Dear XXXXXX,

Thank you for agreeing to partake in a survey exercise for this research project. Your participation will be completely confidential and you will remain completely anonymous throughout this process. The data gathered within this survey will not be not be subject to any public disclosure and is for use only as part of a PhD research project.

The PhD project aims to identify the ethical issues relating to lower limb running prostheses and then to determine a strategy to assess them. The following survey is stage 1 of a Delphi questionnaire. This is designed to obtain your personal opinion relating to a key issue.

The Delphi process involves questioning you on three separate occasions:

- Round 1: Some general open ended questions will be submitted to you requiring your response. <u>These are below for you to reply to now</u>.

At a later date:

- Round 2: Your answers (and those from the other panellists) from round 1 will be summarised and formulated into a series of more specific questions that you will be asked to respond to.

- Round 3: Round 2's questions will be submitted to you again but this time you will also be able to see the average reply of the other panellists and you will then be asked if you would like to adjust your answer from the second round or not.

The identity of all panellists will remain confidential at all times.

\_\_\_\_\_

The 3 questions listed below are designed to seek your personal opinion. Please reply to each one but please do not feel limited in the length or style of your answers. A reply to these by email is fine.

1) In your opinion, what is the role of a lower limb prostheses within Paralympic competition ?

2) If you can, please give examples which demonstrate that lower limb prostheses technology used for running could be regarded as fair or unfair.

3) In your opinion, what technological limits should or should not exist in the future for Paralympic running ?

Thanks for your assistance,

Bryce Dyer.

## A.2 DELPHI ROUND 1 THEMES

Whilst only 3 open ended questions were asked within round one of the Delphi technique, 17 themes were created and are shown in the following table.

Nic		Theme
No.	Origin/	Theme
	Them	
	e No.	
1	1:a	The role of the prostheses
	<u> </u>	
2	1:b	Providing what means to a prostheses user
		?
3	1:c	Is the prostheses part of the user ?
4	1:d	Restorative vs enhancement technology
<u> </u>		
5	1:e	Objective characteristics of a prostheses
0	4.6	l la suía de succeso e la sucifica stiene
6	1:f	User/endeavour classification
7	1.~	Evitarial affects of prosthagons use
7	1:g	External effects of prostheses use
8	2:a	Equity of access to prostheses technology
0	2.a	Equity of access to prostneses technology
9	2:b	Issue of the cost of prostheses technology
J	2.0	issue of the cost of prostneses technology
10	2:c	Mixed disability classification participation
	2.0	
11	2:d	Passive vs active prostheses design
		1 5
12	2:e	Ethos of Paralympic competition
13	2:f	Limb length manipulation
14	2:g	Recognising a contribution by the
		prostheses
15	2:h	Physical effect of using a prostheses
16	3:a	The respondents opinion to a solution
17	3:b	The characteristics of stride length

# A.3 DELPHI ROUND 2 QUESTIONNAIRE

No.	Statement			
1		f lower-limb rur are <i>athletes</i> .	nning prosthesis	within sports
Stro Disa	•••	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree

No.	Statement			
2	-		of lower-limb run ty running compe	ning prostheses is part tition.
Stro Disa	ngly gree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree

No.	Statement			
3	should have	•	ed upon it if the h	ostheses technology lealth of the athlete
Stro Disa	ngly Igree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree

No.	Statement			
4	event are m	ore important tl	han access to equ	disability running ual prostheses s equipment equity)
Stro Disa	ngly ngree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree

No.	Statement			
5	running eve	nt are more im ability type wit		wer-limb disability competitors having an ticipation vs
Stro Disa	ngly gree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree

No.	Statement			
6		• •	hesis is a piece of <i>s</i> pair of sports shoes	
Stro Disa	ngly gree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree

No.	Statement				
7		•••		onsidered part of the neir <i>natural</i> arms or	
Stro Disa	ngly gree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree	

No.	Statement				
8		er-limb running pro an the athlete's so		not be able to perform rally trained state.	
	ngly ngree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree	

No.	Statement				
9		mb running pro e missing leg to		storing the physical	
Stro Disa	ngly Igree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree	

No.	Statement				
10		er-limb running pro issing leg to the at		ore the <i>function</i> ability	
	ongly agree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree	

No.	Statement			
11	prosthesis.		e output requires	ower-limb running restricting <u>not</u> the
Stro Disa	ngly gree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree

No.	Statement			
12	The lower-limb running prosthesis performance needs to have some form of control.			
Stro Disa	ngly gree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree

No.	Statement			
13	The lower-line restricted.	mb running pro	ostheses maximu	m leg length should be
Stro Disa	ngly gree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree

No.	Statement			
14		•		not provide a stride urally determined level.
Stro Disa	ngly Igree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree

No.	Statement			
15	Provided all athletes are <u>all</u> subjected to the <u>same</u> criteria and assessment, any testing may not consider all the characteristics of a lower-limb amputee running event.			
Stro Disa	ngly gree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree

16. <u>In your opinion</u>, please move the following fairness criteria into the table below and rank them in their order of importance (by cutting and pasting within the table below).

Number 1 is the most important to you down to 7 which is less so.

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	

Criteria (to be moved into the table)

The cost of lower-limb prosthesis to athletes.

Athlete participation levels within disability running sport.

Athletes access to lower-limb prostheses technology.

Athletes competing with the same level of disability within a classification.

A sports history/tradition (the way things have been in the past).

The quality of the performance by the athlete caused by the prostheses' use.

The athletes physical wellbeing.

Notes (this is for any comments you may wish (but are not expected) to add.

## A.4 DELPHI ROUND 2 RESULTS

	Question / Statement	Mode of Consensus	Inten sity Cons ensus	General Positive / Negative Consensus	Opinion Skew	Thoughts	Pursue to Round 3 ?
1	The users of lower-limb running prosthesis within sports competition are classified as athletes.	Strongly Agree	68.4 %	89.5%	Tong Daga Daga transform	Consensus achieved.	No
2	The ongoing development of lower- limb running prostheses is part of the character of disability running competition.	Strongly Agree	42%	79%		Consensus achieved.	No
3	Financial cost of any lower-limb running prostheses technology should have no limits placed as long as it does not impair the athletes' physical wellbeing.	Agree	63%	68%	n e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Consensus feasible at Round 3.	Undecid ed

4	Participation numbers within the lower-limb disability running event are more important than access to equal prostheses technology by the athletes.	Agree (but split opinion)	47%	Consensus not established	b d d d d d d d d d d d d d	Unable to consistently prioritise one value over another.	No
5	Athlete participation numbers within the lower-limb disability running event are more important than the competitors having an identical disability type within the race.	Even Split Opinion	42%	Consensus not established	a composition of the second se	Unable to consistently prioritise one value over another.	No
6	The lower-limb running prosthesis is a piece of sports equipment (as a person would regard a pair of sports shoes or sports clothing).	Agree	47%	63%	Perspective dependence of the second	Consensus uncertain at Round 3.	Yes
7	The lower-limb running prosthesis is not considered part of the users' human body (as they would regard their natural arms or legs).	Disagree (but split opinion)	47%	Consensus not established	togo and tog	Due to contradiction with Q8 - could the negative 'not' in the question be confusing respondents ? Pursue to round 3	Yes
8	The lower-limb running prostheses should not be able to perform better than the athlete's sound leg in a naturally trained state.	Disagree (but split opinion)	53%	Consensus not established	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	Due to contradiction with other questions, pursue to round 3	Yes

9	The lower-limb running prosthesis is for restoring the physical ability of the missing leg to the athlete.	Agree	42%	79%		Consensus potentially achieved if total favourability is included.	No
1 0	The lower-limb running prosthesis is to restore the function ability of the missing leg to the athlete.	Agree	47%	89%	The second secon	Consensus potentially achieved if total favourability is included.	No
1	Any type of technology can be used in the lower-limb running prosthesis. Restrictions may be placed on the performance output of the prostheses, rather than on the actual methods used to achieve it.	Agree (but split opinion)	44%	Consensus not established	a de la construcción de la const	Consensus unlikely. Reformulate and pursue to Round 3 nonetheless.	Yes
1 2	The lower-limb running prosthesis performance needs to have some form of control.	Agree	53%	83%		Consensus potentially achieved if total favourability is included.	No
1 3	The lower-limb running prostheses maximum leg length should be restricted.	Agree	53%	74%	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	Consensus potentially achieved if total favourability is included.	No

1 4	The lower-limb running prostheses should not provide a stride length beyond that of the users' current naturally determined level.	Agree	55%	83%		Consensus potentially achieved if total favourability is included.	No
1 5	Provided all athletes are all subjected to the same criteria and assessment, any testing need not consider all the characteristics of a lower-limb amputee running event.	Agree (but split opinion)	47%	Consensus not established	A separate interview of the separate intervi	Consensus unlikely. Reformulate and pursue to Round 3 nonetheless.	Yes
1	In your opinion, please move the following (7) fairness criteria into the table below and rank them in their order of importance (by cutting and pasting within the table below).	General disagreement	n/a	All values see consensus not achieved but wellbeing prioritised and tradition dismissed as a value.	n/a	<ul> <li>58% agree that Physical wellbeing is the most important value. Ranked 1<sup>st</sup> and mean of 2.2.</li> <li>76% agree that a sports history and tradition is generally an unimportant value. Ranked 7<sup>th</sup> and mean of 6.7.</li> </ul>	Undecid ed

### **Respondent Cover Note:**

You recently assisted the second round of my research with your opinions to 16 questions on athletes with a disability who run competitively. This is the final round of the research and the X questions will take you no longer than <u>1 minute</u> to complete.

Please read each statement and then delete 1 of the 2 boxed options below it leaving your option of 'agree' or 'disagree'.

A short note is provided with each question to let you know what the general opinion was in the previous round.

No.	Statement			
1	The lower-limb running prosthesis is a piece of sports equipment.			
(6)				
	Disagree	Agree		

Note to respondent: In the last round of questions, 63% of respondents agreed with this.

No.	Statement		
2 (8)	In the case of an athlete with a single leg amputation, it is acceptable for a lower-limb running prosthesis to outperform their natural leg.		
	Disagree	Agree	

Note to respondent: In the last round of questions, overall consensus was split but favoured agreement.

No.	Statement				
3 (16)	As long as it is within the rules of a sport, the athlete has the right to choose what technology they feel is appropriate to use.				
	Disagree Agree				

Note to respondent: In the last round of questions, 58% of respondents insinuated that health and wellbeing overruled all other concerns (such as cost, tradition, participation levels, and access to technology).

## **Rejected Lines of Questioning**

No.	Statement	
from	In lower-limb sport prostheses, its p	erformance needs regulation but new
(11)	technology to improve this does not	
	Disagree	Agree

Note: In the last round of questions, overall consensus was split but favoured agreement.

No.	Statement											
from	In light of the fact that all the known biomechanical specifics of lower-limb											
(15)	running performance may never be equally, this is considered fair.	known, provided all athletes are tested										
	Disagree	Agree										

Note: In the last round of questions, overall consensus was split but favoured agreement.

No.	Statement	
from	With regards to any new prosthesis	technology, the health and wellbeing of
(16)	the athlete is paramount over all oth	ner factors.
	Disagree	Agree

Note: In the last round of questions, 58% of respondents insinuated that health and wellbeing overruled all other concerns (such as cost, tradition, participation levels, and access to technology).

#### **B.1 JOST TEST KNEE MARKER DATA**

Knee marker data when subjected to a 3Hz alternate leg jog/hop test for 10 seconds.

O	verall Leg Frequency of Knee Marker (Hz)	1			2			3			4			5			6			Mean	SD	сv					
	Condition	Left	Right	Diff	(Hz)		(%)																				
1	Bi-lateral - Long	3.01	2.99	0.02	2.96	2.96	0	2.96	3.01	-0.05	3.02	2.96	0.06	2.94	3.01	-0.07	3.05	3.07	-0.02	3.00	0.04	1.3					
2	Uni-lateral - Left Marker Long /Right Marker Short (more stiff)	2.99	2.98	0.01	2.98	2.99	-0.01	3.07	3.02	0.05	3.06	3.01	0.05	2.95	2.98	-0.03	2.96	3.01	-0.05	3.00	0.04	1.2					
3	Bi-Lateral - Short	2.99	2.99	0	3.04	3.01	0.03	3.02	3	0.02	2.99	3.01	-0.02	2.96	2.98	-0.02				3.00	0.02	0.7					
4	Uni-lateral - Left Marker Short (more stiff)/Right Marker Long	3	3.02	-0.02	2.98	3.14	-0.16	2.99	3	-0.01	3	3.02	-0.02	3.01	3.01	0	2.99	3	-0.01	3.01	0.04	1.4					
5	Bi-Lateral - Long (rev)	2.96	3.19	-0.23	2.96	2.96	0	3.02	3.03	-0.01	3.03	3.04	-0.01	3	3.03	-0.03				3.01	0.03	1.1					
_		1				2				3				4				5				6				Mean	Mean
A	verage Stroke of marker* (Metres)	Left	Right	Mean	Diff	Left & right	Leg to leg diff (M)																				
1	Bi-lateral - Long	0.137	0.135	0.136	0.002	0.117	0.114	0.116	0.003	0.118	0.119	0.119	0.001	0.121	0.121	0.121	0.000	0.117	0.114	0.116	0.003	0.103	0.099	0.101	0.004	0.12	0.00
2	Uni-lateral - Left Marker Long /Right Marker Short (more stiff)	0.124	0.163	0.144	0.039	0.199	0.156	0.178	0.043	0.114	0.160	0.137	0.046	0.106	0.145	0.126	0.039	0.116	0.147	0.132	0.031	0.106	0.144	0.125	0.038	0.14	0.04
3	Bi-Lateral - Short	0.149	0.144	0.147	0.005	0.149	0.142	0.146	0.007	0.150	0.156	0.153	0.006	0.138	0.145	0.142	0.007	0.143	0.153	0.148	0.010			0.000		0.12	0.01
4	Uni-lateral - Left Marker Short (more stiff)/Right Marker Long	0.156	0.099	0.128	0.057	0.157	0.099	0.128	0.058	0.158	0.104	0.131	0.054	0.163	0.113	0.138	0.050	0.163	0.112	0.138	0.051	0.152	0.112	0.132	0.040	0.13	0.05
5	Bi-Lateral - Long (rev)					0.111	0.096	0.104	0.015	0.108	0.098	0.103	0.010	0.111	0.097	0.104	0.014	0.111	0.095	0.103	0.016			0.000		0.08	0.01
N	ax Vertical Velocity of Knee Marker (M/s)	1			2			3			4			5			6			Mean	(M/S	ec)					
	Condition	Left	Right	Diff																							
1	Bi-lateral - Long	.77	.82	0.055	.71	.83	0.119	.67	.79	0.122	.66	.72	0.062	.7	.71	0.012	.66	.73	0.071	.69	.77	.07					
2	Uni-lateral - Left Marker Long /Right Marker Short (more stiff)	.61	.96	0.349	.68	.96	0.280	.66	.94	0.278	.69	.77	0.073	.65	.75	0.095	.63	.74	0.114	.65	.85	.2					
3	Bi-Lateral - Short	.7	.79	0.088	.75	.67	0.083	.69	.81	0.121	.67	.68	0.007	.7	1.	0.297				.7	.79	.09					
4	Uni-lateral - Left Marker Short (more stiff)/Right Marker Long	.8	.64	0.166	.84	.6	0.239	.83	.6	0.223	.98	.67	0.313	.87	.68	0.189	.77	.68	0.094	.85	.64	.2					
5	Bi-Lateral - Long (rev)				.6	.67	0.072	.64	.63	0.013	.7	.6	0.099	.66	.6	0.059				.65	.62	02					

Le	ft Knee Marker - Average Velocity**	1			2			3			4			5			6			Mean	(M/S	ec)
	Condition	Low	High	Diff	Low	High	Diff	Low	High	Diff	Low	High	Diff	Low	High	Diff	Low	High	Diff	Low	High	Diff
1	Bi-lateral - Long	.47	.4	0.07	.52	.28	-0.24	0.54	0.28	-0.26	0.52	0.29	-0.23	0.54	0.30	-0.24	.48	.27	0.21	.51	.3	21
2	Uni-lateral - Left Marker Long /Right Marker Short (more stiff)	.51	.3	0.21	.45	.3	0.15	0.49	0.27	0.22	0.48	0.25	0.23	.49	.27	0.22	.43	.25	0.18	.48	.27	2
3	Bi-Lateral - Short	.47	.41	0.06	.48	.43	0.05	.5	.42	0.08	.46	.38	0.08	.48	.38	0.10				.48	.4	07
4	Uni-lateral - Left Marker Short (more stiff)/Right Marker Long	.47	.45	0.02	.5	.44	0.06	.52	.44	0.08	.53	.45	0.08	.51	.46	0.05	.49	.43	0.06	.5	.45	06
5	Bi-Lateral - Long (rev)	.48	.25	0.23	0.50	0.25	0.25	0.48	0.25	0.23	0.49	0.27	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.18				.48	.26	22
_																						
Ri	ht Knee Marker - Average Velocity (M/s)**	1			2			3			4			5			6			Mean	(M/S	ec)
Riį	ht Knee Marker - Average Velocity (M/s)** Condition	1 Low	High	Diff	2 Low	High	Diff	3 Low	High	Diff	4 Low	High	Diff	-	High	Diff	-	High	Diff	Mean Low	(M/So High	ec) Diff
_		-	High .43	Diff 0.03		High .43			_					Low	_		-		Diff 0.04		<u> </u>	
_	Condition	Low	.43		.35	_	0.08	0.35	0.41	0.06	Low	0.41	0.07	Low	0.40		Low	.33		Low	High	Diff
1 2	Condition Bi-lateral - Long	Low .4	.43 .5	0.03	.35 .46	.43	0.08	0.35 0.47	0.41 0.50	0.06 0.03	Low 0.34 0.45	0.41	0.07 0.03	Low 0.38	0.40 .42	0.02	Low .37	.33	0.04	Low .37	High .4	, Diff .04
1 2 3	Condition Bi-lateral - Long Uni-lateral - Left Marker Long /Right Marker Short (more stiff)	Low .4 .46	.43 .5 .41	0.03 0.04 0.05	.35 .46 .46	.43 .46 .4	0.08 0.00 0.06	0.35 0.47	0.41 0.50 .44	0.06 0.03 0.06	Low 0.34 0.45 .47	0.41 0.42 .4	0.07 0.03	Low 0.38 .46	0.40 .42 .43	0.02 0.04	Low .37	.33 .41	0.04	Low .37 .46	High .4 .45	Diff .04 01

Su	mmary: Left vs Right - Knee Marker <u>Average</u> Velocity (M/s)	Left	Left	Right	Right	Net M	lean	Comments
	Condition	H-Low	L-High	H-Low	L-High	Left	Right	
1	Bi-lateral - Long	.51	.3	.37	.4	0.41	0.39	Relatively symmetrical with slower limb raise
2	Uni-lateral - Left Marker Long /Right Marker Short (more stiff)	.48	.27	.46	.45	0.38	0.46	Right leg overall is faster
3	Bi-Lateral - Short	.48	.4	.47	.42	0.44	0.45	Near symmetrical on each side and on limb raise and lower
4	Uni-lateral - Left Marker Short (more stiff)/Right Marker Long	.5	.45	.37	.31	0.48	0.34	Left leg is faster overall
5	Bi-Lateral - Long (rev)	.48	.26	.41	.26	0.37	0.34	Relatively symmetrical with slower limb raise
	General Mean	.49	.34	.42	.37			Left leg to right leg imbalance compensated on downstroke
	Limb to limb velocity compensation of all trials	0.66		0.60		-		Net left leg to right leg imbalance

#### C.1 PROSTHESES STIFFNESS COMPARISON DATA

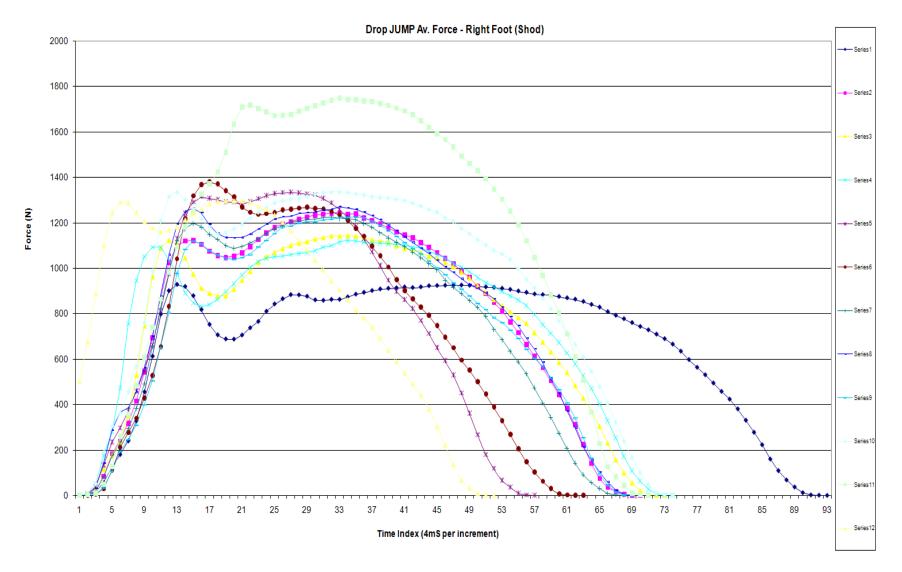
		Overall Av Stiffne	-	Upper se (1500-20	-	Stiffnes peak lo (2000)	ad	Upper segment (1500-2000N)		
Method	Prosthesis	Mean Stiffness (N/mm)	CV (%)	Mean Stiffnes s (N/mm)	CV (%)	Peak Stiffnes s (N/mm)	CV (%)	Peak Stiffness (N/mm)	CV (%)	
FDE	1	51	1.6	58	0.7	60	0.6	82	1.5	
PSF	1	30	0.9	43	0.5	58	0.5	85	0.8	
FDE	2	39	1.7	46	1.1	48	1.1	69	0.7	
PSF	2	26	0	36	0	42	0.2	76	0.2	

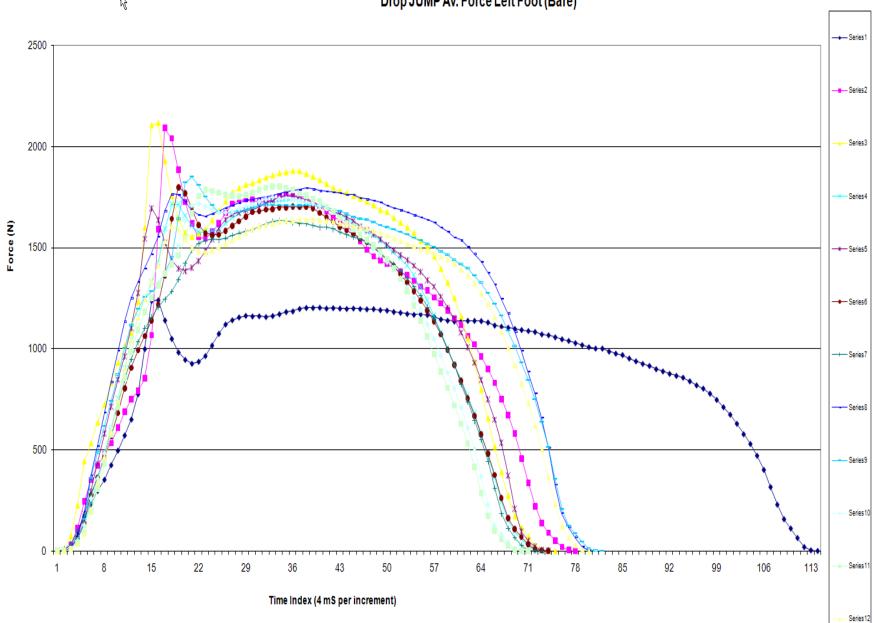
#### **D.1 RUN TEST DATA**

Clip No.	nbalance Typ	etting Left Foo	etting Right Fo	tride Patter	ercieved Spee	ne to complete	eed over 4m (m	1-2	2-3	Mean	req (H	1-2	2-3			Outcome	Limb Dil	Left/righ
7227	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	L-R-L	Fast	0.952	4.2	0.362	0.334	0.35	2.87	1.52	1.40	2.92	0.12	Left to right stride is greatest	0.12	-0.12
7228	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	L-R-L	Fast	0.876	4.6	0.347	0.338	0.34	2.92	1.58	1.54	3.13	0.04	Left to right stride is greatest	0.04	-0.04
7229	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	R-L-R	Fast	0.876	4.6	0.319	0.338	0.33	3.04	1.46	1.54	3.00	-0.09	Left to right stride is greatest	0.09	-0.09
7230	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	R-L-R	Fast	0.876	4.6	0.304	0.334	0.32	3.13	1.39	1.53	2.91	-0.14	Left to right stride is greatest	0.14	-0.14
7231	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	R-L-R	Fast	0.862	4.6	0.309	0.338	0.32	3.09	1.43	1.57	3.00	-0.13	Left to right stride is greatest	0.13	-0.13
7232	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	R-L-R	Fast	0.819	4.9	0.309	0.324	0.32	3.16	1.51	1.58	3.09	-0.07	Left to right stride is greatest	0.07	-0.07
7233	Bi-lateral	Long	Long	R-L-R	Fast	0.786	5.1	0.309	0.314	0.31	3.21	1.57	1.60	3.17	-0.03	Left to right stride is greatest	0.03	-0.03
7234	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	R-L-R	Fast	0.933	4.3	0.386	0.39	0.39	2.58	1.65	1.67	3.33	-0.02	Left to right stride is greatest	0.02	-0.03
7235	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	R-L-R	Fast	0.881	4.5	0.343	0.376	0.36	2.78	1.56	1.71	3.26	-0.15	Left to right stride is greatest	0.15	-0.15
	Mean					0.84	4.6	0.33	0.34		2.98	1.52	1.57	3.09	-0.05			
7236	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	R-L-R	Slow	1.09	3.7	0.353	0.347	0.35	2.86	1.30	1.27	2.57	0.02	Right to left stride is greatest	0.02	0.02
7237	Bi-lateral	Long	Long	L-R-L	Slow	1.043	3.8	0.333	0.338	0.34	2.98	1.28	1.30	2.57	-0.02	Right to left stride is greatest	0.02	0.02
7238	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	L-R-L	Slow	1.014	3.9	0.343	0.357	0.35	2.86	1.35	1.41	2.76	-0.06	Right to left stride is greatest	0.06	0.06
7240	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	L-R-L	Slow	0.971	4.1	0.319	0.333	0.33	3.07	1.31	1.37	2.69	-0.06	Right to left stride is greatest	0.06	0.06
7241	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	L-R-L	Slow	0.9	4.4	0.328	0.319	0.32	3.09	1.46	1.42	2.88	0.04	Left to right stride is greatest	0.04	-0.04
7242	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	L-R-L	Slow	1.033	3.9	0.348	0.333	0.34	2.94	1.35	1.29	2.64	0.06	Left to right stride is greatest	0.06	-0.06
7243	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long	Long	L-R-L	Slow	0.995	4.0	0.343	0.319	0.33	3.02	1.38	1.28	2.66	0.10	Left to right stride is greatest	0.1	-0.1
	Mean					1.01	3.99	0.34	0.34		2.97	1.35	1.33	2.68	0.01			
7244	Uni-lateral	Short	Long	R-L-R	Fast	0.919	4.4	0.305	0.324	0.31	3.18	1.33	1.41	2.74	-0.08	Left to right stride is greatest	0.08	-0.08
7245	Uni-lateral	Short	Long	L-R-L	Fast	0.843	4.7	0.324	0.281	0.30	3.31	1.54	1.33	2.87	0.20	Left to right stride is greatest	0.2	-0.2
7246	Uni-lateral	Short	Long	L-R-L	Fast	0.829	4.8	0.314	0.286	0.30	3.33	1.52	1.38	2.90	0.14	Left to right stride is greatest	0.14	-0.14
7247	Uni-lateral	Short	Long	L-R-L	Fast	0.838	4.8	0.319	0.276	0.30	3.36	1.52	1.32	2.84	0.21	Left to right stride is greatest	0.21	-0.21
7248	Uni-lateral	Short	Long	L-R-L	Fast	0.833	4.8	0.306	0.3	0.30	3.30	1.47	1.44	2.91	0.03	Left to right stride is greatest	0.03	-0.03
7249	Uni-lateral	Short	Long	L-R-L	Fast	0.829	4.8	0.314	0.281	0.30	3.36	1.52	1.36	2.87	0.16	Left to right stride is greatest	0.16	-0.16
7250	Uni-lateral	Short	Long	L-R-L	Fast	0.843	4.7	0.314	0.271	0.29	3.42	1.49	1.29	2.78	0.20	Left to right stride is greatest	0.2	-0.2
	Mean					0.85	4.7	0.31	0.29		3.32	1.48	1.36	2.84	0.12			
7252	Uni-lateral	Short	Long	R-L-R	Slow	1.076	3.7	0.329	0.366	0.35	2.88	1.22	1.36	2.58	-0.14	Left to right stride is greatest	0.14	-0.14
7253	Uni-lateral	Short	Long	R-L-R	Slow	1.029	3.9	0.328	0.376	0.35	2.84	1.28	1.46	2.74	-0.19	Left to right stride is greatest	0.19	-0.19
7254	Uni-lateral	Short	Long	R-L-R	Slow	1.062	3.8	0.334	0.357	0.35	2.89	1.26	1.34	2.60	-0.09	Left to right stride is greatest	0.09	-0.09
7255	Uni-lateral	Short	Long	R-L-R	Slow	1.062	3.8	0.334	0.362	0.35	2.87	1.26	1.36	2.62	-0.11	Left to right stride is greatest	0.11	-0.11
7256	Uni-lateral	Short	Long	L-R-L	Slow	1.043	3.8	0.362	0.333	0.35	2.88	1.39	1.28	2.67	0.11	Left to right stride is greatest	0.11	-0.11
7257	Uni-lateral	Short	Long	L-R-L	Slow	1.024	3.9	0.347	0.324	0.34	2.98	1.36	1.27	2.62	0.09	Left to right stride is greatest	0.09	-0.09
	Mean					1.05	3.81	0.34	0.35		2.89	1.29	1.35	2.64	-0.05			

7259	Bi-lateral	Short	Short	L-R-L	Fast	0.91	4.4	0.286	0.319	0.30	3.31	1.26	1.40	2.66	-0.15	Right to left stride is greatest	0.15	0.15
7260	Bi-lateral	Short	Short	L-R-L	Fast	0.881	4.5	0.291	0.314	0.30	3.31	1.32	1.43	2.75	-0.10	Right to left stride is greatest	0.1	0.1
7261	Bi-lateral	Short	Short	L-R-L	Fast	0.881	4.5	0.295	0.305	0.30	3.33	1.34	1.38	2.72	-0.05	Right to left stride is greatest	0.05	0.005
7262	Bi-lateral	Short	Short	L-R-L	Fast	0.824	4.9	0.296	0.295	0.30	3.38	1.44	1.43	2.87	0.00	Left to right stride is greatest	0	0
7263	Bi-lateral	Short	Short	L-R-L	Fast	0.843	4.7	0.305	0.31	0.31	3.25	1.45	1.47	2.92	-0.02	Right to left stride is greatest	0.02	0.02
7264	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Short	Short	R-L-R	Fast	0.795	5.0	0.3	0.291	0.30	3.38	1.51	1.46	2.97	0.05	Right to left stride is greatest	0.05	0.05
	Mean					0.86	4.68	0.30	0.31		3.33	1.39	1.43	2.82	-0.04			
7266	Bi-lateral	Short	Short	L-R-L	Slow	1.152	3.5	0.348	0.348	0.35	2.87	1.21	1.21	2.42	0.00	Balanced	0	0
7267	Bi-lateral	Short	Short	R-L-R	Slow	1.1	3.6	0.353	0.352	0.35	2.84	1.28	1.28	2.56	0.00	Balanced	0	0
7268	Bi-lateral	Short	Short	L-R-L	Slow	1.038	3.9	0.347	0.362	0.35	2.82	1.34	1.39	2.73	-0.06	Right to left stride is greatest	0.06	0.06
7269	Bi-lateral	Short	Short	R-L-R	Slow	1.057	3.8	0.338	0.352	0.35	2.90	1.28	1.33	2.61	-0.05	Left to right stride is greatest	0.05	-0.05
7270	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Short	Short	L-R-L	Slow	0.99	4.0	0.348	0.352	0.35	2.86	1.41	1.42	2.83	-0.02	Right to left stride is greatest	0.02	0.02
	Mean					1.07	3.76	0.35	0.35		2.86	1.30	1.33	2.63	-0.02			
7272	Uni-lateral	Long	Short	R-L-R	Fast	0.862	4.6	0.319	0.291	0.31	3.28	1.48	1.35	2.83	0.13	Right to left stride is greatest	0.13	0.13
7273	Uni-lateral	Long	Short	R-L-R	Fast	0.871	4.6	0.32	0.304	0.31	3.21	1.47	1.40	2.87	0.07	Right to left stride is greatest	0.07	0.07
7274	Uni-lateral	Long	Short	R-L-R	Fast	0.862	4.6	0.315	0.29	0.30	3.31	1.46	1.35	2.81	0.12	Right to left stride is greatest	0.12	0.12
7275	Uni-lateral	Long	Short	R-L-R	Fast	0.848	4.7	0.324	0.271	0.30	3.36	1.53	1.28	2.81	0.25	Right to left stride is greatest	0.25	0.25
7276	Uni-lateral	Long	Short	R-L-R	Fast	0.852	4.7	0.305	0.286	0.30	3.38	1.43	1.34	2.77	0.09	Right to left stride is greatest	0.09	0.09
	Mean					0.86	4.66	0.32	0.29		3.31	1.47	1.34	2.82	0.13			
7278	Uni-lateral	Long	Short	L-R-L	Slow	1.1	3.6	0.333	0.376	0.35	2.82	1.21	1.37	2.58	-0.16	Right to left stride is grea	0.16	0.16
7279	Uni-lateral	Long	Short	L-R-L	Slow	1.119	3.6	0.333	0.391	0.36	2.76	1.19	1.40	2.59	-0.21	Right to left stride is grea	0.21	0.21
7280	Uni-lateral	Long	Short	L-R-L	Slow	1.119	3.6	0.343	0.376	0.36	2.78	1.23	1.34	2.57	-0.12	Right to left stride is grea	0.12	0.12
7281	Uni-lateral	Long	Short	L-R-L	Slow	1.048	3.8	0.338	0.376	0.36	2.80	1.29	1.44	2.73	-0.15	Right to left stride is grea	0.15	0.15
7282	Uni-lateral	Long	Short	L-R-L	Slow	1.114	3.6	0.357	0.376	0.37	2.73	1.28	1.35	2.63	-0.07	Right to left stride is grea	0.07	0.07
	Mean					1.10	3.64	0.34	0.38		2.78	1.24	1.38	2.62	-0.14			
7284	Bi-lateral	Long (reversed)	Long (reversed)	R-L-R	Slow	0.91	4.4	0.319	0.376	0.35	2.88	1.40	1.65	3.05	-0.25	Left to right stride is greatest	0.25	-0.25
7285	Bi-lateral	Long (reversed)	Long (reversed)	R-L-R	Slow	0.976	4.1	0.319	0.367	0.34	2.92	1.31	1.50	2.81	-0.20	Left to right stride is greatest	0.2	-0.2
7286	Bi-lateral	Long (reversed)	Long (reversed)	R-L-R	Slow	0.943	4.2	0.338	0.371	0.35	2.82	1.43	1.57	3.01	-0.14	Left to right stride is greatest	0.14	-0.14
7287	Bi-lateral	Long (reversed)	Long (reversed)	L-R-L	Slow	1	4.0	0.357	0.338	0.35	2.88	1.43	1.35	2.78	0.08	Left to right stride is greatest	0.08	-0.08
7288	Bi-lateral	Long (reversed)	Long (reversed)	R-L-R	Slow	0.876	4.6	0.329	0.333	0.33	3.02	1.50	1.52	3.02	-0.02	Left to right stride is greatest	0.02	-0.02
7289	<b>Bi-lateral</b>	Long (reversed)	Long (reversed)	L-R-L	Slow	1.067	3.7	0.366	0.338	0.35	2.84	1.37	1.27	2.64	0.10	Left to right stride is greatest	0.1	-0.1
	Mean					0.96	4.18	0.34	0.35		2.89	1.41	1.48	2.89	-0.07			
Notes																		
Time start	me starts when torso intesects vertical wall markers																	
Time is tal	ken from 1st ve	rtical line to 5th (=4	lm)															
Step time	is taken from fi	rst observed impa	ct onwards															
Footage i:	s at 210 FPS																	

#### **E.1 DROP JUMP TEST DATA**





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## Drop JUMP Av. Force Left Foot (Bare)

# **APPENDIX F: PUBLISHED JOURNAL PAPERS**