-medieval garden soils was noted in Trench 1, disturbed by modern landscaping activity. Natural deposits were observed at a shallow depth, occurring at 0.5m at the E end of the trench and gradually deepening towards the W end of the trench. A significant accumulation of garden soils and a number of rubbish pits of probable post-medieval date were encountered within Trench 2, reflecting the usage of the area as garden plots lying to the rear of the burgage properties which previously occupied the site as shown on the Weobley tithe map of 1838 and were demolished in the mid 1840s. These garden soils were evidently of considerable depth, extending down to the base of the trench. No significant archaeology was discovered. [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 45148, 1467075

OASIS ID :borderar1-38982

Shropshire

Bridgnorth

(C.39.1997) SJ66200200

AIP database ID: {5F6E8958-2F5A-482C-A54E-CFA43627DAFE}

Parish: Barrow Postal Code: TF12 5BB

MORRIS CORFIELD AND CO. LTD., BENTHALL LANE, BROSELEY

Desk-based Assessment and Field Evaluation at Morris Corfield and Co. Ltd, Benthall Lane, Broseley, Shropshire

Mercian Archaeology Worcester: Mercian Archaeology, 2007, 43pp, pls, colour pls, figs, tabs,

refs

Work undertaken by: Mercian Archaeology

A desk-based assessment and evaluation was carried out. Both trenches encountered well preserved remains of kiln bases though 20th century development had truncated the area. The finds assemblage was representative of the ceramic wares of a company catering for the mass market with cooking wares and table wares identified. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 03982

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

OASIS ID :no

(C.39.1998) SO71619300

AIP database ID: {D63BB71D-C93E-4D68-AE2D-533A5BE24750}

Parish: Bridgnorth Postal Code: WV16 4HF

4 & 5 WEST CASTLE STREET, BRIDGNORTH

4 & 5 West Castle Street, Bridgnorth, Shropshire. A Report on an Archaeological Evaluation

Appleton-Fox, N Clun: Marches Archaeology, 2007, 14pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Marches Archaeology

A single trench of five meters long and approximately 2m wide was excavated to the top of significant archaeology. This proved to be the top of the natural subsoil at a depth of 2m. The tops of two features which produced late medieval / early post-medieval pottery were exposed beneath a muddled series of modern pits. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM, MO

OASIS ID :no

(C.39.1999) SJ74800750

AIP database ID: {70A80A4C-3C57-426B-BB01-7D429D2F80F4}

Parish: Shifnal Postal Code: TF11 9AA

CHURCH STREET, SHIFNAL

Archaeological Evaluation at Church Street, Shifnal, Shropshire

Mercian Archaeology Worcester: Mercian Archaeology, 2007, 21pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Mercian Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation was carried out and encountered no archaeological deposits or features dating from before the 19th century. The evidence suggested that the site was prone to episodic flooding. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 05345

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

OASIS ID :no

North Shropshire

(C.39.2000) SJ51502850

AIP database ID: {1B8FE808-CF10-4260-859F-FB67C3C4AE41}

Parish: Wem Urban Postal Code: SY4 5ES

LAND OFF ASTON STREET, WEM

Land off Aston Street, Wem, Shropshire. An Archaeological Evaluation

Charles, M Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 37pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation of land off Aston Street was undertaken and aimed to locate the 17th century Civil War defences that, records suggested, passed through the site. Three trial-trenches were excavated. One trial trench revealed evidence of two wide adjacent parallel ditches that may have formed part of the Civil War defences. The secondary fill of one of the ditches contained sherds of late 17th/18th century pottery. The other ditch contained no finds and had a single fill that was consistent with rapid backfilling that may have occurred at the end of the Civil War. This was later recut by a ditch that contained a large amount of pottery dating from the 18th and 19th centuries. Another trial-trench located a ditch, possibly a field boundary, of 18th century or earlier date. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, MO

OASIS ID: birmingh2-28098

Shrewsbury and Atcham

(C.39.2001) SJ51501730

AIP database ID: {7A78D579-C20D-45C1-966B-C1054658B386}

Parish: Harlescott Ward Postal Code: SY4 3DB

SHREWSBURY BATTLEFIELD, VISITOR CENTRE, SHREWSBURY

Shrewsbury Battlefield, Visitor Centre, Shrewsbury, November 2007, Metal Detector Investigation Report

Mike Griffiths & Associates Ltd. York: Mike Griffiths and Associates Ltd, 2007, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Mike Griffiths and Associates Ltd

A metal detector investigation was undertaken in advance of the new access road at Battlefield Farm. During this investigation only four modern metal objects were recovered along the proposed corridor. No finds which could be associated with the Battle of Shrewsbury in 1403 were found. [Au]

SMR primary record number: 01615 Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID :no

(C.39.2002) SJ477142

AIP database ID: {E427F70A-EDD6-4414-BB01-45F9BAEA26E3}

Parish: Pimhill Postal Code: SY4 3HL

GRAVEL HILL LANE

Shrewsbury North West Relief Road. An Archaologial Evaluation

Krawiec, K Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, A4 Plastic bound grey literature report

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation on the Shrewsbury north west relief road [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 1490442, ESA 6225 Archaeological periods represented: UD, MD

OASIS ID :birmingh2-45845

South Shropshire

(C.39.2003) SO68207606

AIP database ID: {CC28F42B-54A6-47ED-889A-B059B4CC7FD5}

Parish: Cleobury Mortimer Postal Code: DY14 8PH

CASTLE TOOT, CLEOBURY MORTIMER

Archaeological Evaluation of Castle Toot, Cleobury Mortimer

Roper, SIronbridge: Ironbridge Archaeology, 2007, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Ironbridge Archaeology

The work comprised the excavation of one evaluation trench in land immediately to the west of the existing garage. Three modern layers were encountered. Immediately beneath a clay layer was a sealed topsoil layer. This contained a number of finds dating to the 19th and 20th century, including sixteen fragments of refined earthenwares, one fragment of black glazed coarse earthenware, one fragment of stoneware, two thin pieces of wind glass and a section of clay pipe. Beneath the topsoil was a sandy subsoil with charcoal inclusions, which contained two pieces of pottery of post-medieval date. Also found were a number of large pieces of sandstone. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no Staffordshire

East Staffordshire

(C.41.2004) SK10903910

AIP database ID: {02FDEC5B-8A5B-417A-BF47-26D70BC0A738}

Parish: Rocester Postal Code: ST14 5LT

RIVERSFIELD DRIVE, ROCESTER

Riversfield Drive, Rocester, Staffordshire. Archaeological Evaluation and Watching Brief Interim Report

Hamilton, E & Paul, S Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 15pp, colour pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

An evaluation was undertaken in advance of a new residential development and consisted of archaeological monitoring during the grubbing out of foundations and subsequent trial trenching. The development site lay just to the south of a known Roman fort and settlement and was thought to lie within the associated extra mural area. Only two of the 8 trenches revealed possible Roman features, suggesting that the Roman vicus did not extend into the site. Trenches one and two contained evidence for a possible beam slot and two post holes, one of which contained a sherd of Derbyshire ware pottery. The archaeological features were sealed by a substantial deposit of alluvium directly overlying the natural that was also present in all other trenches. This alluvial deposit suggests that the site was subject to frequent flooding events which may have explained why the Roman settlement to the north did not extend into this area. The alluvium overlay the possible Roman features in Trenches one and two, indicating that the site did not suffer large scale truncation during the construction of the 1960s apartment blocks. The absence of archaeological remains within the trial trenches therefore appeared to represent a genuine absence of significant Roman activity in the area, rather than indicating that evidence for such activity failed to survive up to the present day. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: UD, RO

OASIS ID :no

(C.41.2005) SK09453345

AIP database ID: {FEE86580-FDD3-4B46-93D3-59BA0D8D44A1}

Parish: Uttoxeter Postal Code: ST14 8AP

TOWN MEADOWS WAY, UTTOXETER

Town Meadows Way, Uttoxeter, Staffordshire. Report on an Archaeological Evaluation

Brightman, J, Marshall, B & Stafford, L Bakewell: Archaeological Research Services, 2007, 28pp,

figs, colour pls, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Research Services

The evaluation consisted of the excavation of four trenches. The project uncovered a number of modern features and a single linear feature on the western side of the site which contained medieval pottery. The evaluation also displayed that due to modern development, the level of the natural ground in the eastern area of the site had been significantly lowered. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, UD

OASIS ID :no

Stafford

(C.41,2006) SJ90323374

AIP database ID: {258C9EC3-0B1C-4E53-8C30-64AD076E9515}

Parish: Stone Postal Code: ST15 8QW

STAFFORD STREET, STONE

Archaeological Evaluation at Stafford Street, Stone, Staffordshire

Forrester, D & Goodwin, JStoke-on-Trent: Stoke-on-Trent Archaeology, 2008, 32pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Stoke-on-Trent Archaeology

The evaluation involved the excavation of four trenches and identified the remains of a 19th century cellar in Trench 2, related to one of the properties that occupied the site during the period. A privy/ash pit in Trench 3 and a waste pit in Trench 45 showed further 19th century activity on the site and were the source of two ceramic assemblages comprising a range of standard wares typical of many households at this time. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 52096 Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(C.41.2007) SJ9764026548

AIP database ID: {BB030BC8-A13E-42D3-BA60-CF7A6B7D599F}

Parish: Weston Postal Code: ST18 0JF

SALTWORKS LANE, WESTON

Saltworks Lane, Weston, Staffordshire. Archaeological Evaluation

Lee, R Lancaster: Oxford Archaeology North, 2007, 52pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology North

The evaluation located the presence of well-preserved structural remains relating to the varying elements of salt and manure works recognisable from the 1890 OS map. It appeared that more than one phase of enstruction was in evidence, and although there were finds relating to the 20th century alabaster bowl factory that took over the site, no specific finds or features relating to salt or manure working could be found. It appeared that the potential for archaeological remains within the western part of the site was low. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID :no

Staffordshire Moorla

(C.41.2008) SK08804810

 $AIP\ database\ ID: \{E9FB116A-045B-4B14-AE88-5A9749332992\}$

Parish: Cotton Postal Code: ST10 3HD

LCUK CAULDON WORKS

LCUK Cauldron Works, Proposed Extension to Limestone Quarry. Phase 2. Archaeological Evaluation Report

Buss, B Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

No archaeological features were encountered during the evaluation. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

Stoke-on-Trent

Stoke-on-Trent UA

(C.83.2009) SJ87744858

AIP database ID: {231FFD58-A025-4A77-8D92-56F9AFD256E1}

Parish: Burslem South Ward Postal Code: ST1 5EQ

LAND AT ALEXANDER POTTERY, COBRIDGE, STOKE ON-TRENT

Land at Alexander Pottery, Cobridge, Stoke-on-Trent

Farnworth-Jones, G Leicester: University of Leicester Archaeological Services, 2007, 58pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: University of Leicester Archaeological Services

An evaluation in advance of residential development at the site revealed three kiln foundations and the remains of associated brick floors. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no Warwickshire

Rugby

(C.44.2010) SP46307960

AIP database ID: {E3D467A2-A0EC-4184-B25E-2B5F59CE1223}

Parish: Easenhall Postal Code: CV23 0JD

LAND ADJACENT TO THE THE MOORINGS, EASENHALL

Archaeological Evaluation of Land adjacent to the Moorings, Easenhall

Mason, P Northampton: Northamptonshire Archaeology, 2007, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs,

refs

Work undertaken by: Northamptonshire Archaeology

An archaeological evaluation at land adjacent to the Moorings, Easenhall, was undertaken. The only archaeological features present were a ditch of probable late post-medieval date and a filled in pond. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, UD

OASIS ID :northamp3-51674

(C.44.2011) SP48947458

AIP database ID: {7A1C506E-832D-4CA7-8100-9A24E8743245}

Parish: New Bilton Ward Postal Code: CV22 7BY

BERNHARDS GARDEN CENTRE, BILTON ROAD, RUGBY

Archaeological Evaluation: Land at Bernhards Garden Centre, Bilton Road, Rugby, Warwickshire
Wilson, N Milton Keynes: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2007, 23pp, colour
pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd.

An evaluation was undertaken in advance of a residential redevelopment of the ste. It was considered possible that evidence for brickmaking would be found on the site. Though no such evidence for brickmaking was revealed in the evaluation, it was highly likely that several of the brick buildings which had been used by the garden centre would originally have been associated with the brickworks. However, as these buildings were demolished their precise date and function remained unclear. From the sections exposed where demolition work had taken place it was clear that much of the site had been significantly truncated it was not clear if this truncation took place during the lifetime of the

brickworks or later. A number of modern features were identified in the trenches, including a field boundary ditch which was filled in during the 1930s, a series of four shallow north south orientated trenches and several service runs. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :archaeol2-44679

Solihull

(C.44.2012) SP22958015

AIP database ID: {6F848381-2F44-48D4-AB89-495B0E879400}

Parish: Berkswell Postal Code: CV7 7QY

LAND AT PARK FARM, BERSKWELL, SOLIHULL

Land at Park Farm, Berskwell, Solihull. Archaeological Evaluation of the Initial Working Area & Areas 1 and 2

Cullen, K Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 17pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Twenty trenches were excavated across the proposed area of extraction. A series of drainage and/or boundary ditches were uncovered during the course of the evaluation. These were cut through the subsoil, and as such were thought to be of modern date. Two sherds of abraded medieval pottery were retrieved from one ditch. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, MO

OASIS ID :no

Stratford on Avon

(C.44.2013) SP07445310

AIP database ID: {288D3091-B300-4928-B7A4-DC168B8A6FEF}

Parish: Salford Priors Postal Code: B49 5NU

DUNNINGTON COURT FARM (MARSH FARM QUARRY), DUNNINGTON, ALCESTER

Dunnington Court Farm (Marsh Farm Quarry), Dunnington, Alcester, Warwickshire

Rowe, E Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 16pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Forty trenches were excavated across the development area. In addition, a hand-dug test pit was excavated through the topsoil at either send of each trench. Ten shallow furrows were identified, distributed across the site. Two of the furrows contained dating evidence. The first contained pottery dated to the post-medieval period, the other contained two sherds of highly abraded Roman pottery which were likely to have been residual. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, RO

OASIS ID :no

(C.44.2014) SP06735005

AIP database ID: {60AE03C9-F7D2-40BB-AE15-F13E54864929}

Parish: Salford Priors Postal Code: WR11 5UT

SALFORD HALL, ABBOT'S SALFORD, SALFORD PRIORS

Archaeological Evaluation at Salford Hall, Abbot's Salford, Salford Priors, Warwickshire

Palmer, S Warwick: Warwickshire Museum Field Services, 2007, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

Archaeological evaluation in the modern car park revealed a series of undated pebble surfaces cut by pits which may have been contemporary with the late 15th or early 17th century phases of the manor house. Other undated features included a cobbled surface, a stone wall and a steep sided gully aligned

parallel to the Hall which probably represented garden features. Part of a raised stone road aligned alongside the former gatehouse was similar to one known to have existed in the rear stable yard. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 19998 Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID :no

(C.44.2015) SP27745528

AIP database ID: {A4C6B779-7380-48E1-A655-EC5777B25124}

Parish: Wellesbourne Postal Code: CV35 9QT

CHEDHAM'S YARD, WELLESBOURNE

Archaeological Evaluation at Chedham's Yard, Wellesbourne, Warwickshire

Coutts, C Warwick: Warwickshire Museum Field Services, 2007, 23pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

Archaeological evaluation at the site, a wheelwright's and blacksmith's yard from the early 19th to late 20th centuries, revealed evidence for demolished buildings, yard surfaces, a buried trying platform and quantities of discarded metalwork. A brick-built sawdust pit was also uncovered in the Drying Shed, and part of a possible concrete bank-revetment or wharf in the north-western corner of the site adjacent to the former course of the River Dene was revealed. The work was carried out after the site won a BBC television programme's competition for heritage sites in need of restoration. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 200019 Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

OASIS ID :no

Warwick

(C.44.2016) SP27906454

AIP database ID: {177F01ED-0C9E-4322-B9A6-924BC37AE64C}

Parish: Warwick Postal Code: CV34 6BE

50-52 WEST STREET, WARWICK

Archaeological Evaluation at 50-52 West Street, Warwick, Warwickshire

Hughes, J & Rogers, T Worcester: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, 2007, 15pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service The evaluation revealed natural deposits directly underlying modern strata. Two 19th century truncated pits were noted. No other archaeological remains were encountered. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(C.44.2017) SP27116205

AIP database ID: {7AC8D614-E446-4F78-ABB9-1B353B0C8374}

Parish: Warwick Postal Code: CV34 6RB

OLD BARN, LONGBRIDGE, WARWICK

Archaeological Evaluation at Old Barn, Longbridge, Warwick

Palmer, S Warwick: Warwickshire Museum Field Services, 2007, 16pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Warwickshire Museum Field Services

Geophysical survey, trial trenching and fieldwalking were undertaken on land located near to the Longbridge cursus. Geophysical survey identified a couple of linear anomalies thought to be agricultural in origin, and a small assemblage of undiagnostic flint flakes was found during

fieldwalking. A trench was positioned on the north side of the Old Barn and found three undated, parallel gullies that aligned with a trackway cropmark on the west side of the evaluation area. A further trench revealed and undated probable field boundary ditch aligned along the side of an existing trackway. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: UD

OASIS ID :no

Worcestershire

Malvern Hills

(C.93.2018) SO82715920

AIP database ID: {C966FD0D-797C-4801-B24C-5D8DBB938230}

Parish: Hallow Postal Code: WR2 6JR

LAND OFF COPPICE LANE, HALLOW

Land off Coppice Lane, Hallow, Worcestershire. Archaeological Evaluation

Birmingham Archaeology Edgbaston: Birmingham Archaeology, 2007, 18pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Birmingham Archaeology

Apart from some modern slag and one sherd of medieval pottery, no archaeological remains were encountered during the evaluation. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, MO

OASIS ID :birmingh2-27985

(C.93.2019) SO81764293

AIP database ID: {569A5ED4-4D59-451E-814C-D42FEBCBE3D8}

Parish: Hanley Castle Postal Code: WR8 0DN

ALBION COTTAGES, HANLEY SWAN

Archaeological Investigations at Albion Cottages, Hanley Swan, Worcestershire

Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service Worcester: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, 2007, 28pp, colour pls, figs. tabs. refs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service Four trenches were excavated around the cottages. The earliest evidence for activity was a sherd of 10th or 11th century Stamford ware, perhaps suggesting manuring of the site with domestic rubbish. Evidence for post-medieval enclosure was found in the form of a roadside ditch and bank, with an associated pit and gully. All of these features predated Parliamentary Enclosure in 1797. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

OASIS ID :no

Worcester

(C.93.2020) SO85185488

AIP database ID: {206CA745-5878-42E0-B956-A784EA35DC43}

Parish: Cathedral Ward Postal Code: WR1 2DP

21-24 NEW STREET, WORCESTER

Archaeological Evaluation and Desk-based Assessment at 21-24 New Street, Worcester

Hughes, J Worcester: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, 2007, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service An assessment and evaluation were carried out in response to proposals to construct 11 new residential dwellings on the site. The assessment showed that archaeological deposits from the prehistoric to post-

medieval periods were likely to be present, and also that the site had changed little in the past one hundred years. A single evaluation trench was excavated, however, no finds or features of an archaeological nature were encountered. Despite this, the site was still thought to hold considerable potential for the presence of Roman and medieval features. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 101495/6

OASIS ID :no

(C.93.2021) SO85105402

AIP database ID: {AFC4ADBB-2D78-49F4-B5CD-6CDEF64B1762}

Parish: Cathedral Ward Postal Code: WR5 3BW

24-30 DIGLIS ROAD, WORCESTER

Archaeological Evaluation at 24-30 Diglis Road, Worcester

Napthan, M Worcester: Mike Napthan Archaeology, 2007, 12pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Mike Napthan Archaeology

The evaluation recorded a small number of cut features dating from the 11th to 14th centuries, interpreted as ditches and a gully. The presence of a range of earlier and later medieval pottery pointed to significant activity from these periods. The earliest phase of medieval activity was sealed by apparent cultivation layers with medieval pottery. A later buried topsoil indicated a long period of lower intensity occupation, probably post-medieval agriculture. As the canal frontage was occupied by industrial and commercial entities, the site became truncated by development. A number of canal side buildings were recorded prior to their demolition. The site was thought to contain potential for the discovery of significant archaeological remains. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

OASIS ID :no

(C.93.2022) SO8506053990

AIP database ID: {E0CF9E79-AC38-4432-94CE-A2B797DC5D9C}

Parish: Cathedral Ward Postal Code: WR5 3BL

42-52 DIGLIS ROAD, WORCESTER

Archaeological Evaluation.42-52 Diglis Road, Worcester

Wilson, N Milton Keynes : Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd., 2007, 24pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Archaeological Services & Consultancy Ltd.

No archaeological remains predating the 19th century were encountered. This activity comprised a cobbled yard surface over part of the site, possibly associated with a millwrights warehouse constructed sometime before 1838. Subsequent constructions and demolitions had truncated the site. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

OASIS ID :archaeol2-25128

(C.93.2023) SO85075427

AIP database ID: {1A7358F3-6C19-4923-A514-873C28890E09}

Parish: Cathedral Ward Postal Code: WR1 2ND

TRENCHES 1-11 AND 16-19, AREA A, SEVERN STREET, ROYAL WORCESTER PORCELAIN, WORCESTER

Trenches 1-11 and 16-19, Area A, Severn Street, Royal Worcester Porcelain, Worcester. An Archaeological Evaluation

Cass, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2007, 31pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

No pre-19th century were revealed in these evaluation trenches with just a singe rim fragment of Roman pottery, the only pre-modern artefact recovered. A number of the trenches encountered walls and other brick-built features of late 19th and 20th century dates relating to both earlier and recent

phases of use of the site for structures associated with porcelain production. Three dumps of pottery manufacturing waste were sampled. [Au]

Archaeological periods represented: RO, PM

OASIS ID: thamesva1-29604

(C.93.2024) SO85015426

AIP database ID: {C0A768DF-6EF1-4626-82AA-E9BB72F663A0}

Parish: Cathedral Ward Postal Code: WR1 2NJ

TRENCHES 12 AND 13, AREA A, SEVERN STREET, ROYAL WORCESTER PORCELAIN, WORCESTER

Trenches 12 and 13, Area A, Severn Street, Royal Worcester Porcelain, Worcester. An Archaeological Evaluation

Cass, S Reading: Thames Valley Archaeological Services, 2007, 11pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: Thames Valley Archaeological Services

No finds or features of archaeological significance were noted. Extensive areas of deep modern truncation were observed in one trench. [Au]

OASIS ID: thamesva1-27743

Wychavon

(C.93.2025) SP03894384

AIP database ID: {DFE93FBB-40C1-4C0B-AD1F-EDA9F4E2C274}

Parish: Evesham Postal Code: WR11 4PL

26 COWL STREET, EVESHAM

Archaeological Evaluation at 26 Cowl Street, Evesham, Worcestershire

Vaughan, T Worcester: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, 2007, 28pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service The evaluation identified medieval remains relating to the frontage and comprising the stone walls and foundations of a probable 14th century building, predated by several 13th century pits and post holes to the east and abutted by a sequence of 16th century deposits to the west. A further 13th century pit was identified at the rear of the plot. A north-south oriented unmortared wall of lias stone was also revealed. This was thought to have been part of a building that stood until the 18th century. Make-up and garden soils cut by pits were also observed. The site was thought to have been of regional importance due to the good level of survival, the relative rarity of the remains and the potential for further discoveries. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

OASIS ID :no

(C.93.2026) SO88935741

AIP database ID: {7E28F7D1-5CAE-4E15-AA31-84E9281E6ADF}

Parish: Hindlip Postal Code: WR3 8ZE

WORCESTER RUGBY CLUB, SIX WAYS

Archaeological Evaluation at Worcester Rugby Club, Six Ways, Worcestershire

Litherland, S Worcester: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, 2007, 14pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service While no prehistoric features were recorded, the finds assemblage was thought to be of some importance. The recovery of quantities of work flint and debitage, prehistoric pottery, clay and fire-cracked stones were thought to point to settlement activity during the Neolithic/Early Bronze Age. Some Roman pottery and other finds were also recorded. The preservation of these prehistoric and

Roman artefacts was such that it was thought that there had been little disturbance in the area, however, it was not relevant to broaden the archaeological research frameworks to a local, regional or national level. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: BA, NE, PR, MD, PM, RO

OASIS ID :no

(C.93.2027) SP05594563

AIP database ID: {0ADF2FDB-EA46-4B6F-BC3A-175D40773CB6}

Parish: Offenham Postal Code: WR11 8RF

LAND ADJOINING LAURELS ROAD, OFFENHAM

Land Adjoining Laurels Road, Offenham, Worcestershire

Phear, S Worcester: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, 2007, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service The results revealed no evidence of Romano-British activity on the site, nor remains from the prehistoric period. The features identified dated to the 19th to 20th centuries, including several pits and a series of plough marks, which were considered to be related to market gardening or other agricultural activities. This was supported by datable artefactual materials within one pit, some plough marks and the subsoil deposit, which also contained occasional residual medieval and post-medieval material. Otherwise no significant archaeological structures, horizons or deposits were identified, nor artefacts recovered. The potential for any significant archaeological deposits within the site was considered to be low. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(C.93.2028) SO84886028

AIP database ID: {19DAB3E2-7DB4-46A9-87B4-0B1A10DC135A}

Parish: Ombersley Postal Code: WR3 7SE

HAWFORD GRANGE FARM, CHATLEY LANE, OMBERSLEY

An Archaeological Evaluation at Hawford Grange Farm, Chatley Lane, Ombersley, Worcestershire Wainwright, J Worcester: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, 2007, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service No features or deposits of archaeological significance were excavated on the site. It seemed likely that although there was evidence for prehistoric as well as Romano-British settlement to the north of the site, the study area was not utilised for settlement. The underlying drift geology of gravels to the north of the site was more conducive to settlement than the heavier clays underlying the site itself. However, the site was under cultivation by the medieval period and it was possible that cultivation was being carried out at an earlier date. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(C.93.2029) SO84666063

AIP database ID: {52C65CBD-15F9-40FD-8C19-38989360E675}

Parish: Ombersley Postal Code: WR3 7SG

HAWFORD GRANGE FARM, CHATLEY LANE, OMBERSLEY

Hawford Grange Farm, Chatley Lane, Ombersley, Worcestershire

Wainwright, J Worcester: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service, 2007, 11pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Worcestershire County Council Historic Environment & Archaeology Service An archaeological evaluation was carried out in advance of the construction of a fishing/fish rearing lake. No archaeological remains were encountered during the evaluation. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no