South West Bath & North East Somerset

Bath and North East Somerset

(G.47.4745) ST74956478

AIP database ID: {981AD78F-2C5D-4077-B27A-2F7630CB17E0}

Parish: Abbey Ward Postal Code: BA1 1EQ

16 WESTGATE STREET, BATH

16 Westgate Street, Bath, Bath and North East Somerset

Davenport, P Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2008, 34pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

A survey of a 17th century building, with a façade dating from 1710, was made in advance of an application for Listed Building consent for the conversion of the upper floors to self-contained flats. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :No

(G.47.4746) ST75606510

AIP database ID: {6623339F-8122-49F7-94F9-BA772EA27A61}

Parish: Abbey Ward Postal Code: BA2 4BW

20 ST. MARY'S CLOSE, BATHWICK

20 St. Mary's Close, Bathwick. Design Access Statement

Stapleton, H Bath: Hugh Stapleton Architects, 2007, 27pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Hugh Stapleton Architects

A survey was made of a building constructed in the 1950s in advance of the proposal to replace the

building with a bungalow. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2007/19 Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID :No

(G.47.4747) ST74906480

AIP database ID: {B56C1CEC-03B9-4E7D-B320-44970CCE3E69}

Parish: Abbey Ward Postal Code: BA1 1RU

THE BLUECOAT HOUSE, BATH CLINIC & CAR PARK, 1-2 BRIDEWELL LANE, THE GALA BINGO HALL, REGENCY GARAGE

Historical Buildings Plans on The Bluecoat House, Bath Clinic & Car Park, 12 Bridewell Lane, The Gala Bingo Hall, Regency Garage & Delfter Krug Nightclub, The Saw Close, Bath (2 Vols)

The House Historians Upton Cheyney: The House Historians, 2007, 174pp, colour pls, figs, tabs,

Work undertaken by: The House Historians

A survey was made of a complex of post-medieval buildings, including a former school, around Saw Close. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2008/10, 2008/09

OASIS ID :no

(G.47.4748) ST80506860

AIP database ID: {FA972F06-10EB-4BF5-A017-4EB0BD883139}

Parish: Bathford Postal Code: BA1 7LN

UPPER SHOCKERWICK HOUSE, SHOCKERWICK

Design & Access Statement and Written Justification for Alterations at Upper Shockerwick House, Shockerwick, Nr. Bath

Chedburn Design & Conservation Bath: Chedburn Design & Conservation, 2007, 23pp, pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Chedburn Design & Conservation

A building recording was made of a likely 17th century farmhouse in advance of proposed alterations. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2007/93

OASIS ID :no

(G.47.4749) ST57636299

AIP database ID: {ECD3A651-4FDD-4100-B2EB-24C67E31998D}

Parish: Chew Magna Postal Code: BS18 8SP

TUNBRIDGE MILL, CHEW MAGNA

Tunbridge Mill, Chew Magna, Bath and North East Somerset. Archaeological Desk Based Assessment

Bruce, J Bristol: Avon Archaeological Unit, 2007, 31pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Avon Archaeological Unit

The study area comprised Tunbridge Mill and its various outbuildings. It was found that the interior of the mill and one of its outbuilding retained a number of early features. It was proposed to refurbish the mill and its disused water wheel to replace the majority of the outbuildings. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2007/87 Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(G.47.4750) ST63305560

AIP database ID: {0151D562-4FEE-4456-AB21-5ECA6555D9E1}

Parish: Farrington Gurney Postal Code: BS18 5UB

THE STABLES, COACH HOUSE & STORE, THE OLD PARSONAGE, FARRINGTON GURNEY

Historical & Archaeological Building Report on The Stables, Coach House & Store, The Old Parsonage, Farrington Gurney, Somerset

The House Historians Upton Cheyney: The House Historians, 2007, 66pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: The House Historians

A survey was conducted of the Grade II* Listed parsonage of late 17th century date along with a store and stable of post-medieval date. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 2007/89 Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(G.47.4751) ST73706520

AIP database ID: {5120B7B6-2CC1-4C73-8D96-961AA062C698}

Parish: Kingsmead Ward Postal Code: BA1 3AU

7-10 KELSO PLACE

7-10 Kelso Place, Bath. Bath and North East Somerset. Building Impact Assessment

Davenport, P Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 19pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

The building was built by the Bath Gas Light and Coke Company in 1859. The building was largely open plan offices. [Au(abr)]

OASIS ID :no

Bristol

Bristol, City of UA

(G.54.4752) ST5963073772

AIP database ID: {3F0F0F47-C752-4EB0-8100-782ABF40E61B}

Parish: Ashley Ward Postal Code: BS2 9HH

NOS. 27 AND 28 PORTLAND SQUARE

Nos. 27 and 28 Portland Square. An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment and Building Assessment

Leech, R H Romsey: Cultural Heritage Services, 2007, 51pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertak en by: Cultural Heritage Services

The assessment and survey showed a site with a complex history. Building may have commenced in the 1790s, but was not completed until c.1814. The property originally consisted of two houses, each of five storeys fronting Portland Square, with courtyards or gardens behind and coach houses to the rear. Nos. 2-8 Cave Street were completed at the same time or slightly later. The curtilage of No. 28 later included a two-storey workshop and coach house to the rear of No. 27 Portland Square. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MO

OASIS ID :no

(G.54.4753) ST58307360

AIP database ID: {F7C7953F-20AB-4BF6-BD91-59223D296241}

Postal Code: BS8 1TJ Parish: Cabot Ward

114 ST. MICHAEL'S HILL, KINGSDOWN, BRISTOL

114 St. Michael's Hill, Kingsdown, Bristol. An Historical Building Report

Whittingham, S Bristol: Dr. Sarah Whittingham, 2007, 17pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Dr. Sarah Whittingham

The site was located on a main route from medieval Bristol towards Gloucester and Wales. It was developed from the 15th century, and during the 17th century a number of garden houses were built. Further development was followed by demolition and redevelopment of much of the site after the Second World War, with the inappropriately large and bulky modern intrusion of St. Michael's Hospital constructed in 1975, as well as pressure from other hospital and university building plans. Number 114 was located within the St. Michael's Hill and Christmas Steps Conservation Asea. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(G.54.4754) ST58457300

AIP database ID: {255B2DAB-12A5-49C0-B990-EC5A59B8F00F}

Parish: Cabot Ward Postal Code: BS1 5EG

NO.2 TRENCHARD STREET, BRISTOL

Archaeological Building Recording at No.2 Trenchard Street, Bristol
Bristol & Region Archaeological Services Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 28pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The standing building was found to contain eight principal construction phases, covering approximately 500 years from the late medieval period to the late 20th century. This was later confirmed by excavation. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

(G.54.4755) ST5773073200

AIP database ID: {78C54CAE-8853-4813-8D3C-AD949851258B}

Parish: Clifton East Ward Postal Code: BS8 1JE

THE PRO-CATHEDRAL, PARK PLACE, CLIFTON

Archaeological Building Survey of the Pro-cathedral, Park Place, Clifton

Potter, K Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 26pp, colour pls, figs, tabs,

refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

A survey of the church was carried out, with a digital survey of the Presbytery. The survey found much of the standing remains to be original features of the building. A limited phasing of the buildings development was undertaken but was not to be viewed as comprehensive or exclusive. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(G.54.4756) ST5779973209

AIP database ID: {0C1CEDEF-D6C5-40DB-9A51-85DF245CBA25}

Parish: Clifton East Ward Postal Code: BS8 1EL

WALL AT PRO-CATHEDRAL LANE, CLIFTON, BRISTOL

Archaeological Wall Survey at Pro-Cathedral Lane, Clifton, Bristol

Bryant, J Bristol : Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 23pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

A length of stone walling on the south-west side of the street was recorded in advance of it's removal during redevelopment of the site. There had initially been a field wall, then St. Augustine's Chapel [c.1838] which survived complete with two ventilator openings, band course and quoins. A new entrance off the lane was created in the early 1930s. [Au(adp)]

SMR primary record number: 24560 Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(G.54.4757) ST59707320

AIP database ID: {7738B51E-FFFC-4F48-B84C-4605B59A5B4A}

Parish: Lawrence Hill Ward Postal Code: BS2 0BG

114 JACOB STREET, BRISTOL

114 Jacob Street, Bristol. Photographic Survey Record

gcp Chartered Accountants Willsbridge: gcp Chartered Accountants, 2007, 209pp, colour pls,

figs, tabs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: gcp Chartered Accountants

The building lay within the Old Market Conservation Area, but was not itself a Listed Building. The report detailed a room-by-room account of the interior and elevation of the building, but did not disclose the history or development of the site in detail. [AIP]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(G.54.4758) ST6030572540

AIP database ID: {51F6C8A0-9C20-4021-8601-A9FD7157D8CC}

Parish: Lawrence Hill Ward Postal Code: BS2 0QE

ST. VINCENT'S WORKS, SILVERTHORNE LANE, ST. PHILLIPS, BRISTOL

Historic Building Record at St. Vincent's Works, Silverthorne Lane, St. Phillips, Bristol

Clarke, C Twickenham: AOC Archaeology Group, 2007, 23pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs Work undertaken by: AOC Archaeology Group

The St. Vincent's Works warehouse was a rectangular single-storey stone building with a to-bay frontage and five-bay sides. It was considered a good example of Victorian functional architecture, but due to the frequency of such buildings of that period in Bristol it was thought to only retain value as part of the surviving structures of St. Vincent's Works. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :aocarcha1-24461

(G.54.4759) ST60567306

AIP database ID: {8583947E-1F81-462B-8E9F-556598B3771C}

Parish: Lawrence Hill Ward Postal Code: BS5 0AE

THE FORGE INN, CHANCERY STREET/BARROW ROAD, BARTON HILL, BRISTOL

Archaeological Building Survey of The Forge Inn, Chancery Street/Barrow Road, Barton Hill, Bristol

Potter, K Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 21pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

The survey found the modern inn to largely be of one phase of construction, with only minor cosmetic alterations. [Au(abr)]

SMR primary record number: 24537 Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID :no

(G.54.4760) ST5991272228

AIP database ID: {67A837BC-68DC-45FF-8179-DF0298C2157C}

Parish: Windmill Hill Ward Postal Code: BS2 0XB

THE FORMER COUNTY TYRES BUILDING, REAR OF NOS. 119-120 CUMBERLAND ROAD, BRISTOL

Archaeological Building Recording of the Former County Tyres Building, Rear of Nos. 119-120 Cumberland Road, Bristol

Bryant, J Bristol: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services, 2007, 15pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Bristol & Region Archaeological Services

A building survey to RCHME Level 2 standard was carried out on a mid-19th century building at the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MO

OASIS ID :no

Cornwall

Caradon

(G.15.4761) SX38625332

AIP database ID: {453B96A5-B786-44D8-8C2F-024E835BCE8B}

Parish: Antony Postal Code: PL11 3AZ

THE KEEP, TREGANTLE FORT

The Keep, Tregantle Fort, Anthony, Cornwall. Building Recording and Investigation

Mumford, J Oxford : Oxford Archaeology, 2008, 142pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

Tregantle was constructed between 1859 and 1864 and it was intended to be one of three

forts on the Antony line defending the western side of Plymouth Dockyard. Only two of these forts were constructed, the other one being Scraesdon. The fort was intended tobe armed with 87 guns but it appeared that a relatively small proportion of these were actually fitted. By 1895 it was known that six 64 pdr rifled muzzle-loading guns had been installed in the Keep, five of which were on the roof and the other is thought to have been fitted in Room 16A to cover the drawbridge. In 1903 the Fort became an infantry battalion headquarters and in the Second World War it was used by the US Army. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(G.15.4762) SX4518252731

AIP database ID: {1CA8607B-2FA8-4A69-AA66-E58A26C5F283}

Parish: Maker-with-Rame Postal Code: PL10 1HZ

MOUNT EDGCUMBE SERVICE YARD, MOUNT EDGCUMBE HOUSE

Mount Edgcumbe Service Yard, Mount Edgcumbe House, Cornwall. Archaeological Buildings Survey

Sturgess, J & Berry, E Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 54pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

A building recording was made of a complex of buildings designed as a model farm. The earliest building within the group is the U-shaped block containing stables and carriage houses built between 1774 and 1784. This was closely followed by the construction of what later became the saw mill, but was originally a shippon, on the western side of the yard. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(G.15.4763) SX35206527

AIP database ID: {08630F5E-E588-4EDB-A670-827E86AD2D79}

Parish: St. Mellion Postal Code: PL17 7HT

CLAPPER BAY PARK BRIDGE

Clapper Bay Park Bridge, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Sturgess, J Truro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007,

21pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

A recording was made of the Grade II Listed bridge in advance of strengthening works. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(G.15.4764) SX43929 55082

AIP database ID: {5C4465AE-913A-4483-8AB8-A3FD131D579D}

Parish: Torpoint Postal Code: PL11 2BQ

PARISH CHURCH OF ST. JAMES, TORPOINT

Archaeological Assessment of the Parish Church of St. James, Torpoint, Cornwall

Manning, P Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 4pp, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

An archaeological assessment was made of the proposed interior works at the parish church of St. James. The church was Grade II Listed. The only element of the proposed works that might have had an archaeological impact was the re-siting of the font, which necessitated the excavation of a small drainage pit at the new location. It was possible that evidence of former internal structural features or fixtures, including earlier floors, could be encountered, but the work involved was so small-scale that this was unlikely to cause any significant damage. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

North Cornwall

(G.15.4765) SX1144075896

AIP database ID: {A4EDF559-DDB4-43BF-A129-646D4FDEA7E0}

Parish: Blisland Postal Code: PL30 4NL

DELFORD BRIDGE

Delford Bridge, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Berry, ETruro: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 21pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

A survey was made of a Grade II Listed bridge to inform on a decision of Listed Building consent. The bridge was constructed of granite lintels, supported by a roughly hewn granite piers and abutments. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

Restormel

(G.15.4766) SX03605190

AIP database ID: {7C37492D-335D-48E8-BC8E-55A1D8F61FB1}

Parish: Crinnis Ward Postal Code: PL25 3NZ

111 & 113 CHARLESTOWN ROAD, CHARLESTOWN

111 & 113 Charlestown Road, Charlestown, Cornwall. Archaeological Assessment

Berry, ETruro : Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council, 2007, 45pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Historic Environment Service Projects. Cornwall County Council

A record was made of six distinct 19th and 20th century buildings. The barn was the most complete and unaltered of the buildings on the site. It was later converted to china stone milling. Other buildings in the group likely related to the china clay industry. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

Devon

East Devon

(G.18.4767) SY10909940

AIP database ID: {6B9C2E28-8B1E-4BFD-85F7-C17E2C369673}

Parish: Feniton Postal Code: EX14 3HS

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, FENITON

Initial Archaeological Report on the South Aisle Roof of St. Andrew's Church, Feniton

Allan, J Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 4pp, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

A building recording was undertaken on the roof of the church, The evidence was that the primary roof over the south aisle, built c.1520–55, survived largely intact, however, much of its moulded timber ceiling had been concealed or removed. It was possible that further examination could reveal a more complex picture. Either repairs to the trusses and purlins, or the removal of the original boarded ceiling, perhaps even both, may have reflected undocumented repairs before the 1870s. It was also possible that the medieval roof would prove to consist of more than one phase of work. All these possibilities should be capable of resolution by more extensive and detailed examination [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID :no

Exeter

(G.18.4768) SX94009030

AIP database ID: {8F2977B8-5513-477C-8665-2F4B7942B8F2}

Parish: Priory Ward Postal Code: EX2 6LQ

4-6 COUNTESS WEAR ROAD, EXETER

4-6 Countess Wear Road, Exeter, Devon. Results of a Desk-based Cartographic Assessment

South West Archaeology Kentisbury: South West Archaeology, 2007, 22pp, colour pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: South West Archaeology

The cartographic evidence indicated that the site was originally that of a farm, with possible origins in the medieval period. Although most of the extant buildings on the site were of 19th or 20th century date was possible that remnants of earlier strictures that survived including that of a former threshing barn. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID: southwes1-35923

(G.18.4769) SX92129253

AIP database ID: {DDFC310D-7CDF-4824-9E1E-1077EAC2617D}

Parish: St. David's Ward Postal Code: EX1 1EH

CHAPELS OF SS ANDREW AND KATHERINE IN EXETER CATHEDRAL

Commentary on the Architectural Features of the Chapels of SS Andrew and Katherine in Exeter Cathedral

Allan, J Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 5pp

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

A building survey was undertaken on two Exeter Cathedral chapels. The chapels contained a very remarkable group of works of art of undoubted national significance which were in a frail state and were vulnerable to further damage. They were so rich in different sorts of evidence for the character of a medieval chantry that it was deemed that they deserved a fuller investigation and recording, especially from a conservator of paint and stone. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID :no

(G.18.4770) SX92109260

AIP database ID: {92AF2008-83D9-42A5-9402-0A84ABE7E86E}

Parish: St. David's Ward Postal Code: EX1 1FA

NOS. 8 AND 9A, CATHEDRAL CLOSE, EXETER

An Archaeological Assessment of Nos. 8 and 9 A, Cathedral Close, Exeter

Parker, R W, Allan, J P & Ives, T Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 56pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

An archaeological building recording survey recorded two buildings, inclusive of a medieval law library. The buildings were known to date from the late medieval period although most aspects, including the building frontages, were post-medieval in nature. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

OASIS ID :no

Mid Devon

(G.18.4771) SS82940040

AIP database ID: {C14E988B-7A64-4A3D-9FA5-D0813BAB1351}

Parish: Crediton Postal Code: EX17 3LE

BELLE COURT, CREDITON

Archaeological Building Survey at Belle Court, Crediton, Devon

Wakeham, C S Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 9pp, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

A building assessment was undertaken prior to redevelopment. The building had previously been identified as being a former tannery, but this was erroneous. Only a small portion of pre-1841 stone walling could be identified. The bulk of the structure dated to the period 1841-1888 when it was probably built as a boot and shoe factory although an extension to the bakery premises was another possibility. The building range did contain a number of construction phases, although all but one of them were dated post 1841. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :No

(G.18.4772) SS90841065

AIP database ID: {846028E6-A07F-4CF0-B5AA-5DFDFADC8E2A}

Parish: Cruwys Morchard Postal Code: EX16 8HX

COOMBELAND FARM, CRUWYS MORCHARD, TIVERTON

Coombeland Farm, Cruwys Morchard, Tiverton, Devon. Historic Building Recording

Rous, M Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 28pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An examination of the farm buildings coupled with a study of the available map evidence showed that there had been significant development at the site over the past 160 years. The oldest buildings were thought to correspond to those depicted on the 1839 Tithe map. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(G.18.4773) SS9125015875

AIP database ID: {C288A3D2-0998-4B7F-8951-29F46956FBF4}

Parish: Loxbeare Postal Code: EX16 9RH

LOXBEARE BARTON

Archaeological building survey and watching brief at Loxbeare Barton, Loxbeare, Devon

Wakeham, C S Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007,

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

Building survey and watching brief during the conversion of agricultural buildings [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 1461068

OASIS ID :exeterar1-33486

(G.18.4774) SS8017111803

AIP database ID: {B3790259-6159-4BC0-A556-FFAACFEB2DCF}

Parish: Thelbridge Postal Code: EX16 8NY

WESTCOTT BARTON, THELBRIDGE, NEAR TIVERTON Dr

Allum, C Wincanton: Context One Archaeological Services Ltd, 2007,

Work undertaken by: Context One Archaeological Services Ltd

Westcott Barton is an important example of a Devon farmstead with late medieval to early postmedieval origins. The farmhouse originates as a cross-passage house probably dating from the 16th century, consisting of a hall, with an inner room to the west and a cross-passage to the east. The service

end to the east of the cross-passage is probably part of the original building, with a pegged jointed cruck roof, which is almost identical to that exposed above the first floor rooms over the hall and inner room. Although the service end may be slightly later, the byre and hayloft is certainly contemporary with it. The recently exposed roof trusses in the first floor rooms above the hall and inner room are heavily smoke blackened. However, the farmhouse was most likely a partially open rather than a fully open hall. Seventeenth century additions include the addition of a chimney in the north-east corner of the hall, the first floor and northern stair turret. Later alterations include the construction of the brick bread oven and smoking chamber at the northern end of the cross-passage; the late 18th/early 19th century western extension; the 19th century dairy, and the raising of the eaves by several courses in the late 19th century. The south range byre and linhay probably date from the 17th century, whilst the north range linhay barn attached to the east of the farmhouse is thought to be 17th to 18th century. The farmbuildings have undergone numerous alterations, additions and demolitions. [OASIS(Au)]

SMR primary record number: 1455260 Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID: contexto1-26963

North Devon

(G.18.4775) SS59982298

AIP database ID: {4D58B3BC-30E2-4E29-95AE-228FAD52C16A}

Parish: Atherington Postal Code: EX37 9AS

THE BARN, HIGHER FISHERTON, ATHERINGTON

The Barn, Higher Fisherton, Atherington, Devon. Results of a Brief Archaeological Cartographic Study and Building Survey

Green, T & Laing Trengrove, D Kentisbury: South West Archaeology, 2007, 20pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: South West Archaeology

A building was known on the site since before 1833, however, the extant structure was not all dated to one period. Although the footprint of the building appeared to have remained the same since the early 19th century, the form and function of the building had changed over time and may have altered from domestic to agricultural use. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(G.18.4776) SS59302450

AIP database ID: {F2C67F0B-6B46-45D1-B9DF-A3F151DED7D1}

Parish: Atherington Postal Code: EX37 9DX

UMBERLEIGH BARTON, ATHERINGTON

Archaeological Recording of Redundant Agricultural Buildings at Umberleigh Barton, Atherington, Devon

Watts, M Cullompton: Martin Watts, 2007, 38pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Martin Watts

The group of traditional agricultural buildings represented several phases of farming activity over a period of at least 250 years. The buildings were used for grain processing and storage as well as livestock, predominantly cattle, and reflected the system of convertible husbandry that was dominantin Devon over this period. The buildings were of stone and cob, with most originally having thatched roofs, later replaced with corrugated metal sheeting. The carpentry of the roofs and floors was generally rustic in appearance, using locally sourced timber with interesting and distinctive structural features. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

(G.18.4777) SS58623072

AIP database ID: {0051C1CF-8DFF-4FA8-9B91-D3F7644CB870}

Parish: Landkey Postal Code: EX32 0NU

VENN QUARRY, LOWER VENN, LANDKEY, BARNSTAPLE

Venn Quarry, Lower Venn, Landkey, Barnstaple, Devon. Documentary Analysis and Condition Survey

Rous, M Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 45pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

An assessment of the site, the most important quarry and lime producer in the Barnstaple area in the 19th century, revealed many buildings on the site from amorphous blocks of stone to readily identifiable lime kilns. The site needed to be cleared of dense woodland before a more thorough survey could be carried out. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

South Hams

(G.18.4778) SX 6120 5745

AIP database ID: {BCEED25F-5998-449A-B19E-04519EBD5D49}

Parish: Cornwood Postal Code: PL21 9HT

FARDEL MANOR, CORNWOOD

Initial Report on the Medieval Chapel at Fardel Manor, Cornwood

Allan, J Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 17pp, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

In a county where little church fabric survived from the 13th century, the presence of the entire shell of the chapel at Fardel in a form little altered from the day it was built was a remarkable survival, and one whose significance had not been recognised by architectural historians of the church in Devon. The rather tentative Listing description and the brief note by Pevsner (1989) hardly did justice to the building, as perhaps the best-preserved 13th-century church in Devon. Prior to restoration in 1960, a feature was its primitive common rafter roof with scissor braces, which was likely to have been contemporary with the early 13th century fabric of the chapel. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

OASIS ID :no

(G.18.4779) SX72735677

AIP database ID: {CD2A35FE-7013-4B02-8DE7-7E4460DDD771}

Parish: Diptford Postal Code: TQ9 7NY

THE TOWER AND SPIRE OF ST. MARY'S CHURCH, DIPTFORD

Devon Archaeological Society Proceedings No. 65 2007, The Tower and Spire of St. Mary's Church, Diptford pp 105-121.

Allan, J & Wakeham, C Exeter: Devon Archaeological Society, 2007, 17pp, pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

In 2007 the tower and spire of St. Mary's Church of Diptford parish church were stripped of modern cement exposing their medieval fabric and allowing them to be examined in detail. Architectural drawings of their structure were made and a study of the geology of their fabric was carried out. Contrary to some earlier accounts the study concluded that the tower and spire had been built together, probably in the early 14th century. The western window in Perpendicular style and the label above the western doorway were found to be subsequent insertions. [Sec(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD

(G.18.4780) SX80286034

AIP database ID: {334116F6-2255-4FBC-ACD0-15648D8025ED}

Parish: Totnes Postal Code: TQ9 5EE

PARADISE COTTAGE, TOTNES

Archaeological Building Survey of Paradise Cottage, Totnes, Devon

Bell, J S & Wakeham, C S Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 12pp, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

A building recording was undertaken on Paradise Cottage, Totnes prior to alterations. The complex evolution of Paradise Cottage was owed, in part, to the premises' creation from multiple burgage plots. The main part of the building probably originated as a small outbuilding, perhaps only single storey, for the merchant's house facing onto Fore Street. The building was enlarged to create either a larger two-storey warehouse, or some form of service or industrial building. This in turn appeared to have been enlarged with two extensions to the west. The first of these extensions was later raised in height and it was probably at this stage that the building was converted to a dwelling. Some areas of stonework were not exposed and if these were to be investigated in the future, further interpretation may be possible. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :exeterar1-43981

Teignbridge

(G.18.4781) SX76698270

AIP database ID: {9E43DFA8-FDA2-4492-A61A-340EA85F2730}

Parish: Lustleigh Postal Code: TQ13 9SG

NORTH HARTON FARM, LUSTLEIGH

An Archaeological Assessment of North Harton Farm, Lustleigh, Devon

Allan, J Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 4pp Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

A building survey was undertaken which provided information about the date of the northern end of the house, and to consider the possibility that this may have incorporated parts of the traditional farmhouse, notably the shippon. The northern end of the farmhouse was undoubtedly a modern addition—either of late 19th or early 20th-century date. Its features suggested a likely date as late as c. 1900–30. This conformed with the map evidence. The remainder of the farmhouse was a well-preserved example of the early modern farmhouse with a three-room-and-cross-passage plan, for which a date between the c. 1550 and 1650 was thought probable. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM, MD

OASIS ID :no

West Devon

(G.18.4782) SX52706940

AIP database ID: {EB7DDA7D-31A5-4343-BA56-238558605F12}

Parish: Walkhampton Postal Code: PL20 6JS

LEATHERTOR FARM, WALKHAMPTON

Survey and Report on the Ruined Leathertor Farm, Walkhampton

Wakeham, C S Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 26pp, refs, index

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

Lowery barn was a tall, imposing, gable-ended structure (of 8.2m in height to the apex) with fine granite quoins. These characteristics may also have been present at Leathertor. The ground floor was composed of shippen, feed passage and root store, entered via five equally spaced doorways. The rear wall featured two openings, a slit window and a root chute/turnip hole. Above was the threshing barn with opposing doorways and typically entered via a bank behind. It had a slit window in either gable end. It was also fitted with two date stones, reading "M.L." (Massey Lopes) and "1873" in similar script to that of Leathertor farmhouse. Leathertor barn would probably have had at least one inscribed stone. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

Gloucestershire

Forest of Dean

(G.23.4783) SO65201400

AIP database ID: {6FD43CED-FF8D-483A-8D82-0A27076F4DF4}

Parish: Cinderford Postal Code: GL14 2LG

CANNOP FOUNDRY, CINDERFORD

Cannop Foundry, Cinderford, Gloucestershire. Historic Building Survey

Sims, M Oxford: Oxford Archaeology, 2007, 40pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Oxford Archaeology

The work was commissioned in advance of the proposed redevelopment of the site, which would involve demolition of all the former foundry buildings. The site was originally constructed for "The Bilson Gas Light Co." in the 1880s before being vacated in the 1940s and Cannop Foundry acquiring the site in 1957. There were eight buildings surviving, some of which had acquired major extensions during the life of the foundry. They range from small stores b very large brick and stone built workshops, of which three were originally part of the earlier gasworks. One of the workshops was constructed using coursed limestone blocks for the first 3 m of height with later brick courses added to increase the height and rebuild the gables. The second workshop was built using only brick with a series of 20 round topped windows along the top of each side. The larger workshops display signs of continuous adaptation and alteration over their working life. Their original roofs have been replaced with steel roof trusses and asbestos sheeting, probably during the same time as the extensions were added. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID:oxfordar1-53348

(G.23.4784) SO5398101539

AIP database ID: {2E1006D2-5E74-43FC-A61E-062C8039FF89}

Parish: Hewelsfield and Brockweir Postal Code: NP6 7NL

THE MALT HOUSE, BROCKWEIR

An Archaeological Desk-based Assessment and Level 2 Building Recording at The Malt House, Brockweir, Gloucestershire

Hickling, S Gloucester: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service, 2007, 46pp, colour pls, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gloucestershire County Council Archaeology Service

The assessment established that the early date that had been widely published for the building was probably unfounded. The use of recycled materials deriving from the post-dissolution of Tintern Abbey in the late 16th or 17th centuries had confused the dating of the building. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

Stroud

(G.23.4785) SO90300520

AIP database ID: {9EB0C33B-B081-447A-BF5B-C5AEA9683531}

Parish: Bisley-with-Lypiatt Postal Code: GL6 7AJ

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, BISLEY

Archaeological Recording at All Saints' Church, Bisley, Gloucestershire

Williams, P Worcester: Mercian Archaeology, 2007, 14pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs, CD

Work undertaken by: Mercian Archaeology

Recording was carried out following the discovery of a burial vault during works to reinstate ledger slabs on the southern side of the church. A dry-stone burial chamber was recorded that contained the remains of at least two individuals. The skeletons had been disturbed by coffin collapse and various other processes since their burials in the early 19th century, with metalwork in the form of coffin fittings also being noted. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :No

Tewkesbury

(G.23.4786) SO9594327640

AIP database ID: {50094504-023C-46F4-9ECF-2F9CCF2B5655}

Parish: Bishop's Cleeve Postal Code: GL52 4GZ

LABURNUM COTTAGE, BISHOPS CLEEVE, CHELTENHAM

Laburnum Cottage, Bishops Cleeve, Cheltenham

Vallender, J Stroud: Jo Vallender, 2007, 39pp, pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Jo Vallender

The building recording, part of an MA course, established the existence of two pairs of previously unrecorded crucks that possibly originally formed the eastern end a small medieval hall. Five constructional phases were identified, culminating in the total re-roofing and renovation of the building after a fire in 1914. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: MD, PM

OASIS ID :no Plymouth

Plymouth UA

(G.72.4787) SX45405440

AIP database ID: {B9A12DBB-7BFB-471D-8CA4-95AB2EB8860B}

Parish: Devonport Ward Postal Code: PL1 4HD

DEVONPORT COLUMN

Devonport Regeneration Study. Condition Survey. Devonport Column

Gilmore Hankey Kirke Plymouth : Gilmore Hankey Kirke, 2007, 24pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gilmore Hankey Kirke

The condition of the column, viewing platform, entrance and wall was noted in advance of proposed regeneration. The outer surface was found to be dressed granite blocks and ivy and pigeon guano were causing some damage. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(G.72.4788) SX45285455

 $AIP\ database\ ID:\ \{F2E2AE7A-6892-4C22-B6C7-40B33E702B86\}$

Parish: Devonport Ward Postal Code: PL1 4ED

FORMER MARKET BUILDING, DEVONPORT

Archaeological Assessment of the Former Market Building, Devonport, Plymouth

Parker, R W & Passmore, A J Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 23pp, pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

A building recording was made of the Grade II Listed Building of the Former Devonport Market House. The surviving remains include a two-storied galleried hall, a clock tower and part of the façade to Duke Street. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(G.72.4789) SX45405445

AIP database ID: {8BEA4868-292D-460C-A1A6-8821D7E36A7E}

Parish: Devonport Ward Postal Code: PL1 4EB

GUILDHALL, DEVONPORT

Devonport Regeneration Study. Condition Survey. Guildhall

Gilmore Hankey Kirke Plymouth: Gilmore Hankey Kirke, 2007, 28pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Gilmore Hankey Kirke

A condition survey was undertaken of the Grade I listed Guildhall in advance of building regeneration. Areas in need of repair were noted and graded. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(G.72.4790) SX45405460

AIP database ID: {C72A0504-55F2-4AC5-BA4D-85DE10C9F02A}

Parish: Devonport Ward Postal Code: PL1 4DR

ST. AUBYN'S CHURCH, DEVONPORT

Condition Survey. St. Aubyn's Church, Devonport, Plymouth.

Gilmore Hankey Kirke Plymouth: Gilmore Hankey Kirke, 2007, 42pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by:

A building survey was conducted of the Grade II* listed church to aid a regeneration plan. The survey recorded both modern and post-medieval elements. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

(G.72.4791) SX4805254145

AIP database ID: {38F8E8ED-9B8C-4D7E-A7BD-DBAA1E33B2A1}

Parish: St. Peter and the Waterfront Ward Postal Code: PL1 2LQ

THE STILL ROOM WITHIN THE PLYMOUTH GIN DISTILLERY, SOUTHSIDE STREET

An Architectural Survey of the North East Corner of the Still Room Within the Plymouth Gin Distillery, Southside Street, Plymouth

Jones, P Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 4pp, colour pls, refs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

The proposed work involved the removal of small amounts of stonework to house the terminals of a number of horizontal steel supports within both wall elevations. None of the stonework that would be affected was associated with any features recognisably earlier than the 19th century, and such features that were visible appeared to be industrial rather than domestic. The irregularly coursed limestone walling that was projected to be removed in the course of the works could well have formed part of the primary fabric of the building, which may be d 16th-century date, but the lack of any diagnostic features within these walls meant that the proposed works would not mean the loss of fabric essential to the future interpretation or understanding of the structure. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

Somerset

Mendip

(G.40.4792) ST73004880

AIP database ID: {0A77B9EB-49D6-448D-9AEF-CEC7956FF46B}

Parish: Mells Postal Code: BA11 3QQ

BALANCE LOCK, NEWBURY FIRS, MELLS

Excavation at Balance Lock, Newbury Firs, Mells- e-mail

Hunt, D Taunton: Derrick Hunt, 2007, 3pp, fig

Work undertaken by: Derrick Hunt

An excavation of a port of a lock revealed a lock pit. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :No

South Somerset

(G.40.4793) ST53252650

AIP database ID: {515CB014-2C08-47CB-A743-D868CF35E204}

Parish: Charlton Mackrell Postal Code: TA11 7HU

CHARLTON MACKRELL. LYTES CARY MANOR HOUSE

Charlton Mackrell. Lytes Cary Manor House

Heaton, M Warminster: Michael Heaton, 2008, 1p

Work undertaken by: Michael Heaton

The roof structure of the south range of Lytes Cary manor house was recorded during major repairs undertaken in the winter of 2006/7. Three truss forms and evidence of extensive historic repair were revealed. The report concluded that the principal roof form-a "wagon" roof of collar-tied common rafter "trusses"-was of a 14th century date and was possibly one of only two known in the county. [Sec]

OASIS ID :no

Taunton Deane

(G.40.4794) ST11401980

AIP database ID: {A2E993CB-4426-43D2-9D85-3F04E84F3138}

Parish: Wellington Without Postal Code: TA21 0EB

WELLINGTON WITHOUT, ROCKWELL GREEN, WESTFORD MILLS

Wellington Without, Rockwell Green, Westford Mills

Passmore, A J Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2008, 1p, figs

Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

Exeter Archaeology recorded a textile mill complex prior to its demolition. The earliest mill, constructed c. 1800, suffered from a fire in 1821 and was subsequently repaired. A new wing using fireproof construction techniques was added afterwards, incorporating a massive two-storey wheelhouse. In the late 19th century a detached mill was added. In 1887 a separate dyeworks was added, and was later extended to the north. A watching brief on the groundwork is underway, and has so far recorded a series of open soap pits. [Sec]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

Torbay

Torbay UA

(G.87.4795) SX84806110

AIP database ID: {B30D5F78-58E0-41DE-B24C-E29C6F6BB0A4}

Parish: Blatchcombe Ward Postal Code: TQ3 3YQ

BARTON PINES, COLLATON ST. MARY

Barton Pines, Collaton St. Mary, Torbay, Devon

Keystone Torquay: Keystone, 2007, 51pp, colour pls, figs, refs

Work undertaken by: Keystone

There was no evidence of recorded buildings on Barton Pines site before Blagdon Cottage was built after 1840 and in place by 1864. The associated with place names identifying a Gallow Street, traditionally sited away from settlement, makes it unlikely that there was a history of medieval buildings on the site. In c.1893 a larger house was constructed upon the site. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :No

(G.87.4796) SX86355900

AIP database ID: {300D84B6-F35C-4CC3-B623-6041A8387FDD}

Parish: Blatchcombe Ward Postal Code: TQ4 7PH

FARM BUILDINGS AT HIGHER YALBERTON FARM, YALBERTON, PAIGNTON Archaeological Assessment of Farm Buildings at Higher Yalberton Farm, Yalberton, Paignton, Devon

Collings, A G & Wakeham, C S Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 20pp, colour pls, figs, refs *Work undertaken by:* Exeter Archaeology

A survey was made of the 19th century farmhouse and attached outbuilding along with the multipurpose farm buildings to the south, described as comprising barn and stable of Grade II Listed status. [Au(adp)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM

OASIS ID :no

(G.87.4797) SX90475646

AIP database ID: {F78F47DF-FC2A-4F1A-8186-A5F048F6DA5F}

Parish: Churston-with-Galmpton Ward Postal Code: TQ5 0JE

FARM BUILDINGS AT CHURSTON COURT FARM, CHURSTON FERRERS

Archaeological Assessment of Farm Buildings at Churston Court Farm, Churston Ferrers, Devon Collings, A G & Wakeham, C S Exeter: Exeter Archaeology, 2007, 32pp, colour pls, figs, refs Work undertaken by: Exeter Archaeology

A survey was made of the early Victorian farm buildings which had fallen into disrepair. This was formed of two large ranges inclusive of a root house, corn store, dairies, shippons and a fowl's house. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no Wiltshire

Kennet

(G.46.4798) SU25514915

AIP database ID: {155BD4B5-B594-4FA8-A32E-7BB7EAE1DF64}

Parish: North Tidworth Postal Code: SP11 9JQ

PROJECT ALLENBY/CONNAUGHT, TIDWORTH BARRACKS

Project Allenby/Connaught, Tidworth Barracks, Tidworth, Hampshire

Rous, M & Owen, G Salisbury: Wessex Archaeology, 2007, 25pp, colour pls, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Wessex Archaeology

The buildings at Tidworth barracks were recorded. [Au(adp)]

OASIS ID :no

North Wiltshire

(G.46.4799) SU09939354

AIP database ID: {177387D0-5904-4CC0-95E3-EF9825367570}

Parish: Cricklade Postal Code: SN6 6AD

ST. SAMPSON'S CHURCH, CRICKLADE

St. Sampson's Church, Cricklade, Wiltshire. Archaeological Building Recording

Moore, P Cirencester: Cotswold Archaeology, 2007, 18pp, figs, tabs, refs

Work undertaken by: Cotswold Archaeology

Over 500 graffiti or groups of graffiti were recorded, carved into the lead panels of the church tower. The earliest date carved in the lead was 1776, which corroborated the previously postulated 18th century date for the current lead works. Many of the graffiti were the outlines of hands and feet, initials, signatures and dates, as have been recorded elsewhere on the church roofs elsewhere in Central England. However, several unusual designs were recorded at St. Sampson's, including two ships, two rifles, a bird, a human figure and the elevation of a house. [Au(abr)]

Archaeological periods represented: PM